WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

REGULAR SESSION, 1997

ENROLLED

HOUSE BILL No. 2194

(By Delegate 5	Staton, Amores and Fleischauer)
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Passed	April 11,	1997
In Effect	Ninety Days From	Passage
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H. B. 2194

(BY DELEGATES STATON, AMORES AND FLEISCHAUER)

[Passed April 11, 1997; in effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section ten, article four, chapter fifty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to procedures that must be followed before default judgment against a person in active military service of the United States may be rendered in magistrate court.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section ten, article four, chapter fifty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 4. PROCEDURE BEFORE TRIAL.

§50-4-10. Default judgment; confession of judgment.

- 1 (a) If a defendant in a civil action fails to appear or otherwise notify the magistrate court within the time limits prescribed by section five of this article that he wishes to contest the action, the magistrate may render judgment as justice may require as follows:
- (1) The magistrate shall render judgment by default only upon affidavit or sworn testimony reflecting the nature of the claim, whether or not it is for a sum certain or for a sum which can by computation be made certain, the defendant's failure to appear or otherwise notify the court within the time limits prescribed by section five of this article that he wishes to contest the action and supporting the relief sought. In the event the plaintiff's claim is not for a sum certain or for a sum which can by

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- computation be made certain, the court shall require such further proof by affidavit or sworn testimony as is necessary to determine the propriety of the relief sought.
- 18 (2)(A) No judgment by default shall be rendered 19 against a person who is an infant, incompetent person or 20 incarcerated convict unless such person is represented in 21 the action by a guardian ad litem, guardian, committee, 22 curator or other like fiduciary.
 - (B) No judgment by default may be rendered against a person in active military service of the United States who has not made an appearance unless the provisions of 50 App. U.S.C. §520 have been followed, including the appointment of an attorney upon motion of a plaintiff.
- 28 (b) Upon motion made by the defendant within 29 twenty days after the date of such judgment, or, in the case 30 of a person in the military service, within the time 31 provided by 50 App. U.S.C. §520, the magistrate may, for 32 good cause shown, set aside the judgment and set the 33 matter for trial.
- 34 (c) If a defendant offers to confess judgment at any 35 time, the magistrate shall take the same in writing and 36 render judgment for the amount confessed plus costs. In 37 the event the amount claimed by the plaintiff exceeds the 38 amount confessed by the defendant the plaintiff may 39 request that the matter be set for trial. If the plaintiff's 40 recovery therein does not exceed the amount confessed, 41 costs shall be assessed against the plaintiff.

The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled. Chairman Senate Committee Chairman House Committee
Originating in the House.
Takes affect ninety days from passage. Clerk of the Senate Sugar in Sugar Su
The within Ls appended this the 5th day of

PRESENTED TO THE

GOVERNOR

Date 4/4/97

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