
WEST VIRGINIA CODE CHAPTER 31a
ARTICLE 8G

WV Legislature

§31A-8G-1. The West Virginia FinTech Regulatory Sandbox Program.

This article shall be known as the West Virginia FinTech Regulatory Sandbox Act.

WV Legislature

§31A-8G-2. Definitions.

As used in this article:

“Applicable agency” means a department or agency of the state that by law regulates certain types of business activity in the state and persons engaged in such business activity, including the issuance of licenses or other types of authorization, which the department determines would otherwise regulate a regulatory sandbox participant.

“Applicant” means an individual or entity that is applying to participate in the regulatory sandbox program.

“Consumer” means a person that purchases or otherwise enters into a transaction or agreement to receive an innovative product or service that is being tested by a regulatory sandbox participant.

“Distributed ledger” means the use of a digital database containing records of financial transactions, including blockchain technology, which can be simultaneously used and shared within a decentralized, publicly accessible network and can record transactions between two parties in a verifiable and permanent way.

“Division of Financial Institutions” and “division” mean the West Virginia Division of Financial Institutions.

“Financial product or service” means:

- (A) A financial product or financial service that requires state licensure or registration; or
- (B) A financial product or financial service that includes a business model, delivery mechanism, or element that may require a license or other authorization to act as a financial institution, enterprise, or other entity that is regulated by the West Virginia Division of Financial Institutions under chapters 31, 31A, and 31C of this code, §32A-2-1 *et seq.* of this code, or other related provisions.

“Innovation” means the use or incorporation of a new or emerging technology or a new use of existing technology, including distributed ledger, to address a problem, provide a benefit, or otherwise offer a product, service, business model, or delivery mechanism that is not known by the Division of Financial Institutions to have a comparable widespread offering in the state.

“Innovative product or service” means a financial product or service that includes an innovation.

“Regulatory sandbox participant” means a person whose application to participate in the regulatory sandbox program is approved in accordance with the provisions of this article.

“Regulatory sandbox program” means the West Virginia FinTech Regulatory Sandbox Program created by this article, which allows a person to temporarily test an innovative product or service on a limited basis without otherwise being licensed or authorized to act under the laws of the state.

“Regulatory sandbox testing period” means a 24-month period beginning on the date an applicant is admitted to the regulatory sandbox program.

“Test” means to provide an innovative product or service in accordance with the provisions of this chapter.

§31A-8G-3. Regulatory Sandbox Program; administration; application requirements; fee; rulemaking.

(a) There is created in the Division of Financial Institutions the Regulatory Sandbox Program.

(b) In administering the regulatory sandbox program, the Division of Financial Institutions:

(1) Shall consult with the West Virginia Development Office relating to the economic development opportunities relating to the potential regulatory sandbox participant and may consult with any applicable agency which otherwise may have jurisdiction or authority relating to any activity proposed for the regulatory sandbox program for which the applicant is seeking to proceed without authorization or license;

(2) Shall have the authority to promulgate rules in accordance with §31A-2-4 and §29A-3-1 *et seq.* of this code for the purposes of administering the regulatory sandbox program;

(3) Shall establish a program permitting an individual or an entity to obtain limited access to the market in the state to test an innovative product or service without obtaining a license or other authorization that might otherwise be required;

(4) May enter into cooperative, coordinating, or information-sharing agreements with or follow the best practices of the federal Consumer Financial Protection Bureau or other states that are administering similar programs as well as other state and federal agencies to carry out the mandates of this article; and

(5) May enter into agreements with state, federal or foreign regulatory agencies to allow persons who make an innovative financial product or service available in West Virginia through the regulatory sandbox program to make their products or services available in other jurisdictions and to allow persons operating in similar regulatory sandboxes in other jurisdictions to make innovative financial products and services available in West Virginia under the standards of this article.

(c) An applicant for the regulatory sandbox program shall provide to the Division of Financial Institutions an application in a form prescribed by the Division of Financial Institutions that:

(1) Demonstrates that the applicant is subject to the jurisdiction of the state;

(2) Demonstrates that the applicant has established a physical location in the state; where all required records, documents, and data relating to any approved testing can be made available for examination and review by the Division of Financial Institutions and any other applicable agency with jurisdiction;

(3) Demonstrates that the applicant has attempted in good faith to establish a partnership with a bank operating within the State of West Virginia or another financial institution licensed by the State of West Virginia to implement the applicant's proposed test of an

innovative product or service within the regulatory sandbox program: *Provided*, That the applicant may not be excluded from participation in the regulatory sandbox program solely based on the applicant's ability to establish a partnership with a bank operating within the State of West Virginia or another financial institution licensed by the State of West Virginia;

