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WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

SECOND REGULAR SESSION, 1998

ENROLLED

House Bill No. 2800

(Dy Delegates Beach, Kellev. Prunty, Heuk, Riggs, Doggs and Zvans)

Passed March 10, 1998

In Effect Ninety Days from Passage



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H. B. 2800

(By Delegates Beach, Kelley, Prunty, Heck, Riggs, Boggs and Evans)

[Passed March 10, 1998; in effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to amend chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article eleven-c, relating to the southern dairy compact; declaring purpose, policy and findings; creating definitions; establishing a commission to implement and enforce the compact; setting forth voting requirements for compact pricing orders; establishing commission administrative powers including the right to borrow, acquisition of real and/or personal property, investigatory powers; permitting rulemaking powers; providing for milk pricing orders; authorizing the examination of books and records of regulated persons; establishing criminal penalty for disclosure of confidential information not to exceed fine of \$1000 and/or confinement of one year; providing for subpoena powers; establishing civil penalties for violation of commission orders; financing the commission by assessment of milk handlers; establishing judicial enforcement jurisdiction with respective states or federal district; setting forth accounting procedures; providing for the enactment of compact effective only after approval by three regional states and U. S. Congress; providing for withdrawal from compact; permitting the commissioner of agriculture to administer compact for West Virginia; and authorizing the commissioner of agriculture to appoint state delegation.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article eleven-c, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 11C. SOUTHERN DAIRY COMPACT.

§19-11C-1. Enactment of compact.

- 1 The southern dairy compact is hereby entered into on
- 2 behalf of the state of West Virginia. The southern dairy
- 3 compact shall become effective when enacted into law by
- 4 a majority of the states within the compact group of states
- and when the consent of Congress has been obtained. The
- 6 full text of the southern dairy compact is as follows:

SOUTHERN DAIRY COMPACT

ARTICLE I. STATEMENT OF PURPOSE, FINDINGS AND DECLARATION OF POLICY.

§1. STATEMENT OF PURPOSE, FINDINGS AND DECLARATION OF POLICY.

- The purpose of this compact is to recognize the
- interstate character of the southern dairy industry and the
 prerogative of the states under the United States
- 4 Constitution to form an interstate commission for the
- 5 southern region. The mission of the commission is to take
- 6 such steps as are necessary to assure the continued
- 7 viability of dairy farming in the south, and to assure
- 8 consumers of an adequate, local supply of pure and
- Wholesome milk.
- The participating states find and declare that the dairy industry is an essential agricultural activity of the south.
- Dairy farms, and associated suppliers, marketers,
- processors and retailers, are an integral component of the
- region's economy. Their ability to provide a stable, local
- 15 supply of pure, wholesome milk is a matter of great
- 16 importance to the health and welfare of the region.
- 17 The participating states further find that dairy farms
- 18 are essential and they are an integral part of the region's

19 rural communities. The farms preserve land for 20 agricultural purposes and provide needed economic 21 stimuli for rural communities.

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By entering into this compact, the participating states affirm that their ability to regulate the price which southern dairy farmers receive for their product is essential to the public interest. Assurance of a fair and equitable price for dairy farmers ensures their ability to provide milk to the market and the vitality of the southern dairy industry, with all the associated benefits.

Recent, dramatic price fluctuations, with a pronounced downward trend, threaten the viability and stability of the southern dairy region. Historically, individual state regulatory action had been an effective emergency remedy available to farmers confronting a distressed market. The federal order system, implemented by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, establishes only minimum prices paid to producers for raw milk, without preempting the power of states to regulate milk prices above the minimum levels so established.

In today's regional dairy marketplace, cooperative, rather than individual state action is needed to more effectively address the market disarray. Under our constitutional system, properly authorized states acting cooperatively may exercise more power to regulate interstate commerce than they may assert individually without such authority. For this reason, the participating states invoke their authority to act in common agreement, with the consent of Congress, under the compact clause of the Constitution.

In establishing their constitutional regulatory authority over the region's fluid milk market by this compact, the participating states declare their purpose that this compact neither displace the federal order system nor encourage the merging of federal orders. Specific provisions of the compact itself set forth this basic principle.

Designed as a flexible mechanism able to adjust to changes in a regulated marketplace, the compact also contains a contingency provision should the federal order

- 58 system be discontinued. In that event, the interstate
- 59 commission is authorized to regulate the marketplace in
- 60 replacement of the order system. This contingent
- authority does not anticipate such a change, however, and
- 62 should not be so construed. It is only provided should
- 63 developments in the market other than establishment of
- 64 this compact result in discontinuance of the order system.

