WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE
REGULAR SESSION, 1983

ENROLLED

HOUSE BILL No. 1662

(By Mr. Riffle)

Passed February 28, 1983
In Effect Ninety Days From Passage
ENROLLED

H. B. 1662
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[Passed February 28, 1983; in effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section nine, article seven, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section thirty, article thirteen, chapter thirty-three of said code, all relating to the standard valuation law for life insurance policies and to the standard nonforfeiture law for life insurance policies.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section nine, article seven, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section thirty, article thirteen, chapter thirty-three of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 7. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES.


1 (1) The commissioner shall annually value, or cause to be valued, the reserve liabilities (hereinafter called reserves) for all outstanding life insurance policies and annuity and pure endowment contracts of every life insurer transacting insurance in this state, except that in the case of an alien insurer such valuation shall be limited to its United States business, and may certify the amount of any such reserves, specifying the mortality table or tables, rate or rates of
interest and method (net level premium method or other) used in the calculation of such reserves.

All valuations made by him or by his authority shall be made upon the net premium basis.

In every case the standard of valuation employed shall be stated in his annual report.

In calculating such reserves, he may use group methods and approximate averages for fractions of a year or otherwise. In lieu of the valuation of the reserves herein required of any foreign or alien company, he may accept any valuation made, or cause to be made, by the insurance supervisory official of any state or other jurisdiction when such valuation complies with the minimum standard herein provided and if the official of such state or jurisdiction accepts as sufficient and valid for all legal purposes the certificate of valuation of the commissioner when such certificate states the valuation to have been made in a specified manner according to which the aggregate reserves would be at least as large as if they had been computed in the manner prescribed by the law of that state or jurisdiction.

(2) This subsection shall apply to only those policies and contracts issued prior to the original operative date of the Standard Nonforfeiture Law (now section thirty, article thirteen of this chapter). All valuations shall be according to the standard of valuations adopted by the insurer for the obligations to be valued. Any insurer may adopt different standards for obligations of different dates or classes, but if the total value determined by any such standard for the obligation for which it has been adopted shall be less than that determined by the legal minimum standard hereinafter prescribed, or if the insurer adopts no standard, said legal minimum standard shall be used.

Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (B), subdivision (a) of subsection (3), the legal minimum standard for contracts issued before the first day of January, in the year one thousand nine hundred one, shall be actuarial experience table of mortality with interest at four percent per
annum, and for contracts issued on or after said said date shall
be the "American Experience Table" of mortality with interest
at three and one-half percent per annum, except that the
minimum standard for the valuation of annuities and pure
endowments purchased under group annuity and pure en-
dowment contracts shall be that provided by this subsection
but replacing the interest rates specified in this subsection
by an interest rate of five percent per annum. Policies
issued by insurers doing business in this state may provide
for not more than one-year preliminary term insurance:
Provided, That if the premium charged for term insurance
under a limited payment life preliminary term policy pro-
viding for the payment of all premiums thereof in less than
twenty years from the date of the policy, or under an endow-
ment preliminary term policy, exceeds that charged for like
insurance under twenty payment life preliminary term policies
of the same insurer, the reserve thereon at the end of any
year, including the first, shall not be less than the reserve
on a twenty payment life preliminary term policy issued in
in the same year and at the same age, together with an
amount which shall be equivalent to the accumulation of a
net level premium sufficient to provide for a pure endowment
at the end of the premium payment period, equal to the
difference between the value at the end of such period of
such a twenty payment life preliminary term policy and a
full reserve at such time of such a limited payment life or
endowment policy.

The commissioner may vary the standards of interest and
mortality in the case of alien insurers and in particular cases
of invalid lives and other extra hazards.

Reserves for all such policies and contracts may be cal-
culated, at the option of the insurer, according to any stan-
dards which produce greater aggregate reserves for all such
policies and contracts than the minimum reserves required
by this subsection.

(3) Except as otherwise provided in paragraphs (B) to
(G), subdivision (a) of this subsection, this subsection shall
apply to only those policies and contracts issued on or after
the original operative date of the Standard Nonforfeiture Law
(now section thirty, article thirteen of this chapter).

(a) (A) Except as otherwise provided in paragraphs (B) to (G) of this subdivision, the minimum standard for the valuation of all such policies and contracts shall be the commissioners reserve valuation methods defined in subdivisions (b), (c) and (f), five percent interest for group annuity and pure endowment contracts and three and one-half percent interest for all other such policies and contracts, or in the case of policies and contracts, other than annuity and pure endowment contracts, issued on or after the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred seventy-four, four percent interest for such policies issued prior to the sixth day of April, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, five and one-half percent interest for single premium life insurance policies and four and one-half percent interest for all other such policies issued on or after the sixth day of April, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, and the following tables:

(i) For all ordinary policies of life insurance issued on the standard basis, excluding any disability and accidental death benefits in such policies, — the Commissioners 1941 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table for such policies issued prior to the operative date of subsection (4a), section thirty, article thirteen of this chapter, and the Commissioners 1958 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table for such policies issued on or after the operative date of subsection (4a), section thirty, article thirteen of this chapter: Provided, That for any category of such policies issued on female risks all modified net premiums and present values referred to in this section may be calculated according to an age not more than six years younger than the actual age of the insured; and for such policies issued on or after the operative date of subsection (4c), section thirty, article thirteen of this chapter (I) the Commissioners 1980 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table or (II) at the election of the company for any one or more specified plans of life insurance, the Commissioners 1980 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table with ten-year selection mortality factors or (III) any ordinary
mortality table, adopted after one thousand nine hundred eighty by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, that is approved by regulation promulgated by the commissioner for use in determining the minimum standard of valuation for such policies;

(ii) For all industrial life insurance policies issued on the standard basis, excluding any disability and accidental death benefits in such policies, — the 1941 Standard Industrial Mortality Table for such policies issued prior to the operative date of subsection (4b), section thirty, article thirteen of this chapter, for such policies issued on or after such operative date the Commissioners 1961 Standard Industrial Mortality Table or any industrial mortality table, adopted after one thousand nine hundred eighty by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, that is approved by regulation promulgated by the commissioner for use in determining the minimum standard of valuation for such policies;

(iii) For individual annuity and pure endowment contracts, excluding any disability and accidental death benefits in such policies, — the 1937 Standard Annuity Mortality Table or, at the option of the company, the Annuity Mortality Table for 1949, ultimate, or any modification of either of these tables approved by the commissioner;

(iv) For group annuity and pure endowment contracts, excluding any disability and accidental death benefits in such policies, — the Group Annuity Mortality Table for 1951, any modification of such table approved by the commissioner, or, at the option of the company, any of the tables or modification of tables specified for individual annuity and pure endowment contracts;

(v) For total and permanent disability benefits in or supplementary to ordinary policies or contracts, — for policies or contracts issued on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred sixty-six, the tables of period two disablement rates and the one thousand nine hundred thirty to one thousand nine hundred fifty termination rates of the one thousand nine hundred fifty-two disability study of the society of actuaries, with due regard to the type of benefits or
any tables of disablement rates and termination rates, adopted after one thousand nine hundred eighty by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, that are approved by regulation promulgated by the commissioner for use in determining the minimum standard of valuation for such policies; for policies or contracts issued on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred sixty-one, and prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred sixty-six, either such tables or, at the option of the company, the Class (3) Disability Table (1926); and for policies issued prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred sixty-one, the Class (3) Disability Table (1926).

