WEST VIRGINIA CODE: §29-19-6

§29-19-6. Certain persons and organizations exempt from registration.

NOTE: West Virginia Code §29-19-6 was amended by two bills passed during the 2020 Regular Session of the Legislature. When two acts of the Legislature amend the same section of the Code without express recognition in the bill of the action of the other bill, the Legislative Manager makes no determination as to the appropriate, legal effect of the two acts. Therefore, both versions of this section are set out below.

House Bill 4747 (passed last on March 7, 2020) amended West Virginia Code §29-19-6 to read as follows:

The following charitable organizations are not required to file an annual registration statement with the Secretary of State:

- (1) Educational institutions, the curriculums of which, in whole or in part, are registered or approved by the State Board of Education, either directly or by acceptance of accreditation by an accrediting body recognized by the State Board of Education; and any auxiliary associations, foundations and support groups which are directly responsible to the educational institutions;
- (2) Persons requesting contributions for the relief of any individual specified by name at the time of the solicitation when all of the contributions collected without any deductions whatsoever are turned over to the named beneficiary for his or her use;
- (3) Hospitals and licensed nursing homes which are nonprofit and charitable;
- (4) Organizations which solicit only within the membership of the organization by the members thereof: *Provided*, That the term "membership" does not include those persons who are granted a membership upon making a contribution as the result of solicitation. For the purpose of this section, "member" means a person having membership in a nonprofit corporation, or other organization, in accordance with the provisions of its articles of incorporation, bylaws or other instruments creating its form and organization; and having bona fide rights and privileges in the organization, including the right to vote, to elect officers, directors and issues, to hold office or otherwise as ordinarily conferred on members of the organizations;
- (5) Churches, synagogues, associations or conventions of churches, religious orders or religious organizations that are an integral part of a church which qualifies as tax exempt under the provisions of 26 U.S.C. §501(c)(3) and which qualifies as being exempt from filing an annual return under the provisions of 26 U.S.C. §6033;
- (6) Any person, firm, corporation or organization that sponsors a single fundraising event for the benefit of a named charitable organization where all or part of the funds collected are

donated to the named charitable organization: *Provided*, That the named charitable organization receiving the funds is registered pursuant to this article, reports each of these donations individually and certifies that no funds were withheld by the organization that solicited the funds;

(7) Any charitable organization that does not employ a professional solicitor or fundraiser and does not intend to solicit and receive and does not actually raise or receive contributions, donations or grants from the public in excess of \$50,000 during a calendar year.

Charitable organizations which do not intend to solicit and receive contributions, donations or grants in excess of \$50,000, but do receive in excess of that amount from the public, shall file the annual registration statement within 30 days after contributions are in excess of \$50,000.

House Bill 4714 (passed first on March 4, 2020) amended West Virginia Code §29-19-6 to read as follows:

The following charitable organizations are not required to file an annual registration statement with the Secretary of State:

- (1) Educational institutions, the curriculums of which, in whole or in part, are registered or approved by the State Board of Education, either directly or by acceptance of accreditation by an accrediting body recognized by the State Board of Education; and any auxiliary associations, foundations and support groups which are directly responsible to the educational institutions;
- (2) Persons requesting contributions for the relief of any individual specified by name at the time of the solicitation when all of the contributions collected without any deductions whatsoever are turned over to the named beneficiary for his or her use;
- (3) Hospitals and licensed nursing homes which are nonprofit and charitable;
- (4) Organizations which solicit only within the membership of the organization by the members thereof: *Provided*, That the term "membership" does not include those persons who are granted a membership upon making a contribution as the result of solicitation. For the purpose of this section, "member" means a person having membership in a nonprofit corporation, or other organization, in accordance with the provisions of its articles of incorporation, bylaws or other instruments creating its form and organization; and having bona fide rights and privileges in the organization, including the right to vote, to elect officers, directors and issues, to hold office or otherwise as ordinarily conferred on members of the organizations;
- (5) Churches, synagogues, associations or conventions of churches, religious orders or religious organizations that are an integral part of a church which qualifies as tax exempt under the provisions of 26 U.S.C. §501(c)(3) and which qualifies as being exempt from filing

an annual return under the provisions of 26 U.S.C. §6033;

- (6) Any person, firm, corporation or organization that sponsors a single fund-raising event for the benefit of a named charitable organization where all or part of the funds collected are donated to the named charitable organization: *Provided*, That the named charitable organization receiving the funds is registered pursuant to this article, reports each of these donations individually and certifies that no funds were withheld by the organization that solicited the funds; and
- (7) (A) Any charitable organization that does not employ a professional solicitor or fundraiser and does not intend to solicit and receive and does not actually raise or receive contributions, donations or grants from the public in excess of \$50,000 during a calendar year.
- (B) Charitable organizations which do not intend to solicit and receive contributions, donations or grants in excess of \$50,000, but do receive in excess of that amount from the public, shall file the annual registration statement within 30 days after contributions are in excess of \$50,000.