RECEIVED 1992 MAR 27 PM 4: 31 OFFICE OF WEST VIRGINIA SECRETARY OF STATE

WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

SECOND REGULAR SESSION, 1992

ENROLLED

HOUSE BILL No. H633

(By Delegates 7 iss and Burk)

Passed March 6 1992 In Effect Minety Days From Passage ® GCU C 641

ENROLLED H. B. 4633

(By Delegates Kiss and Burk)

[Passed March 6, 1992; in effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to repeal sections thirty-one, thirty-three, thirty-four. thirty-five, thirty-six, thirty-seven-a and fifty-four, article twenty-one, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended: to amend and reenact section eighteen-a, article ten of said chapter eleven; to further amend said article ten by adding thereto a new section, designated section nineteen-a; to amend and reenact sections eighteen, thirty-two, thirty-seven, thirty-eight, thirtynine, fifty-one-a and seventy-one-a, article twenty-one of said chapter eleven; to further amend said article twenty-one by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections thirty and forty-five; and to amend and reenact section thirteen-b, article twenty-four of said chapter eleven, all relating generally to administration and collection of West Virginia personal and corporation net income taxes from nonresident taxpayers and others; changing method by which personal income tax of nonresidents and part-year residents is determined and, as to such change in method: Specifying effective date. preserving prior law for prior taxable years, and making conforming changes in other provisions of personal income tax law necessary for implementation, administration and enforcement of this change in tax computation methodology; defining West Virginia source income in the case of nonresidents and part-year residents; making conforming changes in other statu-

tory provisions pertaining to how West Virginia source income of nonresidents and part-year residents is determined; providing for partnerships, S corporations, estates and trusts to withhold income tax on distributions, both actual and deemed, of West Virginia source income to nonresidents and, as to such, changing rate of withholding to single uniform rate; providing for payment of withholding tax by pass-through entities and for administration and collection by tax commissioner. including exceptions, limitations, special rules, definitions, and effective date; requiring nonpartnership ventures to file information returns pertaining to West Virginia source income; allowing nonresident individuals who are partners, S corporation shareholders, or beneficiaries of an estate or trust having West Virginia source income to file composite nonresident personal income tax returns and, as to such, changing the composite return rate of tax, defining terms and specifying effective date; changing the rules for imposing, collecting and administering additions to tax for underpayment of estimated tax, with such new rules to apply to all taxpayers and to certain other taxes collected by tax commissioner for taxable years beginning after specified date; imposing money penalties for failure to file certain information returns including but not limited to those filed by pass-through entities, and for failure to file complete and accurate information returns, and, as to such, providing rules for application, waiver, exception and effective date, and for administration and collection of such penalties; eliminating specific money penalty for failure to file S corporation income tax returns, with such penalty being replaced and superseded by generic penalty applicable to such failures: eliminating requirement that S corporation information returns provide certain information. leaving content of information return to information required by tax commissioner; specifying effective for all provision dates; and preserving prior law for prior taxable years.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections thirty-one, thirty-three, thirty-four, thirty-five,

thirty-six, thirty-seven-a and fifty-four, article twenty-one, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that section eighteen-a, article ten of said chapter eleven be amended and reenacted; that said article ten be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section nineteen-a; that sections eighteen, thirty-two, thirty-seven, thirty-eight, thirtynine, fifty-one-a and seventy-one-a, article twenty-one of said chapter eleven be amended and reenacted; that said article twenty-one be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections thirty and forty-five; and that section thirteen-b, article twenty-four of said chapter eleven be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 10. TAX PROCEDURE AND ADMINISTRATION.

§11-10-18a. Additions to tax for failure to pay estimated tax.

1 (a) Additions to tax. - Except as otherwise provided 2 in this section, in the case of any underpayment of 3 estimated tax, there shall be added to the tax due for 4 the taxable year, under any article or section adminis-5 tered by this article, an amount determined by applying 6 the rate established under section seventeen or seven-7 teen-a of this article, as appropriate for the taxable year, 8 to the amount of the underpayment of estimated tax, for the period of the underpayment. 9

10 (b) Amount of underpayment. — For purposes of 11 subsection (a), the amount of the underpayment shall be 12 the excess of the amount determined under subdivision 13 (1) over the amount determined under subdivision (2).

14 (1) The amount of the installment required to be paid on or before the due date for the installment, if the 1516 estimated tax due for the taxable year were an amount equal to ninety percent of the tax shown on the annual 17 18 return for the taxable year divided by the number of 19 installments taxpayer was required to make for the 20 taxable year, or, if no return was filed, ninety percent 21 of the tax for such year divided by the number of 22installment payments taxpayer was required to make 23 for the taxable year.

(2) The amount, if any, of the installments paid on or
before the last date prescribed for payment of that
installment.

(c) Period of underpayment. — The period of underpayment of an installment shall run from the date the
installment was required to be paid (due date) to
whichever of the following dates is the earlier:

(1) The due date of the annual return following the
close of the taxable year for which the installment was
due (determined without regard to any extension of time
for filing such annual return; or

(2) With respect to any portion of the underpayment,
the date on which such portion is paid. For purposes of
this subdivision (2), a payment of estimated tax shall be
credited against unpaid required installments in the
order in which such installments are required to be
paid.

(d) Exception. - Notwithstanding the provisions of 41 42 the preceding subsections, the additions to tax with 43 respect to any underpayment of any installment shall 44 not be imposed if the total amount of all payments of estimated tax made on or before the last date prescribed 4546 for the payment of such installment equals or exceeds 47 the amount which would have been required to be paid on or before such date if the estimated tax were 48 49 whichever of the following is lesser:

50 (1) *Prior year's tax.* — One hundred percent of the tax 51 shown on the return of the taxpayer for the preceding 52 taxable year, if a return showing a liability for tax was 53 filed by the taxpayer for the preceding taxable year and 54 such preceding year was a taxable year of twelve 55 months;

56 (2) Annualized tax. — In the case of any required 57 installment, if the taxpayer establishes that the annu-58 alized income installment is less than the amount 59 determined under subdivision (1) of this subsection and 60 under subsection (b) of this section, then the amount of 61 such required installment shall be the annualized 62 income installment. For purposes of this subdivision (2), 63 there shall be four required installments for each 64 taxable year and the "annualized income installment" is 65 the difference (if any) determined by subtracting the 66 amount determined under paragraph (B) from the 67 amount determined under paragraph (A). When making 68 these computations, the rules in paragraph (C) shall be 69 followed:

(A) An amount equal to the applicable percentage of
the tax for the taxable year computed by placing on an
annualized basis the taxable income:

(i) For the first three months of the taxable year, inthe case of the first installment;

(ii) For the first three months of or the first five
months of the taxable year, in the case of the second
installment;

(iii) For the first six months or the first eight months
of the taxable year, in the case of the third installment;
and

81 (iv) For the first nine months or for the first eleven
82 months of the taxable year, in the case of the fourth
83 installment.

