

WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

REGULAR SESSION, 1986

ENROLLED

SENATE BILL NO._525_

(By Senator Fanning, et al......)

PASSED March 8, 1986 ®

ENROLLED Senate Bill No. 525

(BY SENATORS FANNING, SPEARS, PARKER, WHITACRE, HARMAN, ASH, BOETTNER, BOLEY, BURDETTE, CHAFIN, CHERNENKO, COLOMBO, COOK, CRAIGO, HOLLIDAY, HOLMES, JARRELL, KARRAS, KAUFMAN, LUCHT, SHARPE, SHAW, STACY, TOMBLIN, TUCKER, WHITLOW, B. WILLIAMS, R.

WILLIAMS AND YANERO)

[Passed March 8, 1986; in effect from passage.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two and four, article one-a, chapter twelve of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact sections one and five, article five, chapter fifteen of said code; to amend and reenact section fifteen, article five, chapter eighteen of said code; to amend and reenact section seven-b, article fifteen, chapter thirty-one of said code; to amend and reenact section six, article eighteen of said chapter; and to amend and reenact sections one and three, article eighteen-b of said chapter, relating to omnibus flood recovery programs generally; linked deposit program to assist business recovery in federal declared disaster areas; legislative findings and loan eligibility; relating to emergency services and emergency powers of the governor in connection with disasters; specifying general power of governor to implement plans for emergency services, including formation of disaster recovery team and composition thereof; relating to minimum school term and authority to decrease due to declared federal disaster; relating to West Virginia economic development authority loans and assistance for disaster recovery; expanding investment powers and providing for additional authorized types of investment for the West Virginia housing development fund in aid of effectuating its corporate purposes and for disaster recovery; providing for mortgage and industrial development investment pool activities to include single-family residential unit mortgages and funds for replacement housing in federal declared disaster areas; and limitations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two and four, article one-a, chapter twelve of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that sections one and five, article five, chapter fifteen of said code be amended and reenacted; that section fifteen, article five, chapter eighteen of said code be amended and reenacted; that section seven-b, article fifteen, chapter thirty-one of said code be amended and reenacted; that section six, article eighteen of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that sections one and three, article eighteen-b of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

CHAPTER 12. PUBLIC MONEYS AND SECURITIES.

ARTICLE 1A. LINKED DEPOSIT PROGRAM.

§12-1A-2. Legislative findings.

1 The Legislature finds that many small businesses 2 throughout the state are experiencing economic stagnation 3 or decline, that high interest rates have caused small 4 businesses in this state to suffer disproportionately in 5 profitability and competition and that such high interest 6 rates have fostered a serious increase in unemployment. The 7 linked deposit program provided for by this article is 8 intended to provide a statewide availability of lower cost 9 funds for lending purposes that will materially contribute 10 to the economic revitalization of this state. Accordingly, it 11 is declared to be the public policy of the state through the 12 linked deposit program to create an availability of lower-13 cost funds to inject needed capital into the business 14 community, sustain or improve business profitability, 15 protect the jobs of citizens of this state and assist businesses

16 located in any county declared to be a federal disaster area

17 by the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

§12-1A-4. Applications for loan priority; loan package.

1 (a) An eligible lending institution that desires to receive 2 a linked deposit shall accept and review applications for 3 loans from eligible small businesses. The lending institution 4 shall apply all usual lending standards to determine the 5 creditworthiness of each eligible small business.

6 (b) An eligible small business shall certify on its loan 7 application that the reduced rate loan will be used 8 exclusively to create new jobs or preserve existing jobs and 9 employment opportunities. Whoever knowingly makes a 10 false statement concerning such application shall be 11 prohibited from entering into the linked deposit loan 12 program.

(c) In considering which eligible small businesses
should receive reduced rate loans, the eligible lending
institution shall give priority to the economic needs of the
area in which the business is located, including whether the
business is located in a county declared to be a federal
disaster area by the Federal Emergency Management
Agency, and the number of jobs to be created or preserved
by the receipt of such loan.

(d) The eligible financial institution shall forward to the
state treasurer a linked deposit loan package, in the form
and manner as prescribed by the state treasurer. The
package shall include such information as required by the
state treasurer, including the amount of the loan requested
and the number of jobs to be created or sustained by each
eligible small business. The institution shall certify that
each applicant is an eligible small business, and shall, for
each business, certify the present borrowing rate applicable
to each specific eligible business.

CHAPTER 15. PUBLIC SAFETY.

ARTICLE 5. EMERGENCY SERVICES.

§15-5-1. Policy and purpose.

