RECEIVED) APR -5. PM 3: 50 FFICE C. RESS VIRGINIA SECRETARY OF STATE

WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

58653

REGULAR SESSION, 2000

ENROLLED SENATE BILL NO. <u>653</u> Originating in the Committee on Education)

March 19, 2000 PASSED <u>Jays from</u> Passage In Effect hinety

ENROLLED

Senate Bill No. 653

(Originating in the Committee on Education)

[Passed March 19, 2000; in effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to amend and recnact section forty-eight, article three, chapter five-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact section eleven, article three, chapter twelve of said code; to amend and reenact sections one-a, one-d, two, three and six, article one, chapter eighteen=b of said code; to amend said chapter by adding thereto five new articles, designated articlesone-a, one-b, one-c, two-a, and three-f; to amend and reenact section one, article two of said chapter; to amend and reenact section one, article three of said chapter; to amend and reenact articles three-a and three-c of said chapter; to amend and reenact section two, article four of said chapter; to amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight; to amend and reenact sections three and four, article five of said chapter; to amend and reenact section one, article six of said chapter; to amend said article by adding thereto four new sections, designated sections onea, two-a, three-a and four-a; to amend and reenact section

one, article seven of said chapter; to amend and reenact section two, article nine of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections one, two and eight, article ten of said chapter; and to amend article fourteen of said chapter by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections eight and nine, all relating to education; public education; postsecondary education; colleges, universities and community and technical colleges; rules; motor vehicle and travel rules; governance; administration; goals for post-secondary education; purposes; intents; findings; retirement and separation incentives; transfers; eliminating the pilot flexibility initiative; defined terms; compact with higher education; institutional compacts; peer institutions; legislative financing goals; financing; allocations, appropriations and expenditures; institutional operating budget; graduate education; contrary provisions; repealing inconsistent and obsolete sections; higher education policy commission; public policy agenda; appointments; composition of commission and boards; terms and qualifications of commission and board members; vacancies; eligibility for reappointment; oath of office; removal from office; meetings, expenses and compensation; powers and duties; chancellor for higher education; vice chancellors; institutional presidents and provosts; compensation; evaluation; transition year; accountability; report cards; statewide master plan; transition oversight and implementation; legislative oversight commission on education accountability; higher education interim governing board; board of trustees; board of directors; institutional boards of governors; supervision; capital investments and projects; joint commission for vocational-technical-occupational education; duties and responsibilities of the joint commission; essential conditions for community and technical colleges; responsibility districts and areas; programs; district consortia committees; process for achieving independently accredited community and technical colleges; increasing flexibility for community and technical colleges; shared facilities and resources; relationship between admin-

istratively linked community and technical colleges and sponsoring institutions; community and technical college services in the responsibility areas of Marshall university, West Virginia state college and West Virginia university institute of technology; implementation board; continuing services; West Virginia anatomical board; purchase and acquisition; institutional boards of advisors; state advisory council of faculty; state advisory council of students; state advisory council of classified employees; personnel and faculty; classified and nonclassified employees; seniority; classified employee salary schedule and classification systems; maximum percentage of nonclassified employees; enrollment; tuition and fees; higher education resource fee; revenue bonds; statewide task force on teacher quality; and statewide task force on student financial aid.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section forty-eight, article three, chapter five-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that section eleven, article three, chapter twelve of said code be amended and reenacted; that sections one-a, one-d, two, three and six, article one, chapter eighteen-b of said code be amended and reenacted; that said chapter be further amended by adding thereto five new articles, designated articles one-a, one-b, one-c, two-a, and three-f; that section one, article two of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section one, article three of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that articles three-a and three-c of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section two, article four of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight; that sections three and four, article five of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section one, article six of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto four new sections, designated sections one-a, two-a, three-a and four-a; that section one,

article seven of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section two, article nine of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections one, two and eight, article ten of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that article fourteen of said chapter be amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections eight and nine, all to read as follows:

CHAPTER 5A. DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION.

ARTICLE 3. PURCHASING DIVISION.

§5A-3-48. Travel rules; exceptions.

(a) The secretary of administration shall promulgate 1 2 rules relating to the ownership, purchase, use, storage, maintenance and repair of all motor vehicles and aircraft 3 4 owned by the state of West Virginia and in the possession of any department, institution or agency thereof: Pro-5 6 *vided*, That the provisions of sections forty-eight through 7 fifty-three, inclusive, of this article do not apply to the 8 division of highways of the department of transportation, 9 the West Virginia state police of the department of military affairs and public safety, the division of natural 10 resources, the division of forestry, the department of 11 12agriculture, the higher education policy commission and 13the higher education governing boards and their institutions: Provided, however, That the higher education 14 governing boards and their institutions shall report 15 16annually to the chancellor for higher education and the legislative oversight commission on education account-17 ability in a form and manner as required by the chancellor 18 19for higher education. Such report shall include at least the 20following: The number of vehicles purchased and the purchase price, the number of donated vehicles and the 2122cost of lease agreements on leased vehicles.

(b) If, in the judgment of the secretary of administration,
economy or convenience indicate the expediency thereof,
the secretary may require all vehicles and the aircraft

subject to regulation by this article, or those he or she may 26designate, to be kept in garages and other places of storage 27and to be made available in a manner and under the terms 28necessary for the official use of any departments, institu-29 tions, agencies, officers, agents and employees of the state 30 as designated by the secretary in rules promulgated 31 pursuant to this section. The secretary may administer the 32 33 travel regulations promulgated by the governor in accor-34 dance with section eleven, article three, chapter twelve of this code, unless otherwise determined by the governor. 35

CHAPTER 12. PUBLIC MONEYS AND SECURITIES.

ARTICLE 3. APPROPRIATIONS, EXPENDITURES AND DEDUCTIONS.

§12-3-11. Travel expenses; rules to be promulgated concerning same; dues to voluntary organizations; recruitment expenses for higher education policy commission and West Virginia higher education governing boards; moving expenses of employees of higher education policy commission and West Virginia higher education governing boards.

The governor shall promulgate rules and regulations 1 2 concerning out-of-state travel by state officials and 3 employees, except those in the legislative and judicial branches of the state government and except for the 4 attorney general, auditor, secretary of state, treasurer, 5 board of investments, commissioner of agriculture and 6 7 their employees, the higher education policy commission and the higher education governing boards and institu-8 tions under their jurisdiction. The Legislature, the su-9 preme court of appeals and the attorney general, auditor, 10 secretary of state, treasurer, board of investments, com-11 missioner of agriculture, the higher education policy 1213commission and the higher education governing boards 14 shall promulgate rules and regulations concerning out-of-

state travel for their respective branches and departments 15 of state government. Copies of such rules and regulations 16 shall be filed with the auditor and the secretary of state. 17 It shall be unlawful for the auditor to issue a warrant in 18 payment of any claim for out-of-state travel expenses 19 **2**0 incurred by a state officer or employee unless such claim 21 meets all the requirements of the rules and regulations so filed. 22

Payment for dues or membership in annual or other voluntary organizations shall be made from the proper item or appropriation after an itemized schedule of such organizations, together with the amount of such dues or membership, has been submitted to the budget director and approved by the governor.

It shall be lawful for the higher education policy commission or a higher education governing board to authorize the payment of traveling expenses incurred by any person invited to visit the campus of any state institution of higher education or any other facility under control of the board to be interviewed concerning his or her possible employment by the board or agent thereof.

It shall be lawful for the higher education policy com-36 mission or a higher education governing board to autho-37 rize payment of: (1) All or part of the reasonable expense 38 incurred by a person newly employed by the board in 39 40 moving his or her household furniture, effects and immediate family to his or her place of employment; and (2) all or 41 part of the reasonable expense incurred by an employee of 42 the board in moving his or her household furniture, effects 43 and immediate family as a result of a reassignment of the 44 45 employee which is considered desirable, advantageous to and in the best interest of the state: Provided, That no 46 part of the moving expenses of any one such employce 47 shall be paid more frequently than once in twelve months. **48**

CHAPTER 18B. HIGHER EDUCATION.

ARTICLE 1. GOVERNANCE.

§18B-1-1a. Goals for post-secondary education.

1 (a) Findings. - The Legislature finds that post-secondary education is vital to the future of West Virginia. For the 2 3 state to realize its considerable potential in the twenty-first century, it must have a system for the delivery 4 5 of post-secondary education which is competitive in the changing national and global environment, is affordable 6 7 within the fiscal constraints of the state and for the state's 8 residents to participate and has the capacity to deliver the programs and services necessary to meet regional and 9 10 statewide needs.

11 (1) West Virginia leads a national trend toward an aging population wherein a declining percentage of working-age 12adults will be expected to support a growing percentage of 13 rctirees. Public school enrollments statewide have dc-14 15 clined and will continue to do so for the foresceable future 16 with a few notable exceptions in growing areas of the 17state. As the state works to expand and diversify its economy, it is vitally important that young people entering 18 19 the workforce from our education systems have the 20 knowledge and skills to succeed in the economy of the twenty-first century. It is equally important, however, that 2122 working-age adults who are the large majority of the current and potential workforce also possess the requisite 23 knowledge and skills and the ability to continue learning 24 throughout their lifetimes. The reality for West Virginia 25 is that its future rests not only on how well its youth are 26 27educated, but also on how well it educates its entire 28 population of any age.

(2) Post-secondary education is changing throughout the
nation. Place-bound adults, employers and communities
are demanding education and student services that are

accessible at any time, at any place and at any pace. 32 33 Institutions are seizing the opportunity to provide academic content and support services on a global scale by 34 designing new courseware, increasing information 35 36 technology-based delivery, increasing access to library and 37 other information resources and developing new methods to assess student competency rather than "seat time" as 38 the basis (or recognizing learning, allocating resources and 39 40 ensuring accountability. In this changing environment, the state must take into account the continuing decline in 41 the public school-age population, the limits of its fiscal 42 resources and the imperative nced to serve the educational 43 44 needs of working-age adults. West Virginia cannot afford 45 to finance quality higher education systems that aspire to 46 offer a full array of programs while competing among themselves for a dwindling pool of traditional applicants. 47 4B The competitive position of the state and its institutions 49 will depend fundamentally on its capacity to reinforce the quality and differentiation of its institutions through 50 51 policies that encourage focus and collaboration.

52 (3) The current accountability system is exceptionally complicated and largely defines accountability in terms of 53 54 institutional procedures. It also is not well equipped to 55 address cross-cutting issues such as regional economic and 56 workforce development, community and technical college 57 services, collaboration with the public schools to improve quality and student participation rates, access to graduate 58 59 education and other broad issues of state interest. Severe fiscal constraints require West Virginia to make maximum 60 use of existing assets to meet new domands. New invest-61 62 ments must be targeted to those initiatives designed to 63 enhance and reorient existing capacity, provide incentives 64 for collaboration and focus on the new demands. It must have a single accountability point for developing, building 65 consensus around and sustaining attention to the public 66

policy agenda and for allocating resources consistent withthis policy agenda.

(4) The state should make the best use of the expertise
that private institutions of higher education can offer and
recognize the importance of their contributions to the
economic, social and cultural well-being of their communities.

(5) The system of public higher education should be open
and accessible to all persons, including persons with
disabilities and other persons with special needs.

(b) Compact with higher education. - In pursuance of
these findings, it is the intent of the Legislature to engage
higher education in a statewide compact for the future of
West Virginia, as provided in article one-a of this chapter,
that focuses on a public policy agenda that includes, but is
not limited to, the following:

83 (1) Diversifying and expanding the economy of the state;

(2) Increasing the competitiveness of the state's
workforce and the availability of professional expertise by
increasing the number of college degrees produced to the
level of the national average and significantly improving
the level of adult functional literacy; and

89 (3) Creating a system of higher education that is90 equipped to succeed at producing these results.