84 (B) The aggregate amount of any prior required 85 installments for the taxable year.

86 (C) Special rules. — For purposes of this subdivision
87 (2):

(i) Annualization. — Taxpayer's taxable income shall
be placed on an annualized basis in the same manner
that taxable income is annualized for federal income tax
purposes for the taxable year.

92 (ii) Applicable percentage. — The applicable percen93 tage shall be determined from the following table:

94	In the case of the following	The applicable
95	required installments:	percentage is:
96	1st	
97	2nd	45
98	3rd	
99	4th	90

Enr. H. B. 4633]

100

(e) Additional exceptions.

101 (1) Where tax amount is small. — No addition to tax 102 shall be imposed under subsection (a) for any taxable 103 year if the tax shown on the return for such taxable year 104 (or, if no return is filed, the tax), reduced by the credit 105 allowable for withheld tax, is less than two hundred fifty 106 dollars.

107 (2) Where individual has no personal income tax
108 liability for preceding taxable year. — No addition to tax
109 shall be imposed under subsection (a) for any taxable
110 year if:

(A) The individual's preceding taxable year was ataxable year of twelve months,

(B) The individual did not have any West Virginia
personal income tax liability for the preceding taxable
year,

116 (C) The individual was a citizen or resident of the
117 United States throughout the preceding taxable year,
118 and

(D) The individual's West Virginia personal income
tax liability for the current taxable year is less than five
thousand dollars.

122 (3) Waiver in certain cases. — No addition to tax shall 123 be imposed under subsection (a) with respect to any 124 underpayment if and to the extent the tax commissioner 125 determines that by reason of casualty, disaster, or other 126 unusual circumstances the imposition of such addition 127 to tax would be against equity and good conscience.

128 (f) Tax computed after application of credits against 129 tax. - For purposes of this section, the term "tax" 130 means the amount of any annual tax or fee administered 131 under this article that is generally payable in two or 132more installment payments during the taxable year, 133minus the amount of credits allowable against such tax 134 or fee, other than taxes withheld from the taxpayer 135under section seventy-one or seventy-one-a, article 136 twenty-one of this chapter (relating to taxes withheld on 137 wages, or from distributions of pass-through income to

138 nonresident partners, S corporation shareholders or139 beneficiaries of an estate or trust).

(g) Application of section in case of personal income
tax withheld on wages.

142 (1) In general. — For purposes of applying this 143 section, the amount of the credit allowed under section 144 seventy-one, article twenty-one of this chapter, for the 145taxable year shall be deemed a payment of estimated 146 tax, and an equal part of such amount shall be deemed 147 to have been paid on each installment payment due date 148 for such taxable year, unless the taxpayer establishes 149 the specific dates on which all amounts were actually 150withheld, in which case the amounts so withheld shall 151be deemed payments of estimated tax on the dates on 152which such amounts were actually withheld.

153 (2) Separate application. — The taxpayer may apply
154 subdivision (1) separately with respect to:

155 (A) Wage withholding, and

156 (B) All other amounts withheld for which credit is 157 allowed under section seventy-one of article twenty-one.

158 (h) Application of section in case of income tax 159withheld by pass-through entities from distributions to nonresidents. - For purposes of applying this section. 160 161 the amount of credit allowed under section seventy-one-162a, article twenty-one of this chapter to a nonresident 163 distributee of a pass-through entity, shall be deemed to 164 be a payment of estimated income tax for the taxable 165year of the nonresident distributee, and an equal part 166of such amount shall be deemed (only for purposes of 167 this section) to have been paid on each installment due 168 date for the taxable year of the distributee, unless the 169 distributee establishes the dates on which all amounts 170were actually withheld, in which case the amounts so 171 withheld shall be deemed payments of estimated tax on 172the dates on which such amounts were actually 173 withheld.

(i) Special rule where personal income tax return filed
on or before January 31st. — If on or before the last day
of the first month following the end of the taxable year,

7

the taxpayer files his or her annual personal income tax
return for that taxable year and pays in full the amount
computed on the return as payable, then no addition to
tax shall be imposed under subsection (a) with respect
to any underpayment of the fourth required installment
for that taxable year.

(j) Special rules for farmers. — For purposes of this
section, if an individual is a farmer for any taxable year:

(1) There is only one required installment for thattaxable year,

(2) The due date for such installment is the fifteenthday of January of the following taxable year,

189 (3) The amount of such installment shall be equal to
190 the required annual payment determined under subsec191 tion (b) of this section by substituting "sixty-six and two192 thirds percent" for "ninety percent", and

193 (4) Subsection (h) shall be applied:

(A) By substituting "the first day of March" for thephrase "the thirty-first day of January", and

(B) By treating the required installment described in
this subdivision (1) of this subsection as the fourth
required installment.

199 (k) Fiscal years and short years.

(1) Fiscal years. — In applying this section to a
taxable year beginning on any date other than the first
day of January, there shall be substituted, for the
months specified in this section, the months of the fiscal
year that correspond thereto.

205 (2) Short taxable year. — The application of this
206 section to taxable years of less than twelve months shall
207 be in accordance with regulations prescribed by the tax
208 commissioner.

209 (1) *Reserved*.

210 (m) *Estates and trusts.*

(1) In general. — Except as otherwise provided in this
subsection, this section shall apply to any estate or trust.

(2) Exception for certain estates and certain trusts. —
With respect to any taxable year ending before the date
two years after the date of the decedent's death, this
section shall not apply to:

217 (A) The estate of such decedent, or

(B) Any trust all of which was treated for federal
income tax purposes as owned by the decedent, and to
which the residue of the decedent's estate will pass
under his or her will (or, if no will is admitted to
probate, which is the trust primarily responsible for
paying debts, taxes, and expenses of administration).

(3) Special rule for annualizations. — In the case of
any estate or trust to which this section applies,
subsection (d)(2)(A) shall be applied by substituting
"ending before the date one month before the due date
of the installment" for the phrase "ending before the due
date for the installment".

230(n) Regulations.— The tax commissioner may pres-231 cribe such regulations as the commissioner deems 232 necessary to carry out the purpose of this section. This 233 includes, but is not limited to, equitable regulations 234 allowing payment of adjusted seasonal installments in 235 lieu of annualized income installments when the 236 commissioner determines, based on known facts and 237 circumstances, that payment of the annualized income 238installment will result in significant hardship to the 239 taxpayer due to the seasonal nature of taxpayer's 240business, and equitable regulations for payment of 241 estimated personal income tax by an individual who is: 242 (1) An employee, (2) employed in another state for some 243portion or all of the taxable year, and (3) required to 244 pay personal income taxes to such other state on (or 245measured by) wages earned in that state, for which 246 credit is allowed under section twenty, article twenty-247 one of this chapter.