1 In view of the existing and increasing possibility of the 2 occurrence of disasters of unprecedented size and

3 destructiveness, resulting from enemy attack, sabotage or 4 other hostile action, or from fire, flood, earthquakes or 5 other natural or man-made causes and in order to insure 6 that preparations of this state will be adequate to deal with 7 such disasters, and generally to provide for the common 8 defense and to protect the public peace, health and safety 9 and to preserve the lives and property of the people of the 10 state, it is hereby found and declared to be necessary: (1) To 11 create a state emergency services agency and to authorize 12 the creation of local and regional organizations for 13 emergency services in the political subdivisions of the state; 14 (2) to confer upon the governor, and upon the executive 15 heads of governing bodies of the political subdivisions of 16 the state the emergency powers provided herein; (3) to 17 provide for the rendering of mutual aid among the political 18 subdivisions of the state and with other states and to 19 cooperate with the federal government with respect to the 20 carrying out of emergency services functions; (4) and to 21 establish and implement a comprehensive emergency 22 service plan to deal with such disasters.

It is further declared to be the purpose of this article and the policy of the state that all emergency services functions of this state be coordinated to the maximum extent with the comparable functions of the federal government including its various departments and agencies, of other states and localities and of private agencies of every type, so that the most effective preparation and use may be made of the ation's manpower, resources and facilities for dealing with any disaster that may occur.

§15-5-5. General powers of the governor.

The governor shall have general direction and control of
 the office of emergency services and shall be responsible for
 the carrying out of the provisions of this article and, in the
 event of disaster beyond local control, may assume direct
 operational control over all or any part of the emergency
 services functions within this state.
 In performing his duties under this article, the governor is
 authorized to cooperate with the federal government, other
 states and private agencies in all matters pertaining to the

10 provisions of emergency services for this state and the 11 nation. 12 In performing his duties under this article to effect its13 policy and purpose, the governor is further authorized and14 empowered:

(1) To make, amend and rescind the necessary orders,
rules and regulations to carry out the provisions of this
article within the limits of the authority conferred upon him
herein, with due consideration of the plans of the federal
government.

20 (2) To prepare and implement a comprehensive plan 21 and program for the provision of emergency services in this 22 state, such plan and program to be integrated into and 23 coordinated with comparable plans of the federal 24 government and of other states to the fullest possible 25 extent, and to coordinate the preparation of such plans and 26 programs by the political subdivisions of this state, such 27 plans to be integrated into and coordinated with the state 28 plan and program to the fullest possible extent.

(3) In accordance with such state plan and program, to
procure supplies and equipment, to institute training and
public information programs, to take all other preparatory
steps including the partial or full mobilization of
emergency services organizations in advance of actual
disaster and to insure the furnishing of adequately trained
and equipped emergency services personnel in time of need.

36 (4) To make such studies and surveys of industries,
37 resources and facilities in this state as may be necessary to
38 ascertain the capabilities of the state for providing
39 emergency services and to plan for the most efficient
40 emergency use thereof.

41 (5) On behalf of the state, to enter into mutual aid42 arrangements with other states and to coordinate mutual43 aid plans between political subdivisions of this state.

(6) To delegate the administrative authority vested in
him under this article, to provide for the delegation or
transfer or both of the authority vested in the director under
the provisions of this article, to any other person as the
governor in his discretion may direct, and to provide for the
subdelegation of any such authority.

50 (7) To appoint a disaster recovery team composed of
51 departmental heads, members of the executive, political
52 subdivision representatives, technicians, members of the
53 public and other representatives, the composition of which

team shall reflect the character and extent of the disasteritself.

56 (8) To appoint, in cooperation with local authorities,57 metropolitan area directors when practicable.

(9) To cooperate with the president and the heads of the 58 59 armed forces, the civil defense agency of the United States 60 and other appropriate federal officers and agencies and 61 with the officers and agencies of other states in matters 62 pertaining to the civil defense of the state and nation, 63 including the direction and control of (a) blackouts and 64 practice blackouts, air raid drills, mobilization of 65 emergency services and civil defense forces and other tests 66 and exercises; (b) warnings and signals for drills or attacks 67 and the mechanical devices to be used in connection 68 therewith; (c) the effective screening or extinguishing of all 69 lights and lighting devices and appliances; (d) shutting off 70 water mains, gas mains, electric power connections and the 71 suspension of all other utility services; (e) the conduct of 72 civilians and the movement and cessation of movement of 73 pedestrians and vehicular traffic during, prior and 74 subsequent to drills or attack; (f) public meetings or 75 gatherings; and (g) the evacuation and reception of the 76 civilian population.

CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.

ARTICLE 5. COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.

§18-5-15. School term; exception; levies; ages of persons to whom schools are open.