ARTICLE II. DEFINITIONS AND RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.

§2. DEFINITIONS.

- For the purposes of this compact, and of any supplemental or concurring legislation enacted pursuant thereto, except as may be otherwise required by the context:
- 5 (a) "Class I milk" means milk disposed of in fluid 6 form or as a fluid milk product, subject to further 7 definition in accordance with the principles expressed in 8 subdivision (b) of section three.
- 9 (b) "Commission" means the Southern Dairy 10 Compact Commission established by this compact.
- 11 (c) "Commission marketing order" means
- regulations adopted by the commission pursuant to sections nine and ten of this compact in place of a
- 14 terminated federal marketing order or state dairy
- 15 regulation. Such order may apply throughout the region
- 16 or in any part or parts thereof as defined in the regulations
- 17 of the commission. Such order may establish minimum
- 18 prices for any or all classes of milk.
- 19 (d) "Compact" means this interstate compact.
- 20 (e) "Compact over-order price" means a minimum
- 21 price required to be paid to producers for Class I milk
- 22 established by the commission in regulations adopted
- 23 pursuant to sections nine and ten of this compact, which is
- 24 above the price established in federal marketing orders or
- 25 by state farm price regulation in the regulated area. Such
- 26 price may apply throughout the region or in any part or
- 27 parts thereof as defined in the regulations of the
- 28 commission.

- 29 (f) "Milk" means the lacteal secretion of cows and 30 includes all skim, butterfat, or other constituents obtained 31 from separation or any other process. The term is used in 32 its broadest sense and may be further defined by the commission for regulatory purposes.
- (g) "Partially regulated plant" means a milk plant not
 located in a regulated area but having Class I distribution
 within such area. Commission regulations may exempt
 plants having such distribution or receipts in amounts less
 than the limits defined therein.
- 39 (h) "Participating state" means a state which has 40 become a party to this compact by the enactment of 41 concurring legislation.
- 42 (i) "Pool plant" means any milk plant located in a 43 regulated area.
- 44 (j) "Region" means the territorial limits of the states 45 which are parties to this compact.
- 46 (k) "Regulated area" means any area within the 47 region governed by and defined in regulations 48 establishing a compact over-order price or commission 49 marketing order.
- 50 (1) "State dairy regulation" means any state 51 regulation of dairy prices, and associated assessments, 52 whether by statute, marketing order or otherwise.

§3. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.

- 1 (a) This compact shall not be construed to displace
 2 existing federal milk marketing orders or state dairy
 3 regulation in the region but to supplement them. In the
 4 event some or all federal orders in the region are
 5 discontinued, the compact shall be construed to provide
 6 the commission the option to replace them with one or
 7 more commission marketing orders pursuant to this
 8 compact.
- 9 (b) This compact shall be construed liberally in order 10 to achieve the purposes and intent enunciated in section 11 one. It is the intent of this compact to establish a basic 12 structure by which the commission may achieve those

- 13 purposes through the application, adaptation and
- 14 development of the regulatory techniques historically
- associated with milk marketing and to afford the 15
- commission broad flexibility to devise regulatory 16
- mechanisms to achieve the purposes of this compact. In 17
- 18 accordance with this intent, the technical terms which are
- associated with market order regulation and which have 19
- 20 acquired commonly understood general meanings are not
- 21 defined herein but the commission may further define the
- terms used in this compact and develop additional 22
- 23 concepts and define additional terms as it may find
- 24 appropriate to achieve its purposes.

ARTICLE III. COMMISSION ESTABLISHED.

§4. COMMISSION ESTABLISHED.

- There is hereby created a commission to administer
- 2 the compact, composed of delegations from each state in
- The commission shall be known as the the region.
- Southern Dairy Compact Commission. A delegation shall
- include not less than three or more than five persons.
- Each delegation shall include at least one dairy farmer
- who is engaged in the production of milk at the time of
- appointment or reappointment, and one consumer
- representative. Delegation members shall be residents and
- 10 voters of, and subject to such confirmation process as is
- 11 provided for in, the appointing state. Delegation members
- shall serve no more than three consecutive terms with no 12
- 13 single term of more than four years, and be subject to
- 14 removal for cause. In all other respects, delegation
- 15 members shall serve in accordance with the laws of the
- 16
- state represented. The compensation, if any, of the 17 members of a state delegation shall be determined and
- 18 paid by each state, but their expenses shall be paid by the
- 19 commission.