(4) Contains relevant personal and contact information for the applicant, including legal names, addresses, telephone numbers, email addresses, website addresses, and other information required by the Division of Financial Institutions;

(5) Discloses any and all criminal convictions of the applicant or other participating personnel, if any, and submits to a criminal background investigation, including requiring fingerprints for submission to the Federal Bureau of Investigation or any governmental agency or entity authorized to receive such information for a state, national or international criminal history check;

(6) Demonstrates that the applicant has the necessary personnel, financial and technical expertise, access to capital, and a developed plan to test, monitor, and assess the innovative product or service;

(7) Contains a description of the innovative product or service to be tested, including statements regarding all of the following:

(A) How the innovative product or service is subject to licensing or other authorization requirements outside of the regulatory sandbox program;

(B) How the innovative product or service would benefit consumers;

(C) How the innovative product or service is different from other products or services available in the state;

(D) What risks may confront consumers that use or purchase the innovative product or service;

(E) What measures will be put into place to limit potential risks and harm to consumers and to resolve complaints during the regulatory sandbox testing period;

(F) How participating in the regulatory sandbox program would enable a successful test of the innovative product or service;

(G) A description of the proposed testing plan, including estimated time periods for beginning the test, ending the test, and obtaining necessary licensure or authorizations after the testing is complete;

(H) A description of how the applicant will perform ongoing duties after the test; and

(I) How the applicant will end the test and protect consumers if the test fails;

(8) Sets forth whether the applicant has been provided any license or authorization by any state or federal agency; whether any state or federal agency has previously investigated, sanctioned, or pursued legal action against the applicant; and whether the applicant has had licensure or authorization denied or withdrawn by any state or federal agency;

(9) Demonstrates registration with the West Virginia Secretary of State;

(10) Demonstrates that the applicant has an exit plan to limit consumer harm at the conclusion of the regulatory sandbox testing period, including a plan to notify consumers and advise them of next steps; and

(11) Provides any other information as required by the Division of Financial Institutions.

(d) The Division of Financial Institutions may collect an application fee of not more than \$1,500 from an applicant.

(e) An applicant shall file a separate application for each innovative product or service that the applicant wants to test.

(f) After an application is filed, the Division of Financial Institutions may seek additional information from the applicant as it deems necessary.

(g) Subject to subsection (h) of this section, not later than 90 days after the day on which a complete application is received by the Division of Financial Institutions, the division shall inform the applicant as to whether the application is approved for entry into the regulatory sandbox program.

(h) The Division of Financial Institutions and an applicant may mutually agree to extend the 90-day time period described in subsection (g) of this section in order for the Division to determine whether an application is approved for entry into the regulatory sandbox program.

(i)(1) In reviewing an application under this section, the Division of Financial Institutions may consult with, and seek the approval of, any applicable agency before admitting an applicant into the regulatory sandbox program.

(2) The consultation with an applicable agency may include but is not limited to seeking information about whether:

(A) The applicant could obtain a license or other authorization from the applicable agency after exiting the regulatory sandbox program; and

(B) Certain licensure or other regulations should not be waived even if the applicant is accepted into the regulatory sandbox program.

(j) In reviewing an application under this section, the Division of Financial Institutions shall

consider whether a competitor to the applicant is or has been a regulatory sandbox participant and, if so, weigh that as a factor in favor of allowing the applicant to also become a regulatory sandbox participant.

(k) If the Division of Financial Institutions approves admitting an applicant into the regulatory sandbox program, an applicant may become a regulatory sandbox participant.

(l)(1) The Division of Financial Institutions may deny any application submitted under this section, for any reason, at the division's discretion.

(2) If the Division of Financial Institutions denies an application submitted under this section, the division shall provide to the applicant a written description of the reasons for the denial as a regulatory sandbox participant.

§31A-8G-4. Scope; testing period; licenses; consumer protections.

(a) If the Division of Financial Institutions approves an application under §31A-8G-3 of this code, the regulatory sandbox participant has 24 months after the day on which the application was approved to test the innovative product or service described in the regulatory sandbox participant's application.