- 1 The board shall provide a school term for its schools
- 2 which shall be comprised of (a) an employment term for
- 3 teachers, and (b) an instructional term for pupils.
- 4 The employment term for teachers shall be no less than 5 ten months, a month to be defined as twenty employment
- 6 days exclusive of Saturdays and Sundays: *Provided*, That
- uays exclusive of Saturdays and Sundays. Froblaed, That
- 7 the board may contract with all or part of the personnel for
- 8 a longer term. The employment term shall be fixed within
- 9 such beginning and closing dates as established by the state
- 10 board: Provided, however, That the time between the
- 11 beginning and closing dates does not exceed forty-three12 weeks.
- 13 Within the employment term there shall be an

14 instructional term for pupils of not less than one hundred
15 eighty nor more than one hundred eighty-five instructional
16 days: *Provided*, That the minimum instructional term may
17 be decreased, by order of the state superintendent of
18 schools, in any West Virginia county declared to be a federal
19 disaster area by the Federal Emergency Management
20 Agency. Instructional and noninstructional activities may
21 be scheduled during the same employment day. The
22 instructional term shall commence no earlier than the first
23 day of September and shall terminate no later than the
24 eighth day of June.

Noninstructional days in the employment term may be used for making up canceled instructional days, curriculum development, preparation for opening and closing of the instructional term, in-service and professional training of teachers, teacher-pupil-parent conferences, professional meetings and other related activities. In addition, each board may designate and schedule for teachers and service personnel a maximum of four days to be used by the employee outside the school environment. However, no more than seven noninstructional days, except holidays, may be scheduled prior to the first day of January in a school term.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of the law to the contrary, if the board has canceled instructional days equal to the difference between the total instructional days scheduled and one hundred seventy-eight, each succeeding instructional day canceled shall be rescheduled, utilizing only the remaining noninstructional days, except holidays, following such cancellation, which are available prior to the second day before the end of the employment term established by such county board.

46 Where the employment term overlaps a teacher's or 47 service personnel's participation in a summer institute or 48 institution of higher education for the purpose of 49 advancement or professional growth, the teacher or service 50 personnel may substitute, with the approval of the county 51 superintendent, such participation for not more than five of 52 the noninstructional days of the employment term.

53 The board may extend the instructional term beyond one 54 hundred eighty-five instructional days provided the 55 employment term is extended an equal number of days. If the state revenues and regular levies, as provided by law, are insufficient to enable the board of education to provide for the school term, the board may at any general or special election, if petitioned by at least five percent of the qualified voters in the district, submit the question of additional levies to the voters. If at the election sixty percent of the qualified voters cast their ballots in favor of the additional levy, the board shall fix the term and lay a levy necessary to pay the cost of the additional term. The additional levy fixed by the election shall not continue longer than five years without submission to the voters. The additional rate shall not exceed by more than one hundred percent the maximum school rate prescribed by article eight, chapter eleven of the code, as amended.

The public schools shall be open for the full instructional term to all persons who have attained the entrance age as stated in section five, article two and section eighteen, article five, chapter eighteen of this code: *Provided*, That persons over the age of twenty-one may enter only those programs or classes authorized by the state board of education and deemed appropriate by the county board of education conducting any such program or class: *Provided*, *however*, That authorization for such programs or classes shall in no way serve to affect or eliminate programs or classes offered by county boards of education at the adult level for which fees are charged to support such programs or classes.

CHAPTER 31. CORPORATIONS.

ARTICLE 15. WEST VIRGINIA ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY.

§31-15-7b. Loans for construction of electrical power generating facilities, natural gas transmission lines, coal processing plants, other energy projects; and export development, farm development, job development, forest development, disaster recovery development projects.

(a) At the request of the governor or the appropriate
 state agency or authority, the authority may lend money to
 such office, agency or authority for the acquisition,

4 construction, improvement or alteration of projects for
5 electrical power generating facilities, natural gas
6 transmission lines, coal processing plants and other energy
7 projects.

8 (b) At the request of the department of commerce or the 9 office of community and industrial development, the 10 authority may lend money to any person or entity for the 11 acquisition, construction, improvement or alteration of any 12 project relative to export development, farm development, 13 job development, forest development, disaster recovery 14 development including, but not limited to, the 15 establishment of new economic development programs for 16 any counties declared to be a federal disaster area by the 17 Federal Emergency Management Agency.