§5. VOTING REQUIREMENTS.

- All actions taken by the commission, except for the
- establishment or termination of an over-order price or
- commission marketing order, and the adoption,
- amendment or rescission of the commission's bylaws,
- shall be by majority vote of the delegations present. Each

- 6 state delegation shall be entitled to one vote in the conduct
- of the commission's affairs. Establishment or termination
- 8 of an over-order price or commission marketing order
- 9 shall require at least a two-thirds vote of the delegations
- 10 present. The establishment of a regulated area which
- 11 covers all or part of a participating state shall require also
- 12 the affirmative vote of that state's delegation. A majority
- 13 of the delegations from the participating states shall
- 14 constitute a quorum for the conduct of the commission's
- 15 business.

§6. ADMINISTRATION AND MANAGEMENT.

- 1 (a) The commission shall elect annually from among 2 the members of the participating state delegations a chairperson, a vice-chairperson, and a treasurer. 3 commission shall appoint an executive director and fix his 4 5 or her duties and compensation. The executive director shall serve at the pleasure of the commission and, together 6 7 with the treasurer, shall be bonded in an amount determined by the commission. The commission may 8 9 establish through its bylaws an executive committee 10 composed of one member elected by each delegation.
- 11 (b) The commission shall adopt bylaws for the 12 conduct of its business by a two-thirds vote, and shall have the power by the same vote to amend and rescind these 13 14 The commission shall publish its bylaws in 15 convenient form with the appropriate agency or officer in 16 each of the participating states. The bylaws shall provide 17 for appropriate notice to the delegations of all commission 18 meetings and hearings and of the business to be transacted 19 at such meetings or hearings. Notice also shall be given to 20 other agencies or officers of participating states as 21 provided by the laws of those states.
- 22 (c) The commission shall file an annual report with 23 the Secretary of Agriculture of the United States, and with 24 each of the participating states by submitting copies to the 25 governor, both houses of the Legislature, and the head of 26 the state department having responsibilities for agriculture.

- (d) In addition to the powers and duties elsewhere 27 28 prescribed in this compact, the commission shall have the
- 29 power:
- (1) To sue and be sued in any state or federal court; 30
- 31 (2) To have a seal and alter the same at pleasure;
- 32 (3) To acquire, hold and dispose of real and personal
- property by gift, purchase, lease, license or other similar 33
- 34 manner, for its corporate purposes;
- 35 (4) To borrow money and to issue notes, to provide
- 36 for the rights of the holders thereof and to pledge the
- 37 revenue of the commission as security therefore, subject to
- 38 the provisions of section eighteen of this compact;
- 39 (5) To appoint such officers, agents and employees as
- 40 it may deem necessary, prescribe their powers, duties and
- 41 qualifications; and
- 42 (6) To create and abolish such offices, employments
- 43 and positions as it deems necessary for the purpose of the
- 44 compact and provide for the removal, term, tenure,
- 45 compensation, fringe benefits, pension and retirement
- 46
- rights of its officers and employees. The commission may
- 47 also retain personal services on a contract basis.

§7. RULEMAKING POWER.

- In addition to the power to promulgate a compact
- over-order price or commission marketing orders as
- provided by this compact, the commission is further
- empowered to make and enforce such additional rules and
- 5 regulations as it deems necessary to implement any
- 6 provisions of this compact, or to effectuate in any other
- respect the purpose of this compact.

ARTICLE IV. POWERS OF THE COMMISSION.

POWERS TO PROMOTE REGULATORY UNIFOR-**§8.** MITY, SIMPLICITY AND INTERSTATE COOP-ERATION.

1 The commission is hereby empowered to:

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- (a) Investigate or provide for investigations or research projects designed to review the existing laws and regulations of the participating states, to consider their administration and costs, to measure their impact on the production and marketing of milk and their effects on the shipment of milk and milk products within the region.
- (b) Study and recommend to the participating states joint or cooperative programs for the administration of the dairy marketing laws and regulations and to prepare estimates of cost savings and benefits of such programs.
- (c) Encourage the harmonious relationships between the various elements in the industry for the solution of their material problems. Conduct symposia or conferences designed to improve industry relations, or a better understanding of problems.
- 17 (d) Prepare and release periodic reports on activities 18 and results of the commission's efforts to the participating 19 states.
 - (e) Review the existing marketing system for milk and milk products and recommend changes in the existing structure for assembly and distribution of milk which may assist, improve or promote more efficient assembly and distribution of milk.
- 25 (f) Investigate costs and charges for producing, 26 hauling, handling, processing, distributing, selling and for 27 all other services performed with respect to milk.
- 28 (g) Examine current economic forces affecting 29 producers, probable trends in production and 30 consumption, the level of dairy farm prices in relation to 31 costs, the financial conditions of dairy farmers and the 32 need for an emergency order to relieve critical conditions 33 on dairy farms.