(o) *Effective date.* — This section as amended in the
year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, shall apply
to taxable years beginning after the thirtieth day of
June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, and this
section as in effect on the first day of January, one

Enr. H. B. 4633] 10

thousand nine hundred ninety-two, is preserved and
shall apply to taxable years beginning before the first
day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two.

§11-10-19a. Failure to file correct information returns.

1 (a) Imposition of penalty. — In addition to any 2 criminal penalty imposed by article nine of this chapter 3 for willful failure to file required return or supply 4 information or for knowingly filing false or fraudulent 5 return, in the case of a failure described in subsection 6 (b) by any person with respect to an information return, 7 such person shall pay a penalty of fifty dollars for each 8 information return with respect to which such failure 9 occurs, but the total amount imposed by this section on such person for all such failures during any calendar 10 11 year shall not exceed one hundred thousand dollars.

12 (b) Failures subject to penalty. — For purposes of 13 subsection (a), the failures described in this subsection 14 are:

(1) Any failure to file an information return with the
tax commissioner on or before the required filing date,
and

18 (2) Any failure to include all of the information19 required to be shown on the return or the inclusion of20 incorrect information.

(c) Reduction of penalty where correction in specified
 period.

23 (1) Correction within thirty days. — If any failure 24 described in subsection (b) is corrected on or before the 25day, thirty days after the required filing date, the 26penalty imposed by subsection (a) shall be fifteen dollars 27in lieu of fifty dollars, and the total amount imposed on 28the person for all such failures during any calendar year 29 which are so corrected shall not exceed twenty-five 30 thousand dollars.

(2) Failures corrected by August 1st. — If any failure
described in subsection (b) is corrected after the
thirtieth day referred to in subdivision (1) but on or
before the first day of August of the calendar year in

which the required filing date occurs, the penalty
imposed by subsection (a) shall be calculated using
thirty dollars in lieu of fifty dollars and the total amount
imposed on the person for all such failures during the
calendar year which are so corrected shall not exceed
fifty thousand dollars.

41 (d) Exception for de minimis failures to include all
42 required information.

43 (1) In general. — If an information return is filed with the tax commissioner, but there is a failure to include 44 45 all of the information required to be shown on the return 46 or there is inclusion of incorrect information, and such 47 failure or error is corrected on or before the first day of August of the calendar year in which the required 48 49 filing date occurs, then for purposes of this section, such return shall be treated as having been filed with all of 5051the correct required information.

52 (2) Limitation. — The number of information returns 53 to which subdivision (1) applies for any calendar year 54 shall not exceed the greater of: (A) ten, or (B) one-half 55 of one percent of the total number of information 56 returns required to be filed with the tax commissioner 57 by the person during the calendar year.

58 (e) Penalty in case of intentional disregard. - If one 59 or more failures described in subsection (b) are due to 60 intentional disregard of the filing requirement or the 61 correct information reporting requirement then, with 62 respect to such failure, subsections (c) and (d) shall not 63 apply and the penalty imposed under subsection (a) shall 64 be one hundred dollars, or, if greater, ten percent of the 65 aggregate amount of the items required to be reported 66 correctly. When the amount of penalty is determined 67 under this subsection, the one hundred thousand dollar 68 limitation under subsection (a) shall not apply, and such 69 penalty shall not be taken into account in applying such 70 limitation (or any similar limitation under subsection 71(c)) to penalties not determined under this subsection (e).

(f) Reasonable cause waiver. — No penalty shall be
imposed under this section with respect to any failure
if it is shown that such failure is due to reasonable cause

Enr. H. B. 4633]

75 and not due to willful neglect.

(g) Payment of penalty. — Any penalty imposed by
this section shall be paid on notice and demand by the
tax commissioner and in the same manner as tax.

79 (h) *Definitions*. — For purposes of this section:

80 (1) Information return. — The term "information 81 return" means any return required by:

(A) Subsection (a)(2) or (4), section fifty-one, article
twenty-one of this chapter (relating to estates and
trusts),

(B) Subsection (b), section fifty-eight, article twenty-one of this chapter (relating to partnerships),

(C) Subsection (c), section fifty-eight, article twentyone of this chapter relating to certain information at
source, and

90 (D) Section thirteen-b, article twenty-four of this 91 chapter relating to S corporations.

92 (2) Required filing date. — The term "required filing
93 date" means the date prescribed for filing an informa94 tion return with the tax commissioner determined with
95 regard to any extension of time for filing.

96 (i) *Effective date.* — The provisions of this section shall
97 apply to information returns required to be filed for
98 taxable years beginning after the thirty-first day of
99 December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one.

ARTICLE 21. PERSONAL INCOME TAX.

§11-21-18. West Virginia taxable income of resident estate or trust.

1 The West Virginia taxable income of a resident estate 2 or trust means its federal taxable income for the taxable 3 year as defined in the laws of the United States and 4 section nine of this article for the taxable year, with the 5 following modifications:

6 (1) There shall be subtracted six hundred dollars as 7 the West Virginia personal exemption of the estate or 8 trust, and there shall be added the amount of its federal 9 deduction for a personal exemption.

(2) There shall be added or subtracted, as the case
may be, the share of the estate or trust in the West
Virginia fiduciary adjustment determined under section
nineteen.

14 (3) There shall be added to federal adjusted gross 15income, unless already included therein, the amount of a lump sum distribution for which the taxpayer has 16 17 elected under section 402(e) of the Internal Revenue 18 Code of one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, as 19 amended, to be separately taxed for federal income tax 20 purposes: Provided, That the provisions of this subdivi-21 sion shall first be effective for taxable years beginning 22 after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine 23hundred ninety.

PART III. NONRESIDENT AND PART-YEAR RESIDENTS.

§11-21-30. Computation of tax on income of nonresidents and part-year residents.

1 (a) Computation of tax. — For taxable years begin-2 ning after the thirty-first day of December, one 3 thousand nine hundred ninety-one, the tax due under 4 this article on taxable income derived from sources in 5 this state by a nonresident individual, estate, or trust or 6 by a part-year resident individual shall be calculated as 7 provided in this section.

8 (1) Taxpayer shall first calculate tax liability under 9 this article as if taxpayer, whether an individual, estate 10 or trust, were a resident of this state for the entire taxable year. When determining tentative tax liability 11 12 under this subdivision, a nonresident shall be allowed 13 the same deductions, exemptions and credits that would be allowable if taxpayer were a resident individual, 14 15 estate or trust, as the case may be, for the entire taxable year, except that no credit shall be allowed under 16 17 section twenty of this article.

(2) The amount of tentative tax determined under
subdivision (1) of this subsection shall then be multiplied
by a fraction the numerator of which is the taxpayer's
West Virginia source income, determined in accordance

with Part III of this article for the taxable year, and
the denominator of which is such taxpayer's "federal
adjusted gross income" for the taxable year as defined
in section nine of this article.

