# WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

358

SB

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# ENROLLED

## SENATE BILL NO. 358

(By Senator \_ Wooton, ET AL )

PASSED MARCH 9, 199 In Effect MINETY Dacks Fream Passage 1996



### ENROLLED

## Senate Bill No. 358

(BY SENATORS WOOTON, ANDERSON, BUCKALEW, DITTMAR, MILLER, ROSS, SCHOONOVER, SCOTT AND YODER)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one, three, four-a, five, six, seven, eight, ten, eleven and twelve, article one, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to further amend said article by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections one-a and seven-a; and to amend and reenact section five-a, article two of said chapter, all relating to state boards of examination or registration; application of article; legislative findings and declaration; officers; lay members of professional boards; meetings; quorum; investigatory powers; duties; application for license or registration; fees; contents of license or certificate of registration; continuing education; denial, suspension or revocation of a license or registration; disposition of money; compensation of members; expenses; record of proceedings; register of applicants; report to governor and Legislature; and legal corporations.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one, three, four-a, five, six, seven, eight, ten, eleven and twelve, article one, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections one-a and seven-a; and that section five-a, article two of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO ALL STATE BOARDS OF EXAMINATION OR REGISTRATION REFERRED TO IN CHAPTER.

#### §30-1-1. Application of article.

- 1 Unless otherwise specifically provided, every board of
- 2 examination or registration referred to in this chapter
- 3 shall conform to the requirements prescribed in the
- 4 following sections of this article.

#### §30-1-1a. Legislative findings and declaration.

The Legislature hereby finds and declares that as a matter of public policy the practice of the professions referred to in this chapter is a privilege and is not a natural right of individuals. The fundamental purpose of licensure and registration is to protect the public, and any license, registration, certificate or other authorization to practice issued pursuant to this chapter is a revocable privilege.

#### §30-1-3. Officers.

(a) Every board referred to in this chapter shall elect
annually from its members a president and a secretary
who shall hold their offices for one year, but shall
continue to hold their offices until their successors are
elected. However, the state board of law examiners, the
state board of examiners for nurses and the state board

7 of dental examiners may each elect a secretary from8 outside their membership.

9 (b) The officers of the boards referred to in this chapter 10 shall register annually with the governor, the secretary 11 of administration, the legislative auditor and the secre-12 tary of state.

#### §30-1-4a. Lay members of professional boards.

1 (a) Notwithstanding any provisions of this code to the 2 contrary, the governor shall appoint at least one lay 3 person to represent the interests of the public on every 4 health professional licensing board which is referred to in this chapter. If the total number of members on any 5 of these boards after the appointment of one lay person 6 is an even number, one additional lay person shall be 7 8 appointed. Lay members shall serve in addition to any other members otherwise provided for by law or rule. 9 Lay members shall be at least eighteen years of age, shall 10 be of good moral character, and shall be competent to 11 12 represent and safeguard the interests of the public. Each 13 lay member is empowered to participate in and vote on 14 all transactions and business of the board, committee or group to which he or she is appointed. 15

16 (b) Any person whose addition to a board as a lay 17 member under the provisions of this section results in 18 the addition of an odd number of lay additions to the 19 board shall serve for a term ending in an odd-numbered 20 year on the date in that year on which terms of the 21 professional members expire. Of the members first 22appointed, each shall serve for a term ending in the year 23one thousand nine hundred seventy-nine, and the  $\mathbf{24}$ successor to each of the first members shall serve for a 25term equal in length to the terms of the other profes-26sional members of the board.

(c) Any person whose addition to a board as a lay
member under the provisions of this section results in
the addition of an even number of lay additions to the
board shall serve for a term ending in an even-numbered

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31 year on the date in that year on which terms of the 32 professional members expire. Of the members first 33 appointed, each shall serve for a term ending in the year 34 one thousand nine hundred seventy-eight, and the 35 successor to each of the first members shall serve for a 36 term equal in length to the terms of the other profes-37 sional members of the board.

#### §30-1-5. Meetings; quorum; investigatory powers; duties.

(a) Every board referred to in this chapter shall hold at 1 2 least one meeting each year, at such time and place as it 3 may prescribe by rule, for the examination of applicants 4 who desire to practice their respective professions or occupations in this state and to transact any other 5 business which may legally come before it. The board 6 may hold additional meetings as may be necessary, 7 8 which shall be called by the secretary at the direction of 9 the president or upon the written request of any three members. A majority of the members of the board 10 11 constitutes a quorum for the transaction of its business. The board is authorized to compel the attendance of 12 13 witnesses, to issue subpoenas, to conduct investigations 14 and hire an investigator, and to take testimony and other 15 evidence concerning any matter within its jurisdiction. The president and secretary of the board are authorized 16 17 to administer oaths for these purposes.

18 (b) Every board referred to in this chapter has a duty 19 to investigate and resolve complaints which it receives 20and shall do so in a timely manner. Every board shall 21 provide public access to the record of the disposition of 22 the complaints which it receives, in accordance with the 23provisions of chapter twenty-nine-b of this code. Every board has a duty to report violations of individual 24 practice acts contained in this chapter to the board by 25which the individual may be licensed, and shall do so in 26 27 a timely manner upon receiving notice of such violations. Every person licensed or registered by a board has a duty  $\mathbf{28}$ to report to the board which licenses or registers him or 2930 her a known or observed violation of the practice act or

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the board's rules by any other person licensed or registered by the same board, and shall do so in a timely manner. Law-enforcement agencies or their personnel and courts shall report in a timely manner to the appropriate board any violations of individual practice acts by any individual.

37 (c) Whenever a board referred to in this chapter 38 obtains information that a person subject to its authority 39 has engaged in, is engaging in, or is about to engage in any act which constitutes or will constitute a violation of 40 41 the provisions of this chapter which are administered and enforced by that board, it may apply to the circuit 4243 court for an order enjoining the act. Upon a showing 44 that the person has engaged, is engaging, or is about to engage in any such act, the court shall order an injunc-45 46 tion, restraining order or other order as the court may 47 deem appropriate.

## §30-1-6. Application for license or registration; examination fee.

1 (a) Every applicant for license or registration under the 2 provisions of this chapter shall apply for such license or 3 registration in writing to the proper board and shall 4 transmit with his or her application an examination fee 5 which the board is authorized to charge for an examina-6 tion or investigation into the applicant's qualifications to 7 practice.

8 (b) Each board referred to in this chapter is authorized 9 to establish by rule a deadline for application for exami-10 nation which shall be no less than ten nor more than 11 ninety days prior to the date of the examination.

12 (c) Boards may set by rule fees relating to the licensing 13 or registering of individuals, which shall be sufficient to 14 enable the boards to carry out effectively their responsi-15 bilities of licensure or registration and discipline of 16 individuals subject to their authority: *Provided*, That 17 when any board proposes to promulgate a rule regarding 18 fees for licensing or registration, that board shall notify 19 its membership of the proposed rule by mailing a copy of 20 the proposed rule to the membership at the time that the 21 proposed rule is filed with the secretary of state for 22 publication in the state register in accordance with 23 section five, article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this 24 code.

#### §30-1-7. Contents of license or certificate of registration.

Every license or certificate of registration issued by each board shall bear a serial number, the full name of the applicant, the date of issuance, and the seal of the board. It shall be signed by the board's president and secretary or executive secretary. No license or certificate of registration granted or issued under the provisions of this chapter may be assigned.

#### §30-1-7a. Continuing education.

Each board referred to in this chapter shall establish continuing education requirements as a prerequisite to license renewal. Each board shall develop continuing education criteria appropriate to its discipline, which shall include, but not be limited to, course content, course approval, hours required and reporting periods.

#### §30-1-8. Denial, suspension or revocation of a license or registration; probation; proceedings; effect of suspension or revocation; transcript; report; judicial review.

(a) Every board referred to in this chapter is autho-1 rized to suspend or revoke the license of any person who 2 3 has been convicted of a felony or who has been found to have engaged in conduct, practices or acts constituting 4 professional negligence or a willful departure from 5 accepted standards of professional conduct. Where any 6 7 person has been so convicted of a felony or has been found to have engaged in such conduct, practices or acts, 8 every board referred to in this chapter is further autho-9 rized to enter into consent decrees, to reprimand, to 10 enter into probation orders, to levy fines not to exceed 11 one thousand dollars per day per violation, or any of 12

these, singly or in combination. Each board is also 13authorized to assess administrative costs. Any costs 14 which are assessed shall be placed in the special account 15 of the board, and any fine which is levied shall be 16 deposited in the state treasury's general revenue fund. 17 For purposes of this section, the word "felony" means a 18 felony or crime punishable as a felony under the laws of 19 this state, any other state, or the United States. Every 20 21 board referred to in this chapter is authorized to promulgate rules in accordance with the provisions of chapter 22 23twenty-nine-a of this code to delineate conduct, practices or acts which, in the judgment of the board, consti-24 25 tute professional negligence, a willful departure from accepted standards of professional conduct or which 26 may render an individual unqualified or unfit for licen-27 sure, registration or other authorization to practice. 28