§9. EQUITABLE FARM PRICES.

1 (a) The powers granted in this section and section ten 2 shall apply only to the establishment of a compact over-3 order price, so long as federal milk marketing orders 4 remain in effect in the region. In the event that any or all

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- 5 such orders are terminated, this article shall authorize the 6 commission to establish one or more commission 7 marketing orders, as herein provided, in the region or 8 parts thereof as defined in the order.
- 9 (b) A compact over-order price established pursuant to this section shall apply only to Class I milk. Such 10 compact over-order price shall not exceed one dollar and 11 fifty cents per gallon at Atlanta, GA; however, this 12 13 compact over-order price shall be adjusted upward or 14 downward at other locations in the region to reflect differences in minimum federal order prices. Beginning 15 16 in one thousand nine hundred ninety, and using that year 17 as a base, the foregoing one dollar fifty cents per gallon 18 maximum shall be adjusted annually by the rate of change in the Consumer Price Index as reported by the Bureau of 19 20 Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor. 21 For purposes of the pooling and equalization of an over-22 order price, the value of milk used in other use 23 classifications shall be calculated at the appropriate class 24 price established pursuant to the applicable federal order 25 or state dairy regulation and the value of unregulated milk 26 shall be calculated in relation to the nearest prevailing 27 class price in accordance with and subject to such 28 adjustments as the commission may prescribe in 29 regulations.
 - (c) A commission marketing order shall apply to all classes and uses of milk.
 - (d) The commission is hereby empowered to establish a compact over-order price for milk to be paid by pool plants and partially regulated plants. The commission is also empowered to establish a compact over-order price to be paid by all other handlers receiving milk from producers located in a regulated area. This price shall be established either as a compact over-order price or by one or more commission marketing orders. Whenever such a price has been established by either type of regulation, the legal obligation to pay such price shall be determined solely by the terms and purposes of the regulation without regard to the status of the transfer of title, possession or any other factors not related to the purposes of the

45 regulation and this compact. Producer-handlers as 46 defined in an applicable federal market order shall not be subject to a compact over-order price. The commission 47 48 shall provide for similar treatment of producer-handlers 49 under commission marketing orders.

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- (e) In determining the price, the commission shall consider the balance between production consumption of milk and milk products in the regulated area, the costs of production including, but not limited to, the price of feed, the cost of labor including the reasonable value of the producer's own labor and management, machinery expense, and interest expense, the prevailing price for milk outside the regulated area, the purchasing power of the public and the price necessary to yield a reasonable return to the producer and distributor.
 - (f) When establishing a compact over-order price, the commission shall take such other action as is necessary and feasible to help ensure that the over-order price does not cause or compensate producers so as to generate local production of milk in excess of those quantities necessary to assure consumers of an adequate supply for fluid purposes.
- (g) The commission shall whenever possible enter into agreements with the state or federal agencies for exchange of information or services for the purpose of reducing 70 regulatory burden and cost of administering the compact. 71 The commission may reimburse other agencies for the reasonable cost of providing these services.

§10. OPTIONAL PROVISIONS FOR PRICING ORDER.

- Regulations establishing a compact over-order price or a commission marketing order may contain, but shall not be limited to, any of the following:
- (1) Provisions classifying milk in accordance with the form in which or purpose for which it is used, or creating a fault pricing program;
- (2) With respect to a commission marketing order only, provisions establishing or providing a method for establishing separate minimum prices for each use