18 (c) At the request of the West Virginia automobile 19 assistance corporation, the authority may lend money to 20 any person or entity for the acquisition, construction, 21 improvement or alteration of any project relative thereto. 22 (d) At the request of the West Virginia industrial and 23 trade jobs development corporation, the authority may lend 24 money to any person or entity for acquisition, construction, 25 improvement or alteration of any project relative thereto. 26 (e) A loan shall not be made unless the authority is 27 reasonably satisfied that the project will produce revenues 28 sufficient, together with any other revenues pledged, to 29 meet the principal and interest on the loan, other costs, 30 expenses and charges in connection with the loan and other 31 charges or obligations of the project which may be prior or equal to the loan, promptly as they become due; that the 32 33 project is otherwise soundly financed; that the loan 34 application requirements of section eight of this article 35 have been satisfied; that the project will be owned and 36 operated by the state of West Virginia. A loan made 37 pursuant to this subsection shall not exceed the project costs as determined by the authority. A loan shall be 38 39 secured in the manner required by the authority, shall be 40 repaid in a period and bear interest at a rate as determined by the authority, which interest rate may be decreased or 41 increased so that it shall in no event be less than the rate 42 paid by the authority on notes, renewal notes or bonds 43 44 issued to fund the loan, and shall have such terms and 45 conditions as are required by the authority, all which shall Enr. S. B. No. 525]

46 be set forth in a loan agreement and related documents as

47 required by the authority.

ARTICLE 18. WEST VIRGINIA HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FUND.

§31-18-6. Corporate powers.

The housing development fund is hereby granted, has and 1 2 may exercise all powers necessary or appropriate to carry 3 out and effectuate its corporate purpose, including, but not 4 limited to, the following: (1) To make or participate in the making of federally 5 6 insured construction loans to sponsors of land development 7 for residential or temporary housing for occupancy by 8 eligible persons and families or to sponsors of residential or 9 temporary housing for occupancy by eligible persons and 10 families. Such loans shall be made only upon determination 11 by the housing development fund that construction loans 12 are not otherwise available, wholly or in part, from private 13 lenders upon reasonably equivalent terms and conditions; 14 (2) To make temporary loans, with or without interest, 15 but with such security for repayment as the housing 16 development fund determines reasonably necessary and 17 practicable, from the operating loan fund, if created, 18 established, organized and operated in accordance with the 19 provisions of section nineteen of this article, to defray 20 development costs to sponsors of land development for 21 residential or temporary housing for occupancy by persons 22 and families of low and moderate income or residential or 23 temporary housing construction for occupancy by persons 24 and families of low and moderate income which is eligible 25 or potentially eligible for federally insured construction 26 loans, federally insured mortgages, federal mortgages, or 27 uninsured construction loans or uninsured mortgage loans; 28 (3) To make or participate in the making of long-term 29 federally insured mortgage loans to sponsors of residential 30 or temporary housing for occupancy by eligible persons and 31 families, or to eligible persons and families, who may 32 purchase or construct such residential or temporary 33 housing. Such loans shall be made only upon determination 34 by the housing development fund that long-term mortgage 35 loans are not otherwise available, wholly or in part, from 36 private lenders upon reasonably equivalent terms and 37 conditions:

38 (4) To establish new housing and housing development
39 projects for counties declared to be in a federal disaster area
40 by the Federal Emergency Management Agency;

41 (5) To accept appropriations, gifts, grants, bequests and
42 devises, and to utilize or dispose of the same to carry out its
43 corporate purpose;

44 (6) To make and execute contracts, releases,
45 compromises, compositions and other instruments
46 necessary or convenient for the exercise of its powers, or to
47 carry out its corporate purpose;

48 (7) To collect reasonable fees and charges in connection 49 with making and servicing its loans, notes, bonds, 50 obligations, commitments and other evidences of 51 indebtedness, and in connection with providing technical, 52 consultative and project assistance services. Such fees and 53 charges shall be limited to the amounts required to pay the 54 costs of the housing development fund, including operating 55 and administrative expenses, and reasonable allowances 56 for losses which may be incurred;

57 (8) To invest any funds not required for immediate 58 disbursement in any of the following securities:

59 (i) Direct obligations of or obligations guaranteed by
60 the United States of America or for the payment of the
61 principal and interest on which the full faith and credit of
62 the United States of America is pledged;

63 (ii) Bonds, debentures, notes or other evidences of 64 indebtedness issued by any of the following agencies: Banks 65 for cooperatives; federal intermediate credit banks; federal 66 home loan bank system; Export-Import Bank of the United 67 States; federal land banks; Tennessee Valley Authority; 68 United States Postal Service; Inter-American Development 69 Bank; International Bank for Reconstruction and 70 Development; Small Business Administration; Washington 71 Metropolitan Area Transit Authority; General Services 72 Administration; Federal Financing Bank; Federal Home 73 Loan Mortgage Corporation; Student Loan Marketing 74 Association; Farmer's Home Administration; the Federal 75 National Mortgage Association or the Government 76 National Mortgage Association; or any bond, debenture, 77 note, participation certificate or other similar obligation to 78 the extent such obligations are guaranteed by the 79 Government National Mortgage Association or Federal 80 National Mortgage Association or are issued by any other