Any such table shall, for active lives, be combined with a mortality table permitted for calculating the reserves for life insurance policies;

(vi) For accidental death benefits in or supplementary to policies, — for policies issued on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred sixty-six, the 1959 Accidental Death Benefits Table or any accidental death benefits table, adopted after one thousand nine hundred eighty by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, that is approved by regulation promulgated by the commissioner for use in determining the minimum standard of valuation for such policies; for policies issued on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred sixty-one and prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred sixty-six, either such table or, at the option of the company, the Inter-Company Double Indemnity Mortality Table; and for policies issued prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred sixty-one, the Inter-Company Double Indemnity Mortality Table. Either table shall be combined with a mortality table permitted for calculating the reserves for life insurance policies; and

(vii) For group life insurance, life insurance issued on the substandard basis and other special benefits, — such tables as may be approved by the commissioner.
and pure endowment contracts issued on or after the operative
date of this paragraph (B), as defined herein, and for all
annuities and pure endowments purchased on or after such
operative date under group annuity and pure endowment
contracts, shall be the commissioners reserve valuation methods
defined in subdivisions (b) and (c) and the following tables
and interest rates;

(i) For individual annuity and pure endowment contracts
issued prior to the sixth day of April, one thousand nine
hundred seventy-seven, excluding any disability and accidental
death benefits in such contracts, — the 1971 Individual
Annuity Mortality Table, or any modification of this table
approved by the commissioner, and six percent interest for
single premium immediate annuity contracts, and four percent
interest for all other individual annuity and pure endowment
contracts;

(ii) For individual single premium immediate annuity
contracts issued on or after the sixth day of April, one
thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, excluding any disability
and accidental death benefits in such contracts, — the 1971
Individual Annuity Mortality Table or any individual annuity
mortality table, adopted after one thousand nine hundred
eighty by the National Association of Insurance Commiss-\n
ers, that is approved by regulation promulgated by the com-
missioner for use in determining the minimum standard of
valuation for such contracts, or any modification of these
tables approved by the commissioner, and seven and one-half
percent interest;

(iii) For individual annuity and pure endowment contracts
issued on or after the sixth day of April, one thousand nine
hundred seventy-seven, other than single premium immediate
annuity contracts, excluding any disability and accidental
death benefits in such contracts, — the 1971 Individual An-
nuity Mortality Table or any individual annuity mortality
table adopted after one thousand nine hundred eighty by
the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, that
is approved by regulation promulgated by the commissioner
for use in determining the minimum standard of valuation for
such contracts. or any modification of these tables approved
by the commissioner, and five and one-half percent interest for
single premium deferred annuity and pure endowment con-
tracts, and four and one-half percent interest for all other
such individual annuity and pure endowment contracts;

(iv) For all annuities and pure endowments purchased
prior to the sixth day of April, one thousand nine hundred
seventy-seven under group annuity and pure endowment con-
tracts, excluding any disability and accidental death benefits
purchased under such contracts, — the 1971 Group Annuity
Mortality Table, or any modification of this table approved
by the commissioner, and six percent interest; and

(v) For all annuities and pure endowments purchased on
or after the sixth day of April, one thousand nine hundred
seventy-seven, under group annuity and pure endowment con-
tracts, excluding any disability and accidental death benefits
purchased under such contracts, — the 1971 Group Annuity
Mortality Table or any group annuity mortality table, adopted
after one thousand nine hundred eighty by the National
Association of Insurance Commissioners, that is approved
by regulation promulgated by the commissioner for use in
determining the minimum standard of valuation for such an-
nuities and pure endowments, or any modification of these
tables approved by the commissioner, and seven and one-half
percent interest.

After the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred
seventy-four, any company may file with the commissioner a
written notice of its election to comply with the provisions
of this paragraph (B) after a specified date before the first
day of January, one thousand nine hundred seventy-nine,
which shall be the operative date of this paragraph (B) for
such company, provided that a company may elect a dif­
ferent operative date for individual annuity and pure endow-
ment contracts from that elected for group annuity and pure
endowment contracts. If a company makes no such election.
the operative date of this paragraph (B) for such company
shall be the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred
seventy-nine.
The interest rates used in determining the minimum standard for the valuation of:

(i) All life insurance policies issued in a particular calendar year, on or after the operative date of subsection (4c), section thirty, article thirteen of this chapter:

(ii) All individual annuity and pure endowment contracts issued in a particular calendar year on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two;

(iii) All annuities and pure endowments purchased in a particular calendar year on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, under group annuity and pure endowment contracts; and

(iv) The net increase, if any in a particular calendar year after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, in amounts held under guaranteed interest contracts shall be the calendar year statutory valuation interest rates as defined in this subsection.

(D) The calendar year statutory valuation interest rates, I, shall be determined as follows and the results rounded to the nearer one quarter of one percent (1.4 of 1%):

(i) For life insurance,

\[ I = 0.03 + W(R_1 - 0.03) + \frac{W}{2}(R_2 - 0.09); \]

(ii) For single premium immediate annuities and for annuity benefits involving life contingencies arising from other annuities with cash settlement options and from guaranteed interest contracts with cash settlement options,

\[ I = 0.03 + W(R - 0.03) \]

where \( R_1 \) is the lesser of \( R \) and 0.09;

\( R_2 \) is the greater of \( R \) and 0.09.

\( R \) is the reference interest rate defined in this section and

\( W \) is the weighting factor defined in this section.

(iii) For other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed interest contracts with cash settlement op-
tions, valued on an issue year basis, except as stated in (ii) above, the formula for life insurance stated in (i) above shall apply to annuities and guaranteed interest contracts with guarantee durations in excess of ten years and the formula for single premium immediate annuities state in (ii) above shall apply to annuities and guaranteed interest contracts with guarantee duration of ten years or less;

(iv) For other annuities with no cash settlement options and for guaranteed interest contracts with no cash settlement options, the formula for single premium immediate annuities stated in (ii) above shall apply; and

(v) For other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed interest contracts with cash settlement options, valued on a change in fund basis, the formula for single premium immediate annuities stated in (ii) above shall apply.