(b) Special rules for estates and trusts. — For purposes
of subdivision (1) of subsection (a):

(1) The "federal adjusted gross income" of an estateor trust shall be determined as if such estate or trustwere an individual; and

(2) In the case of a trust, "federal adjusted gross
income" shall be its "federal adjusted gross income" for
the taxable year increased by the amount of any
includible gain, reduced by any deductions properly
allocable thereto, upon which the tax is imposed for the
taxable year pursuant to section 644 of the Internal
Revenue Code.

38 (c) Special rules for part-year residents. - For 39 purposes of subdivision (1) of subsection (a), the "federal adjusted gross income" of a part-year resident individ-40 41 ual shall be taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income for 42the taxable year, as defined in section nine of this 43article, increased or decreased, as the case may be, by 44 the items accrued under subdivision (1), subsection (b). 45 section forty-five of this article, to the extent such items 46 are not otherwise included in federal adjusted gross 47 income for the taxable year, and decreased or increased. 48 as the case may be by the items accrued under subdi-49 vision (2), subsection (b) of said section forty-five, to the 50extent such items are included in federal adjusted gross 51income for the taxable year; and

52 (2) In computing the tax due as if taxpayer were a 53 resident of this state for the entire tax year, West 54 Virginia adjusted gross income shall include the 55 accruals specified in subdivision (1) of this subsection 56 (c), with the applicable modifications described in 57 section forty-five of this article.

58 (d) Definitions.

59 (1) "Nonresident estate" means an estate of a decedent 60 who was not a resident of this state at the time of his 61 or her death.

62 (2) "Nonresident trust" means a trust which is not a 63 resident trust, as defined in section seven.

64 (3) "Part-year resident individual" means an individ65 ual who is not a resident or nonresident of this state for
66 the entire taxable year.

67 (e) *Effective date.* — The provisions of this section 68 shall apply to taxable years beginning after the thirty-69 first day of December, one thousand nine hundred 70 ninety-one. As to taxable years beginning prior to that 71 date, the provisions of this article as then in effect shall 72 apply and be controlling, and for that purpose, prior law 73 is fully and completely preserved.

§11-21-32. West Virginia source income of nonresident individual.

1 (a) General. — The West Virginia source income of a 2 nonresident individual shall be the sum of the net 3 amount of income, gain, loss and deduction entering into 4 his or her federal adjusted gross income, as defined in 5 the laws of the United States and section nine of this 6 article, for the taxable year, derived from or connected 7 with West Virginia sources, including:

8 (1) His or her distributive share of partnership 9 income, gain, loss and deduction, determined under 10 section thirty-seven; and

(2) His or her pro rata share of S corporation income,
loss and deduction, determined under section thirtyseven, increased by reductions for taxes described in
paragraphs (2) and (3), subsection (f), section 1366 of the
Internal Revenue Code; and

16 (3) His or her share of estate or trust income, gain,
17 loss and deduction, determined under section thirty18 nine.

19 (b) Income and deductions from West Virginia sources.

(1) Items of income, gain, loss and deduction derived
from or connected with West Virginia sources shall be
those items attributable to:

Enr. H. B. 4633]

(A) The ownership of any interest in real or tangiblepersonal property in this state; or

(B) A business, trade, profession or occupation carriedon in this state; or

(C) In the case of a shareholder of an S corporation,
the ownership of shares issued by such corporation, to
the extent determined under section thirty-seven.

30 (2) Income from intangible personal property, includ-31 ing annuities, dividends, interest, and gains from the 32 disposition of intangible personal property, shall 33 constitute income derived from West Virginia sources 34 only to the extent that such income is from property 35 employed in a business, trade, profession or occupation 36 carried on in this state.

(3) Deductions with respect to capital losses and net
operating losses shall be based solely on income, gain,
loss and deduction derived from or connected with West
Virginia sources, under regulations of the tax commissioner, but otherwise shall be determined in the same
manner as the corresponding federal deductions.

43 (4) The deduction allowed by section 215 of the
44 Internal Revenue Code, relating to alimony, shall not
45 constitute a deduction derived from West Virginia
46 sources.

47 (c) Income and deductions partly from West Virginia 48 sources. - If a business, trade, profession or occupation 49 is carried on partly within and partly without this state, 50as determined under regulations of the tax commissioner, the items of income, gain, loss and deduction 51derived from or connected with West Virginia sources 5253shall be determined by apportionment and allocation 54 under such regulations.

(d) Purchase and sale for own account. — A nonresident, other than a dealer holding property for sale to
customers in the ordinary course of his or her trade or
business, shall not be deemed to carry on a business,
trade, profession or occupation in this state solely by
reason of the purchase and sale of property for his or
her own account.

62 (e) Husband and wife. — If a husband and wife 63 determine their federal income tax on a joint return but 64 determine their West Virginia income taxes separately, 65 they shall determine their West Virginia source incomes 66 separately as if their federal adjusted gross incomes had 67 been determined separately.

(f) Effective date. — This section as amended and
reenacted in the year one thousand nine hundred ninetytwo shall apply to taxable years beginning after the
thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred
ninety-one. As to prior taxable years, the provisions of
this section and of section thirty-one of this article, as
then in effect, are fully and completely preserved.

§11-21-37. Nonresident partners and shareholders of S corporations.

1 (a) Portion derived from West Virginia sources. —

2 (1) In determining the West Virginia source income 3 of a nonresident partner of any partnership, there shall be included only the portion derived from or connected 4 with West Virginia sources of such partner's distribu-5 6 tive share, for federal income tax purposes, of items of 7 partnership income, gain, loss and deduction, as such 8 portion shall be determined under regulations of the tax 9 commissioner consistent with the applicable rules of 10 section thirty-two.

11 (2) In determining West Virginia source income of a nonresident shareholder of an S corporation, there shall 12 be included only the portion derived from or connected 13 with West Virginia sources of such shareholder's pro 14 15rata share of items of S corporation income, gain, loss and deduction entering into the shareholder's federal 16 17 adjusted gross income, as defined in section nine. increased by reductions for taxes described in para-18 19 graphs (2) and (3), subsection (f), section 1366 of the 20Internal Revenue Code, as such portion shall be 21determined under regulations of the tax commissioner 22consistent with the applicable methods and rules for 23allocation under article twenty-four of this chapter.

(b) Special rules as to West Virginia sources. — In
determining the sources of a nonresident partner's
income, no effect shall be given to a provision of the
partnership agreement which:

(1) Characterizes payments to the partner as being forservices or for the use of capital, or

(2) Allocates to the partner, as income or gain from
sources outside West Virginia, a greater proportion of
his or her distributive share of partnership income or
gain than the ratio of partnership income or gain from
sources outside West Virginia to partnership income or
gain from all sources, except as authorized in subsection
(d), or

(3) Allocates to the partner a greater proportion of a
partnership item of loss or deduction connected with
West Virginia sources than his or her proportionate
share, for federal income tax purposes, of partnership
loss or deduction generally, except as authorized in
subsection (c).