91 (c) Elements of the compact with higher education. - It
92 is the intent of the Legislature that the compact with
93 higher education include the following elements:

(1) A step-by-step process, as provided in articles one-b
and three-c of this chapter, which will enable the state to
achieve its public policy agenda through a system of
higher education equipped to assist in producing the
needed results. This process includes, but is not limited to,

99 separate institutional compacts with state institutions of
100 higher education that describe changes in institutional
101 missions in the areas of research, graduate education,
102 admission standards, community and technical college
103 education and geographical areas of responsibility to
104 accomplish the following:

(A) A capacity within higher education to conduct
research to enhance West Virginia in the eyes of the larger
economic and educational community and to provide a
basis for West Virginia's improved capacity to compete in
the new economy through research oriented to state needs;

(B) Access to stable and continuing graduate level
programs in every region of the state, particularly in
teachereducation related to teaching within a subject area
to improve teacher quality;

(C) Universities and colleges that have focused missions,
their own points of distinction and quality and strong
links with the educational, economic and social revitalization of their regions and the state of West Virginia;

(D) Greater access and capacity to deliver technical
education, workforce development and other higher
cducation services to place-bound adults thus improving
the general levels of post-secondary educational attainment and literacy;

123 (E) Independently accredited community and technical 124 colleges in every region of the state, to the extent possible, 125that: (i) Assess regional needs; (ii) ensure access to comprehensive community and technical college and workforce 126127development services within each of their respective 128 regions; (iii) convene and act as a catalyst for local action in collaboration with regional leaders, employers and 129other educational institutions; (iv) provide and, as neces-130 131 sary, broker educational services; (v) provide necessary 132 student services; (vi) fulfill such other aspects of the community and technical college mission and general
provisions for community and technical colleges as
provided for in article three-c of this chapter; and (vii)
make maximum use of existing infrastructure and resources within their regions to increase access, including,
but not limited to, vocational technical centers, schools,
libraries, industrial parks and work sites.

(2) Providing additional resources, subject to availability
and appropriation by the Legislature, as provided in
article one-a of this chapter, to make the state institutions
of higher education more competitive with their peers,
assist them in accomplishing the elements of the public
policy agenda and ensure the continuity of academic
programs and services to students.

(3) Establishing a process for the allocation of additional
resources which focuses on achieving the elements of the
public policy agenda and streamlines accountability for
the step-by-step progress toward achieving these elements
within a reasonable time frame as provided in article onea of this chapter.

(4) Providing additional flexibility to the state institutions of higher education by making permanent the
exceptions granted to higher education relating to travel
rules and vehicles pursuant to sections forty-eight through
fifty-three, inclusive, article three, chapter five-a of this
code and section eleven, article three, chapter twelve of
this code.

16 (5) Revising the higher education governance structure161 to make it more responsive to state and regional needs.

162 (c) General goals for post-secondary education. - In 163 pursuance of the findings and the development of institu-164 tional compacts with higher education for the future of 165 West Virginia pursuant to article one-a of this chapter, it 166 is the intent of the Legislature to establish general goals

167 for post-secondary education and to have the commission
168 report the progress toward achieving these goals in the
169 higher education report card required pursuant to section
170 eight, article one-b of this chapter and, where applicable,
171 made a part of the institutional compacts. The Legislature
172 establishes the general goals as follows:

(1) The overall focus of education is on a lifelong process
which is to be as seamless as possible at all levels and is to
encourage citizens of all ages to increase their knowledge
and skills. Efforts in pursuit of this goal include, but are
not limited to, the following:

178 (A) Collaboration, coordination and interaction between public and post-secondary education to: (i) Improve the 179 guality of public education, particularly with respect to 180 ensuring that the needs of public schools for teachers and 181 182administrators is met; (ii) inform public school students, 183 their parents and teachers of the academic preparation 184 that students need to be prepared adequately to succeed in their selected fields of study and career plans; and (iii) 185 improve instructional programs in the public schools so 186 that the students enrolling in post-secondary education are 187 188 adequately propared;

(B) Collaboration, coordination and interaction between 189 public and post-secondary education, the governor's 190 council on literacy and the governor's workforce invest-191 ment office to promote the effective and efficient utiliza-192 tion of workforce investment and other funds to: (i) 193 Provide greatly improved access to information and 194 195 services for individuals and employers on education and training programs, financial assistance, labor markets and 196 job placement; (ii) increase awareness among the state's 197 citizens of the opportunities available to them to improve 198 199 their basic literacy, workforce and post-secondary skills and credentials; and (iii) help improve their motivation to 200

take advantage of available opportunities by making thesystem more scamless and user friendly;

(C) Collaboration, coordination and interaction between
public and post-secondary education on the development
of seamless curriculum in technical preparation programs
of study between the secondary and post-secondary levels;
and

208 (D) Opportunities for advanced high school students to 209 obtain college credit prior to high school graduation.

(2) The number of degrees produced per capita by West
Virginia institutions of higher education is at the national
average. Efforts in pursuit of this goal include, but are not
limited to, the following:

(A) Collaboration, coordination and interaction between
public and post-secondary education, the governor's
council on literacy and the governor's workforce investment office to promote to individuals of all ages the
benefits of increased post-secondary educational attainment;

(B) Assistance in overcoming the financial barriers to
post-secondary education for both traditional and nontraditional students;

(C) An environment within post-secondary education
that is student-friendly and that encourages and assists
students in the completion of degree requirements within
a reasonable time frame. The environment also should
expand participation for the increasingly diverse student
population;

(D) A spirit of entrepreneurship and flexibility within
post-secondary education that is responsive to the needs of
the current workforce and other nontraditional students
for upgrading and retraining college-level skills; and

14

(E) The expanded use of technology for instructionaldelivery and distance learning.

235 (3) All West Virginians, whether traditional or nontraditional students, displaced workers or those currently 236 237 employed, have access to post-secondary educational 238 opportunities through their community and technical 239 colleges, colleges and universities which: (i) Are relevant 240 and affordable; (ii) allow them to gain transferrable credits 241 and associate or higher level degrees; (iii) provide quality 242 technical education and skill training; and (iv) are respon-243 sive to business, industry, labor and community needs.

(4) State institutions of higher education prepare
students to practice good citizenship and to compete in a
global economy in which good jobs require an advanced
level of education and skills which far surpasses former
requirements. Efforts in pursuit of this goal include, but
are not limited to, the following:

(A) The development of entrepreneurial skills through
programs such as the rural entrepreneurship through
action learning (REAL) program which include practical
experience in market analysis, business plan development
and operations;

(B) Elements of citizenship development are included
across the curriculum in core areas, including practical
applications such as community service, civic involvement
and participation in charitable organizations and in the
many opportunities for the responsible exercise of citizenship that higher education institutions provide;

261 (C) Students are provided opportunities for internships,
262 externships, work study and other methods to increase
263 their knowledge and skills through practical application
264 in a work environment;

(D) College graduates meet or exceed national and
international standards for skill levels in reading, or al and
written communications, mathematics, critical thinking,
science and technology, research and human relations;

(E) College graduates meet or exceed national and
international standards for performance in their fields
through national accreditation of programs and through
outcomes assessment of graduates; and

(F) Admission and exit standards for students, professional staff development, program assessment and evaluation and other incentives are used to improve teaching and
learning.

(5) State institutions of higher education exceed peer
institutions in other states in measures of institutional
productivity and administrative efficiency. Efforts in
pursuit of this goal include, but are not limited to:

(A) The establishment of systematic ongoing mechanisms
for each state institution of higher education to set goals,
to measure the extent to which those goals are met and to
use the results of quantitative evaluation processes to
improve institutional effectiveness;

(B) The combination and use of resources, technology
and faculty to their maximum potential in a way that
makes West Virginia higher education more productive
than its peer institutions in other states while maintaining
educational quality; and

(C) The use of systemic program review to determine
how much duplication is necessary to maintain geographic
access and to eliminate unnecessary duplication.

(6) Post-secondary education enhances state efforts todiversify and expand the economy of the state. Efforts in

296 pursuit of this goal include, but are not limited to, the 297 following:

16

(A) The focus of resources on programs and courses
which offer the greatest opportunities for students and the
greatest opportunity for job creation and retention in the
state;

302 (B) The focus of resources on programs supportive of
303 West Virginia employment opportunities and the emerging
304 high-technology industries;

305 (C) Closer linkages among higher education and busi306 ness, labor, government and community and economic
307 development organizations; and

30% (D) Clarification of institutional missions and shifting of
resources to programs which meet the current and future
workforce needs of the state.

311 (7) Faculty, staff and administrators are compensated on
312 a competitive level with peer institutions to attract and
313 keep quality personnel at state institutions of higher
314 education.

(8) The tuition and fee levels for in-state students are
competitive with those of peer institutions and the tuition
and fee levels for out-of-state students are set at a level
which at the least covers the full cost of instruction.

§18B-1-1d. Retirement and separation incentives.

(a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this code to
 the contrary, each state institution of higher education
 may include in its strategic plan, pursuant to section one-c
 of this article, policies that offer various incentives for
 voluntary, early or phased retirement of employees or
 voluntary separation from employment when necessary to
 implement programmatic changes effectively pursuant to
 the findings, directives, goals and objectives of this article:

9 Provided, That such incentives for voluntary, early or
10 phased retirement of employees or voluntary separation
11 from employment must be submitted by the governing
12 board to the legislative joint committee on pensions and
13 retirement and approved before such policies are adopted
14 as part of the institution's strategic plan.

(b) Effective the first day of July, two thousand one, each 15 state institution of higher education may implement, under 16 its institutional compact, created pursuant to section two, 17 article one-a of this chapter, policies that offer various 18 incentives for voluntary, early or phased retirement of 19 employees, or voluntary separation from employment, 2 when necessary to implement programmatic changes 21effectively: *Provided*, That the institution shall meet all 22 therequirements, including the requirement for obtaining 23legislative approval, set forth in this section. 24

25 (c) The policies may include the following provisions:

(1) Payment of a lump sum to an employee to resign orretire;

(2) Continuation of full salary to an employee for a
predetermined period of time prior to the employee's
resignation or retirement and a reduction in the employee's hours of employment during the predetermined
period of time;

(3) Continuation of insurance coverage pursuant to the
provisions of article sixteen, chapter five of this code for
a predetermined period;

36 (4) Continuation of full employer contributions to an
37 employee's retirement plan during a phased retirement
38 period; and

(5) That an employee retiring pursuant to an early orphased retirement plan may begin collecting an annuity

from the employee's retirement plan prior to the statutorily designated retirement date without terminating his or
her service with the institution.

(d) No incentive provided for in this section shall be
granted except in furtherance of programmatic changes
undertaken pursuant to the findings, directives, goals and
objectives set forth in this article.

48 (e) No incentive proposed by an institution pursuant to
49 this section shall become a part of the institution's ap50 proved strategic plan or institutional compact or be
51 implemented without approval of the legislative joint
52 committee on pensions and retirement.

53 Any costs associated with any incentive adopted or 54 implemented in accordance with this section shall be 55 borne entirely by the institutions and no incentive shall be 56 granted that imposes costs on the retirement systems of the 57 state or the public employees insurance agency unless 58 those costs are paid entirely by the institutions.

(f) The Legislature further finds and declares that there 59 is a compelling state interest in restricting the availability **6** and application of these incentives to individual employees 61 determined by the institutions to be in furtherance of the 62 aims of this section and nothing herein shall be interpreted 63 as granting a right or entitlement of any such incentive to 64 65 any individual or group of individuals. Any employee granted incentives shall be ineligible for reemployment by 66 67 the institutions during or after the negotiated period of his 68 or her incentive concludes, including contract employment 69 in excess of five thousand dollars per fiscal year.

(g) The West Virginia network for educational
telecomputing may utilize the incentives contained in any
policy approved by the legislative joint committee on
pensions and retirement pursuant to this section.

§18B-1-2. Definitions.

1 The following words when used in this chapter and 2 chapter eightcen-c of this code have the meaning hereinaf-

3 ter ascribed to them unless the context clearly indicates a

4 different meaning:

(a) For the transition year beginning on the first day of 5 July, two thousand, and ending on the thirtieth day of 6 June, two thousand one, only, "governing board" or 7 "board" means the higher education interim governing 8 9 board created pursuant to article one-c of this chapter; and, beginning on the first day of July, two thousand one, 10"governing board" or "board" means the institutional 11 board of governors of West Virginia university, Marshall 12 university, the West Virginia school of osteopathic medi-13 14 cine, Bluefield state college, Concord college, eastern West Virginia community and technical college, Fairmont state 15 college, Glenville state college, Shepherd college, southern 16 West Virginia community and technical college, West 17 Liberty state college, West Virginia northern community 18 and technical college and West Virginia state college, 19 whichever is applicable within the context of the institu-20 21 tion or institutions referred to in this chapter or in other provisions of law; 22

(b) Beginning on the first day of July, two thousand one,
"governing boards" or "boards" means the institutional
boards of governors created pursuant to subsection (b),
section one, article two-a of this chapter;

(c) "Freestanding community and technical colleges"
means southern West Virginia community and technical
college, West Virginia northern community and technical
college and eastern West Virginia community and technical college, which shall not be operated as branches or
off-campus locations of any other state institution of
higher education;

2

34 (d) "Community college" or "community colleges"
35 means community and technical college or colleges as
36 those terms are defined in this section;

(c) "Community and technical college", in the singular
or plural, means the freestanding community and technical
colleges and other state institutions of higher education
which have defined community and technical college
responsibility districts and programs in accordance with
the provisions of sections four and six, article three-c of
this chapter;

44 (f) "Community and technical college education" means
45 the programs, faculty, administration and funding associ46 ated with the mission of community and technical colleges
47 as provided in article three-c of this chapter.

48 (g) "Essential conditions" means those conditions which
49 shall be met by community and technical colleges as
50 provided in section three, article three-c of this chapter;

(h) "Higher education institution" means any institution
as defined by Sections 401(f), (g) and (h) of the federal
Higher Education Facilities Act of 1963, as amended;

54 (i) "Higher education policy commission" or "commis55 sion" means the commission created pursuant to section
56 one, article onc-b of this chapter;

(j) "Chancellor" means the chief executive officer of the
higher education policy commission employed pursuant to
section five, article oneb of this chapter;

(k) "Institutional operating budget" or "operating
budget" for any fiscal year means an institution's total
unrestricted education and general funding from all
sources in a prior fiscal year, including, but not limited to,
tuition and fees and legislative appropriation, and any
adjustments to that funding as approved by the commis-

sion based on comparisons with peer institutions or toreflect consistent components of peer operating budgets;

68 (1) "Post-secondary vocational education programs"
69 means any college-level course or program beyond the
70 high school level provided through an institution of higher
71 education under the jurisdiction of a governing board
72 which results in or may result in the awarding of a
73 two-year associate degree.

(m) "Rule" or "rules" means a regulation, standard,
policy or interpretation of general application and future
effect;

(n) For the purposes of this chapter and chapter
eighteen-c of this code, "senior administrator" means the
vice chancellor for administration employed by the
chancellor in accordance with section two, article four of
this chapter. The vice chancellor for administration shall
assume all the powers and duties that are assigned by law
to the senior administrator;

(o) "State college" means Bluefield state college, Concord college, Fairmont state college, Glenville state
college, Shepherd college, West Liberty state college or
West Virginia state college;

(p) "State institution of higher education" means any
university, college or community and technical college
under the direct or indirect jurisdiction of a governing
board as that term is defined in this section;

92 (q) "Regional campus" means West Virginia university
93 at Parkersburg, Potomac state college of West Virginia
94 university, and West Virginia university institute of
95 technology. Each regional campus shall adopt separate
96 strategic plans required by section one-c of this article;

97 (r) The advisory board previously appointed for the West
98 Virginia graduate college shall be known as the "board of
99 visitors" and shall provide guidance to the Marshall
100 university graduate college;

(s) "Institutional compact" means a compact between a
state institution of higher education and the commission,
as described in section two article one-a of this chapter.

(t) "Peer institutions", "peer group" or "peers" means
public institutions of higher education used for comparison purposes and selected by the commission pursuant to
section three, article one-a of this chapter;

(u) "Administratively linked community and technical
college" means a community and technical college created
pursuant to section eight, article three-c of this chapter;

(v) "Sponsoring institution" means the state institution
of higher education that maintains an administrative link
to a community and technical college pursuant to section
eight, article three-c of this chapter;

(w) "Collaboration" means entering into an agreement
with one or more providers of education services in order
to enhance the scope, quality, or efficiency of education
services;

(x) "Broker" or the act of "brokering" means serving as
an agent on behalf of students, employers, communities or
responsibility areas to obtain education services not
offered by a sponsoring institution. These services include
courses, degree programs or other services contracted
through an agreement with a provider of education
services either in-state or out-of-state; and

126 (y) "Joint commission for vocational-technical-occupa-127 tional education" or "joint commission" means the

[Enr. S. **B**, No. 653

128 commission established pursuant to article three-a of this129 chapter.

§18B-1-3. Transfer of powers, duties, property, obligations, etc., of prior governing boards to the higher education interim governing board.

(a) All powers, duties and authorities transferred to the 1 2 board of regents pursuant to former provisions of chapter cighteen of this code and transferred to the board of 3 trustees and board of directors which were created as the 4 governing boards pursuant to the former provisions of this 5 chapter and all powers, duties and authorities of the board 6 of trustees and board of directors, to the extent they are in 7 8 effect on the effective date of this section, are hereby transferred to the interim governing board created in 9 10 article one-c of this chapter and shall be exercised and performed by the interim governing board as such powers, 11 12 duties and authorities may apply to the institutions under 13its jurisdiction.

14 (b) Title to all property previously transferred to or vested in the board of trustees and the board of directors 15 16 and property vested in either of the boards separately, formerly existing under the provisions of chapter eighteen-17 18 b of this code, are hereby transferred to the interim 19 governing board created in article one-c of this chapter. 20 Property transferred to or vested in the board of trustees and board of directors shall include: (1) All property 21 22 vested in the board of governors of West-Virginia University and transferred to and vested in the West Virginia 23 board of regents; (2) all property acquired in the name of 24 the state board of control or the West Virginia board of 25 26 education and used by or for the state colleges and univer-27 sities and transferred to and vested in the West Virginia board of regents; (3) all property acquired in the name of 28 29 the state commission on higher education and transferred to and vested in the West Virginia board of regents; and (4) 30

24

all property acquired in the name of the board of regents
and transferred to and vested in the respective board of
trustees and board of directors.

34 (c) Each valid agreement and obligation previously 35 transferred to or vested in the board of trustees and board 36 of directors formerly existing under the provisions of chapter eighteen=b of this code is hereby transferred to the 37 interim governing board as those agreements and obliga-38 tions may apply to the institutions under its jurisdiction. 39 40 Valid agreements and obligations transferred to the board of trustees and board of directors shall include: (1) Each 41 42 valid agreement and obligation of the board of governors of West Virginia University transferred to and deemed the 43 44 agreement and obligation of the West Virginia board of regents; (2) each valid agreement and obligation of the 45 state board of education with respect to the state colleges 46 and universities transferred to and deemed the agreement 47 48 and obligation of the West Virginia board of regents; (3) each valid agreement and obligation of the state commis-49 50 sion on higher education transferred to and deemed the 51 agreement and obligation of the West Virginia board of 52 regents; and (4) each valid agreement and obligation of the board of regents transferred to and deemed the agreement 53 54 and obligation of the respective board of trustees and board of directors. 55

56 (d) All orders, resolutions and rules adopted or promulgated by the respective board of trustees and board of 57 directors and in effect immediately prior to the first day of 58 59 July, two thousand, are hereby transferred to the interim governing board and shall continue in effect and shall be 60 deemed the orders, resolutions and rules of the interim 61 governing board until rescinded, revised, altered or 62 63 amended by the commission in the manner and to the extent authorized and permitted by law. Such orders, 64 resolutions and rules shall include: (1) Those adopted or 65

[Enr. S. B. No. 653

promulgated by the board of governors of West Virginia 66 67 University and in effect immediately prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred sixty-nine, unless and 68 until rescinded, revised, altered or amended by the board 69 of regents in the manner and to the extent authorized and 70 71 permitted by law; (2) those respecting state colleges and universities adopted or promulgated by the West Virginia 72 board of education and in effect immediately prior to the 73 first day of July, one thousand nine hundred sixty-nine, 74 unless and until rescinded, revised, altered or amended by 75 the board of regents in the manner and to the extent 76 77 authorized and permitted by law; (3) those adopted or 78 promulgated by the state commission on higher education 79 and in effect immediately prior to the first day of July, one 80 thousand nine hundred sixty-nine, unless and until rescinded, revised, altered or amended by the board of 81 82 regents in the manner and to the extent authorized and permitted by law; and (4) those adopted or promulgated by 83 the board of regents prior to the first day of July, one 84 85 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, unless and until rescinded, revised, altered or amended by the respective 86 board of trustces or board of directors in the manner and 87 to the extent authorized and permitted by law. 88

(e) As to any title, agreement, obligation, order, resolution, rule or any other matter about which there is some
uncertainty, misunderstanding or question, the matter
shall be summarized in writing and sent to the commission
which shall make a determination regarding such matter
within thirty days of receipt thereof.

(f) Rules or provisions of law which refer to other
provisions of law which were repealed, rendered inoperative or superseded by the provisions of this section shall
remain in full force and effect to such extent as may still
be applicable to higher education and may be so interpreted. Such references include, but are not limited to,

references to sections and prior enactments of article
twenty-six, chapter eighteen of this code and code provisions relating to retirement, health insurance, grievance
procedures, purchasing, student loans and savings plans.
Any determination which needs to be made regarding
applicability of any provision of law shall first be made by
the commission.

§18B-1-6. Rulemaking.

1 Effective the first day of July, two thousand one, the 2 chancellor for higher education is hereby empowered to promulgate, adopt, amend or repeal rules, subject to the 3 4 approval of the education policy commission, in accordance with the provisions of article three-a, chapter 5 twenty-nine-a of this code, as he or she may deem neces-6 7 sary and convenient to ensure the full implementation of 8 his or her powers and duties. The chancellor shall file a 9 copy of any rule he or she proposes to promulgate, adopt, amend or repeal under the authority of this article with 10 the legislative oversight commission on education account-11 ability created in said article three-a, chapter twenty-12 nine-a of this code. 13

Nothing in this section may be construed to apply to any
rule promulgated or adopted by a state institution of
higher education.

ARTICLE 1A. COMPACT WITH HIGHER EDUCATION FOR THE FUTURE OF WEST VIRGINIA.

§18B-1A-1. Purpose of article; legislative findings and intent.

Purpose. - The purpose of this article is to establish a
 compact with higher education for the future of West
 Virginia. The Legislature recognizes both the progress
 achieved thus far through the higher education strategic
 planning process established pursuant to section one-c,
 article one of this chapter, and the shortfalls. West

7 Virginia long has recognized the value of education and, 8 on a per capita income basis, invests more to support education than most other states. Based on its findings, 9 the Legislature recognizes that because of a combination 10 of state and national demographic and economic factors 11 12 and emerging changes in higher education delivery systems, it is in the best interests of both the state and the 13 state's higher education system to begin a process that will 14 strengthen their capacity, over the long term, to provide 15 the services of higher education so valued by the citizens 16 17 of the state and so essential to the state's economic vital-18 ity. The compact with higher education for the future of 19 West Virginia is intended to encourage continued progress **2**0 toward achieving the state's goals for higher education and 21 to provide incentives for change. The changes include 22 strengthening the capacity of the higher education system **2**3 and institutions to serve regional and state needs and 24 responding to the challenges of growing national and global competition in higher education delivery systems. 25 26 It is the intent of the Legislature that legislative appropri-27 ations for higher education for fiscal year two thousand 28 two and thereafter will be made in accordance with this article and the strategies, policies, timelines and 29 benchmarks for accomplishing the goals of the compact 30 31 over a six-year period: Provided, That nothing in this article requires any specific level of appropriation by the 32 33 Legislature.

§18B-1A-2. Institutional compacts with state institutions of higher education; establishment and review process.