81 federal agency and backed by the full faith and credit of the

82 United States of America;

83 (iii) Public housing bonds issued by public agencies or 84 municipalities and fully secured as to the payment of both 85 principal and interest by a pledge of annual contributions 86 under an annual contributions contract or contracts with 87 the United States of America; or temporary notes, 88 preliminary loan notes, or project notes issued by public 89 agencies or municipalities, in each case, fully secured as to 90 the payment of both principal and interest by a requisition **91** or payment agreement with the United States of America; 92 (iv) Certificates of deposit, time deposits, investment 93 agreements, repurchase agreements or similar banking **94** arrangements with a member bank or banks of the federal 95 reserve system or a bank the deposits of which are insured 96 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or its 97 successor, or a savings and loan association or savings bank 98 the deposits of which are insured by the Federal Savings 99 and Loan Insurance Corporation, or its successor, or 100 government bond dealers reporting to, trading with and 101 recognized as primary dealers by a Federal Reserve Bank: 102 *Provided*, That such investments shall only be made to the 103 extent insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance 104 Corporation or the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance 105 Corporation or to the extent that the principal amount 106 thereof shall be fully collateralized by obligations which 107 are authorized investments for the housing development 108 fund pursuant to this section;

109 (v) Direct obligations of or obligations guaranteed by110 the state of West Virginia;

(vi) Direct and general obligations of any other state,
municipality or other political subdivision within the
territorial United States: *Provided*, That at the time of their
purchase, such obligations are rated in either of the two
highest rating categories by a nationally recognized bondrating agency; and
(vii) Any bond, note, debenture or annuity issued by any

118 corporation organized and operating within the United
119 States: *Provided*, That such corporation shall have a
120 minimum net worth of fifteen million dollars and its
121 securities or its parent corporation's securities are listed on

122 one or more of the national stock exchanges: *Provided*, 123 *however*, That (1) such corporation has earned a profit in 124 eight of the preceding ten fiscal years as reflected in its 125 statements, and (2) such corporation has not defaulted in 126 the payment of principal or interest on any of its 127 outstanding funded indebtedness during its preceding ten 128 fiscal years, and (3) the bonds, notes or debentures of such 129 corporation to be purchased are rated "AA" or the 130 equivalent thereof or better than "AA" or the equivalent 131 thereof by at least two or more nationally recognized rating 132 services such as Standard and Poor's, Dun & Bradstreet, 133 Best's or Moody's;

(viii) If entered into solely for the purpose of reducing
invesment, interest rate, liquidity or other market risks in
relation to obligations issued or to be issued or owned or to
be owned by the housing development fund, options,
futures contracts (including index futures but exclusive of
commodities futures, options or other contracts), standby
purchase agreements or similar hedging arrangements
listed by a nationally recognized securities exchange or a
corporation described in (vii) above;

(ix) Certificates, shares or other interests in mutual
funds, unit trusts or other entities registered under section
eight of the United States investment company act of 1940,
but only to the extent that the terms on which the
underlying investments are to be made prevent any more
than a minor portion of the pool which is being invested in
to consist of obligations other than investments permitted
pursuant to this section; and

151 (x) To the extent not inconsistent with the express 152 provisions of this section, obligations of the West Virginia 153 state board of investments or any other obligation 154 authorized as an investment for the West Virginia state 155 board of investments under article six of chapter twelve of 156 this code or for a public housing authority under article 157 fifteen of chapter sixteen of this code;

158 (9) To sue and be sued;

159 (10) To have a seal and alter the same at will;

160 (11) To make, and from time to time, amend and repeal
161 bylaws and rules and regulations not inconsistent with the
162 provisions of this article;

163 (12) To appoint such officers, employees and

Enr. S. B. No. 525]

164 consultants as it deems advisable and to fix their165 compensation and prescribe their duties;

166 (13) To acquire, hold and dispose of real and personal167 property for its corporate purposes;

168 (14) To enter into agreements or other transactions with

169 any federal or state agency, any person and any domestic or

170 foreign partnership, corporation, association or 171 organization;

172 (15) To acquire real property, or an interest therein, in
173 its own name, by purchase or foreclosure, where such
174 acquisition is necessary or appropriate to protect any loan
175 in which the housing development fund has an interest and
176 to sell, transfer and convey any such property to a buyer
177 and, in the event of such sale, transfer or conveyance cannot
178 be effected with reasonable promptness or at a reasonable
179 price, to lease such property to a tenant;

180 (16) To sell, at public or private sale, any mortgage or
181 other negotiable instrument or obligation securing a
182 construction, rehabilitation, improvement, land
183 development, mortgage or temporary loan;

184 (17) To procure insurance against any loss in connection
185 with its property in such amounts, and from such insurers,
186 as may be necessary or desirable;

187 (18) To consent, whenever it deems it necessary or
188 desirable in the fulfillment of its corporate purpose, to the
189 modification of the rate of interest, time of payment or any
190 installment of principal or interest, or any other terms, or
191 mortgage loan, mortgage loan commitment, construction
192 loan, rehabilitation loan, improvement loan, temporary
193 loan, contract or agreement of any kind to which the
194 housing development fund is a party;

(19) To make and publish rules and regulations
respecting its federally insured mortgage lending,
uninsured mortgage lending, construction lending,
rehabilitation lending, improvement lending and lending to
defray development costs and any such other rules and
regulations as are necessary to effectuate its corporate
purpose;

(20) To borrow money to carry out and effectuate its
corporate purpose and to issue its bonds or notes as
evidence of any such borrowing in such principal amounts
and upon such terms as shall be necessary to provide
sufficient funds for achieving its corporate purpose, except

207 that no notes shall be issued to mature more than ten years
208 from date of issuance and no bonds shall be issued to mature
209 more than fifty years from date of issuance;

(21) (21) To issue renewal notes, to issue bonds to pay notes and, whenever it deems refunding expedient, to refund any bonds by the issuance of new bonds, whether the bonds to be refunded have or have not matured except that no such renewal notes shall be issued to mature more than ten years from date of issuance of the notes renewed and no such refunding bonds shall be issued to mature more than fifty years from the date of issuance;

(22) To apply the proceeds from the sale of renewal
notes or refunding bonds to the purchase, redemption or
payment of the notes or bonds to be refunded;

(23) To provide technical services to assist in the
planning, processing, design, construction, or
rehabilitation or improvement of residential and temporary
housing for occupancy by eligible persons and families or
land development for residential and temporary housing
for occupancy by eligible persons and families;

227 (24) To provide consultative project assistance services 228 for residential and temporary housing for occupancy by 229 eligible persons and families and for land development for 230 residential and temporary housing for occupancy by 231 eligible persons and families and for the residents thereof 232 with respect to management, training and social services; 233 (25) To promote research and development in scientific 234 methods of constructing low cost residential and 235 temporary, housing of high durability;

236 (26) With the proceeds from the issuance of notes or 237 bonds of the housing development fund, including, but not 238 limited to, mortgage finance bonds, or with other funds 239 available to the housing development fund for such 240 purpose, to participate in the making of or to make loans to 241 mortgagees approved by the housing development fund and 242 take such collateral security therefor as is approved by the 243 housing development fund and to invest in, purchase, 244 acquire, sell or participate in the sale of, or take 245 assignments of, notes and mortgages, evidencing loans for 246 the construction, rehabilitation, improvement, purchase or 247 refinancing of residential and temporary housing in this 248 state: Provided, That the housing development fund shall

16

249 obtain such written assurances as shall be satisfactory to it 250 that the proceeds of such loans, investments or purchases 251 will be used, as nearly as practicable, for the making of or 252 investment in long-term federally insured mortgage loans 253 or federally insured construction loans, uninsured 254 mortgage loans or uninsured construction loans, for 255 residential and temporary housing for occupancy by 256 eligible persons and families in this state or that other 257 moneys in an amount approximately equal to such proceeds 258 shall be committed and used for such purpose;

259 (27) To make or participate in the making of uninsured 260 construction loans to sponsors of land development for 261 residential or temporary housing for occupancy by eligible 262 persons and families or to sponsors of residential or 263 temporary housing for occupancy by eligible persons and 264 families, or to eligible persons and families who may 265 construct such housing. Such loans shall be made only upon 266 determination by the housing development fund that 267 construction loans are not otherwise available, wholly or in 268 part, from private lenders upon reasonably equivalent 269 terms and conditions;

270 (28) To make or participate in the making of long-term 271 uninsured mortgage loans to sponsors of residential or 272 temporary housing for occupancy by eligible persons and 273 families, or to eligible persons and families who may 274 purchase or construct such residential housing. Such loans 275 shall be made only upon determination by the housing 276 development fund that long-term mortgage loans are not 277 otherwise available, wholly or in part, from private lenders 278 upon reasonably equivalent terms and conditions;

279 (29) To obtain options to acquire real property, or any 280 interest therein, in its own name, by purchase, or lease, or 281 otherwise, which is found by the housing development fund 282 to be suitable, or potentially suitable, as a site, or as part of a 283 site, for the construction of residential or temporary 284 housing; to hold such real property; to make loans to 285 finance the performance of land development activities on 286 or in connection with any such real property or to perform 287 land development activities on or in connection with any 288 such real property; to sponsor the development of 289 residential and temporary housing for occupancy by 290 eligible persons and families on such real property; and to ×