- 10 classification prescribed by the commission, or a single 11 minimum price for milk purchased from producers or 12 associations of producers;
- 13 (3) With respect to an over-order minimum price 14 provisions establishing or providing a method for 15 establishing such minimum price for Class I milk;
- 16 (4) Provisions for establishing either an over-order price or a commission marketing order may make use of any reasonable method for establishing such price or prices including flat pricing and formula pricing. Provision may also be made for location adjustments, zone differentials and for competitive credits with respect to regulated handlers who market outside the regulated area.
 - (5) Provisions for the payment to all producers and associations of producers delivering milk to all handlers of uniform prices for all milk so delivered, irrespective of the uses made of such milk by the individual handler to whom it is delivered, or for the payment of producers delivering milk to the same handler or uniform prices for all milk delivered by them.
 - (a) With respect to regulations establishing a compact over-order price, the commission may establish one equalization pool within the regulated area for the sole purpose of equalizing returns to producers throughout the regulated area.
 - (b) With respect to any commission marketing order, as defined in section two, subdivision nine, which replaces one or more terminated federal orders or state dairy regulation, the marketing area of now separate state or federal orders shall not be merged without its delegation, which is partly or wholly included within any such new marketing area.
- 42 (6) Provisions requiring persons who bring Class I
 43 milk into the regulated area to make compensatory
 44 payments with respect to all such milk to the extent
 45 necessary to equalize the cost of milk purchased by
 46 handlers subject to a compact over-order price or
 47 commission marketing order. No such provisions shall

- discriminate against milk producers outside the regulated 48
- 49 The provisions for compensatory payments may
- 50 require to be paid for such milk in the state of production
- by a federal milk marketing order or state dairy regulation 51
- and the Class I price established by the compact over-52
- 53 order price or commission marketing order.
- 54 (7) Provisions specially governing the pricing and 55 pooling of milk handled by partially required plants.
- 56 (8) Provisions requiring that the account of any 57
- person regulated under the compact over-order price shall be adjusted for any payments made to or received by such 58
- 59 persons with respect to a producer settlement fund of any
- 60 federal or state milk marketing order or other state dairy
- 61 regulation within the regulated area.
- 62 (9) Provisions requiring the payment by handlers of 63 an assessment to cover the costs of the administration and
- 64 enforcement of such order pursuant to Article VII, Section
- 65 18(a).
- 66 (10) Provisions for reimbursement to participants of
- the Women, Infants and Children Special Supplement 67
- 68 Food Program of the United States Child Nutrition Act of
- 69 1966.
- 70 (11) Other provisions and requirements as the
- 71 commission may find are necessary or appropriate to
- 72 effectuate the purposes of this compact and to provide for
- 73 the payment of fair and equitable minimum prices to
- 74 producers.

ARTICLE V. RULE-MAKING PROCEDURE.

§11. RULE-MAKING PROCEDURE.

- 1 Before promulgation of any regulations establishing a
- 2 compact over-order price or commission marketing order,
- 3 including any provision with respect to milk supply under
- 4 subsection 9(f), or amendment thereof, as provided in
- 5 Article IV, the commission shall conduct an informal rule-
- 6 making proceeding to provide interested persons with an
- 7 opportunity to present data and views. Such rule-making proceeding shall be governed by section four of the

- Federal Administrative Procedure Act. as amended (5)
- U.S.C. §553). In addition, the commission shall, to the 10
- extent practicable, publish notice of rule-making 11
- proceedings in the official register of each participating 12
- 13 state. Before the initial adoption of regulations
- 14 establishing a compact over-order price or a commission
- 15 marketing order and thereafter before any amendment
- 16 with regard to prices or assessments, the commission shall
- 17 hold a public hearing. The commission may commence a
- 18 rule-making proceeding on its own initiative or may in its
- 19 sole discretion act upon the petition of any person
- 20 including individual milk producers, any organization of
- 21 milk producers or handlers, general farm organizations,
- 22 consumer or public interest groups, and local, state or
- 23 federal officials.

§12. FINDINGS AND REFERENDUM.

- 1 (a) In addition to the concise general statement of 2 basis and purpose required by section 4(b) of the Federal
- 3 Administrative Procedure Act, as amended (5 U.S.C.
- 4
- §553(c)), the commission shall make findings of fact with 5 respect to:
- 6 (1) Whether the public interest will be served by the 7 establishment of minimum milk prices to dairy farmers 8
- 9 (2) What level or prices will assure that producers 10 receive a price sufficient to cover their costs of production 11 and will elicit an adequate supply of milk for the
- 12 inhabitants of the regulated area and for manufacturing
- 13 purposes;
- 14 (3) Whether the major provisions of the order, other
- 15 than those fixing minimum milk prices, are in the public
- 16 interest and are reasonably designed to achieve the
- 17 purposes of the order;

under Article IV:

- 18 (4) Whether the terms of the proposed regional order
- 19 or amendment are approved by producers as provided in
- 20 section thirteen.

§13. PRODUCER REFERENDUM.