43 (c) Alternative methods. — The tax commissioner may. on written application filed on or before the due date 44 45of the partner's or S corporation shareholder's return 46 under this article for that taxable year determined 47 without regard to any extension of time for filing, 48 authorize the use of such other method or methods of determining the nonresident partner's portion of 49 partnership items, or the nonresident S corporation 50 shareholder's portion of S corporation items, derived 5152 from or connected with West Virginia sources, and the 53modifications related thereto, as may be appropriate and equitable, on such terms and conditions as the 54 55commissioner may require.

(d) Application of rules for resident partners tononresident partners and shareholders.

58 (1) For a partner's distributive share of items, see 59 subsection (a) of section seventeen.

60 (2) The character of partnership items for a nonres61 ident partner shall be determined under subsection (b)
62 of section seventeen.

(3) The effect of a special provision in a partnership
agreement, other than a provision referred to in
subsection (b) of this section, having the principal
purpose of avoidance or evasion of tax under this article
shall be determined under subsection (c) of section
seventeen.

69 (e) Application of rules for resident S corporation
70 shareholders to nonresident S corporation shareholders.

(1) For an S corporation shareholder's distributive
share of S corporation items, see subsection (a) of section
seventeen-a.

74 (2) The character of S corporation items for a
75 nonresident shareholder of an S corporation shall be
76 determined under subsection (b) of section seventeen-a.

(f) Effective date. — The amendments to this section
enacted in the year one thousand nine hundred ninetytwo shall apply to taxable years beginning after the
thirty- first day of December, one thousand nine
hundred ninety-two. As to prior taxable years the
provisions of this section and of section thirty-seven-a,
as then in effect, are fully and completely preserved.

§11-21-38. West Virginia source income of nonresident estate or trust.

1 (a) General. — The West Virginia source income of a 2 nonresident estate or trust shall be determined as 3 follows:

4 (1) Items in distributable net income. — There shall be 5 determined its share of income, gain, loss and deduction 6 from West Virginia sources under section thirty-nine 7 (relating to items entering into the definition of 8 distributable net income).

9 (2) Items not in distributable net income. — There shall 10 be added to or subtracted (as the case may be) the 11 amount derived from or connected with West Virginia 12 sources of any income, gain, loss and deduction which 13 would be included in the determination of federal 14 adjusted gross income if the estate or trust were an 15 individual and which is recognized for federal income 16 tax purposes, but excluded from the definition of federal distributable net income of the estate or trust. The source of such income, gain, loss and deduction shall be determined in accordance with the applicable rules of section thirty-two as in the case of a nonresident individual.

(b) Special West Virginia source rules. — Deductions
with respect to capital losses and net operating losses
shall be based solely on income, gains, losses and
deductions derived from or connected with West
Virginia sources, under regulations of the tax commissioner, but otherwise determined in the same manner as
the corresponding federal deductions.

(c) Effective date. — The provisions of this section as amended and reenacted in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two shall apply to taxable years beginning after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. As to prior taxable years this section, as then in effect, is fully and completely preserved.

§11-21-39. Share of nonresident estate, trust or beneficiary in income from West Virginia sources.

1 (a) General. — The share of a nonresident estate or 2 trust under paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of section 3 thirty-eight, and the share of a nonresident beneficiary 4 of any estate or trust under subsection (a) of section 5 thirty-two, in estate or trust income, gain, loss and 6 deduction from West Virginia sources shall be deter-7 mined as follows:

8 (1) Items of distributable net income from West 9 *Virginia sources.* — There shall be determined the items of income, gain, loss and deduction, derived from or 10 11 connected with West Virginia sources, which would be 12 included in the determination of federal adjusted gross 13 income if the estate or trust were an individual and 14 which enter into the definition of federal distributable 15 net income of the estate or trust for the taxable year 16 including such items from another estate or trust of 17 which the first estate or trust is a beneficiary. Such 18 determination of source shall be made in accordance with the applicable rules of section thirty-two as in thecase of a nonresident individual.

21 (2) Allocation among estate or trust beneficiaries.

(A) The amounts determined under subdivision (1) of
subsection (a) shall be allocated among the estate or
trust and its beneficiaries (including, solely for the
purposes of this allocation, resident beneficiaries) in
proportion to their respective shares of federal distributable net income.

28 (B) The amounts so allocated shall have the same 29 character under this article as for federal income tax 30 purposes. Where an item entering into the computation 31 of such amounts is not characterized for federal income 32 tax purposes, it shall have the same character as if 33 realized directly from the source from which realized by 34 the estate or trust, or incurred in the same manner as 35 incurred by the estate or trust.

36 (b) Alternative methods of determining shares.

37 (1) If the estate or trust has no federal distributable net income for the taxable year, the share of each 38 39 beneficiary (including solely for the purpose of this 40 allocation, resident beneficiaries) in the net amount 41 determined under subdivision (1) of subsection (a) shall 42 be in proportion to the beneficiary's share of the estate 43 or trust income for such year, under local law or the 44 governing instrument, which is required to be distributed currently and any such other amounts of such 45 46 income distributed in such year. Any balance of such net 47 amounts shall be allocated to the estate or trust.

48 (2) The tax commissioner may, on written application 49 filed on or before the due date of the return due under 50 this article for the taxable year from the estate or trust 51determined without regard to any extension of time for 52filing such return, authorize use of such other methods 53of determining the représentative shares of the benefi-54ciaries and of the estate or trust in its income derived 55from West Virginia sources, and the modifications related thereto, as may be appropriate and equitable, on 56 57 such terms and conditions as the commissioner may

58 require.

59 (3) The tax commissioner may by regulation establish 60 such other method or methods of determining the 61 respective shares of the beneficiaries and of the estate 62 or trust in its income derived from West Virginia 63 sources as may be appropriate and equitable. Such method may be used by the fiduciary in his or her 64 discretion whenever the allocation of such respective 65 shares under subsection (a) or subdivision (1) of 66 67 subsection (b) would result in an inequity which is 68 substantial in amount.

(c) Effective date. — The amendments to this section
enacted in the year one thousand nine hundred ninetytwo shall apply to taxable years beginning after the
thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred
ninety-one.

§11-21-45. West Virginia source income of part-year resident individuals.

1 (a) *Individuals.* — The West Virginia source income 2 of a part-year resident individual shall be the sum of the 3 following:

4 (1) Federal adjusted gross income for the period of 5 residence, computed as if his or her taxable year for 6 federal income tax purposes were limited to the period 7 of residence.

8 (2) West Virginia source income for the period of 9 nonresidence determined in accordance with section 10 thirty-two of this article as if his or her taxable year for 11 federal income tax purposes were limited to the period 12 of nonresidence.

13 (3) The special accruals required by subsection (b) ofthis section.

15 (b) Special accruals.

16 (1) If an individual changes his or her status from 17 resident to nonresident he or she shall, regardless of his 18 or her method of accounting, accrue to the portion of the 19 taxable year prior to such change in status any items 20 of income, gain, loss or deduction accruing prior to the change of status, if not otherwise properly entering into
his or her federal adjusted gross income for such portion
of the taxable year or a prior taxable year under his or
her method of accounting.

25(2) If an individual changes his or her status from 26nonresident to resident, he or she shall, regardless of his 27 or her method of accounting, accrue to the portion of the 28 taxable year prior to such change of status any items 29of income, gain, loss or deduction accruing prior to the 30 change of status, other than items derived from or 31 connected with West Virginia sources, if not otherwise 32 properly entering into his or her federal adjusted gross 33 income for such portion of the taxable year or for a prior 34 taxable year under his or her method of accounting.

(3) No item of income, gain, loss or deduction which
is accrued under this subsection shall be taken into
account in determining West Virginia adjusted gross
income or West Virginia source income for any subsequent period.

40(4) The accruals under this subsection shall not be 41 required if the individual files with the tax commis-42 sioner a bond or other security acceptable to the tax 43commissioner, conditioned upon the inclusion of 44 amounts accruable under this subsection in West 45 Virginia adjusted gross income or West Virginia source 46 income for one or more subsequent taxable years as if 47 the individual had not changed his or her resident 48 status.

49 (c) Effective date. — The provisions of this section 50shall apply to taxable years beginning after the thirtyfirst day of December, one thousand nine hundred 51ninety-one, as amended. For taxable years that began 5253prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine 54hundred ninety-two, the provisions of section fifty-four, which is repealed by this bill, apply and for that 5556 purpose, the provisions of section fifty-four are fully and 57 completely preserved.

§11-21-51a. Composite returns.

1 (a) Nonresident individuals who are required by this

Enr. H. B. 4633]

24

2 article to file a return and who are:

3 (1) Partners in a partnership deriving income from a
4 West Virginia source or sources, or

5 (2) Shareholders of a corporation having income from
6 a West Virginia source or sources and which made an
7 election under section 1362(a) of the Internal Revenue
8 Code (S corporations) for the taxable year, or

9 (3) Beneficiaries who received a distribution (actual 10 or deemed) from an estate or trust having income from 11 a West Virginia source or sources, may, upon payment 12 of a composite return processing fee of fifty dollars, file 13 a composite return in accordance with the provisions of 14 this section.

15 (b) In filing a composite return and determining the 16 tax due thereon, no personal exemptions may be 17 utilized, and the rate of tax shall be six and one-half 18 percent. The entity or entities, to which the composite 19 return relates are responsible for collection and remit-20 tance of all income tax due at the time the return is 21 filed.

22(c) The composite return shall be filed in a manner 23and form acceptable to and in accordance with instruc-24tions from the commissioner, and need not be signed by 25all nonresident individuals on whose behalf the return 26is filed: *Provided*. That the return is signed by a partner. 27in the case of a partnership, a corporate officer, in the 28case of a corporation, by a trustee, in the case of a trust 29 or by an executor or administrator in the case of an 30 estate.

31 (d) For the purposes of this section, a composite 32 return means a return filed on a group basis as though 33 there was one taxpayer, and sets forth the name, 34 address, taxpayer identification number and percent 35 ownership or interest of each nonresident individual 36 who consents to be included in the composite return in addition to return information as that term is defined 37 38 in section five-d, article ten of this chapter; the term 39includes block filing: Provided, That nothing in this 40section shall prohibit a nonresident from also filing a 41 separate nonresident personal income tax return for the 42 taxable year and a separate return shall be filed if the 43 nonresident has income from any other West Virginia 44 source. If a separate return is also filed for the taxable 45 year, the nonresident shall be allowed credit for his or 46 her share of the tax remitted with the composite return 47 for that taxable year.

(e) This section, as amended in the year one thousand
nine hundred ninety-two, shall apply to composite
returns filed after the thirty-first day of December, one
thousand nine hundred ninety-two.

§11-21-71a. Withholding tax on West Virginia source income of nonresident partners, nonresident S corporation shareholders, and nonresident beneficiaries of estates and trusts.

1 (a) General rule. — For the privilege of doing business 2 in this state or deriving rents or royalties from real or 3 tangible personal property located in this state, includ-4 ing, but not limited to, natural resources in place and 5 standing timber, a partnership, S corporation, estate, or trust, which is treated as a pass-through entity for 6 7 federal income tax purposes and which has taxable 8 income for the taxable year derived from or connected 9 with West Virginia sources any portion of which is 10 allocable to a nonresident partner, nonresident share-11 holder, or nonresident beneficiary, as the case may be, 12 shall pay a withholding tax under this section, except 13 as provided in subsections (c) and (k) of this section.

14 (b) Amount of withholding tax.

15 (1) In general. — The amount of withholding tax payable by any partnership, S corporation, estate, or 16 17 trust, under subsection (a) shall be equal to four percent 18 of the effectively connected taxable income of the 19 partnership, S corporation, estate, or trust, as the case 20may be, which may lawfully be taxed by this state and 21which is allocable to a nonresident partner, nonresident 22shareholder, or nonresident beneficiary of a trust or 23estate.

24 (2) Credits against tax. — When determining the 25 amount of withholding tax due under this section, the 26pass-through entity may apply any tax credits allowable 27under this chapter to the pass-through entity which pass 28through to the nonresident distributees: Provided, That 29in no event may the application of any credit or credits reduce the tax liability of the distributee under this 30 31 article to less than zero.

32 (c) When withholding is not required. — Withholding
33 shall not be required:

34 (1) On distribution to a person, other than a corpora-35 tion, who is exempt from the tax imposed by this article. 36 For purposes of this subdivision (1), a person is exempt 37 from the tax imposed by this article only if such person 38 is, by reason of such person's purpose or activities, 39 exempt from paying federal income taxes on such 40 person's West Virginia source income. The pass-41 through entity may rely on the written statement of the 42 person claiming to be exempt from the tax imposed by 43 this article provided the pass-through entity discloses the name and federal taxpayer identification number 44 45for all such persons in its return for the taxable year 46 filed under this article or article twenty-four of this 47chapter; or

48 (2) On distributions to a corporation which is exempt 49 from the tax imposed by article twenty-four of this 50chapter. For purposes of this subdivision (2), a corpora-51tion is exempt from the tax imposed by article twenty-52four of this chapter only if the corporation, by reason 53of its purpose or activities is exempt from paying federal 54income taxes on the corporation's West Virginia source income. The pass-through entity may rely on the written 5556statement of the person claiming to be exempt from the 57 tax imposed by article twenty-four of this chapter 58provided the pass-through entity discloses the name and federal taxpayer identification number for all such 59 corporations in its return for the taxable year filed 60 61 under this article or article twenty-four of this chapter; 62 or