291 sell, transfer and convey, lease or otherwise dispose of such 292 real property, or lots, tracts or parcels of such real property, 293 or residential or temporary housing, for such prices, upon 294 such terms, conditions and limitations, and at such time or 295 times as the housing development fund shall determine, to 296 sponsors of residential or temporary housing: *Provided*, 297 That if the housing development fund shall determine that 298 any such real property or any lots, tracts or parcels of such 299 real property are not at any time or times needed for present 300 or future residential or temporary housing, the housing 301 development fund may sell, transfer and convey, lease or 302 otherwise dispose of the same, to such purchasers or lessees, 303 for such prices, upon such terms, conditions and 304 limitations, and for such uses and purposes as the housing 305 development fund shall determine;

306 (30) To make loans, with or without interest, but with 307 such security for repayment as the housing development 308 fund determines reasonably necessary and practicable from 309 the land development fund, if created, established, 310 organized and operated in accordance with the provisions 311 of section twenty-a of this article, to sponsors of land 312 development, to defray development costs and other costs 313 of land development;

(31) To exercise all of the rights, powers and authorities
of a public housing authority as set forth and provided in
article fifteen, chapter sixteen of this code, in any area or
areas of the state which the housing development fund shall
determine by resolution to be necessary or appropriate;

319 (32) To make or participate in the making of loans to 320 eligible persons and families for the purpose of 321 rehabilitating or improving existing residential and 322 temporary housing, or to owners of existing residential or 323 temporary housing for occupancy by eligible persons and 324 families for the purpose of rehabilitating or improving such 325 residential or temporary housing and, in connection 326 therewith, to refinance existing loans involving the same 327 property. Such loans shall be made only upon 328 determination by the housing development fund that 329 rehabilitation or improvement loans are not otherwise 330 available, wholly or in part, from private lenders upon 331 reasonably equivalent terms and conditions; and

(33) Whenever the housing development fund deems itand a necessary in order to exercise any of its powers set forth in

Enr. S. B. No. 525]

18

334 subdivision (28) of this section, and upon being unable to 335 agree with the owner or owners of real property or interest 336 therein sought to be acquired by the fund upon a price for 337 acquisition of private property not being used or operated 338 by the owner in the production of agricultural products, to 339 exercise the powers of eminent domain in the acquisition of 340 such real property or interest therein in the manner 341 provided under chapter fifty-four of this code, and the 342 purposes set forth in subdivision (28) of this section are 343 hereby declared to be public purposes for which private 344 property may be taken. For the purposes of this section, the 345 determination of "use or operation by the owner in the 346 production of agricultural products" means that the 347 principal use of such real estate is for the production of food 348 and fiber by agricultural production other than forestry, 349 and the fund shall not initiate or exercise any powers of 350 eminent domain without first receiving an opinion in 351 writing from both the governor and the commissioner of 352 agriculture of this state that at the time the fund had first 353 attempted to acquire such real estate or interest therein, 354 such real estate or interest therein was not in fact being used 355 or operated by the owner in the production of agricultural 356 products.

ARTICLE 18B. MORTGAGE AND INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT INVESTMENT POOL.

§31-18B-1. Legislative intent.

1 The Legislature finds and declares that:

2 (1) The vast majority of West Virginians have pursued a

3 goal of owning a home, a center of family life and family4 independence deeply cherished and highly valued.

5 (2) In many parts of the state there is a large number of
6 single-family residential units that cannot presently be
7 marketed because of high interest rates and adverse
8 economic conditions, or because of having been declared to
9 be a federal disaster area by the Federal Emergency
10 Management Agency.
11 (3) In addition, the state and its inhabitants are

suffering high unemployment and low income because of
the depressed state of the housing market and because of its
inability to attract new business. This situation adversely
affects potential home buyers, home builders, skilled

16 craftsmen, realtors and their employees and other citizens.
17 These conditions also reduce state revenues and frustrate
18 the laudable aspirations of many West Virginians to enjoy
19 the pleasures of home ownership and pursue productive
20 employment, or because of having been declared to be a
21 federal disaster area by the Federal Emergency
22 Management Agency.

(4) By the cooperative efforts of our citizens there is a
large pool of resources held in trust by the state for the sole
benefit of West Virginians, including funds reserved for
workers injured in the course of employment.

(5) Some of these funds, particularly the workers'
compensation fund, are invested under the actuarial
assumption of a yield less than that of current market
investments. Yet the current yield on some of these funds,
and particularly the workers' compensation fund, is lower
than the actuarially assumed interest rate, and has been for
at least three years.

34 (6) The common good does not require that all of these
35 funds be invested so as to yield the very highest investment
36 return offered in the market, especially when the current
37 rate of market interest is:

38 (a) So high that if stifles the legitimate aspirations and
39 attainable dreams of so many West Virginians and West
40 Virginia businesses; and

41 (b) So high that it encourages the flight of capital
42 accumulated by West Virginians for the benefit of West
43 Virginians to national markets where the only
44 consideration is the highest rate of return.