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- (a) For the purpose of ascertaining whether the issuance or amendment of regulations establishing a 3 compact over-order price or a commission marketing order, including any provision with respect to milk supply 4 5 under subsection 9(f), is approved by producers, the commission shall conduct a referendum among The referendum shall be held in a timely producers. 8 manner, as determined by regulation of the commission. 9 The terms and conditions of the proposed order or amendment shall be described by the commission in the 10 11 ballot used in the conduct of the referendum, but the 12 nature, content, or extent of such description shall not be a 13 basis for attacking the legality of the order or any action 14 relating thereto.
 - (b) An order or amendment shall be deemed approved by producers if the commission determines that it is approved by at least two thirds of the voting producers who, during a representative period determined by the commission, have been engaged in the production of milk the price of which would be regulated under the proposed order of amendment.
- 2.2 (c) For purposes of any referendum, the commission 23 shall consider the approval or disapproval by any 24 cooperative association of producers, qualified under the 25 provisions of the Act of Congress of February 18, 1922, as 26 amended, known as the Capper-Volstead Act, bona fide 27 engaged in marketing milk, or in rendering services for 28 or advancing the interests of producers of such 29 commodity as the approval or disapproval of the 30 producers who are members or stockholders in, or under 31 contract with, such cooperative association of producers, 32 except as provided in subdivision (1) hereof and subject to 33 the provision of subdivisions (2) through (5) hereof.
 - (1) No cooperative which has been formed to act as a common marketing agency for both cooperatives and individual producers shall be qualified to block vote for either.
- 38 (2) Any cooperative which is qualified to block vote 39 shall, before submitting its approval or disapproval in any 40 referendum, give prior written notice to each of its

- 41 members as to whether and how it intends to cast its vote.
- 42 The notice shall be given in a timely manner as
- 43 established, and in the form prescribed, by the
- 44 commission.

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- 45 (3) Any producer may obtain a ballot from the commission in order to register approval or disapproval of the proposed order.
- 48 (4) A producer who is a member of a cooperative 49 which has provided notice of its intent to approve or not to 50 approve a proposed order, and who obtains a ballot and 51 with such ballot expresses his approval or disapproval of 52 the proposed order, shall notify the commission as to the name of the cooperative of which he or she is a member, 53 54 and the commission shall remove such producer's name 55 from the list certified by such cooperative with its 56 corporate vote.
 - (5) In order to insure that all milk producers are informed regarding a proposed order, the commission shall notify all milk producers that an order is being considered and that each producer may register his approval or disapproval with the commission either directly or through his or her cooperative.

§14. TERMINATION OF OVER-ORDER PRICE OR MARKETING ORDER.

- (a) The commission shall terminate any regulations establishing an over-order price or commission marketing order issued under this article whenever it finds that such order or price obstructs or does not tend to effectuate the declared policy of this compact.
- (b) The commission shall terminate any regulations establishing an over-order price or a commission marketing order issued under this article whenever it finds that such termination is favored by a majority of the producers who, during a representative period determined by the commission, have been engaged in the production of milk the price of which is regulated by such order; but such termination shall be effective only if announced on

- or before such date as may be specified in such marketing agreement or order.
- 16 (c) The termination or suspension of any order or 17 provision thereof, shall not be considered an order within
- 18 the meaning of this article and shall require no hearing,
- but shall comply with the requirements for informal rule-
- 20 making prescribed by section four of the Federal
- 21 Administrative Procedure Act, as amended (5 U.S.C.
- 22 §553).

violated by such person.

ARTICLE VI. ENFORCEMENT.

§15. RECORDS, REPORTS, ACCESS TO PREMISES.

- 1 (a) The commission may by rule and regulation
 2 prescribe recordkeeping and reporting requirements for
 3 all regulated persons. For purposes of the administration
 4 and enforcement of this compact, the commission is
 5 authorized to examine the books and records of any
 6 regulated person relating to his or her milk business and
 7 for that purpose, the commission's properly designated
 8 officers, employees or agents shall have full access during
 9 normal business hours to the premises and records of all
 10 regulated persons.
- 11 (b) Information furnished to or acquired by the 12 commission officers, employees or its agents pursuant to 13 this section shall be confidential and not subject to 14 disclosure except to the extent that the commission deems 15 disclosure to be necessary in any administrative or judicial 16 proceeding involving the administration or enforcement 17 of this compact, an over-order price, a compact marketing 18 order or other regulations of the commission. 19 commission may promulgate regulations further defining 20 the confidentiality of information pursuant to this section. Nothing in this section shall be deemed to prohibit: (i) 21 22 The issuance of general statements based upon the reports 23 of a number of handlers, which do not identify the 24 information furnished by any person; or (ii) the 25 publication by direction of the commission of the name of 26 any person violating any regulation of the commission. together with a statement of the particular provisions 27

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- 29 (c) No officer, employee or agent of the commission
- 30 shall intentionally disclose information, by inference or
- 31 otherwise, which is made confidential pursuant to this
- Any person violating the provisions of this 32
- section shall, upon conviction, be subject to a fine of not 33
- 34 more than \$1,000 or to imprisonment for not more than
- one year, or to both, and shall be removed from office. 35 36 The commission shall refer any allegation of a violation of
- 37 this section to the appropriate state enforcement authority
- 38 or United States Attorney.