However, if the calendar year statutory valuation interest rate for any life insurance policies issued in any calendar year determined without reference to this sentence differs from the corresponding actual rate for similar policies issued in the immediately preceding calendar year by less than one half of one percent (½ of 1%), the calendar year statutory valuation interest rate for such life insurance policies shall be equal to the corresponding actual rate for the immediately preceding calendar year. For purposes of applying the immediately preceding sentence, the calendar year statutory valuation interest rate for life insurance policies issued in a calendar year shall be determined for one thousand nine hundred eighty (using the reference interest rate defined for one thousand nine hundred seventy-nine) and shall be determined for each subsequent calendar year regardless of when subsection (4c), section thirty, article thirteen of this chapter becomes operative.

(E) The weighting factors referred to in the formulas stated above are given in the following tables:

(i) Weighting Factors for Life Insurance:
For life insurance, the guarantee duration is the maximum number of years the life insurance can remain in force on a basis guaranteed in the policy or under options to convert to plans of life insurance with premium rates or nonforfeiture values or both which are guaranteed in the original policy;

(ii) Weighting factor for single premium immediate annuities and for annuity benefits involving life contingencies arising from other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed interest contracts with cash settlement options:

(iii) Weighting factors for other annuities and for guaranteed interests contracts, except as stated in (ii) above, shall be as specified in tables (a), (b) and (c) below, according to the rules and definitions in (d), (e) and (f) below:

(a) For annuities and guaranteed interest contracts valued on an issue year basis:

(b) For annuities and guaranteed interest contracts valued on a change in fund basis, the factors shown in (a) above;

(c) For annuities and guaranteed in-
terest contracts valued on an issue year basis (other than those with no cash settlement options) which do not guar-
antee interest on considerations received more than one year after issue or pur-
chase and for annuities and guaranteed interest contracts valued on a change in fund basis which do not guarantee interest rates on considerations received more than twelve months beyond the valuation date, the factors shown in (a) or derived in (b) increased by: .05 .05 .05

(d) For other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed interest contracts with cash settlement options, the guarantee duration is the number of years for which the contract guarantees interest rates in excess of the calendar year statutory valuation interest rate for life insurance policies with guarantee duration in excess of twenty years. For other annuities with no cash settlement options and for guaranteed interest contracts with no cash settlement options, the guarantee duration is the number of years from the date of issue or date of purchase to the date annuity benefits are scheduled to commence;

(e) Plan type as used in the above tables is defined as follows:

Plan Type A:

At any time policyholder may withdraw funds only (1) with an adjustment to reflect changes in interest rates or asset values since receipt of the funds by the insurance company or (2) without such adjustment but in installments over five years or more or (3) as an immediate life annuity or (4) no withdrawal permitted;

Plan Type B:

Before expiration of the interest rate guarantee, policyholder may withdraw funds only (1) with an adjustment to reflect changes in interest rates or asset values since receipt of the funds by the insurance company or (2) without such ad-
justment but in installments over five years or more or
(3) no withdrawal permitted. At the end of interest rate
guarantee, funds may be withdrawn without such adjustment
in a single sum or installments over less than five years;
and

Plan Type C:

Policyholder may withdraw funds before expiration of in-
terest rate guarantee in a single sum or installments over
less than five years either (1) without adjustment to reflect
changes in interest rates or asset values since receipt of the
funds by the insurance company or (2) subject only to a
fixed surrender charge stipulated in the contract as a per-
centage of the fund.

(f) A company may elect to value guaranteed interest
contracts with cash settlement options and annuities with
cash settlement options on either an issue year basis or on
a change in fund basis. Guaranteed interest contracts with
no cash settlement options and other annuities with no cash
settlement options must be valued on an issue year basis.
As used in this subsection, an issue year basis of valuation
refers to a valuation basis under which the interest rate
used to determine the minimum valuation standard for the
entire duration of the annuity or guaranteed interest con-
tract is the calendar year valuation interest rate for the year
of issue or year of purchase of the annuity or guaranteed
interest contract, and the change in fund basis of valuation
refers to a valuation basis under which the interest rate
used to determine the minimum valuation standard applic-
able to each change in the fund held under the annuity or
guaranteed interest contract is the calendar year valuation
interest rate for the year of the change in the fund.

(F) The reference interest rate referred to in paragraph
(D) shall be defined as follows:

(i) For all life insurance, the lesser of the average over a
period of thirty-six months and the average over a period of
twelve months, ending on the thirtieth day of June of the
calendar year next preceding the year of issue, of Moody's
Corporate Bond Yield Average — Monthly Average Corporates, as published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc;

(ii) For single premium immediate annuities and for annuity benefits involving life contingencies arising from other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed interest contracts with cash settlement options, the average over a period of twelve months, ending on the thirtieth day of June of the calendar year of issue or year of purchase, of Moody's Corporate Bond Yield Average — Monthly Average Corporates, as published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc;

(iii) For other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed interest contracts with cash settlement options, valued on a year of issue basis, except as stated in (ii) above, with guarantee duration in excess of ten years, the lesser of the average over a period of thirty-six months and the average over a period of twelve months, ending on the thirtieth day of June of the calendar year of the issue or purchase, of Moody's Corporate Bond Yield Average — Monthly Average Corporates, as published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc;

(iv) For other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed interest contracts with cash settlement options, valued on a year of issue basis, except as stated in (ii) above, with guarantee duration of ten years or less, the average over a period of twelve months, ending on the thirtieth day of June of the calendar year of issue or purchase, of Moody's Corporate Bond Yield Average — Monthly Average Corporates, as published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc;

(v) For other annuities with no cash settlement options for guaranteed interest contracts with no cash settlement options, the average over a period of twelve months, ending on the thirtieth day of June of the calendar year of issue or purchase, of Moody's Corporate Bond Yield Average — Monthly Average Corporates, as published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc; and

(vi) For other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed interest contracts with cash settlement options, for guaranteed interest contracts with no cash settlement options, the average over a period of twelve months, ending on the thirtieth day of June of the calendar year of issue or purchase, of Moody's Corporate Bond Yield Average — Monthly Average Corporates, as published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc; and
tions, valued on a change in fund basis, except as stated in
(ii) above, the average over a period of twelve months, end-
ing on the thirtieth day of June of the calendar year of the
change in the fund. of Moody's Corporate Bond Yield Aver-
age — Monthly Average Corporates, as published by Moody's
Investors Service, Inc.

(G) In the event that Moody's Corporate Bond Yield
Average — Monthly Average Corporates is no longer pub-
lished by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or in the event that
the National Association of Insurance Commissioners deter-
mines that Moody's Corporate Bond Yield Average — Month-
ly Average Corporates as published by Moody's Investors
Service, Inc., is no longer appropriate for the determination
of the reference interest rate, then an alternative method for
determination of the reference interest rate, which is adopted
by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners and
approved by regulation promulgated by the commissioner, may
be substituted.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in subdivisions (c)
and (f), reserves according to the commissioners reserve
valuation method, for the life insurance and endow-
ment benefits of policies providing for a uniform amount of
insurance and requiring the payment of uniform pre-
miums, shall be the excess, if any, of the present value,
at the date of valuation, of such future guaranteed bene-
fits provided for by such policies, over the then present
value of any future modified net premiums therefor.
The modified net premiums for any such policy shall be
such uniform percentage of the respective contract pre-
miums for such benefits that the present value, at the
date of issue of the policy of all such modified net pre-
miums shall be equal to the sum of the then present
value of such benefits provided for by the policy and the excess
of (A) over (B), as follows:

(A) A net level annual premium equal to the present
value, at the date of issue, of such benefits provided
for after the first policy year, divided by the present
value, at the date of issue, of an annuity of one per-
cent per annum payable on the first and each subsequent
anniversary of such policy on which a premium falls due:

Provided, That such net level annual premium shall not exceed the net level annual premium on the nineteen-year premium whole life plan for insurance of the same amount at an age one year higher than the age at issue of such policy;

(B) A net one-year term premium for such benefits provided for in the first policy year: Provided, That for any life insurance policy issued on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, for which the contract premium in the first policy year exceeds that of the second year and for which no comparable additional benefit is provided in the first year for such excess and which provides an endowment benefit or a cash surrender value or a combination thereof in an amount greater than such excess premium, the reserve according to the commissioners reserve valuation method as of any policy anniversary occurring on or before the assumed ending date defined herein as the first policy anniversary on which the sum of any endowment benefit and any cash surrender value then available is greater than such excess premium shall, except as otherwise provided in subdivision (f), be the greater of the reserve as of such policy anniversary calculated as described in the preceding paragraph of this subdivision (b) and the reserve as of such policy anniversary calculated as described in that paragraph, but with (i) the value defined in subparagraph (A) of that paragraph being reduced by fifteen percent of the amount of such excess first year premium, (ii) all present values of benefits and premiums being determined without reference to premiums or benefits provided for by the policy after the assumed ending date, (iii) the policy being assumed to mature on such date as an endowment and (iv) the cash surrender value provided on such date being considered as an endowment benefit. In making the above comparison the mortality and interest bases stated in paragraphs (A), (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) of subdivision (a) of this subsection shall be used.

Reserves according to the commissioners reserve valuation method for (i) life insurance policies providing for a varying
amount of insurance or requiring the payment of varying
premiums. (ii) group annuity and pure endowment contracts
purchased under a retirement plan or plan of deferred com-
ensation, established or maintained by an employer (includ-
ing a partnership or sole proprietorship) or by an employee
organization, or by both, other than a plan providing in-
dividual retirement accounts or individual retirement annui-
ties under section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, as now
or hereafter amended, (iii) disability and accidental death
benefits in all policies and contracts and (iv) all other bene-
fits, except life insurance and endowment benefits in life
insurance policies and benefits provided by all other annuity
and pure endowment contracts, shall be calculated by a
method consistent with the principles of this subdivision (b),
except that any extra premiums charged because of im-
pairments or special hazards shall be disregarded in the
determination of modified net premiums.

(c) This subdivision shall apply to all annuity and pure
endowment contracts other than group annuity and pure
endowment contracts purchased under a retirement plan or
plan of deferred compensation, established or maintained by
an employer (including a partnership or sole proprietorship)
or by an employee organization, or by both, other than a
plan providing individual retirement accounts or individual
retirement annuities under section 408 of the Internal Revenue
Code, as now or hereafter amended.

Reserves according to the commissioners annuity reserve
method for benefits under annuity or pure endowment con-
tracts, excluding any disability and accidental death benefits
in such contracts, shall be the greatest of the respective
excesses of the present values, at the date of valuation, of
the future guaranteed benefits, including guaranteed non-
forfeiture benefits, provided for by such contracts at the end
of each respective contract year, over the present value, at
the date of valuation, of any future valuation considerations
derived from future gross considerations, required by the
terms of such contract, that become payable prior to the end
of such respective contract year. The future guaranteed
benefits shall be determined by using the mortality table, if
any, and the interest rate, or rates, specified in such contracts
for determining guaranteed benefits. The valuation consider-
atations are the portions of the respective gross considerations
applied under the terms of such contracts to determine non-
forfeiture values.

(d) In no event shall a company's aggregate reserves for
all life insurance policies, excluding disability and accidental
death benefits, be less than the aggregate reserves calculated
in accordance with the methods set forth in subdivisions (b),
(c), (f) and (g) and the mortality table or tables and rate or
rates of interest used in calculating nonforfeiture benefits for
such policies.

(e) Reserves for any category of policies, contracts or
benefits as established by the commissioner may be cal-
culated, at the option of the insurer, according to any
standards which produce greater aggregate reserves for such
category than those calculated according to the minimum
standard herein provided, but the rate or rates of interest
used for policies and contracts, other than annuity and pure
endowment contracts, shall not be higher than the corres-
ponding rate or rates of interest used in calculating any non-
forfeiture benefits provided for therein.

Any such company which at any time shall have adopted
any standard of valuation producing greater aggregate re-
reserves than those calculated according to the minimum stan-
dard herein provided may, with the approval of the com-
missioner, adopt any lower standard of valuation, but not
lower than the minimum herein provided.

(f) If in any contract year the gross premium charged by
any life insurer on any policy or contract is less than the
valuation net premium for the policy or contract calculated
by the method used in calculating the reserve thereon, but
using the minimum valuation standards of mortality and rate
of interest, the minimum reserve required for such policy or
contract shall be the greater of either the reserve calculated
according to the mortality table, rate of interest, and method
actually used for such policy or contract, or the reserve
calculated by the method actually used for such policy or
contract but using the minimum valuation standards of
mortality and rate of interest and replacing the valuation
net premium by the actual gross premium in each contract
year for which the valuation net premium exceeds the actual
gross premium. The minimum valuation standards of mortality
and rate of interest referred to in this section are those stan-
dards stated in paragraphs (A), (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G)
of subdivision (a): Provided, That for any life insurance policy
issued on or after the first day of January, one thousand
nine hundred eighty-five, for which the gross premium in the
first policy year exceeds that of the second year and for
which no comparable additional benefit is provided in the
first year for such excess and which provides an endowment
benefit or a cash surrender value or a combination thereof
in an amount greater than such excess premium, the fore-
going provisions of this subdivision (f) shall be applied as if
the method actually used in calculating the reserve for such
policy were the method described in subdivision (b), ignoring
the second paragraph of subdivision (b). The minimum
reserve at each policy anniversary of such a policy shall be
the greater of the minimum reserve calculated in accordance
with subdivision (b), including the second paragraph of that
subdivision and the minimum reserve calculated in accord-
ance with this subdivision (f).

(g) In the case of any plan of life insurance which pro-
vides for future premium determination, the amounts of which
are to be determined by the insurance company based on
the estimates of future experience, or in the case of any plan
of life insurance or annuity which is of such a nature that
the minimum reserves cannot be determined by the methods
described in subdivisions (b), (c) and (f), the reserves which
are held under any such plan must:

(A) Be appropriate in relation to the benefits and the
pattern of premiums for the plan; and

(B) Be computed by a method which is consistent with the
principles of this standard valuation law, as determined by
regulations promulgated by the commissioner.
ARTICLE 13. LIFE INSURANCE.


1. (1) In the case of policies issued on or after the original operative date of this provision, no policy of life insurance, except as stated in subsection six, shall be delivered or issued for delivery in this state unless it shall contain in substance the following provisions, or corresponding provisions which in the opinion of the commissioner are at least as favorable to the defaulting or surrendering policyholder as are the minimum requirements hereinafter specified and are essentially in compliance with subsection (5a) of this law:

(a) That, in the event of default in any premium payment, the insurer will grant, upon proper request not later than sixty days after the due date of the premium in default, a paid-up nonforfeiture benefit on a plan stipulated in the policy, effective as of such due date, of such amount as may be hereinafter specified. In lieu of such stipulated paid-up nonforfeiture benefit, the insurer may substitute, upon proper request not later than sixty days after the due date of the premium in default, an actuarially equivalent alternative paid-up nonforfeiture benefit which provides a greater amount or longer period of death benefits or, if applicable, a greater amount or earlier payment of endowment benefits;

(b) That, upon surrender of the policy within sixty days after the due date of any premium payment in default after premiums have been paid for at least three full years, the insurer will pay, in lieu of any paid-up nonforfeiture benefit, a cash surrender value of such amount as may be hereinafter specified;

(c) That a specified paid-up nonforfeiture benefit shall become effective as specified in the policy unless the person entitled to make such election elects another available option not later than sixty days after the due date of the premium in default;

(d) That, if the policy shall have become paid up by completion of all premium payments or if it is continued under any paid-up nonforfeiture benefit which became effec-
tive on or after the third policy anniversary the insurer will
pay, upon surrender of the policy within thirty days after
any policy anniversary, a cash surrender value of such amount
as may be hereinafter specified;

(e) In the case of policies which cause on a basis guaran-
teed in the policy unscheduled changes in benefits or premiums,
or which provide an option for changes in benefits or pre-
miums other than a change to a new policy, a statement
of the mortality table, interest rate and method used in
calculating cash surrender values and the paid-up nonfor-
feiture benefits available under the policy. In the case of all
other policies, a statement of the mortality table and interest
rate used in calculating the cash surrender values and the
paid-up nonforfeiture benefits available under the policy, to-
gether with a table showing the cash surrender value, if any,
and paid-up nonforfeiture benefits, if any, available under the
policy on each policy anniversary either during the first twenty
policy years or during the term of the policy, whichever is
shorter, such values and benefits to be calculated upon the
assumption that there are no dividends or paid-up additions
credited to the policy and that there is no indebtedness to the
insurer on the policy; and

(f) A statement that the cash surrender values and the
paid-up nonforfeiture benefits available under the policy
are not less than the minimum values and benefits required
by or pursuant to the insurance law of the state in which
the policy is delivered; an explanation of the manner in
which the cash surrender values and the paid-up nonforfeiture
benefits are altered by the existence of any paid-up additions
credited to the policy or any indebtedness to the company on
the policy; if a detailed statement of the method of computa-
tion of the values and benefits shown in the policy is not
stated therein a statement that such method of computation
has been filed with the insurance supervisory official of the
state in which the policy is delivered; and a statement of the
method to be used in calculating the cash surrender value
and paid-up nonforfeiture benefits available under the policy
on any policy anniversary beyond the last anniversary for which
such values and benefits are consecutively shown in the policy.

Any of the foregoing provisions or portions thereof, not applicable by reason of the plan of insurance may, to the extent inapplicable, be omitted from the policy.

The insurer shall reserve the right to defer the payment of any cash surrender value for a period of thirty days after demand therefor with surrender of the policy.

(2) Any cash surrender value available under the policy in the event of default in a premium payment due on any policy anniversary, whether or not required by subsection one, shall be an amount not less than the excess, if any, of the present value, on such anniversary, of the future guaranteed benefits which would have been provided for by the policy, including any existing paid-up additions, if there had been no default, over the sum of (i) the then present value of the adjusted premiums as defined in subsections (4), (4a), (4b) and (4c), corresponding to premiums which would have fallen due on and after such anniversary, and (ii) the amount of any indebtedness to the insurer on the policy: Provided, That for any policy issued on or after the operative date of subsection (4c) as defined therein, which provides supplemental life insurance or annuity benefits at the option of the insured and for an identifiable additional premium by rider or supplemental policy provision, the cash surrender value referred to in the first paragraph of this subsection shall be an amount not less than the sum of the cash surrender value as defined in such paragraph for an otherwise similar policy issued at the same age without such rider or supplemental policy provision and the cash surrender value as defined in such paragraph for a policy which provides only the benefits otherwise provided by such rider or supplemental policy provision: Provided, however, That for any family policy issued on or after the operative date of subsection (4c) as defined therein, which defines a primary insured and provides term insurance on the life of the spouse of the primary insured expiring before the spouse's age seventy-one, the cash surrender value referred to in the first paragraph of this subsection shall be an amount not
less than the sum of the cash surrender value as defined in such paragraph for an otherwise similar policy issued at the same age without such term insurance on the life of the spouse and the cash surrender value as defined in such paragraph for a policy which provides only the benefits otherwise provided by such term insurance on the life of the spouse.

Any cash surrender value available within thirty days after any policy anniversary under any policy paid up by completion of all premium payments or any policy continued under any paid-up nonforfeiture benefit, whether or not required by subsection (1), shall be an amount not less than the present value, on such anniversary, of the future guaranteed benefits provided for by the policy, including any existing paid-up additions decreased by any indebtedness to the insurer on the policy.

(3) Any paid-up nonforfeiture benefit available under the policy in the event of default in a premium payment due on any policy anniversary shall be such that its present value as of such anniversary shall be at least equal to the cash surrender value then provided for by the policy or, if none is provided for, that cash surrender value which would have been required by this section in the absence of the condition that premiums shall have been paid for at least a specific period.

(4) This subsection (4) shall not apply to policies issued on or after the operative date of subsection (4c) as defined therein. Except as provided in the third paragraph of this subsection, the adjusted premiums for any policy shall be calculated on an annual basis and shall be such uniform percentage of the respective premiums specified in the policy for each policy year, excluding extra premiums on a substandard policy, that the present value, at the date of issue of the policy, of all such adjusted premiums shall be equal to the sum of (i) the then present value of the future guaranteed benefits provided for by the policy; (ii) two percent of the amount of insurance, if the insurance be uniform in amount, or of the equivalent uniform amount, as hereinafter defined, if the amount of insurance varies with duration of the policy; (iii) forty percent of the adjusted premium for the first policy
year; (iv) twenty-five percent of either the adjusted premium for the first policy year or the adjusted premium for a whole life policy of the same uniform or equivalent uniform amount with uniform premiums for the whole of life issued at the same age for the same amount of insurance, whichever is less: Provided, That in applying the percentages specified in (iii) and (iv) above, no adjusted premium shall be deemed to exceed four percent of the amount of insurance or uniform amount equivalent thereto. The date of issue of a policy for the purpose of this subsection shall be the date as of which the rated age of the insured is determined.