63

(3) On distributions when compliance will cause

64 undue hardship on the pass-through entity: Provided. 65 That no pass-through entity shall be exempt under 66 subdivision (3) from complying with the withholding 67 requirements of this section unless the tax commis-68 sioner, in his or her discretion, approves in writing the 69 pass-through entity's written petition for exemption 70from the withholding requirements of this section based on undue hardship. The tax commissioner may pre-71 72scribe the form and contents of such a petition and 73 specify standards for when a pass-through entity will 74 not be required to comply with the withholding require-75ments of this section due to undue hardship. Such 76 standards shall take into account (among other relevant 77 factors) the ability of a pass-through entity to comply at 78 reasonable cost with the withholding requirements of 79 this section and the cost to this state of collecting the 80 tax directly from a nonresident distributee who does not 81 voluntarily file a return and pay the amount of tax due 82 under this article with respect to such distributions; or

83 (4) On distributions by nonpartnerships ventures. An 84 unincorporated organization that has elected, under section 761 of the Internal Revenue Code, to not be 85 86 treated as a partnership for federal income tax, is not 87 treated as a partnership under this article and is not 88 required to withhold under this section. However, such 89 unincorporated organizations shall make and file with 90 the tax commissioner a true and accurate return of 91 information under subsection (c), section fifty-eight of this article, under such regulations and in such form 92 93 and manner as the tax commissioner may prescribe, 94 setting forth (A) the amount of fixed or determinable 95 gains, profits, and income; (B) the name, address and 96 taxpayer identification number of persons receiving 97 fixed or determinable gains, profits or income from the 98 nonpartnership venture.

99 (d) Payment of withheld tax.

100 (1) General rule. — Each partnership, S corporation,
101 estate, or trust, required to withhold tax under this
102 section shall pay the amount required to be withheld to
103 the tax commissioner no later than:

(A) S corporations. — The fifteenth day of the third
month following the close of the taxable year of the S
corporation along with the annual information return
due under article twenty-four of this chapter, unless
paragraph (C) applies.

109 (B) Partnerships, estates and trusts. — The fifteenth 110 day of the fourth month following the close of the 111 taxable year of the partnership, estate, or trust, with the 112 annual return of the partnership, estate, or trust due 113 under this article, unless paragraph (C) applies.

114 (C) Composite returns. — The fifteenth day of the 115 fourth month of the taxable year with the composite 116 return filed under section fifty-one-a of this article.

117 (2) Special rules.

118 (A) Where there is extension of time to file return. -An extension of time for filing the returns referenced 119 120 in subdivision (1) does not extend the time for paying 121 the amount withholding tax due under this section. In 122 this situation, the pass-through entity shall pay, by the 123 date specified in subdivision (1), at least ninety percent 124of the withholding tax due for the taxable year, or one 125hundred percent of the tax paid under this section for 126 the prior taxable year, if such taxable year was a 127 taxable year of twelve months and tax was paid under 128 this section for that taxable year. The remaining portion 129 of the tax due under this section, if any, shall be paid 130 at the time the pass-through entity files the return 131 specified in subdivision (1). If the balance due is paid 132by the last day of the extension period for filing such 133return and the amount of tax due with such return is 134ten percent or less of the tax due under this section for 135the taxable year, no additions to tax shall be imposed 136 under article ten of this chapter with respect to balance 137 so remitted. If the amount of withholding tax due under 138 this section for the taxable year is less than the 139 estimated withholding taxes paid for the taxable year 140 by the pass-through entity, the excess shall be refunded to the pass-through entity or, at its election, established 141 142as a credit against withholding tax due under this section for the then current taxable year. 143

144 (B) Deposit in trust for tax commissioner. — The tax 145 commissioner may, if the commissioner believes such 146 action is necessary for the protection of trust fund 147 moneys due this state, require any pass-through entity 148 to pay over to the tax commissioner the tax deducted 149 and withheld under this section, at any earlier time or 150 times.

(e) Effectively connected taxable income. — For pur-151 poses of this section, the term "effectively connected 152 taxable income" means the taxable income or portion 153154 thereof of a partnership, S corporation, estate, or trust, 155as the case may be, which is derived from or attribu-156table to West Virginia sources as determined under 157 section thirty-two of this article and such regulations as 158the tax commissioner may prescribe, whether such amount is actually distributed or is deemed to have been 159 160 distributed for federal income tax purposes.

161 (f) Treatment of nonresident partners, S corporation
162 shareholders or beneficiaries of a trust or estate.

163 (1) Allowance of credit. — Each nonresident partner, nonresident shareholder, or nonresident beneficiary, 164shall be allowed a credit for such partner's or share-165166 holder's or beneficiary's share of the tax withheld by the 167 partnership, S corporation, estate, or trust, under this 168 section: Provided, That when the distribution is to a 169 corporation taxable under article twenty-four of this 170 chapter, the credit allowed by this section shall be 171 applied against the distributee corporation's liability for 172 tax under article twenty-four of this chapter.

173(2) Credit treated as distributed to partner, share-174 holder or beneficiary. - Except as provided in regula-175tions, a nonresident partner's share, a nonresident 176 shareholder's share, or a nonresident beneficiary's share, 177 of any withholding tax paid by the partnership, S 178 corporation, estate, or trust, under this section shall be 179 treated as distributed to such partner by such partnership, or to such shareholder by such S corporation, or 180 181 to such beneficiary by such estate or trust, on the earlier 182 of:

183 (A) The day on which such tax was paid to the tax

Enr. H. B. 4633]

184 commissioner by the partnership, S corporation, estate, 185 or trust; or

(B) The last day of the taxable year for which such
tax was paid by the partnership, S corporation, estate,
or trust.

(g) Regulations. — The tax commissioner shall prescribe such regulations as may be necessary to carry out
the purposes of this section.

192 (h) Information statement.

193 (1) Every person required to deduct and withhold tax 194 under this section shall furnish to each nonresident 195 partner, or nonresident shareholder, or nonresident 196 beneficiary, as the case may be, a written statement, as 197 prescribed by the tax commissioner, showing the 198 amount of West Virginia effectively connected taxable 199 income, whether distributed or not distributed for 200 federal income tax purposes by such partnership. S corporation, estate, or trust, to such nonresident partner, 201 202 or nonresident shareholder, or nonresident beneficiary, 203 the amount deducted and withheld as tax under this 204section: and such other information as the tax commis-205sioner may require.

206 (2) A copy of the information statements required by 207this subsection must be filed with the West Virginia 208return filed under this article (or article twenty-four of 209 this chapter in the case of S corporations) by the pass-210 through entity for its taxable year to which the 211 distribution relates. This information statement must be 212 furnished to each nonresident distributee on or before 213the due date of the pass-through entity's return under 214this article or article twenty-four of this chapter for the 215taxable year, including extensions of time for filing such 216 return, or such later date as may be allowed by the tax 217 commissioner.