(a) Each institution of higher education shall prepare an
 institutional compact for submission to the commission.
 When the process herein provided is completed, the
 institutional compacts shall form the agreement between
 the institutions of higher education and the commission

6 and, ultimately, between the institutions of higher educa-

28

7 tion and the people of West Virginia on how the institu8 tions will use their resources to address the intent of the

9 Legislature and the goals set forth in section one-a, article

10 one of this chapter. The compacts shall contain the 11 following:

12 (1) A step-by-step process to accomplish the intent of the Legislature and the goals set forth in section one-a, article 13 one of this chapter as organized by the commission. The 14 step-by-step process shall be delineated by objectives and 15 16 shall set for that imeline for achieving the objectives which shall, where applicable, include benchmarks to measure 17 institutional progress as defined in subsection (e) of this 18 19 section.

20 (2) A determination of the mission of the institution which specifically addresses changes, as applicable, in the 21 areas of research, graduate education, baccalaureate 22 education, revised admission requirements, community 23 24 and technical colleges and such other areas as the commis-25 sion determines appropriate. In the determination of 26 mission, the institutions and the commission shall consider 27 the report completed by the national center for higher education management systems pursuant to the legislative 28 study as provided in section seven, article three of this 29 30 chapter;

31 (3) A plan which is calculated to make any changes in
32 institutional mission and structure within a six-year
33 period;

34 (4) A statement of the geographic areas of responsibility,
35 where applicable, for each goal to be accomplished as
36 provided in subsection (d) of this section;

37 (5) A detailed statement of how the compact is aligned
38 with and will be implemented in conjunction with the
39 master plan of the institution;

40 (6) Such other items, requirements or initiatives, re41 quired by the commission, designed to accomplish the
42 intent of the Legislature and the goals set forth in section
43 one-a, article one of this chapter or other public policy
44 goals established by the commission.

45 (b) Each institutional compact shall be updated annually
46 and shall follow the same general guidelines contained in
47 subsection (a) of this section.

48 (c) Development and updating of the institutional49 compacts shall be subject to the following:

50 (1) The ultimate responsibility for developing and
51 updating the institutional compacts at the institutional
52 level resides with the institutional board of advisors or the
53 institutional board of governors, as appropriate;

54 (2) The ultimate responsibility for developing and
55 adopting the final version of the institutional compacts
56 resides with the commission;

(3) The initial institutional compacts shall be submitted
to the commission by the institutions on or before the first
day of February, two thousand one, and the annual
updates shall be submitted on or before the first day of
February of each succeeding year;

(4) The commission shall review the initial institutional
compacts and the annual updates and either shall adopt
the institutional compact or return it with specific comments for change or improvement. The commission shall
continue this process as long as it considers advisable;

67 (5) By the first day of May of each year, if the institu68 tional compact of any institution as presented by that
69 institution is not adopted by the commission, then the
70 commission is empowered and directed to develop and

adopt the institutional compact for the institution and the
institution shall be bound by the compact so adopted; and

73 (6) The commission shall, as far as practicable, establish 74 uniform processes and forms for the development and 75 submission of the institutional compacts. As a part of this function, the commission shall organize the statements of 76 legislative intent and goals contained in section one-a, 77 article one of this chapter in a manner that facilitates the 78 79 purposes of this subdivision and the purposes of this section. 80

(d) The commission shall assign geographic areas of 81 responsibility to the state institutions of higher education 82 83 as a part of their institutional compacts to ensure that all areas of the state are provided necessary programs and 84 services to achieve the public policy agenda. The 85 benchmarks established in the institutional compacts shall 86 87 include measures of programs and services by geographic area throughout the assigned geographic area of responsi-88 89 bility.

90 (e) The compacts shall contain benchmarks used to
91 determine progress toward meeting the goals established
92 in the compacts. The benchmarks shall meet the following
93 criteria:

94 (1) They shall be as objective as possible;

95 (2) They shall be directly linked to the goals in the96 compacts;

97 (3) They shall be measured by the indicators described in98 subsection (f) of this section; and

99 (4) Where applicable, they shall be used to measure100 progress in geographic areas of responsibility.

101 (f) The commission shall establish indicators which 102 measure the degree to which the goals and objectives set

[Enr. S. B. No. 653

103 forth in section one=a, article one of this chapter, are being addressed and met. The benchmarks established in 104 subsection (e) of this section shall be measured by the 105 indicators. The commission shall, on or before the first 106 107 day of January, two thousand one, file with the legislative 108 oversight commission on education accountability, legislative rules pursuant to article three-a, chapter twenty-nine-109 110 a of this code, that set forth at the least the following:

(1) The indicators to be used to measure the degree towhich the goals and objectives are being met.

(2) Uniform definitions for the various data elements tobe used in establishing the indicators; and

115 (3) Guidelines for the collection and reporting of data.

(g) The commission shall approve the master plans
developed by the institutional boards of governors and the
institutional boards of advisors pursuant to subsection (b),
section four, article two-a of this chapter and subsection
(k), section one, article six of this chapter.

§18B-1A-3. Peer institutions.

(a) The commission shall select not fewer than ten peer
 institutions for each state institution of higher education
 in West Virginia, including, but not limited to, independ ently accredited community and technical colleges.

(b) The peer institutions shall be selected from among
institutions throughout the United States and not solely
from the states that are members of the southern regional
education board.

9 (c) The peer institutions, as selected by the commission, 10 shall be used as benchmarks for comparison purposes only 11 and are not intended to reflect funding goals for West 12 Virginia institutions of higher education. Such a use is 13 inappropriate since institutions selected as peers for a

32

state institution may be located in an area of high per capita income or have their funding subject to other factors that make its use unrealistic for setting funding goals in West Virginia. The peer institutions shall be used for comparison in the following areas:

(1) To determine adjustments to base operating budgetsas described in section five of this article;

21 (2) To determine comparable levels of tuition;

(3) To determine comparable faculty and staff teachingrequirements and other workloads; and

(4) For such other purposes as the law may require or thecommission may find useful or necessary.

26 (d) The commission shall contract with a national, independent education consulting (irm to assist in the 27 28 unbiased selection of peer institutions for each West 29 Virginia institution. The commission shall select peer 30 institutions for each institution through an open, delibera-31 tive, objective process and in consultation with the institu-32tional boards of governors, intended to achieve broad understanding of the basis for this selection in the higher 33 education community and the Legislature. Final peer 34 35 sclection is subject to the review of the legislative over-36 sight commission on education accountability. In selecting 37 peer institutions, the commission shall use criteria such as, 38 but not limited to:

39 (1) Institutional mission;

40 (2) Institutional size related to full-time equivalent41 students;

42 (3) The proportions of full-time and part-time students;

43 (4) The level of academic programs, including, but not44 limited to, number of degrees granted at the associate,

45 baccalaureate, masters, doctoral and first-professional46 level;

47 (5) The characteristics of academic programs such as
48 health sciences, professional, technical or liberal arts and
49 sciences; and

50 (6) The level of research funding from federal competi-51 tive funding sources.

(e) Subject to the review of the legislative oversight
commission on education accountability, the commission
shall review and make necessary adjustments to peer
institutions at least every six years or as necessary based
on changes in institutional missions as approved in
institutional compacts or in changes at peer institutions.

(f) Nothing herein shall be construed to prevent the
commission from using the same peers or peer groups for
more than one institution of higher education.

§18B-1A-4. Legislative financing goals.

(a) The Legislature recognizes that the higher education
 goals set forth in section one-a, article one of this chapter
 are of utmost importance. The Legislature further recog nizes that meeting the goals may require the appropriation
 of funds above the current operating budgets of the
 institutions.

7 (b) It is, therefore, the desire of the Legislature to
8 increase funding annually for higher education at a rate
9 not less than the annual percentage increase in the overall
10 general revenue budget.

(c) If the commission determines that appropriations are
insufficient to fund the requirements of the institutional
compacts, the commission first shall consider extending
the length of the compacts or otherwise modifying the
compacts to allow the institutions to achieve the

benchmarks in the compacts. If modifications to the
institutional compacts are not sufficient to allow the
institutions to meet their benchmarks, the commission
shall recommend to the Legislature methods of making the
higher education system more efficient. The methods may
include, but are not limited to, the following:

34

22 (1) Administrative efficiencies;

23 (2) Consolidation of services;

24 (3) Elimination of programs;

25 (4) Consolidating institutions; and

26 (5) Closing institutions.

§18B-1A-5. Financing; institutional operating budgets, additional funding.

1 (a) Budget request and appropriations. – The commission 2 has the responsibility to develop a budget for the state system of higher education and submit a budget request to 3 the governor before the first day of September, beginning 4 in two thousand, and for each fiscal year thereafter. The 5 6 budget request specifically shall include the amount of the 7 institutional operating budgets, as defined in section two, article one of this chapter, required for all state institu-8 tions of higher education. The budget appropriation for 9 the state system of higher education under this chapter 10 and other provisions of the law shall consist of separate 11 control accounts or institutional control accounts, or some 12 combination of such accounts, for appropriation of 13 institutional operating budgets and other funds. 14 The commission is responsible for allocating state appropria-15 tions to supplement institutional operating budgets in 16 accordance with this section. In addition to the institu-17 tional operating budget and incentive funding, however, 18 19 the commission also is responsible for allocating funds

[Enr. S. B. No. 653

 $\mathbf{20}$ that are appropriated to it for other purposes: *Provided*, 21 That, in order to determine institutional allocations, it is the responsibility of the institutions and their respective 22 23 institutional boards of governors or advisors, as appropriate, to provide to the commission documentation on 24 25 institutional progress toward mission enhancement, preliminary peer comparison calculations, performance of 26 27 increased productivity and academic quality and measur-28 able attainment in fulfilling state priorities as set forth in 29 this article. The documentation shall be provided to the 30 commission no later than the first day of October each 31 year for commission review and verification,

32 (b) Legislative Funding Priorities. –

(1) The Legislature recognizes the current resource
allocation model has not moved all state institutions
equitably towards comparable peer funding levels. This
formula has left West Virginia institutions at a competitive
disadvantage to their national peers.

(2) The Legislature acknowledges that the resource
allocation model used to comply with Senate Bill 547,
passed during the legislative session of one thousand nine
hundred ninety-five, alleviated some of the disparity that
exists among state institutions' operating budgets, but left
significant differences between the institutions and their
national peers.

45 (3) The Legislature recognizes that a system of
46 independently-accredited community and technical
47 colleges is essential to the economic vitality of the state.

(4) The Legislature places great importance on achieving
the priority goals outlined in the public policy agenda and
believes the state institutions of higher education should
play a vital role in facilitating the attainment of these
goals.

(5) The Legislature also believes it is importative that the
state make progress on narrowing the peer inequity while
balancing the need for sustaining the quality of our
institutions.

(6) It is the charge of the commission to allocate all funds
appropriated in excess of the fiscal year two-thousand one
general revenue appropriations in alignment with the
legislative funding priorities listed below. The commission
shall consider the priorities and assign a percentage of the
total appropriation of new funds to each priority.

(A) Peer equity. - Funds appropriated for this purpose 63 increase the level of the institutional operating budget for 64 state institutions of higher education comparable to their 65 peer institutions. The allocation shall provide, subject to 66 67 the availability of funds and legislative appropriations, for 68 a systematic adjustment of the institutional operating 69 budgets to move all institutions' funding in the direction 70 of levels comparable with their peers. Institutional allocations shall be calculated as follows: 71

(i) A calculation shall be made of the deficiency in per
student funding of each institution in comparison with the
mean per student funding of the peer institutions as
defined by the commission pursuant to section three of this
article;

(ii) For all institutions that are deficient in comparison
with peer institutions, the amounts of the deficiencies shall
be totaled;

(iii) A ratio of the amount of the deficiency for an
institution divided by the total amounts of deficiency for
all West Virginia institutions shall be established for each
institution; and

[Enr. S. B. No. 653

(iv) The allocation to each institution shall be calculated
by multiplying the ratio by the total amount of money in
the account.