§16. SUBPOENA, HEARINGS AND JUDICIAL REVIEW.

- (a) The commission is hereby authorized and empowered by its members and its properly designated officers to administer oaths and issue subpoenas throughout all signatory states to compel the attendance of witnesses and the giving of testimony and the production of other evidence.
- 7 (b) Any handler subject to an order may file a written petition with the commission stating that any such order or 8 9 any provision of any such order or any obligation imposed in connection therewith is not in accordance with 10 11 law and praying for a modification thereof or to be exempted therefrom. He shall thereupon be given an 12 13 opportunity for a hearing upon such petition, in 14 accordance with regulations made by the commission. 15 After such hearing, the commission shall make a ruling 16 upon the prayer of such petition which shall be final, if in 17 accordance with law.
- 18 (c) The district courts or the United States in any 19 district in which such handler is an inhabitant, or has his 20 principal place of business, are hereby vested with 21 jurisdiction to review such ruling, provided a complaint 22 for that purpose is filed within thirty days from the date of 23 the entry of such ruling. Service of process in such 24 proceedings may be had upon the commission by 25 delivering to it a copy of the complaint. If the court 26 determines that such ruling is not in accordance with law, 27 it shall remand such proceedings to the commission with 28 directions either: (1) To make such ruling as the court 29 shall determine to be in accordance with law, or (2) To

- 30 take such further proceedings as, in its opinion, the law
- 31 requires. The pendency of proceedings instituted
- 32 pursuant to this subdivision shall not impede, hinder or
- 33 delay the commission from obtaining relief pursuant to
- 34 section seventeen. Any proceedings brought pursuant to
- 35 section seventeen, except where brought by way of
- 36 counterclaim in proceedings instituted pursuant to this
- 37 section, shall abate whenever a final decree has been
- 38 rendered in proceedings between the same parties, and
- 39 covering the same subject matter, instituted pursuant to
- 40 this section.

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§17. ENFORCEMENT WITH RESPECT TO HANDLERS.

- (a) Any violation by a handler of the provisions of regulations establishing an over-order price or a commission marketing order, or other regulations adopted pursuant to this compact shall:
- (1) Constitute a violation of the laws of each of the signatory states. Such violation shall render the violator subject to a civil penalty in an amount as may be prescribed by the laws of each of the participating states, recoverable in any state or federal court of competent jurisdiction. Each day such violation continues shall constitute a separate violation;
- 12 (2) Constitute grounds for the revocation of license or 13 permit to engage in the milk business under the applicable 14 laws of the participating states.
- 15 (b) With respect to handlers, the commission shall 16 enforce the provision of this compact, regulations 17 establishing an over-order price, a commission marketing 18 order or other regulations adopted hereunder by:
- 19 (1) Commencing an action for legal or equitable relief 20 brought in the name of the commission in any state or 21 federal court of competent jurisdiction; or
- 22 (2) Referral to the state agency for enforcement by 23 judicial or administrative remedy with the agreement of 24 the appropriate state agency of a participating state.

- 25 (c) With respect to handlers, the commission may
- 26 bring an action for injunction to enforce the provisions of
- 27 this compact or the order or regulations adopted
- 28 thereunder without being compelled to allege or prove
- that an adequate remedy of law does not exist. 29

ARTICLE VII. FINANCE.

§18. FINANCE OF START-UP AND REGULAR COSTS.