(b) An innovative product or service that is tested within the regulatory sandbox program is subject to the following:

(1) All consumers participating in the innovative product or service being tested shall be residents of the state;

(2) The Division of Financial Institutions may, on a case-by-case basis, specify the maximum number of consumers that may transact through or enter into an agreement to use the innovative product or service:

(A) For a regulatory sandbox participant testing a consumer loan, the Division of Financial Institutions may, on a case-by-case basis, specify the maximum amount of an individual loan that may be issued to an individual consumer and the maximum amount of aggregate loans that may be issued to an individual consumer; and

(B) For a regulatory sandbox participant testing an innovative product or service that would normally require a money transmission license pursuant to this code, the Division of Financial Institutions may, on a case-by-case basis, specify the maximum amount of a single transaction for an individual consumer and the maximum aggregate amount of transactions for an individual consumer.

(c) This section does not restrict a regulatory sandbox participant who holds a license or other authorization in another jurisdiction from acting in accordance with that license or other authorization.

(d) A regulatory sandbox participant is deemed to possess an appropriate license under the laws of this state for the purposes of any provision of federal law requiring state licensure or authorization.

(e) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, including subsections (f), (g), and (h), a regulatory sandbox participant that is testing an innovative product or service is not subject to state laws that regulate financial products or services.

(f) Regulatory sandbox participants and the innovative products and services that they are testing in the regulatory sandbox program are subject to all applicable consumer protection laws, including, but not limited to those contained in chapter 46A of this code, the Collection Agency Act contained in chapter 47A of this code, and any limitations on interest rates, whether or not those interest rates would otherwise require licensure.

(g)(1) The Division of Financial Institutions may determine that additional state laws that regulate a financial product or service apply to a regulatory sandbox participant if the Division of Financial Institutions, at its sole discretion, determines that an applicant's proposed testing plan or the innovative product or service to be tested poses significant risk to consumers or to the safety and soundness of other institutions within the financial services marketplace as to warrant the imposition of other applicable state laws.

(2) The Division of Financial Institutions shall determine the applicability of certain state laws to each innovative product or service prior to approval of any application to participate in the regulatory sandbox program and shall notify the regulatory sandbox participant of the specific regulatory provisions that shall apply to the innovative product or service throughout the duration of the regulatory sandbox testing period.

(3) If at any time during the regulatory sandbox testing period, the Division of Financial Institutions determines that the imposition of certain state laws is necessary to eliminate the risk of harm to consumers or the safety and soundness of other institutions operating within the financial services marketplace, the division may require that the regulatory sandbox participant come into compliance with such state laws within a reasonable time.

(h) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a regulatory sandbox participant does not have immunity related to any criminal offense committed during the regulatory sandbox participant's participation in the regulatory sandbox program.

(i) By written notice, the Division of Financial Institutions may end a regulatory sandbox participant's participation in the regulatory sandbox program at any time and for any reason, including if the Division of Financial Institutions determines a regulatory sandbox participant is not operating in good faith to bring an innovative product or service to market.

(j) The Division of Financial Institutions shall require a regulatory sandbox participant to post a consumer protection bond as security for potential losses suffered by consumers. The bond amount shall be determined by the commissioner in an amount not less than \$5,000 and shall be commensurate with the risk profile of the innovative product or service. The commissioner may require that a bond be increased or decreased at any time based on risk profile and shall provide the regulatory sandbox participant with 30 days prior written notice of such increase or decrease. The aggregate liability of the surety in no event shall exceed the principal sum of the bond. The commissioner may use bond proceeds to offset losses suffered by consumers as a result of an innovative product or service. The bond shall expire two years after the date of the conclusion of the regulatory sandbox testing period. The commissioner may accept electronic bonds from any regulatory sandbox participant.

§31A-8G-5. Additional consumer protections; disclosures.

(a) Before providing an innovative product or service to a consumer, a regulatory sandbox participant shall disclose the following to the consumer:

- (1) The name and contact information of the regulatory sandbox participant;
- (2) That the innovative product or service is authorized pursuant to the regulatory sandbox program and, if applicable, that the regulatory sandbox participant does not have a license or other authorization to provide a product or service under state laws that regulate products or services outside the regulatory sandbox program;
- (3) That the innovative product or service is undergoing testing, may not function as intended, and may expose the consumer to financial risk;
- (4) That the provider of the innovative product or service is not immune from civil liability for any losses or damages caused by the innovative product or service;
- (5) That the state does not endorse or recommend the innovative product or service;
- (6) That the innovative product or service is a temporary test that may be discontinued at the conclusion of the regulatory sandbox testing period;
- (7) The expected end date of the regulatory sandbox testing period; and
- (8) That a consumer may contact the Division of Financial Institutions to file a complaint regarding the innovative product or service being tested and provide the Division of Financial Institution's telephone number and website address where a complaint may be filed.