29 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, no certificate, license, registration or authority 30 issued under the provisions of this chapter may be 31 suspended or revoked without a prior hearing before the 32 board or court which issued the certificate, license, 33 registration or authority. However, this does not apply 34 in cases where a board is authorized to suspend or 35 revoke a certificate, license, registration or authority 36 prior to a hearing if the individual's continuation in 37 38 practice constitutes an immediate danger to the public.

(c) In all proceedings before a board or court for the 39 40 suspension or revocation of any certificate, license, registration or authority issued under the provisions of 41 this chapter, a statement of the charges against the 42 holder thereof and a notice of the time and place of 43 hearing shall be served upon the person as a notice is 44 served under section one, article two, chapter fifty-six of 45 this code, at least thirty days prior to the hearing, and he 46 47 or she may appear with witnesses and be heard in person, by counsel, or both. The board may take oral or 48 written proof, for or against the accused, as it may deem 49 advisable. If upon hearing the board finds that the 50charges are true, it may suspend or revoke the certifi-51

52 cate, license, registration or authority, and suspension or
53 revocation shall take from the person all rights and
54 privileges acquired thereby.

(d) Pursuant to the provisions of section one, article
five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, informal
disposition may also be made by the board of any
contested case by stipulation, agreed settlement, consent
order or default. Further, the board may suspend its
decision and place a licensee found by the board to be in
violation of the applicable practice on probation.

62 (e) Any person denied a license, certificate, registration 63 or authority who believes the denial was in violation of 64 this article or the article under which the license, certificate, registration or authority is authorized shall 65 66 be entitled to a hearing on the action denying the license, 67 certificate, registration or authority. Hearings under this subsection shall be in accordance with the provi-68 sions for hearings which are set forth in this section. 69

(f) A stenographic report of each proceeding on the
denial, suspension or revocation of a certificate, license,
registration or authority shall be made at the expense of
the board and a transcript thereof retained in its files.
The board shall make a written report of its findings,
which shall constitute part of the record.

(g) All proceedings under the provisions of this sectionare subject to review by the supreme court of appeals.

#### §30-1-10. Disposition of money; fines; legislative audit.

1 (a) The secretary of every board referred to in this 2 chapter shall receive and account for all money which it 3 derives pursuant to the provisions of this chapter which 4 are applicable to it. With the exception of money received as fines, each board shall pay all money which 5 is collected into a separate special fund of the state 6 7 treasury which has been established for each board. This money shall be used exclusively by each board for 8 9 purposes of administration and enforcement of its duties pursuant to this chapter. Any money received as fines 10

shall be deposited into the general revenue fund of the state treasury. When the special fund of any board accumulates to an amount which exceeds twice the annual budget of the board or ten thousand dollars, whichever is greater, the excess amount shall be transferred by the state treasurer to the state general revenue fund.

(b) Every licensing board which is authorized by theprovisions of this chapter shall be subject to audit by theoffice of the legislative auditor.

#### §30-1-11. Compensation of members; expenses.

1 Each member of every board which is referred to in 2 this chapter shall receive compensation and expense 3 reimbursement which shall not exceed the amount paid 4 to members of the Legislature for their interim duties as 5 recommended by the citizens legislative compensation 6 commission and authorized by law for each day or 7 portion thereof engaged in the discharge of official 8 duties.

#### §30-1-12. Record of proceedings; register of applicants; certified copies of records prima facie evidence; report to governor and Legislature.

(a) The secretary of every board shall keep a record of 1 2 its proceedings and a register of all applicants for license 3 or registration, showing for each the date of his or her 4 application, his or her name, age, educational and other 5 qualifications, place of residence, whether an examina-6 tion was required, whether the applicant was rejected or 7 a certificate of license or registration granted, the date 8 of this action, the license or registration number, all renewals of the license or registration, if required, and 9 10 any suspension or revocation thereof. The books and 11 register of the board shall be open to public inspection at 12all reasonable times, and the books and register, or a 13 copy of any part thereof, certified by the secretary and 14 attested by the seal of the board, shall be prima facie evidence of all matters recorded therein. 15

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16 (b) On or before the first day of January of each year in 17 which the Legislature meets in regular session, the board 18 shall submit to the governor and to the Legislature a 19 report of its transactions for the preceding two years, an 20 itemized statement of its receipts and disbursements for that period, a full list of the names of all persons licensed 21 22 or registered by it during that period, statistical reports 23by county of practice, by specialty if appropriate to the 24 particular profession, and a list of any complaints which  $\mathbf{25}$ were filed against persons licensed by the board, includ-26 ing any action taken by the board regarding those 27 complaints. The report shall be certified by the president and the secretary of the board, and a copy of the  $\mathbf{28}$ report shall be filed with the secretary of state. 29

#### ARTICLE 2. ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

#### §30-2-5a. Legal corporations.

1 (a) One or more individuals, each of whom is licensed 2 to practice law within this state, may organize and 3 become a shareholder or shareholders of a legal corpora-4 tion. Individuals who may be practicing law as an organization created otherwise than pursuant to the 5 6 provisions of this section may incorporate under and 7 pursuant to this section. This section is not intended to amend the statutory or common law as it relates to 8 9 associations or partnerships, except to allow partner-10 ships of lawyers to organize as a legal corporation.

11 (b) A legal corporation may render professional service 12 only through officers, employees and agents who are 13 themselves duly licensed to render legal service within this state. The term "employee" or "agent" as used in 14 this section does not include secretaries, clerks, typists, 15 16 paralegal personnel or other individuals who are not 17 usually and ordinarily considered by custom and prac-18 tice to be rendering legal services for which a license is required. 19

(c) This section does not modify the law as it relates to
the relationship between a person furnishing legal
services and his client, nor does it modify the law as it

relates to liability arising out of such a professional
service relationship. Except for permitting legal corporations, this section is not intended to modify any legal
requirement or court rule relating to ethical standards of
conduct required of persons providing legal service.

28 (d) A legal corporation may issue its capital stock only29 to persons who are duly licensed attorneys.

(e) When not inconsistent with this section, the organization and procedures of legal corporations shall conform to the requirements of article one, chapter thirtyone of this code.

34 (f) The West Virginia state bar may require that 35 lawyers under its licensing authority must obtain its 36 prior authorization before beginning to act as a legal corporation and may require a fee of not more than fifty 37 38 dollars for each application for authorization to form a 39 legal corporation. The state bar may adopt rules: (1) To set reasonable standards for granting or refusing prior 40 41 approval; (2) to require appropriate information therefor 42 from a legal corporation applicant; and (3) to notify the 43 secretary of state that certain persons have been given 44 authorization by the state bar to form a legal corpora-45 tion.

46 (g) Upon notification by the West Virginia state bar of 47 its approval, the secretary of state, upon compliance by the incorporators with this section and the applicable 48 49 provisions of chapter thirty-one of this code, may issue 50 to the incorporators a certificate of incorporation for the 51 legal corporation which then may engage in practice 52through duly licensed or otherwise legally authorized stockholders, employees and agents. 53

(h) A shareholder of a legal corporation may sell or
transfer his or her shares of stock in such corporation
only to another individual who is duly licensed to
practice law in this state or back to the corporation.
However, a fiduciary representative of the estate of a
lawyer may hold the stock or interest of the lawyer for a

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60 reasonable time during the administration of the estate.

61 (i) The corporate name of a legal corporation shall 62contain the last name or names of one or more of its shareholders. If the rules of the state bar so permit, the 63 corporate name may contain or include the name or 64 65 names of former shareholders or of persons who were associated with a predecessor partnership or other 66 organization. The corporate name shall also contain the 67 words "legal corporation" or the abbreviation "L.C." 68 The use of the word "company", "corporation" or 69 "incorporated" or any other words or abbreviations in 70the name of a corporation organized under this article 71 which indicates that such corporation is a corporation, 72 other than the words "legal corporation" or the abbrevi-73 ation "L.C.", is specifically prohibited. 74

That Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

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Chairman Senate Committee

Chairman House Committee

Originated in the Senate. In effect ninety days from passage

Clerk of the Senate

12 of the House of Delegates. Clerk,

President of the Senate

Speaker House of Delegates

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PRESENTED TO THE  $\begin{array}{c} \text{GOVERNOR} \\ \text{Date} \quad \underline{3/28/96} \\ \text{Time} \quad \underline{9:38am} \end{array}$