- 1 (a) To provide for its start-up costs, the commission
 - 2 may borrow money pursuant to its general power under
 - section six, subdivision (d), paragraph four. In order to
 - finance the costs of administration and enforcement of
 - 5 this compact, including payback of start-up costs, the
 - commission is hereby empowered to collect an assessment
 - 7 from each handler who purchases milk from producers
 - 8 within the region. If imposed, this assessment shall be
 - 9 collected on a monthly basis for up to one year from the
 - date the commission convenes, in an amount not to exceed 10
 - 11 \$.015 per hundredweight of milk purchased from
 - 12 producers during the period of the assessment. The initial
 - 13 assessment may apply to the projected purchase of
 - 14 handlers for the two-month period following the date the 15 commission convenes. In addition, if regulations
 - 16 establishing an over-order price or a compact marketing

 - 17 order are adopted, they may include an assessment for the 18 specific purpose of their administration.
 - 19 regulations shall provide for establishment of a reserve for
- 20 the commissioner's ongoing operating expenses.
- 21 (b) The commission shall not pledge the credit of a
- 22 participating state or of the United States. Notes issued by
- 23 the commission and all other financial obligations
- 24 incurred by it, shall be its sole responsibility and no
- 25 participating state or the United States shall be liable
- 26 therefor.

§19. AUDIT AND ACCOUNTS.

- 1 (a) The commission shall keep accurate accounts of all
- receipts and disbursements, which shall be subject to the 2
- 3 audit and accounting procedures established under its 4 rules. In addition, all receipts and disbursements of funds

- 5 handled by the commission shall be audited yearly by a
- 6 qualified public accountant and the report of the audit
- 7 shall be included in and become part of the annual report
- 8 of the commissioner.
- 9 (b) The accounts of the commission shall be open at 10 any reasonable time for inspection by duly constituted 11 officers of the participating states and by any persons
- 12 authorized by the commission.
- 13 (c) Nothing contained in this article shall be construed
- 14 to prevent commission compliance with laws relating to
- 15 audit or inspection of accounts by or on behalf of any
- 16 participating state or of the United States.

ARTICLE VIII. ENTRY INTO FORCE; ADDITIONAL MEMBERS AND WITHDRAWAL.

§20. ENTRY INTO FORCE; ADDITIONAL MEMBERS.

- 1 The compact shall enter into force effective when
- 2 enacted into law by any three states of the group of states
- 3 composed of Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia,
- 4 Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North
- 5 Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas,
- 6 Virginia and West Virginia and when the consent of
- 7 Congress has been obtained.

§21. WITHDRAWAL FROM COMPACT.

- 1 Any participating state may withdraw from this
- 2 compact by enacting a statute repealing the same, but no 3 such withdrawal shall take effect until one year after notice
- such withdrawal shall take effect until one year after notice
- 4 in writing of the withdrawal is given to the commission 5 and the governors of all other participating states. No
- 6 withdrawal shall affect any liability already incurred by or
- 7 chargeable to a participating state prior to the time of such
- 8 withdrawal.

§22. SEVERABILITY.

- If any part or provision of this compact is adjudged
- 2 invalid by any court, such judgment shall be confined in
- 3 its operation to the part or provision directly involved in
- 4 the controversy in which such judgment shall have been 5 rendered and shall not affect or impair the validity of the

- 6 remainder of this compact. In the event Congress
- 7 consents to this compact subject to conditions, said
- 8 conditions shall not impair the validity of this compact
- 9 when said conditions are accepted by three or more
- 10 compacting states. A compacting state may accept the
- 11 conditions of Congress by implementation of this
- 12 compact.

§19-11C-2. Compact administrator.

- 1 The compact administrator of this state is the
- 2 commissioner of agriculture. The duties of the compact
- 3 administrator are deemed a regular part of the duties of
- 4 his office.

§19-11C-3. Appointment of delegation.

- 1 There shall be five delegates from this state to the
- 2 compact commission, and these delegates shall be
- 3 appointed by the commissioner of agriculture. At least
- 4 one of the delegates shall be a dairy farmer who is
- 5 engaged in the production of milk at the time of
- 6 appointment or reappointment, at least one delegate shall
- be a consumer representative, one delegate shall be a
- 8 processor, one delegate shall be a retailer representative
- 9 from a border county and one delegate at large. 10 Delegates shall serve for a term of four years. Vacancies
- in the state delegation will be filled in the same manner as
- 12 the appointment of delegates, and shall be for the term of
- 13 the position vacated.

§19-11C-4. Effective date.

- 1 This article shall become effective at such time as a
- 2 majority of the contiguous states have passed legislation
- 3 permitting that state to become a participating state and
- 4 the consent of Congress has been obtained.

The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.
Chairman Senate Committee
Chairman House Committee
Originating in the House.
Takes effect ninety days from passage.
Clerk of the Senate
Clerk of the House of Delegates Of Roy bombles President of the Senate
Speaker of the House of Delegates
this the 20th day of this the
Governor
® ©CCU ≥ 326-C

PRESENTED TO THE

GOVERNOR

Time 2: