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**SECOND REGULAR SESSION, 1998** 

# ENROLLED

## House Bill No. 2605

(By Delegates Beach, Kelley, Cann and Amores)

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Passed March 14, 1998

In Effect Ninety Days from Passage

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#### COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

## H. B. 2605

(BY DELEGATES BEACH, KELLEY, CANN AND AMORES)

[Passed March 14, 1998; in effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to repeal section sixteen, article seven, chapter fifty-five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said chapter by adding thereto a new article, designated article seven-d, relating to liability for damages claimed for the consumption or use of donated food items or grocery products; legislative findings; definitions; limiting liability for persons, gleaners and nonprofit corporations under certain circumstances; exceptions.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section sixteen, article seven, chapter fifty-five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; and that said chapter be further amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article seven-d, to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 7D. GOOD SAMARITAN FOOD DONATION ACT.

#### §55-7D-1. Legislative findings.

- 1 The Legislature finds that wholesale and retail food
- 2 distributors, shipping terminals and other establishments
- 3 across the state are disposing of food that could be made

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4 available to those in need. However, many potential food donors are discouraged from donating this food because 5 of potential liability. The United States Congress has 6 recognized the need to encourage food distributors to 7 make otherwise disposed-of food products available to 8 those in need and has adopted Title 42 United States Code 9 § 1791 entitled the "Bill Emerson Good Samaritan Food 10 Donation Act." This federal law encourages state and 11 local governments to enact good samaritan or donor 12 13 liability limitation laws to encourage private cooperative 14 efforts to provide food for hungry people within their respective jurisdictions. The Legislature finds that this is a 15 worthy goal, and therefore it is appropriate for the state to 16 17 encourage participation in food donation programs by 18 providing a statutory framework to protect food donators 19 from liability for their good faith efforts.

#### §55-7D-2. Definitions.

1 As used in this section:

2 (a) "Apparently fit grocery product" means a 3 grocery product that meets all quality and labeling 4 standards imposed by federal, state and local laws and 5 regulations even though the product may not be readily 6 marketable due to appearance, age, freshness, grade, size, 7 surplus or other conditions.

8 (b) "Apparently wholesome food" means food that 9 meets all quality and labeling standards imposed by 10 federal, state and local laws and regulations even though 11 the food may not be readily marketable due to 12 appearance, age, freshness, grade, size, surplus or other 13 conditions.

14 (c) "Donate" means to give without requiring 15 anything of monetary value from the recipient, except that 16 the term includes donations by one nonprofit organization 17 to another nonprofit organization, notwithstanding that the 18 donor organization has charged a nominal fee to the 19 donee organization, if the ultimate recipient or user is not 20 required to give anything of monetary value.

21 (d) "Food" means any raw, cooked, processed or

prepared edible substance, ice, beverage or ingredient usedor intended for use, in whole or in part, for humanconsumption.

(e) "Gleaner" means a person who harvests a donated
agricultural crop for free distribution to the needy or for
donation to a nonprofit organization for ultimate
distribution to the needy.

(f) "Grocery product" means a nonfood grocery
product, including disposable paper or plastic products,
household cleaning supplies, laundry detergent or other
household item.

(g) "Gross negligence" means voluntary and
conscious conduct, including a failure to act, by a person
who, at the time of the conduct, knew that the conduct was
likely to be harmful to the health or well-being of another
person.

(h) "Intentional misconduct" means conduct by a
person with knowledge, at the time of the conduct, that the
conduct is harmful to the health or well-being of another
person.

42 (i) "Nonprofit organization" means an incorporated43 or unincorporated entity that:

44 (1) Is operating for religious, charitable or educational45 purposes; and

46 (2) Does not provide net earnings to or operate in any
47 other manner that inures to the benefit of, any officer,
48 employee or shareholder of the entity.

49 (j) "Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, organization, association or governmental 50 51 entity, including a retail grocer, wholesaler, hotel, motel, 52 manufacturer, restaurant, caterer, farmer, nonprofit food 53 distributor or hospital. In the case of a corporation, 54 partnership, organization, association or governmental 55 entity, the term includes an officer, director, partner, 56 deacon, trustee, council member or other elected or 57 appointed individual responsible for the governance of the 58 entity.

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# §55-7D-3. Limiting liability of persons or corporations who donate food or grocery products; exceptions.

1 (a) A person or gleaner is not subject to civil liability 2 or criminal liability arising from the nature, age, packaging or condition of apparently wholesome food or 3 4 an apparently fit grocery product which the person or 5 gleaner donates in good faith to a nonprofit organization for ultimate distribution without profit or gain to needy 6 7 individuals: *Provided*. That this limitation on liability 8 does not apply to an injury to or the death of an ultimate 9 user or recipient of the food or grocery product which 10 results from an act or omission of the person or gleaner 11 which constitutes gross negligence or intentional 12 misconduct.

13 (b) A nonprofit organization is not subject to civil liability or criminal liability arising from the nature, age, 14 packaging or condition of apparently wholesome food or 15 16 an apparently fit grocery product which the nonprofit organization received as a donation in good faith from a 17 18 person or gleaner for ultimate distribution without profit 19 or gain to needy individuals: *Provided*. That this 2.0 limitation on liability does not apply to an injury to or the 21 death of an ultimate user or recipient of the food or 22 grocery product which results from an act or omission of 23 the nonprofit organization which constitutes gross 24 negligence or intentional misconduct.

#### §55-7D-4. Limitation of liability for landowners or occupiers who allow collection or gleaning of donations; exceptions.

1 Any person who is a landowner or occupier and who 2 allows the collection or gleaning of donations on his or 3 her property by gleaners or representatives of a nonprofit 4 organization, whether paid or unpaid, for ultimate 5 donation without profit or gain to needy individuals is not 6 subject to civil liability or criminal liability that arises due 7 to the injury or death of the gleaner or representative 8 while engaged in collecting or gleaning on the property: 9 *Provided*, That this limitation on liability does not apply 10 to an injury or death that results from an act or omission 11 of the landowner or occupier which constitutes gross 12 negligence or intentional misconduct.

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#### §55-7D-5. Construction.

- 1 Nothing in this article shall be construed to supersede
- 2 state or local health regulations, nor to restrict the state
- 3 department of health or any county or municipal health
- 4 officer to regulate, inspect or ban the use of any donated
- 5 food for human consumption.



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The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

Chairman Senate Committee Chairman House Committee

Originating in the House.

Takes effect ninety days from passage. <u>o Ul</u>k

Clerk of the Senate

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Speaker of the House of Delegates

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