(i) Liability for withheld tax. — Every person required to deduct and withhold tax under this section is
hereby made liable for the payment of the tax due under
this section for taxable years (of such persons) beginning
after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine

30

223hundred ninety-one, except as otherwise provided in this 224 section. The amount of tax required to be withheld and 225paid over to the tax commissioner shall be considered 226 the tax of the partnership, estate, or trust, as the case 227 may be, for purposes of articles nine and ten of this 228 chapter. Any amount of tax withheld under this section 229 shall be held in trust for the tax commissioner. No 230partner, S corporation shareholder, or beneficiary of a 231 trust or estate, shall have a right of action against the 232partnership, S corporation, estate, or trust, in respect to 233any moneys withheld from such person's distributive 234share and paid over to the tax commissioner in com-235pliance with or in intended compliance with this section.

236 (j) Failure to withhold. - If any partnership, S 237corporation, estate, or trust, fails to deduct and withhold 238tax as required by this section, and thereafter the tax 239 against which such tax may be credited is paid, the tax 240so required to be deducted and withheld under this 241 section shall not be collected from the partnership, S 242corporation, estate, or trust, as the case may be, but the 243partnership, S corporation, estate, or trust, shall not be 244relieved from liability for any penalties, interest, on 245additions to tax otherwise applicable in respect of such 246failure to withhold.

247 (k) Distributee agreements.

248(1) The tax commissioner shall permit a nonresident 249distribute to file with a pass-through entity, on a form 250prescribed by the tax commissioner, the agreement of 251such nonresident distributee: (A) To timely file returns 252and make timely payment of all taxes imposed by this 253article or article twenty-four of this chapter in the case 254of a C corporation, on the distribute with respect to the 255effectively connected taxable income of the pass-through 256entity; and (B) to be subject to personal jurisdiction in 257this state for purposes of the collection of any unpaid income tax under this article (or article twenty-four of 258259this chapter in the case of a C corporation), together 260with related interest, penalties, additional amounts and 261additions to tax, owed by the nonresident distributee.

262 (2) A nonresident distribute electing to execute an

263agreement under this subsection must file a complete 264 and properly executed agreement with each pass-265through entity for which this election is made, on or 266 before the last day of the first taxable year of the pass-267through entity in respect of which the agreement 268applies. The pass-through entity shall file a copy of that 269agreement with the tax commissioner as provided in 270 subdivision (5).

(3) After an agreement is filed with the pass-through
entity, that agreement may be revoked by a distributee
only in accordance with regulations promulgated by the
tax commissioner.

275(4) Upon receipt of such an agreement properly 276executed by the nonresident distributee, the pass-277 through entity shall not withhold tax under this section 278for the taxable year of the pass-through entity in which 279the agreement is received by the pass-through entity 280and for any taxable year subsequent thereto until either 281 the nonresident distributee notifies the pass-through 282 entity, in writing, to begin withholding tax under this 283section or the tax commissioner directs the pass-through 284 entity, in writing, to begin withholding tax under this 285section because of the distributee's continuing failure to 286 comply with the terms of such agreement.

287 (5) The pass-through entity shall file with the tax 288commissioner a copy of all distributee agreements 289 received by the pass-through entity during any taxable 290 vear with this annual information return filed under 291 this article, or article twenty- four of this chapter in the 292case of S corporations. If the pass-through entity fails 293to timely file with the tax commissioner a copy of an 294agreement executed by a distributee and furnished to 295the pass-through entity in accordance with this section, 296then the pass-through entity shall remit to the tax 297 commissioner an amount equal to the amount that 298should have been withheld under this section from the 299nonresident distributee. The pass-through entity may 300 recover payment made pursuant to the preceding 301 sentence from the distributee on whose behalf the 302 payment was made.

303 (1) *Definitions.* — For purposes of this section, the 304 following terms mean:

305 (1) Corporation. — The term "corporation" includes
306 associations, joint stock companies and other entities
307 which are taxed as corporations for federal income tax
308 purposes.

309 (A) C Corporation. —The term "C corporation" means
310 a corporation which is not an S corporation for federal
311 income tax purposes.

(B) S Corporation. — The term "S corporation" means
a corporation for which a valid election under section
1362(a) of the Internal Revenue Code is in effect for the
taxable period. All other corporations are C
corporations.

(2) Distributee. — The term "distributee" includes any
partner of a partnership, any shareholder of an S
corporation, and any beneficiary of an estate or trust,
that is treated as a pass-through entity for federal
income tax purposes for the taxable year of the entity,
with respect to all or a portion of its income.

323 (3) Internal Revenue Code. — The term "internal
324 revenue code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986,
325 as amended through the date specified in section nine
326 of this article.

327 (4) Nonresident distributee. — The term "nonresident
328 distributee" includes any individual who is treated as a
329 nonresident of this state under this article; and any
330 partnership, estate, trust or corporation, whose commer331 cial domicile is located outside this state.

332 (5) Partner. — The term "partner" includes a member
333 of a partnership as that term is defined in this section.

(6) Partnership. — The term "partnership" includes a
syndicate, group, pool, joint venture, or other unincorporated organization through or by means of which any
business, financial operation, or venture is carried on,
and which is not a trust or estate, a corporation or a sole
proprietorship. "Partnership" does not include an
unincorporated organization which, under section 761 of

the Internal Revenue Code, is not treated as a partnership for the taxable year for federal income tax
purposes.

344 (7) *Taxable period.* — The term "taxable period"
345 means, in the case of an S corporation, any taxable year
346 or portion of a taxable year during which a corporation
347 is an S corporation.

(8) Taxable year of the pass-through entity. — The
term "taxable year of the pass-through entity" means
the taxable year of the pass-through entity for federal
income tax purposes. If a pass-through entity does not
have a taxable year for federal tax purposes, its tax year
for purposes of this article shall be the calendar year.

(m) Effective date. — The provisions of this section
shall first apply to taxable years of pass-through entities
beginning after the thirty-first day of December, one
thousand nine hundred ninety-one.

ARTICLE 24. CORPORATION NET INCOME TAX.

§11-24-13b. Information return for corporations electing to be taxed under subchapter S.

Every corporation electing to be taxed under subchap-1 2 ter S of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, shall on or before the fifteenth day of the third month 3 4 following the close of the taxable year file an informa-5 tion return for each tax year providing such information as the tax commissioner may prescribe. Corporations 6 7 failing to file information returns by the due date as 8 prescribed in this section shall be subject to a penalty 9 of fifty dollars for each failure to file, with such penalty 10 being collected as other penalties are collected by the 11 tax commissioner: Provided, That for tax years begin-12 ning on or after the first day of January, one thousand 13 nine hundred ninety-two, the penalty for failure to file 14 an information return shall be determined under section 15 nineteen-a, article ten of this chapter.

The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

ner L

Chairman Senate Committee

Chairman House Committee

Originating in the House.

Takes effect ninety days from passage.

Clerk of the Senate

nal Clerk of the House of D

President of the Senate

Mado Call

Speaker of the House of Delegates

1092.The within 10 al day of . Governo ® GCIU C 641

35

PRESENTED TO THE

,

GOVERNOR Date 3/19/92 Time 2:47pm