87 (B) Independently accredited community and technical colleges development. - Funds appropriated for this 88 purpose will ensure a smooth transition, where required, 89 from "component" community and technical colleges to 90 91 independently accredited community and technical colleges as defined in section two, article one of this 92 chapter. Appropriations for this purpose are only to be 93 allocated to those institutions having approved compacts 94 95 with the commission that expressly include the transition of their component community colleges to independently 96 accredited status and have demonstrated measurable 97 98 progress towards this goal. By the first day of July, two thousand seven, or when all required community and 99 technical colleges are independently accredited, whichever 100 first occurs, funds for this purpose shall be allocated to the 101 102incentives for institutional contributions to state priorities: Provided, That if the commission determines that pay-103 ments from the account to the institutions should continue 104 105 beyond the first day of July, two thousand seven, it shall request an extension from the Legislature; 106

107 (C) Research challenge. - Funds appropriated for this purpose shall assist public colleges and universities in 108 West Virginia to compete on a national and international 109 110 basis by providing incentives to increase their capacity to compete successfully for research funding. The Legisla-111 ture intends for institutions to collaborate in the develop-112 ment and execution of research projects to the extent 113 114 practicable and to target research to the needs of the state as established in the public policy agenda and linked to 115 116 the future competitiveness of this state.

(i) The commission shall develop criteria for awardinggrants to institutions under this account, which mayinclude, but are not limited to, the following:

38

(I) Grants to be used to match externally funded, peer-reviewed research;

(II) Grants to be used to match funds for strategic
institutional investments in faculty and other resources to
increase research capacity;

125 (ii) The grants shall be distributed as follows:

(I) Forty percent of the moneys shall be distributed at the
discretion of the commission, but with particular emphasis
on start-up money for new research efforts; and

(II) The balance of the moneys shall be distributed to
each public college and university in the same percentage
that the research funds received by that public college or
university bears to the total research funds received by all
public colleges and universities in the state for the previous year.

(iii) The commission may establish an advisory council
consisting of nationally prominent researchers and scientists, including representatives from outside the state, to
assist in developing the criteria for awarding grants under
this account.

(iv) For the purposes of making the distributions from
this account, the commission shall establish the definition
for research, research funds and any other terms as may be
necessary to implement this subdivision; and

(D) Incentives for institutional contributions to state
priorities. - Funds appropriated for this purpose provide
incentives to institutions which demonstrate success
toward advancing the goals of the public policy agenda as
set forth in section one-a, article one of this chapter and to

149 provide incentives for mission enhancement as set forth in150 section two of this article.

151 (E) Sustained Quality Support. - The commission shall provide additional operating funds to institutions with 152approved compacts. The commission shall allocate these 153 154 funds on an equal percentage basis to all institutions: Provided, That the commission may delay distribution of 155 156 these funds to any institution which does not demonstrate 157 measurable progress towards the goals provided in its compact with the commission. 158

(c) Allocations to institutional operating budgets. - For
the purposes of this subsection, the commission shall
establish by rule pursuant to subsection (f), section two of
this article the method for measuring the progress of each
institution towards meeting the benchmarks of its institutional compact.

(d) Allocation of appropriations to the institutions. –
Appropriations in this section shall be allocated to the
state institutions of higher education in the following
manner:

(1) For the fiscal year two thousand two, appropriations
above the fiscal year two thousand two institutional
operating budget shall be allocated only to institutions
with approved compacts, pursuant to this article;

173 (2) For the fiscal year two thousand three, and each fiscal year thereafter, appropriations from the funds shall be 174175 allocated only to institutions with approved compacts, 176 pursuant to section two of this article and which also have achieved their annual benchmarks for accomplishing the 177178goals of their compacts, as approved by the commission: 179 *Provided*. That if an institution has not achieved all of its 180 annual benchmarks, the commission may distribute a portion of the funds to the institution based on its progress 181 as the commission determines appropriate: Provided, 182

183 however, That the commission shall establish by rule
184 pursuant to subsection (f), section two, of this article the
185 method for measuring the progress of each institution
186 toward meeting the benchmarks of its institutional
187 compact;

(e) Nothing in this section shall be construed in a manner
that limits the appropriation or collection of fees necessary
to effectuate the operation and purpose of the commission.

§18B-1A-6. Graduate education.

1 (a) *Intent*. – It is the intent of the Legislature to address

2 the need for high quality graduate education programs to

3 be available throughout the state.

4 (b) Findings. - The Legislature makes the following5 findings:

(1) Since West Virginia ranks below its competitor states
in graduate degree production, particularly in the areas
that are important to the state's competitive position in
the new economy of the twenty-first century, there is a
considerable need for greater access to graduate education,
especially at the master's degree level;

(2) There is a significant disparity in access to part-time
graduate degree programs among the different regions of
the state and part-time graduate enrollments are heavily
concentrated in the counties immediately surrounding
Marshall university and West Virginia university;

17 (3) There is a particular need for increased access to
18 graduate programs linked directly to the revitalization of
19 the regional economies of the state; and

(4) There is a particular need for improved quality and
accessibility of pre-service and in-service programs for
teachers in subject matter fields.

or Kuldh

() In order to meet the need for graduate education, the
commission shall be responsible for accomplishing the
following:

(1) Ensuring that West Virginia university and Marshall
university expand access to master's degree programs
throughout West Virginia, with a strong emphasis on
collaboration with the baccalaureate colleges and community and technical colleges in each region;

(2) Ensuring that any institution providing a master's
degree program under the provisions of this section
provides a meaningful, coherent program by offering
courses in such a way that students, including place-bound
adults, have ample opportunity to complete a degree in a
reasonable period of time;

37 (3) Focusing on providing courses that enhance the38 professional skills of teachers in their subject areas; and

(4) Ensuring that programs are offered in the most cost-effective manner to expand access throughout the regionand the state.

42 (c) Concord college, Fairmont state college, Shepherd 43 college, West Liberty state college and West Virginia state 44 college shall meet the need for graduate education in their 45 regions by following the procedures outlined below with 46 each step building upon the foundation of the step before 47 it:

(1) The institutions shall develop as graduate centers for
their regions to broker access to graduate programs by
contracting with accredited colleges and universities in
and out of the state. These programs shall be related
directly to each region's education and economic needs.

(2) If the graduate education needs of the region have not
been met through brokering, then the institutions may

42

begin collaborative programs with other institutions 55 leading to the granting of master's degrees in selected 56 areas that are demonstrated to be related directly to the 57 58 needs of their regions and that draw on faculty strengths. An institution may continue to offer collaborative pro-59 60 grams aimed at meeting the documented needs with the approval of the commission or, if a sustained need still 61 62 exists, the institution may move to the next level.

63 (3) If the graduate education needs of the region have not
64 been met through brokering and collaborative programs,
65 the institution may explore the option of beginning its own
66 graduate-level program leading to the granting of a
67 master's degree. The institution may begin its own mas68 ter's degree program only if it can meet the following
69 conditions as determined by the commission:

(A) Demonstrate that the institution has successfully
completed each of the steps required before exploring
development of its own master's degree program;

(B) Provide evidence based on experience gained in the
brokering and collaborative arrangements that a sustained
demand exists for the program;

(C) Demonstrate that the baccalaureate institution hasthe capacity to provide the program;

(D) Demonstrate that the core mission of the baccalaureate institution will not be impaired by offering the graduate program;

81 (E) Provide evidence that the graduate program has a82 reasonable expectation of being accredited;

(F) Demonstrate that the need documented in subdivision (B) of this subsection is not currently being met by
any other state institution of higher education; and

[Enr. S. B. No. 653

86 (G) Such other conditions as the commission may87 determine.

88 (a) There is an urgent need for master's degree programs for teachers in disciplines or subject areas, such as mathe-89 matics, science, history, literature, foreign languages and 90 the arts. Currently, master's-level courses in education 91 92 that are offered in the regions served by the state universities are primarily in areas such as guidance and counsel-93 ing, administration, special education and other disci-94 plines unrelated to teaching in subject areas. If the 95 commission determines that this need is not being met or 96 97 can not be met in a region through the procedure established in subsection (2) of this section, then the graduate 98 center in that region may plan one master's degree pro-99 100 gram in education focused on teaching in subject area 101 fields. No institution may begin a graduate program under 102 the provisions of this section until the program has been 103 reviewed and approved by the commission. The commis-104 sion shall approve only those programs, as authorized by 105 this subsection, that emphasize serving the needs of 106 teachers and schools in the colleges' immediate regions. In 107 determining whether a program should be approved, the 108 commission also shall rely upon the recommendations of 109 the statewide task force on teacher quality provided for in section eight, article fourteen of this chapter. 110

orion

ul Alt

111 (c) The commission shall review all graduate programs 112 being offered under the provisions of this section and, 113 using the criteria established for program startup in 114 subsection (c) of this section, determine which programs 115 should be discontinued.

116 (f) At least annually, the governing boards shall evaluate
117 graduate programs developed pursuant to the provisions
118 of this section and report to the commission on the follow119 ing:

44

(1) The number of programs being offered and thecourses offered within each program;

122 (2) The disciplines in which programs are being offered;

123 (3) The locations and times at which courses are offered;

124 (4) The number of students enrolled in the program; and

(5) The number of students who have obtained master'sdegrees through each program.

127 The governing boards shall provide the commission with
128 any additional information the commission requests in
129 order to make a determination on the viability of a pro130 gram.

ok. Ki-IDH 131 (g) In developing any graduate program under the provisions of this section, institutions shall consider 132 133 delivering courses at times and places convenient to adult 134 students who are employed full time. Institutions shall 135 place an emphasis on extended degree programs, distance 136 learning and off-campus centers which utilize the costeffective nature of extending existing university capacity 137 to serve the state rather than duplicating the core univer-138 sity capacity and incurring the increased cost of develop-139ing master's degree programs at other institutions 14 141 throughout the state.

142 (K) Brokering institutions shall invite proposals from other public institutions of higher education for service 143 144 provision prior to contracting with other institutions: 145*Provided*, That if institutions propose providing graduate 146 programs in service areas other than in their responsibility 147 district, the institution seeking to establish a program 148 shall work through the district's lead institution in provid-149 ing those services.

(f) In addition to the approval required by the commission, authorization for any institution to offer a master's
degree program under the provisions of this section is

4410H

153 subject to the formal approval processes established by the154 governing boards.

§18B-1A-7. Contrary provisions.

- 1 Effective the first day of July, two thousand, the provi-
- 2 sions of this article shall supersede any provision of this
- 3 code to the contrary.

§18B-1A-8. Sections repealed.

- 1 (a) On the effective date of this section, sections three-a
- 2 and four, article three of this chapter relating to commu-
- 3 nity and technical colleges are repealed.

4 (b) Effective the first day of July, two thousand, section
5 two-b, article five of this chapter, relating to resource
6 allocation policy relief, is repealed.

7 (c) Effective the first day of July, two thousand, section
8 two-c, article five of this chapter, relating to a review of
9 resource allocation model and policies, is repealed.

(d) Effective the first day of July, two thousand, section
five, article six of this chapter, relating to the creation of
advisory council on federal resources, is repealed.

(e) Effective the thirtieth day of June, two thousand one,
section eight, article one of this chapter, relating to the
powers and duties of the governing boards generally, is
repealed.

(f) Effective the thirtieth day of June, two thousand one,
section eight-a, article one of this chapter, relating to
higher education accountability, is repealed.

(g) Effective the first day of July, two thousand, section
six, article three of this chapter, relating to increasing
flexibility for freestanding community and technical
colleges, is repealed.

(h) Effective the thirtieth day of June, two thousand one,
section one-b, article one of this chapter, relating to
implementation of findings, directives, goals and objectives, is repealed.

46

(i) Effective the thirtieth day of June, two thousand one,
section one-c, article one of this chapter, relating to
strategically focusing resources to maximize opportunity,
is repealed.

(j) Effective the first day of July, two thousand, section
five, article one of this chapter, relating to placing governing boards under the department of education and the arts,
is repealed.

36 (k) Effective the first day of July, two thousand, section
37 six, article six of this chapter, relating to the University of
38 West Virginia anatomical board, is repealed.

(1) Effective the thirtieth day of June, two thousand one,
section one, article five of this chapter, relating to appropriations, is repealed.

42 (m) Effective the thirtieth day of June, two thousand one,
43 section two, article five of this chapter, relating to resource
44 allocation model and policies, is repealed.