(b) The disclosures required by subsection (a) of this section shall be provided to a consumer in a clear and conspicuous form and, for an internet or application-based innovative product or service, a consumer shall acknowledge receipt of the disclosure before a transaction may be completed.

(c) The Division of Financial Institutions may investigate all consumer complaints made against a regulatory sandbox participant pursuant to subsection (a) of this section: *Provided*, That the consumer making the complaint was directly provided the innovative product or service by the regulatory sandbox participant, and the innovative product or service was provided in the course of participation in the regulatory sandbox program.

(d) The Division of Financial Institutions may require that a regulatory sandbox participant make additional disclosures to a consumer.

§31A-8G-6. Exiting requirements; extensions.

(a) At least 30 days before the conclusion of the regulatory sandbox testing period, a regulatory sandbox participant shall:

(1) Notify the Division of Financial Institutions that the regulatory sandbox participant will exit the regulatory sandbox program, discontinue the regulatory sandbox participant's test, and stop offering any innovative product or service in the regulatory sandbox program within 60 days after the day on which the regulatory sandbox testing period ends; or

(2) Seek an extension in accordance with §31A-8G-7 of this code.

(b) Subject to subsection (c) of this section, if the Division of Financial Institutions does not receive notification as required by subsection (a) of this section, the regulatory sandbox participant shall immediately stop offering each innovative product or service being tested at the conclusion of the regulatory sandbox testing period.

(c) If a test includes offering an innovative product or service that requires ongoing duties, such as servicing a loan, the regulatory sandbox participant shall continue to fulfill those duties or arrange for another person to fulfill those duties after the date on which the regulatory sandbox participant exits the regulatory sandbox program, and not less than 30 days before the conclusion of the regulatory sandbox testing period, notify, in writing, any consumer of the innovative product or service of the plan related to continuation or discontinuation of duties with respect to the innovative product or service.

§31A-8G-7. Testing period extensions.

- (a) Thirty days prior to the conclusion of the regulatory sandbox testing period, a regulatory sandbox participant may request an extension of the regulatory sandbox testing period for the purpose of obtaining a license or other authorization required by law.
- (b) The Division of Financial Institutions shall grant or deny a request for an extension in accordance with subsection (a) of this section by the conclusion of the regulatory sandbox testing period.
- (c) The Division of Financial Institutions may grant an extension in accordance with this section for not more than 12 months after the conclusion of the regulatory sandbox testing period.
- (d) A regulatory sandbox participant that obtains an extension in accordance with this section shall provide the Division of Financial Institutions with a written report every three months that provides an update on efforts to obtain a license or other authorization required by law, including any submitted applications for licensure or other authorization, rejected applications, or issued licenses or other authorization.

§31A-8G-8. Recordkeeping and reporting requirements; participant removal.

(a) A regulatory sandbox participant shall retain records, documents, and data produced in the ordinary course of business regarding an innovative product or service tested in the regulatory sandbox program, and shall maintain comprehensive records for not less than five years after the conclusion of the regulatory sandbox testing period.

(b) If an innovative product or service fails before the conclusion of a regulatory sandbox testing period, the regulatory sandbox participant shall notify the Division of Financial Institutions and report on actions taken by the regulatory sandbox participant to ensure consumers have not been harmed as a result of the failure.

(c) The Division of Financial Institutions will collaborate with a regulatory sandbox participant to establish periodic and reasonable reporting requirements for the regulatory sandbox participant.

(d) The Division of Financial Institutions may request records, documents, and data from a regulatory sandbox participant, and, upon the division's request, a regulatory sandbox participant shall make such records, documents, and data available for inspection by the division.

(e) If the Division of Financial Institutions determines that a regulatory sandbox participant has engaged in, is engaging in, or is about to engage in any practice or transaction that is in violation of this chapter or that constitutes a violation of a state or federal criminal law, the Division of Financial Institutions may remove a regulatory sandbox participant from the regulatory sandbox program and may refer suspected violations of law relating to this act to appropriate state or federal agencies for investigation, prosecution, civil penalties, and other appropriate enforcement actions.

(f) On or before December 1 of each year, the Division of Financial Institutions shall provide an annual written report to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance that provides information regarding each regulatory sandbox participant and that provides recommendations regarding the effectiveness of the regulatory sandbox program. This report shall be made publicly available on the division's website.