45 (7) In these circumstances, prudence does not require
46 that the state board of investments seek the highest rate of
47 return on all investments. Rather, prudence requires that in
48 investing federally tax-free funds the state board of
49 investments should seek a rate of return commensurate
50 with its public charter. Furthermore, prudence demands
51 that the board immediately seek fiscally sound investments
52 within the state of West Virginia which offer sound security
53 and directly serve the hopes and aspirations in housing and
54 employment of the inhabitants of this state.
55 (8) The survival and renewal of a vibrant market for

55 (8) The survival and renewal of a vibrant market for 56 single-family residential units and the opportunity to 57 attract new businesses to the state is a sound and preferred 58 investment for the resources held in trust by this state for its 59 citizens. Such investments deserve precedence and
60 encouragement, even at the expense of foregoing the
61 highest rate of investment return, an investment return
62 which the tax paying investor might gain in the current
63 market place but which prudence dictates that the state
64 board of investments need not pursue.

65 (9) The success of the undertakings required by this 66 article will be amply demonstrated by: (a) The increased 67 financial stability of the state, (b) the contribution which 68 will occur when the dreams of hundreds of West Virginians 69 are realized, (c) the intrinsic worth of enhancing the 70 cooperative spirit of the inhabitants of this state in 71 employment and housing, and (d) the enhancement of 72 revenue to the state which will be generated by the 73 commerce West Virginia seeks to stimulate. In addition, the 74 rate of return realized by these funds will be at least as high 75 as the actuarial assumptions, and, given the rates of return 76 demonstrated over the past three years, probably higher 77 than the current rate of return.

§31-18B-3. Housing development fund to make available state mortgage and industrial development investment pool funds for mortgages on singlefamily residential units; limitations upon type and size of such mortgages.

1 (a) The housing development fund shall make available 2 at the interest rate specified in section six of this article, one 3 half of the moneys from the state mortgage and industrial 4 development investment pool for investment in mortgages 5 on single-family residential units, twenty-five percent of 6 which shall be designated and restricted, for a period of 7 twelve months, to new and never occupied single-family 8 residential units which shall, if not so used, revert to 9 investments in other nonrestricted mortgages. For the 10 purposes of this article, a single-family residential unit 11 means a detached unit on a separate piece of land used 12 solely for the housing of one family, and only one family, 13 which family owns the dwelling and the land or has a 14 mortgage thereupon, and also includes townhouses or row 15 houses used by a family as a residential dwelling, and 16 owned by the family.

17 (b) Loans made by the housing development fund from

18 the state mortgage and industrial development investment 19 pool are to be made solely for the purpose of purchasing real 20 estate upon which is situate a single-family unit, or for the 21 construction of a single-family residential unit upon real 22 estate by the buyer of such unit to provide housing for only 23 himself and his family, or for the purpose of the payment of 24 a loan theretofore made for the construction of a single-25 family residential unit, or for the purpose of purchasing real 26 estate upon which is situate a single-family residential unit 27 and making additions or improvements thereto: Provided, 28 That none of these loans shall be used to refinance existing 29 loans, except construction loans or loans made to such units 30 situated in a federal disaster area as so declared by the 31 Federal Emergency Management Agency. Each such loan 32 must be secured by a first mortgage or first deed of trust 33 upon such real property. Such mortgage or deed of trust 34 shall be held by the housing development fund or its 35 assignee.

36 (c) Loans made pursuant to the provisions of this 37 section may not exceed eighty-five percent of the appraised value of the real estate and single-family residential unit: 38 39 *Provided*, That if the loan is for the purchase of a single-40 family residential unit for the purpose of making additions and improvements thereto, such loan shall be no more than 41 eighty-five percent of the appraised value of the property 42 43 including such improvements when made, as estimated by an appraiser retained by the fund. 44

45 (d) In no event may a loan obtained pursuant to this46 section be for an amount greater than seventy-five47 thousand dollars.

48 (e) Mortgage loans made pursuant to the provisions of
49 this section shall be insured for at least twenty percent of
50 the amount of the loan by either an agency of the federal
51 government or a private mortgage insurance company
52 licensed in the state.

Enr. S. B. No. 525]

22

The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

Chairman Senate Committee

House Committee Chai

Originated in the Senate.

In effect from passage.

Clerk of the Senate

Clerk of the House of Delegates

an lonks President of the Senate

Speaker House of Delegates

....this the 24 IR The within .

Auha Shas day of Gover

"SENIED TO THE GOVERNOR Date 3/20/86 14:01 p.m lime .

CONE MARTINE STATES	NECENTE 1996 MAY 23 (FIL 6) 53
THIS DATE 3/26/86	FILET IN THE OFFICE OF Sedretary of State Of West Virgiaia

.