45 (n) Effective the thirtieth day of June, two thousand,
46 section two, article six of this chapter, relating to advisory
47 councils of faculty, is repealed.

48 (o) Effective the thirtieth day of June, two thousand,
49 section three, article six of this chapter, relating to advi50 sory councils of students, is repealed.

51 (p) Effective the thirtieth day of June, two thousand,
52 section four, article six of this chapter, relating to advisory

53 councils of classified employees, is repealed.

ARTICLE 1B. HIGHER EDUCATION POLICY COMMISSION.

§18B-1B-1. Higher education policy commission established; development of public policy agenda.

1 There is hereby created the "higher education policy 2 commission", hereinafter referred to as the "commission", which is responsible for developing, gaining consensus 3 around and overseeing the implementation of a public 4 policy agenda. It is the intent of the Legislature that the 5 commission be responsible for development and articula-6 tion of the public policy agenda for higher education and 7 other statewide issues pursuant to section one-a, article 8 9 one of this chapter. All matters of governance not specifically assigned to the commission by law are the duty and 10responsibility of the governing board or boards. 11

§18B-1B-2. Composition of commission; terms and qualifications of members; vacancies; eligibility for reappointment; oath of office; removal from office.

(a) The commission is comprised of nine members, all of 1 whom are entitled to vote. One is the secretary of educa-2 3 tion and the arts, ex officio. One is the state superintendent of schools: Provided, That if the state superintendent 4 of schools desires not to serve, the state board of education 5 shall submit to the governor the names of three nominees, 6 7 which may include members of the state board of educa-The governor shall select from the nominees a 8 tion. member to serve on the commission. The three nominees 9 shall be persons who are knowledgeable in the area of 10 11 public education policy, are able to represent the state board of education and who understand and are commit-1213 ted to achieving the goals and objectives as set forth in the 14 institutional compacts and in section one-a, article one of 15 this chapter.

(b) The other seven members of the commission shall becitizens of the state, appointed by the governor, by and

18 with the advice and consent of the Senate: Provided, That 19 prior to appointment, the governor shall interview each 20 candidate to assure that the person selected understands and is committed to achieving the goals and objectives as 2122set forth in the institutional compacts and in section one-a, article one of this chapter. The governor shall invite the 23president of the Senate, the speaker of the House of 24 25Delegates, the chairs of the Senate and House of Delegates committees on finance and education and such other 2627legislative leaders as the governor may determine to 28 participate in interviewing potential candidates. Each 29 member appointed to the commission by the governor shall represent the public interest and shall be committed to the 3 legislative intent and goals set forth in section onc-a, 31 32 article one of this chapter.

33 (c) The governor may not appoint any person to be a member of the commission who is an officer, employee or 34 member of an advisory board of any state college or 35 36 university, an officer or member of any political party 37 executive committee, the holder of any other public office or public employment under the government of this state 38 39 or any of its political subdivisions or an appointee or 40 cmployee of any governing board or an immediate family 41 member of any employee under the jurisdiction of the commission or any governing board. Of the members 42 43 appointed by the govcrnor from the public at large, no 44 more than four thereof shall belong to the same political 45 party and at least two shall be appointed from each 46 congressional district.

47 (d) The governor shall appoint seven members to the
48 commission on the first day of July, two thousand, or as
49 soon thereafter as is practicable and the original terms of
50 all members shall commence on the first day of July, two
51 thousand.

52 (e) The terms of the members appointed by the governor shall be for overlapping terms of four years, except, of the 53 original appointments, one shall be appointed to a term of 54 one year, two shall be appointed to a term of two years, 55 two shall be appointed to a term of three years and two 56 shall be appointed to a term of four years. Each subse-57 quent appointment which is not for the purpose of filling 58 a vacancy in an unexpired term shall be for a term of four 59 60 years.

(f) The governor shall appoint a member to fill any
vacancy among the seven members of the commission
appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and
consent of the Senate, which member appointed to fill
such vacancy shall serve for the unexpired term of the
vacating member. The governor shall fill the vacancy
within thirty days of the occurrence of the vacancy.

68 (g) No member appointed by the governor shall be 69 eligible to serve more than two consecutive terms.

(h) Before exercising any authority or performing any
duties as a member of the commission, each member shall
qualify as such by taking and subscribing to the oath of
office prescribed by section five, article IV of the constitution of West Virginia and the certificate thereof shall be
filed with the secretary of state.

(i) No member of the commission appointed by the
governor may be removed from office by the governor
except for official misconduct, incompetence, neglect of
duty or gross immorality, and then only in the manner
prescribed by law for the removal of the state elective
officers by the governor.

§18B-1B-3. Meetings and compensation.

1 (a) The secretary of education and the arts shall call the 2 initial meeting of the commission and preside until a

50

3 chairperson is selected. Thereafter, the commission shall

4 meet as needed at the time and place specified by the call

5 of the chairperson.

(b) The commission shall hold an annual meeting each 6 June for the purpose of clecting officers for the next fiscal 7 8 year. At the annual meeting, the commission shall elect from its members appointed by the governor a chairperson 9 10 and other officers as it may consider necessary or desired able: *Provided*, That the initial meeting for the purpose of 11 12selecting the first chairperson and other officers shall be held during July, two thousand, or as soon thereafter as 1314 practicable. All officers shall be elected from the citizen appointees. The chairperson and other officers shall be 15 elected for a one-year term commencing on the first day of 16 17July following the annual meeting and ending on the thirtieth day of June of the following year: Provided, 18 *however*, That the terms of officers elected in July, two 1920thousand, begin upon election and end on the thirtieth day of June, two thousand one. The chairperson of the board 21may serve no more than two consecutive terms as chair. 22

(c) Members of the commission shall be reimbursed for
actual and necessary expenses incident to the performance
of their duties upon presentation of an itemized sworn
statement thereof. The foregoing reimbursement for
actual and necessary expenses shall be paid from appropriations made by the Legislature to the commission.

(d) A majority of the members constitutes a quorum forconducting the business of the commission.

§18B-1B-4. Powers and duties of higher education policy commission.

1 (a) The primary responsibility of the commission is to

2 develop, establish and implement policy that will achieve

3 the goals and objectives found in section one-a, article one

4 of this chapter. To that end, the commission has the5 following powers and duties:

6 (1) Develop, oversec and advance the public policy 7 agenda to address major challenges facing the state, including, but not limited to, the goals and objectives 8 found in section onea, article one of this chapter and 9 10 including specifically those goals and objectives pertaining to the compacts created pursuant to section two, article 11 one-a of this chapter and to develop and implement the 12master plan described in section ten of this article for the 1314 purpose of accomplishing the mandates of this section;

(2) Develop, oversec and advance the implementation of
a financing policy for higher education in West Virginia.
The policy shall meet the following criteria?

(A) Provide an adequate level of education and general
funding for institutions pursuant to section five, article
one-a of this chapter;

(B) Serve to maintain institutional assets, including, but
not limited to, human and physical resources and deferred
maintenance; and

(C) Invest and provide incentives for achieving the
priority goals in the public policy agenda, including, but
not limited to, those found in section one-a, article one of
this chapter;

28 (3) Create a policy leadership structure capable of the29 following actions:

(A) Developing, building public consensus around and
sustaining attention to a long-range public policy agenda.
In developing the agenda, the commission shall seek input
from the Legislature and the governor and specifically
from the state board of education and local school districts
in order to create the necessary linkages to assure smooth,

effective and seamless movement of students through the
public education and post-secondary education systems
and to ensure that the needs of public school courses and
programs can be fulfilled by the graduates produced and
the programs offered;

52

41 (B) Ensuring that the governing boards carry out their
42 duty effectively to govern the individual institutions of
43 higher education; and

44 (C) Holding the higher education institutions and the
45 higher education system as a whole accountable for
46 accomplishing their missions and implementing the
47 provisions of the compacts;

48 (4) Develop and adopt each institutional compact;

49 (5) Review and adopt the annual updates of the institu-50 tional compacts;

(6) Review the progress of community and technical
colleges in every region of West Virginia; such review
includes, but is not limited to, evaluating and reporting
annually to the legislative oversight commission on
education accountability on the step-by-step implementation required in article three-c of this chapter;

57 (7) Serve as the accountability point for the governor for
58 implementation of the public policy agenda and for the
59 Legislature by maintaining a close working relationship
60 with the legislative leadership and the legislative oversight
61 commission on education accountability;

62 (8) Promulgate legislative rules pursuant to article three63 a, chapter twenty-nine-a to fulfill the purposes of section
64 five, article one-a of this chapter;

(9) Establish and implement a peer group for each public
institution of higher education in the state as described in
section three, article one-a of this chapter;

(10) Establish and implement the benchmarks and
performance indicators necessary to measure institutional
achievement towards state policy priorities and institutional missions;

(11) In January, two thousand one, and annually thereafter, report to the Legislature and to the legislative oversight commission on education accountability during the
January interim meetings, on a date and at a time and
location to be determined by the president of the Senate
and the speaker of the House of Delegates. The report
shall address at least the following:

(A) The performance of the system of higher education
during the previous fiscal year, including, but not limited
to, progress in meeting goals stated in the compacts and
progress of the institutions and the higher education
system as a whole in meeting the goals and objectives set
forth in section one-a, article one of this chapter;

(B) An analysis of enrollment data collected pursuant to
subsection (i), section one, article ten of this chapter and
recommendations for any changes necessary to assure
access to high-quality, high-demand education programs
for West Virginia residents;

90 (C) The priorities established for capital investment
91 needs pursuant to subdivision (12) of this subsection and
92 the justification for such priority; and

93 (D) Recommendations of the commission for statutory
94 changes needed to further the goals and objectives set
95 forth in section one-a, article one of this chapter;

96 (12) Establish a formal process for identifying needs for
97 capital investments and for determining priorities for
98 these investments;

54

(13) On or before the first day of October, two thousand, 99 100 develop, establish and implement guidelines for institu-101 tions to follow concerning extensive capital projects. The guidelines shall provide a process for developing capital 102103 projects, including, but not limited to, the notification by 104 an institution to the commission of any proposed capital 105 project which has the potential to exceed one million 106 dollars in cost. No such project may be pursued by an 107 institution without the approval of the commission;

(14) Draw upon the expertise available within the
governor's workforce investment office and the West
Virginia development office as a resource in the area of
workforce development and training;

112 (15) Acquire legal services as are considered necessary, 113 including representation of the commission, its institu-114 tions, employees and officers before any court or adminis-115 trative body, notwithstanding any other provision of this 116 code to the contrary. The counsel may be employed either 117 on a salaried basis or on a reasonable fee basis. In addi-11 tion, the commission may, but is not required to, call upon 119 the attorney general for legal assistance and representation as provided by law; 120

(16) Employ a chancellor for higher education pursuantto section five of this article;

(17) Employ other staff as necessary and appropriate tocarry out the duties and responsibilities of the commission;

(18) Provide suitable offices in Charleston for thechancellor, vice chancellors and other staff;

(19) Conduct a study of the faculty tenure system as
administered by the governing boards with specific
attention to the role of community service and other
criteria for achieving tenured status. The commission
shall make a report of its findings and recommendations

to the legislative oversight commission on educationaccountability by the first day of July, two thousand one;

134 (20) Advise and consent in the appointment of the 135 presidents of the institutions of higher education pursuant to section six of this article. The role of the commission in 136137 approving an institutional president is to assure through 138 personal interview that the person selected understands 139and is committed to achieving the goals and objectives as 140 set forth in the institutional compact and in section one-a, 141 article one of this chapter;

(21) Approve the total compensation package from all
sources for institutional presidents, as proposed by the
governing boards. The governing boards must obtain
approval from the commission of the total compensation
package both when institutional presidents are employed
initially and afterward when any change is made in the
amount of the total compensation package;

(22) Establish and implement the policy of the state to
assure that parents and students have sufficient information at the earliest possible age on which to base academic
decisions about what is required for students to be successful in college, other postsecondary education and
careers related, as far as possible, to results from current
assessment tools in use in West Virginia;