In the case of a policy providing an amount of insurance varying with duration of the policy, the equivalent uniform amount thereof for the purpose of this subsection shall be deemed to be the uniform amount of insurance provided by an otherwise similar policy, containing the same endowment benefit or benefits, if any, issued at the same age and for the same term, the amount of which does not vary with duration and the benefits under which have the same present value at the date of issue as the benefits under the policy: Provided, That in the case of a policy providing a varying amount of insurance issued on the life of a child under age ten, the equivalent uniform amount may be computed as though the amount of insurance provided by the policy prior to the attainment of age ten were the amount provided by such policy at age ten.

The adjusted premiums for any policy providing term insurance benefits by rider or supplemental policy provision shall be equal to (a) the adjusted premiums for an otherwise similar policy issued at the same age without such term insurance benefits, increased, during the period for which premiums for such term insurance benefits are payable, by (b) the adjusted premiums for such term insurance, the foregoing items (a) and (b) being calculated separately and as specified in the first two paragraphs of this subsection except that, for the purposes of (ii), (iii) and (iv) of the first such paragraph, the amount of insurance or equivalent uniform amount of insurance used in the calculation of the adjusted premiums referred to in (b) shall be equal to the
excess of the corresponding amount determined for the entire policy over the amount used in the calculation of the adjusted premiums in (a).

Except as otherwise provided in subsections (4a) and (4b), all adjusted premiums and present values referred to in this section shall for all policies of ordinary insurance be calculated on the basis of the Commissioners 1941 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table: Provided, That for any category of ordinary insurance issued on female risks, adjusted premiums and present values may be calculated according to an age not more than three years younger than the actual age of the insured, and such calculations for all policies of industrial insurance shall be made on the basis of the 1941 Standard Industrial Mortality Table. All calculations shall be made on the basis of the rate of interest, not exceeding three and one-half percent per annum, specified in the policy for calculating cash surrender values and paid-up nonforfeiture benefits: Provided, however, That in calculating the present value of any paid-up term insurance with accompanying pure endowment, if any, offered as a nonforfeiture benefit, the rates of mortality assumed may be not more than one hundred and thirty percent of the rates of mortality according to such applicable table: Provided further, That for insurance issued on a substandard basis, the calculation of any such adjusted premiums and present values may be based on such other table of mortality as may be specified by the insurer and approved by the commissioner.

(4a) This subsection (4a) shall not apply to ordinary policies issued on or after the operative date of subsection (4c) as defined therein. In the case of ordinary policies issued on or after the operative date of this subsection (4a) as defined herein, all adjusted premiums and present values referred to in this section shall be calculated on the basis of the Commissioners 1958 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table and the rate of interest specified in the policy for calculating cash surrender values and paid-up nonforfeiture benefits provided that such rate of interest shall not exceed three and one-half percent per annum except that a rate of interest not exceeding four percent per annum
may be used for policies issued on or after the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred seventy-four, and prior to the sixth day of April, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, and a rate of interest not exceeding five and one-half percent per annum may be used for policies issued on or after the sixth day of April, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, except that for any single premium whole life or endowment insurance policy a rate of interest not exceeding six and one-half percent per annum may be used: Provided, That for any category of ordinary insurance issued on female risks, adjusted premiums and present values may be calculated according to an age not more than six years younger than the actual age of the insured: Provided, however, That in calculating the present value of any paid-up term insurance with accompanying pure endowment, if any, offered as a nonfeiture benefit, the rates of mortality assumed may be not more than those shown in the Commissioners 1958 Extended Term Insurance Table: Provided further, That for insurance issued on a substandard basis, the calculation of any such adjusted premiums and present values may be based on such other table of mortality as may be specified by the company and approved by the commissioner.

After the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred fifty-nine, any company may file with the commissioner a written notice of its election to comply with the provisions of this subsection after a specified date before the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred sixty-six. After the filing of such notice, then upon such specified date (which shall be the operative date of this subsection for such company), this subsection shall become operative with respect to the ordinary policies thereafter issued by such company. If a company makes no such election, the operative date of this subsection for such company shall be the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred sixty-six.

(4b) This subsection (4b) shall not apply to industrial policies issued on or after the operative date of subsection (4c) as defined therein. In the case of industrial policies issued on or after the operative date of this subsection (4b) as defined herein, all adjusted premiums and present values
referred to in this section shall be calculated on the basis
of the Commissioners 1961 Standard Industrial Mortality
Table and the rate of interest specified in the policy for
calculating cash surrender values and paid-up nonforfeiture
benefits provided that such rate of interest shall not exceed
three and one-half percent per annum except that a rate
of interest not exceeding four percent per annum may be
used for policies issued on or after the third day of June,
one thousand nine hundred seventy-four, and prior to the
sixth day of April, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven.
and a rate of interest not exceeding five and one-half percent
per annum may be used for policies issued on or after the
sixth day of April, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven.
except that for any single premium whole life or endowment
insurance policy a rate of interest not exceeding six and
one-half percent per annum may be used: Provided, That in
calculating the present value of any paid-up term insurance
with accompanying pure endowment, if any, offered as a
nonforfeiture benefit, the rates of mortality assumed may be
not more than those shown in the Commissioners 1961
Industrial Extended Term Insurance Table: Provided, however,
That for insurance issued on a substandard basis, the cal-
culation of any such adjusted premiums and present values
may be based on such other table of mortality as may be
specified by the company and approved by the commissioner.

After the effective date of this subsection (4b), any com-
pany may file with the commissioner a written notice of its
election to comply with the provisions of this subsection
after a specified date before the first day of January, one
thousand nine hundred sixty-eight. After the filing of such
notice, then upon such specified date (which shall be the
operative date of this subsection for such company), this
subsection shall become operative with respect to the in-
dustrial policies thereafter issued by such company. If a
company makes no such election, the operative date of this
subsection for such company shall be the first day of January,
one thousand nine hundred sixty-eight.

(4c) (a) This subsection shall apply to all policies issued
on or after the operative date of this subsection (4c) as
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defined herein. Except as provided in the seventh para-
graph of this subsection, the adjusted premiums for any
policy shall be calculated on an annual basis and shall be
such uniform percentage of the respective premiums specified
in the policy for each policy year, excluding amounts pay-
able as extra premiums to cover impairments or special
hazards and also excluding any uniform annual contract
charge or policy fee specified in the policy in a statement
of the method to be used in calculating the cash surrender
values and paid-up nonforfeiture benefits, that the present
value, at the date of issue of the policy, of all adjusted
premiums shall be equal to the sum of (i) the then present
value of the future guaranteed benefits provided for by the
policy; (ii) one percent of either the amount of insurance,
if the insurance be uniform in amount, or the average amount
of insurance at the beginning of each of the first ten policy
years; and (iii) one hundred twenty-five percent of the
nonforfeiture net level premium as hereinafter defined:
Provided. That in applying the percentage specified in (iii)
above no nonforfeiture net level premium shall be deemed to
exceed four percent of either the amount of insurance, if
the insurance be uniform in amount, or the average amount
of insurance at the beginning of each of the first ten policy
years. The date of issue of a policy for the purpose of this
subsection shall be the date as of which the rated age of the
insured is determined.