156 (23) Approve and implement a uniform standard, as developed by the chancellor, to determine which students 157 shall be placed in remedial or developmental courses. The 158 159 standard shall be aligned with college admission tests and 160 assessment tools used in West Virginia and shall be 161 applied uniformly by the governing boards throughout the 162public higher education system. The chancellor shall 163 develop a clear, concise explanation of the standard which 164the governing boards shall communicate to the state board 165of education and the state superintendent of schools;

56

166 (24) Review and approve or disapprove capital projects
167 as described in subdivision (12), subsection (a) of this
168 section;

169 (25) Develop and implementan oversight plan to manage170 system-wide technology such as the following:

(A) Expanding distance learning and technology networks to enhance teaching and learning, promote access to
quality educational offerings with minimum duplication
of effort, increase the delivery of instruction to nontraditional students, provide services to business and industry
and increase the management capabilities of the higher
education system; and

(B) Reviewing courses and programs offered within the
state by nonstate public or private institutions of higher
education;

(26) Establish and implement policies and procedures to ensure that students may transfer and apply toward the requirements for a bachelor's degree the maximum number of credits earned at any regionally accredited instate or out-of-state community and technical college with as few requirements to repeat courses or to incur additional cests as is consistent with sound academic policy;

(27) Establish and implement policies and procedures to
ensure that students may transfer and apply toward the
requirements for a degree the maximum number of credits
earned at any regionally accredited in-state or out-of-state
higher education institution with as few requirements to
repeat courses or to incur additional costs as is consistent
with sound academic policy;

(28) Establish and implement policies and procedures to
ensure that students may transfer and apply toward the
requirements for a master's degree the maximum number
of credits earned at any regionally accredited in-state or

199 out-of-state higher education institution with as few
200 requirements to repeat courses or to incur additional costs
201 as is consistent with sound academic policy;

202(29) Establish and implement policies and programs, in 203 cooperation with the institutions of higher education, through which students who have gained knowledge and 204 205skills through employment, participation in education and 206training at vocational schools or other education institu-207 tions, or internet-based education programs, may demon-208 strate by competency-based assessment that they have the 209 necessary knowledge and skills to be granted academic 210credit or advanced placement standing toward the requirements of an associate degree or a bachelor's degree at a 211 state institution of higher education; 212

(30) Seek out and attend regional, national and interna-213214tional meetings and forums on education and workforce development related topics, as in the commission's discre-215 216tion is critical for the performance of their duties as 217members, for the purpose of keeping abreast of education 218 trends and policies to aid it in developing the policies for 219 this state to meet the established education goals and 220objectives pursuant to section one-a, article one of this 221chapter;

(31) Develop, establish and implement guidelines for
higher education governing boards and institutions to
follow when considering capital projects. The guidelines
shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

(A) That the governing boards and institutions not
approve or promote projects that give competitive advantage to new private sector projects over existing West
Virginia businesses, unless the commission determines
such private sector projects are in the best interest of the
students, the institution and the community to be served;
and

(B) That the governing boards and institutions not
approve or promote projects involving private sector
businesses which would have the effect of reducing
property taxes on existing properties or avoiding, in whole
or in part, the full amount of taxes which would be due on
newly developed or future properties.

The commission shall determine whether the guidelines developed pursuant to this subdivision should apply to any project which a governing board and institution alleges to have been planned on or before the effective date of this section. In making the determination, the commission shall be guided by the best interests of the students, the institution and the community to be served.

(32) Certify to the Legislature, on or before the first day
of February, two thousand one, the priority funding
percentages and other information needed to complete the
allocation of funds in section five, article one-a of this
chapter;

251(33) Consider and submit to the appropriate agencies of 252the executive and legislative branches of state government, 253a single budget for higher education that reflects recom-254mended appropriations: Provided, That on the first day of 255January, two thousand one, and annually thereafter, the 256 commission shall submit the proposed institutional 257 allocations based on each institution's progress toward 258meeting the goals of its institutional compact;

(34) Initiate a full review and analysis of all student fees
charged by state institutions of higher education and make
recommendations to the legislative oversight commission
on education accountability no later than the second day
of January, two thousand two. The final report shall
contain findings of fact and recommendations for proposed legislation to condense, simplify and streamline the

266 fee schedule and the use of fees or other money collected267 by state institutions of higher education;

268 (35) The commission has the authority to assess institu269 tions for the payment of expenses of the commission or for
270 the funding of statewide higher education services,
271 obligations or initiatives; and

(36) Promulgate rules allocating reimbursement of
appropriations, if made available by the Legislature, to
institutions of higher education for qualifying non-capital
expenditures incurred in the provision of services to
students with physical, learning or severe sensory disabilities.

(b) In addition to the powers and duties listed in subsection (a) of this section, the commission has the following
general powers and duties related to its role in developing,
articulating and overseeing the implementation of the
public policy agenda:

(1) Planning and policy leadership including a distinct
and visible role in setting the state's policy agenda and in
serving as an agent of change;

(2) Policy analysis and research focused on issues
affecting the system as a whole or a geographical region
thereof;

(3) Development and implementation of institutional
mission definitions including use of incentive money to
influence institutional behavior in ways that are consistent
with public priorities;

(4) Academic program review and approval including the
use of institutional missions as a template to judge the
appropriateness of both new and existing programs and
the authority to implement needed changes;

297 (5) Development of budget and allocation of resources,
298 including reviewing and approving institutional operating
299 and capital budgets and distributing incentive and
300 performance-based funding;

301 (6) Administration of state and federal student aid302 programs;

303 (7) Acting as the agent to receive and disburse public
304 funds when a governmental entity requires designation of
305 a statewide higher education agency for this purpose;

306 (8) Development, establishment and implementation of
307 information, assessment and accountability systems
308 including maintenance of statewide data systems that
309 facilitate long-term planning and accurate measurement
310 of strategic outcomes and performance indicators;

(9) Developing, establishing and implementing policies
for licensing and oversight for both public and private
degree-granting and nondegree granting institutions that
provide post-secondary education courses or programs in
the state;

(10) Development, implementation and oversight of
statewide and region-wide projects and initiatives such as
those using funds from federal categorical programs or
those using incentive and performance-based funding from
any source; and

(11) Quality assurance that intersects with all other
duties of the commission particularly in the areas of
planning, policy analysis, program review and approval,
budgeting and information and accountability systems.

(c) In addition to the powers and dutics provided for in
subsections (a) and (b) of this section and any other powers
and duties as may be assigned to it by law, the commission

has such other powers and duties as may be necessary orexpedient to accomplish the purposes of this article.

(d) The commission is authorized to withdraw specific
powers of any institutional governing board for a period
not to exceed two years if the commission makes a determination that:

(1) The governing board has failed for two consecutive
years to develop an institutional compact as required in
article one of this chapter;

(2) The commission has received information, substantiated by independent audit, of significant mismanagement
or failure to carry out the powers and duties of the institutional board of governors according to state law; or

(3) Other circumstances which, in the view of the commission, severely limit the capacity of the institutional
board of governors to carry out its duties and responsibilities.

(4) The period of withdrawal of specific powers may not
exceed two years during which time the commission is
authorized to take steps necessary to reestablish the
conditions for restoration of sound, stable and responsible
institutional governance.

(e) Notwithstanding the provisions of section six, article
one-a of this chapter, the commission shall undertake a
study of the most effective and efficient strategies and
policies to address the findings and intent of that section.

(1) The issues addressed by this study shall include, butnot be limited to:

356 (A) Strategics to ensure access to graduate education;

(B) The development of state colleges as regional graduate centers with authority to broker access to graduate
programs in their responsibility areas;

62

360 (C) The process by which state colleges obtain authoriza-361 tion to grant graduate degrees;

362 (D) The relationship of regional graduate centers at state
363 colleges to graduate programs offered within those regions
364 by state universities; and

365 (E) Other issues related to initiatives to meet each
366 region's need and enhance the quality and competitiveness
367 of graduate programs offered and/or brokered by West
368 Virginia state colleges and universities.

369 (2) The commission shall report the findings of this study
370 along with the recommendations for legislative actions, if
371 any, to address these findings and the intent of this
372 section, to the legislative oversight commission on educa373 tion accountability by the first day of January, two
374 thousand one.

§18B-1B-5. Employment of chancellor for higher education; office; powers and duties generally; employment of vice chancellors.

(a) The commission, created pursuant to section one of
 this article, shall employ a chancellor for higher education
 who shall be the chief executive officer of the commission
 and who shall serve at its will and pleasure. The vice
 chancellor for administration shall serve as the interim
 chancellor until a chancellor is employed.

7 (b) The commission shall set the qualifications for the
8 position of chancellor and shall conduct a thorough
9 nationwide search for qualified candidates. A qualified
10 candidate is one who meets at least the following criteria:

11 (1) Possesses an excellent academic and administrative12 background;

13 (2) Demonstrates strong communication skills;

14 (3) Has significant experience and an established na15 tional reputation as a professional in the field of higher
16 education;

17 (4) Is free of institutional or regional biases; and

(5) Holds or retains no other administrative position
within the system of higher education while employed as
chancellor.

(c) The chancellor shall be compensated on a basis in
excess of, but not to exceed twenty percent greater than,
the base salary of any president of a state institution of
higher education or the administrative head of a governing
board.

26 (d) With the approval of the commission, the chancellor may employ a vice chancellor for health sciences who shall 27 serve at the will and pleasure of the chancellor. The vice 28 chancellor for health sciences shall coordinate the West 29 30 Virginia university school of medicine, the Marshall university school of medicine, and the West Virginia school 31 of osteopathic medicine and also shall provide assistance 32 to the governing boards on matters related to medical 33 education and health sciences. The vice chancellor for 34 health sciences shall perform all duties assigned by the 35 chancellor, the commission and state law. In the case of a 36 37 vacancy in the office of vice chancellor of health sciences, 38 the duties assigned to this office by law are the responsibility of the chancellor or a designee; 39

40 (e) With the approval of the commission, the chancellor
41 shall employ a vice chancellor for community and techni42 cal college education and workforce development who

64

serves at the will and pleasure of the chancellor. The 43 duties of this position include the general supervision of 44 45 the joint commission for vocational-technical-occupa-46 tional education, as provided in article three-a of this chapter, and such other duties as assigned. Any reference 47 48 in this code to the vice chancellor for community and 49 technical colleges means the vice chancellor for community and technical college education and workforce 50 development, which vice chancellor for community and 51 52 technical colleges shall become the vice chancellor for community and technical college education and workforce 53 development. It is the duty and responsibility of the vice 54 55 chancellor for community and technical college education 56 and workforce development to:

57 (1) Provide assistance to the commission, the chancellor
58 and the governing boards on matters related to community
59 and technical college education;

(2) Advise, assist and consult regularly with the institutional presidents; institutional boards of governors or
boards of advisors, as appropriate; and district consortia
committees of the state institutions of higher education
involved in community and technical college education;
and

66 (3) Perform all duties assigned by the chancellor, the67 commission and state law.

68 (f) With the approval of the commission, the chancellor
69 shall employ a vice chancellor for administration pursuant
70 to section two, article four of this chapter;

(g) With the approval of the commission, the chancellor
shall employ a vice chancellor for state colleges who shall
serve at the will and pleasure of the chancellor. It is the
duty and responsibility of the vice chancellor for state
colleges to:

(1) Provide assistance to the commission, the chancellor
and the state colleges and freestanding community and
technical colleges on matters related to or of interest and
concern to these institutions;

(2) Advise, assist and consult regularly with the institutional presidents and institutional boards of governors of
each state college or freestanding community and technical college;

(3) Serve as an advocate and spokesperson for the state
colleges and community and technical colleges to represent
them and to make their interests, views and issues known
to the chancellor, the commission and governmental
agencies;

(4) Perform all duties assigned by the chancellor, thecommission and state law; and

(5) Establish such guidelines as believed appropriate to
restrict the use of public funds by the state colleges and
freestanding community and technical colleges for influencing public policy development.