(b) The nonforfeiture net level premium shall be equal
to the present value, at the date of issue of the policy, of
the guaranteed benefits provided for by the policy divided
by the present value, at the date of issue of the policy, of
an annuity of one per annum payable on the date of issue of
the policy and on each anniversary of such policy on which
a premium falls due;

(c) In the case of policies which cause on a basis guaran-
teed in the policy unscheduled changes in benefits or premi-
ums, or which provide an option for changes in benefits
or premiums other than a change to a new policy, the ad-
justed premiums and present values shall initially be cal-
culated on the assumption that future benefits and premiums
do not change from those stipulated at the date of issue of the policy. At the time of any such change in the benefits or premiums the future adjusted premiums, nonforfeiture net level premiums and present values shall be recalculated on the assumption that future benefits and premiums do not change from those stipulated by the policy immediately after the change;

(d) Except as otherwise provided in the seventh paragraph of this subsection, the recalculated future adjusted premiums for any such policy shall be such uniform percentage of the respective future premiums specified in the policy for each policy year, excluding amounts payable as extra premiums to cover impairments and special hazards, and also excluding any uniform annual contract charge or policy fee specified in the policy in a statement of the method to be used in calculating the cash surrender values and paid-up nonforfeiture benefits, that the present value, at the time of change to the newly defined benefits or premiums, of all such future adjusted premiums shall be equal to the excess of (A) the sum of (i) the then present value of the then future guaranteed benefits provided for by the policy and (ii) the additional expense allowance, if any, over (B) the then cash surrender value, if any, or present value of any paid-up nonforfeiture benefit under the policy;

(e) The additional expense allowance, at the time of the change to the newly defined benefits or premiums, shall be the sum of (i) one percent of the excess, if positive, of the average amount of insurance at the beginning of each of the first ten policy years subsequent to the change over the average amount of insurance prior to the change at the beginning of each of the first ten policy years subsequent to the time of the most recent previous change, or, if there has been no previous change, the date of issue of the policy; and (ii) one hundred twenty-five percent of the increase, if positive, in the nonforfeiture net level premium; and

(f) The recalculated nonforfeiture net level premium shall be equal to the result obtained by dividing (A) by (B) where:

(A) Equals the sum of
(i) The nonforfeiture net level premium applicable prior to the change times the present value of an annuity of one per annum payable on each anniversary of the policy on or subsequent to the date of the change on which a premium would have fallen due had the change not occurred; and

(ii) The present value of the increase in future guaranteed benefits provided for by the policy;

(B) Equals the present value of an annuity of one per annum payable on each anniversary of the policy on or subsequent to the date of change on which a premium falls due.

(g) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this subsection to the contrary, in the case of a policy issued on a substandard basis which provides reduced graded amounts of insurance so that, in each policy year, such policy has the same tabular mortality cost as an otherwise similar policy issued on the standard basis which provides higher uniform amounts of insurance, adjusted premiums and present values for such substandard policy may be calculated as if it were issued to provide such higher uniform amounts of insurance on the standard basis; and

(h) All adjusted premiums and present values referred to in this section shall for all policies of ordinary insurance be calculated on the basis of (i) the Commissioners 1980 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table or (ii) at the election of the company for any one or more specified plans of life insurance, the Commissioners 1980 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table with ten-year select mortality factors; shall for all policies of industrial insurance be calculated on the basis of the Commissioners 1961 Standard Industrial Mortality Table; and shall for all policies issued in a particular calendar year be calculated on the basis of a rate of interest not exceeding the nonforfeiture interest rate as defined in this subsection for policies issued in that calendar year: Provided, That:

(i) At the option of the company, calculations for all policies issued in a particular calendar year may be made on the basis of a rate of interest not exceeding the nonforfeiture
interest rate, as defined in this subsection, for policies issued in the immediately preceding calendar year;

(ii) Under any paid-up nonforfeiture benefit, including any paid-up dividend additions, any cash surrender value available, whether or not required by subsection (1), shall be calculated on the basis of the mortality table and rate of interest used in determining the amount of such paid-up nonforfeiture benefit and paid-up dividend additions, if any;

(iii) A company may calculate the amount of any guaranteed paid-up nonforfeiture benefit including any paid-up additions under the policy on the basis of an interest rate no lower than that specified in the policy for calculating cash surrender values;

(iv) In calculating the present value of any paid-up term insurance with accompanying pure endowment, if any, offered as a nonforfeiture benefit, the rates of mortality assumed may be not more than those shown in the Commissioners 1980 Extended Term Insurance Table for policies of ordinary insurance and not more than the Commissioners 1961 Industrial Extended Term Insurance Table for policies of industrial insurance;

(v) For insurance issued on a substandard basis, the calculation of any such adjusted premiums and present values may be based on appropriate modifications of the aforementioned tables;

(vi) Any ordinary mortality tables, adopted after 1980 by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, that are approved by regulation promulgated by the commissioner for use in determining the minimum nonforfeiture standard may be substituted for the Commissioners 1980 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table with or without ten-year select mortality factors or for the Commissioners 1980 Extended Term Insurance Table; and

(vii) Any industrial mortality tables, adopted after 1980 by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, that are approved by regulation promulgated by the commissioner for use in determining the minimum nonforfeiture
standard may be substituted for the Commissioners 1961
Standard Industrial Mortality Table or the Commissioners
1961 Industrial Extended Term Insurance Table.

(i) The nonforfeiture interest rate per annum for any
policy issued in a particular calendar year shall be equal
to one hundred and twenty-five percent of the calendar year
statutory valuation interest rate for such policy as defined
in the Standard Valuation Law, rounded to the nearer one
quarter of one percent (1/4 of 1%);

(j) Notwithstanding any other provision in this code to
the contrary, any refiling of nonforfeiture values or their
methods of computation for any previously approved policy
form which involves only a change in the interest rate or
mortality table used to compute nonforfeiture values shall
not require refiling of any other provisions of that policy
form; and

(k) After the effective date of this subsection (4c), any
company may file with the commissioner a written notice
of its election to comply with the provisions of this section
after a specified date before the first day of January, one
thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, which shall be the oper-
ative date of this subsection for such company. If a company
makes no such election, the operative date of this section
for such company shall be the first day of January, one
thousand nine hundred eighty-nine.

(4d) In the case of any plan of life insurance which pro-
vides for future premium determination, the amounts of which
are to be determined by the insurance company based on
then estimates of future experience, or in the case of any
plan of life insurance which is of such a nature that minimum
values cannot be determined by the methods described in
subsections (1), (2), (3), (4), (4a), (4b) and (4c) herein, then:

(a) The commissioner must be satisfied that the benefits
provided under the plan are substantially as favorable to
policyholders and insureds as the minimum benefits other-
wise required by subsections (1), (2), (3), (4), (4a), (4b) or
(4c) herein;
(b) The commissioner must be satisfied that the benefits and the pattern of premiums of that plan are not such as to mislead prospective policyholders or insureds; and

c) The cash surrender values and paid-up nonforfeiture benefits provided by such plan must not be less than the minimum values and benefits required for the plan computed by a method consistent with the principles of this Standard Nonforfeiture Law for Life Insurance, as determined by regulations promulgated by the commissioner.

(5) Any cash surrender value and any paid-up nonforfeiture benefit, available under the policy in the event of default in a premium payment due at any time other than on the policy anniversary, shall be calculated with allowance for the lapse of time and the payment of fractional premiums beyond the last preceding policy anniversary. All values referred to in subsections (2), (3), (4), (4a), (4b) and (4c) may be calculated upon the assumption that any death benefit is payable at the end of the policy year of death. The net value of any paid-up additions, other than paid-up term additions, shall be not less than the amounts used to provide such additions. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection two, additional benefits payable (i) in the event of death or dismemberment by accident or accidental means, (ii) in the event of total and permanent disability, (iii) as reversionary annuity or deferred reversionary annuity benefits, (iv) as term insurance benefits provided by a rider or supplemental policy provision to which, if issued as a separate policy, this subsection would not apply, (v) as term insurance on the life of a child or on the lives of children provided in a policy on the life of a parent of the child, if such term insurance expires before the child's age is twenty-six, is uniform in amount after the child's age is one, and has not become paid up by reason of the death of a parent of the child, and (vi) as other policy benefits additional to life insurance and endowment benefits, and premiums for all such additional benefits, shall be disregarded in ascertaining cash surrender values and nonforfeiture benefits required by this section, and no such additional bene-
This subsection, in addition to all other applicable subsections of this law, shall apply to all policies issued on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five. Any cash surrender value available under the policy in the event of default in a premium payment due on any policy anniversary shall be in an amount which does not differ by more than two tenths of one percent of either the amount of insurance, if the insurance be uniform in amount, or the average amount of insurance at the beginning of each of the first ten policy years, from the sum of (a) the greater of zero and the basic cash value hereinafter specified and (b) the present value of any existing paid-up additions less the amount of any indebtedness to the company under the policy.

The basic cash value shall be equal to the present value, on such anniversary, of the future guaranteed benefits which would have been provided for by the policy, excluding any existing paid-up additions and before deduction of any indebtedness to the company, if there had been no default, less the then present value of the nonforfeiture factors, as hereinafter defined, corresponding to premiums which would have fallen due on and after such anniversary: Provided, That the effects on the basic cash value of supplemental life insurance or annuity benefits or of family coverage, as described in subsection (2) or (4), whichever is applicable, shall be the same as are the effect specified in subsection (2) or (4), whichever is applicable, on the cash surrender values defined in that subsection.

The nonforfeiture factor for each policy year shall be an amount equal to a percentage of the adjusted premium for the policy year, as defined in subsection (4) or (4c), whichever is applicable. Except as is required by the next succeeding sentence of this paragraph, such percentage: 

(a) Must be the same percentage for each policy year between the second policy anniversary and the later of (i) the fifth policy anniversary and (ii) the first policy anniver-
sary at which there is available under the policy a cash surrender value in an amount, before including any paid-up additions and before deducting any indebtedness, of at least two tenths of one percent of either the amount of insurance, if the insurance be uniform in amount, or the average amount of insurance at the beginning of each of the first ten policy years; and

(b) Must be such that no percentage after the later of the two policy anniversaries specified in the preceding item (a) may apply to fewer than five consecutive policy years: Provided, That no basic cash value may be less than the value which would be obtained if the adjusted premiums for the policy, as defined in subsection (4) or (4c), whichever is applicable, were substituted for the nonforfeiture factors in the calculation of the basic cash value.

All adjusted premiums and present values referred to in this subsection shall for a particular policy be calculated on the same mortality and interest bases as are used in demonstrating the policy's compliance with the other sections of this law. The cash surrender values referred to in this subsection shall include any endowment benefits provided for by the policy.

Any cash surrender value available other than in the event of default in a premium payment due on a policy anniversary, and the amount of any paid-up nonforfeiture benefit available under the policy in the event of default in a premium payment shall be determined in manners consistent with the manners specified for determining the analogous minimum amounts in subsections (1), (2), (3), (4c) and (5). The amounts of any cash surrender values and of any paid-up nonforfeiture benefits granted in connection with additional benefits such as those listed as items (i) through (vi) in subsection (5) shall conform with the principles of this subsection (5a).

(6) This section shall not apply to any of the following:

(a) Reinsurance;

(b) Group insurance;
(c) Pure endowment;

(d) Annuity or reversionary annuity contract;

(e) Term policy of uniform amount, which provides no guaranteed nonforfeiture or endowment benefits, or renewal thereof, of twenty years or less expiring before age seventy-one, for which uniform premiums are payable during the entire term of the policy;

(f) Term policy of decreasing amount, which provides no guaranteed nonforfeiture or endowment benefits, on which each adjusted premium, calculated as specified in subsections (4), (4a), (4b) and (4c), is less than the adjusted premium so calculated on a policy of uniform amount, or renewal thereof, which provides no guaranteed nonforfeiture or endowment benefits, issued at the same age and for the same initial amount of insurance and for a term of twenty years or less expiring before age seventy-one, or which uniform premiums are payable during the entire term of the policy;

(g) Policy, which provides no guaranteed nonforfeiture or endowment benefits, for which no cash surrender value, if any, or present value of any paid-up nonforfeiture benefit, at the beginning of any policy year, calculated as specified in subsections (2), (3), (4), (4a), (4b) and (4c), exceeds two and one-half percent of the amount of insurance at the beginning of the same policy year; and

(h) Policy which shall be delivered outside this state through an agent or other representative of the insurer issuing the policy. For purposes of determining the applicability of this section, the age at expiry for a joint term life insurance policy shall be the age at expiry of the oldest life.
The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

James L. Davis
Chairman Senate Committee

Chairman House Committee

Originating in the House.

Takes effect ninety days from passage.

J. O. With
Clerk of the Senate

Donald L. Kopp
Clerk of the House of Delegates

Walter B. Mosby
President of the Senate

William H. Lee, Jr.
Speaker House of Delegates

The within _______ approved _______ this the ______ day of ______, 1983.

Governor

[Signature]