In addition, the vice chancellor for state colleges has the
responsibility and the duty to provide staff assistance to
the institutional presidents and governing boards to the
extent practicable;

(h) Apart from the offices of the vice chancellors as set
forth in this section and section two, article four of this
chapter, the chancellor shall determine the organization
and staffing positions within the office that are necessary
to carry out his or her powers and duties and may employ
necessary staff;

(i) The chancellor may enter into agreements with any
state agency or political subdivision of the state, any state
higher education institution or any other person or entity

108

66

duties assigned by the commission or by state law;
(j) The chancellor shall be responsible for the day-to-day
operations of the commission and shall have the following
responsibilities:

to enlist staff assistance to implement the powers and

(1) To carry out policy and program directives of thecommission;

(2) To develop and submit annual reports on the implementation plan to achieve the goals and objectives set
forth in section on e-a, article one of this chapter and in the
institutional compacts;

(3) To prepare and submit to the commission for its
approval the proposed budget of the commission including
the offices of the chancellor and the vice chancellors;

(4) Effective the first day of July, two thousand one, and
under the direction of the commission, to promulgate rules
for higher education, as set forth in article three-a, chapter
twenty-nine-a of this code.

(5) Effective the first day of July, two thousand one, andunder the direction of the commission, to:

(A) Provide technical assistance, when requested, to thegoverning boards in the development of rules;

(B) Review rules and approve rules of the governingboards for filing with the office of the vice chancellor foradministration;

(C) Determine when a joint rule among the governing
boards is necessary or required by law and, in those
instances and in consultation with the governing boards,
promulgate the joint rule;

(D) Ensure that all the requirements are met for promul-gating rules as set forth in article three-a, chapter twenty-

139 nine-a of this code: *Provided*, That nothing in said chapter
140 shall be construed to require the approval and filing of
141 institution rules except for approval by the chancellor and
142 filing in the office of the vice chancellor as provided
143 herein; and

144 (E) Establish a process for the transition from the rules 145 promulgated by the previous board of trustees, board of 146 directors and the interim governing board to new rules filed by the chancellor, subject to approval of the policy 147 148 commission. Until new rules are filed, the existing rules of 149 said boards shall remain in effect and applicable to the respective state institutions of higher education. The 150 chancellor shall review all new rules filed to replace the 151 152 existing rules of the said boards and determine their proper classification as legislative, procedural or interpre-153 154 tive, notwithstanding the classification of the existing rule 155 or a classification established for a specific rule by this code prior to the effective date of this section. The chan-156 157 cellor shall strictly and uniformly apply the definitions of rule, legislative rule, interpretive rule and procedural rule 158 set forth in section two, article one, chapter twenty-nine-a 159 of this code and unless specifically mandated by an act of 160. the Legislature following the effective date of this section, 161 may not require the filing, as rules, of regulations relating 162163solely to the internal management of the commission, governing boards and institutions under their jurisdiction. 164 165 The chancellor shall be responsible for ensuring that any 166 policy which is required to be uniform across the institu-167 tions is applied in a uniform manner;

168 (5) To perform all other duties and responsibilities169 assigned by the commission or by state law.

170 (k) The chancellor shall be reimbursed for all actual and
171 necessary expenses incurred in the performance of all
172 assigned duties and responsibilities;

68

(l) The chancellor is the primary advocate for higher 173 education and, with the commission, advises the Legisla-174 175 ture on matters of higher education in West Virginia. As the primary advocate for higher education, the chancellor 176 shall work closely with the legislative oversight commis-177 sion on education accountability and with the elected 178 179 leadership of the state to ensure that they are fully informed about higher education issues and that the com-180 mission fully understands the goals for higher education 181 182 that the Legislaturc has established by law;

(m) The chancellor may design and develop for consideration by the commission new statewide or regional initiatives in accordance with the goals set forth in section onea, article one of this chapter and the public policy agenda
articulated by the commission.

(n) The chancellor shall work closely with members of
the state board of education and with the state superintendent of schools to assure that the following goals are met:

191 (1) Development and implementation of a seamless192 kindergarten-through-college system of education; and

(2) Appropriate coordination of missions and programs.
To further the goals of cooperation and coordination
between the commission and the state board of education,
the chancellor shall serve as an ex officio, nonvoting
member of the state board of education.

§18B-1B-6. Appointment of institutional presidents; evaluation.

(a) Appointment of institutional presidents. - Effective
 on the first day of July, two thousand, appointment of
 presidents of the public institutions of higher education
 shall be made as follows:

5 (1) Subject to the approval of the commission, the 6 appropriate governing board of the institution shall

7 appoint a president for Bluefield state college, Concord college, eastern West Virginia community and technical 8 9 college, Fairmont state college, Glenville state college, Marshall university, Shepherd college, southern West 10 Virginia community and technical college, West Liberty 11 state college, West Virginia northern community and 1213 technical college, West Virginia school of osteopathic 14 medicine, West Virginia state college and West Virginia 15 university;

16 (2) Subject to the approval of the appropriate governing 17 board and to the provisions of article three-c of this 18 chapter, the president of the appropriate institution shall appoint the president of the regional campuses of West 19 Virginia university and of the community and technical 20 21 colleges which remain linked administratively to a sponsoring institution. The presidents of such regional cam-22 puses and community and technical colleges shall serve at 23 24 the will and pleasure of the institutional president. The 25 president of the sponsoring institution shall appoint a 26 president for the administratively linked community and 27 technical college at the appropriate time as outlined in the 28 institutional compact and approved by the commission.

(3) Subject to the approval of the commission and to the
provisions of articles three-c and three-f of this chapter,
the president of the appropriate institution shall appoint
the provost in those cases where the community and
technical college remains as a component of another
institution. The provost shall serve at the will and pleasure of the president of the employing institution.

(b) Incumbent heads of institutions. -Any president of a
public institution of higher education in office on the first
day of July, two thousand, shall continue in office subject
to state law: Provided, That the provost of an administratively linked community and technical college in office on
the thirtieth day of June, two thousand one, may become

42 the president of that community and technical college on 43 the first day of July, two thousand one, with the approval 44 of the governing board of the institution and subject to the 45 consent of the commission. The presidents shall continue 46 in office subject to state law and subject to the will and 47 pleasure of the appropriate governing board or employing 48 institution.

49 (c) Evaluation of institutional presidents. - The govern-50 ing boards shall conduct written performance evaluations of each institution's president: Provided, That the presi-51 dents of regional campuses shall be evaluated by the 52 president of West Virginia university and the presidents of 53 administratively linked community and technical colleges 54 55 shall be evaluated by the president of the employing institution. Evaluations shall be done in every fourth year 56 of employment as president, recognizing unique character-57 istics of the institution and utilizing institutional person-58 nel, institutional boards of advisors as appropriate, staff 59 of the appropriate governing board and persons knowl-6 edgeable in higher education matters who are not other-61 62 wise employed by a governing board. A part of the evaluation shall be a determination of the success of the 63 institution in meeting the requirements of its institutional 64 65 compact.

§18B-1B-7. Dutics of higher education policy commission during transition year.

During the transition year beginning on the first day of
 July, two thousand, and ending on the thirtieth day of
 June, two thousand one, the following is the intent of the
 Legislature;

5 (a) The higher education interim governing board,
6 established in article on ec of this chapter, is the govern7 ing agency for public higher education in West Virginia;

[Enr. S. **B**, No. 653

8 (b) The chancellor for higher education shall provide to
9 the governing board adequate and appropriate staff
10 assistance to carry out its duties and responsibilities as
11 assigned by law;

(c) The commission has the power and authority to
require the interim governing board to transfer from
accounts under the control of the interim governing board
such sums as the commission believes appropriate for the
proper performance of its duties and responsibilities;

(d) The commission shall focus its attention first on
organizing itself to carry out its duties and responsibilities,
including, but not limited to, establishing a search and
screening process to identify candidates and to employ a
chancellor;

(e) The commission shall focus its attention second on the
following policy areas, but may consider others as appropriate:

25 (1) Developing legislative rules as required by law;

(2) Researching and developing the elements of the
finance plan required by section five, article one-a of this
chapter;

29 (3) Developing guidelines to be used by institutional30 boards of governors in employing institutional presidents;

31 (4) Developing a statewide master plan pursuant to32 section nine of this article;

(5) Developing and approving the institutional compacts
as provided in section two, article one-a of this chapter;

(6) Developing a plan to provide on-going education and
training opportunities to members of institutional boards
of governors and institutional boards of advisors, including, but not limited to, exploring the possibility of obtain-

ing private funds to bring members together for orientation, education and leadership training prior to the first
day of July, two thousand one;

42 (7) Establishing a peer group for each public institution
43 of higher education in the state as provided in section
44 three, article one-a of this chapter; and

(8) Developing the elements of the higher education
report card to be used to report institutional and system
progress on meeting the goals and objectives of the
institutional compacts and of section one-a, article one of
this chapter; and

(f) In or before the first day of January, two thousand 50 one, the commission shall certify to the governor, the 51 52president of the Scnate and the speaker of the House of Delegates draft legislation which will accomplish the 53 54transfer on the first day of July, two thousand one, of all 55 powers, duties, property, obligations, contracts, rules, 56 orders, resolutions or any other matters which should be transferred or vested in the commission, the governing 57 58 boards or any other agency. In the event the Legislature 59 does not enact legislation which accomplishes the recommended transfers or vesting, effective the first day of July, 60 two thousand one, all such matters are transferred to and 61vested in the commission and the commission is hereby 62 63 authorized and directed to delegate such matters as is consistent with assigned powers and duties in section four 64 of this article and section four, article two-a of this 65 chapter. In the event of a dispute between or among the 66 67 commission and the governing boards as to the proper 68 delegation of these matters, the decision of the commission shall control. 69

§18B-1B-8. Higher education accountability; institutional and statewide report cards.

1 Effective on the first day of July, two thousand one:

(a) The commission is directed to make information 2 3 available to parents, students, faculty, staff, state 4 policymakers and the general public on the quality and performance of public higher education. This information 5 shall be consistent and comparable between and among 6 the state institutions of higher education and, if applica-7 ble, comparable with information from peer institutions in 8 the region and the nation. 9

(b) On or before the first day of July, two thousand one, 10 11 the chancellor shall review policy series sixteen, related to the higher education report card, of the rules of the board 12 of trustees and board of directors and determine whether 13 a new rule should be adopted providing for the collection, 14 analysis and dissemination of data and information on the 15 performance of the state institutions of higher education, 16 including health sciences education, in relation to the 17 findings, directives, goals and objectives set forth in 18 19 section one-a, article one of this chapter, the institutional compacts and in comparison to their peers. The rules shall 20 provide the legislative oversight commission on education 2122 accountability with full and accurate information while minimizing the institutional burden of recordkeeping and 23 24 reporting. The rules shall include uniform definitions for the various indicators of student and institutional perfor-25 mance and guidelines for the collection and reporting of 26data and the preparation, printing and distribution of 2728report cards under this section. The report card forms 29 shall provide for brief, concise reporting in nontechnical 30 language of required information. Any technical or 31 explanatory material which a governing board wishes to 32include shall be contained in a separate appendix available for a reasonable fee to the general public upon 33 34request.

35 (c) The president or chief executive officer of each public36 college, university or community and technical college

shall prepare and submit annually all requested data tothe commission at the time established by the commission.

39 The commission shall prepare report cards for institu-40 tions under their jurisdiction and in accordance with the 41 guidelines set forth in this section and rules promulgated 42 under this section.

43 (d) The higher education central office staff under the direction of the vice chancellor for administration shall 44 provide technical assistance to each institution and 45 governing board in data collection and reporting and is 46 responsible for assembling the statewide report card from 47 information submitted by each governing board. 48 The statewide report card shall include the data for each 49 50 institution for each separately listed, applicable indicator and the aggregate of the data for all public institutions of 51 higher education. The statewide report card shall be 52 53 prepared using actual institutional, state, regional and 54 national data, as applicable and available, indicating the present performance of the individual institutions, the 55 56 governing boards and the state system of higher education. The report card also shall include goals and trends for the 57 58 institutions and the higher education system and shall 59 include all the information required either by statute or by rule as authorized in subsection (b) of this section. State-60 61 wide report cards shall be based upon information for the 62 current school year or for the most recent school year for which the information is available, in which cases uch year 63 shall be clearly footnoted. 64

(e) The statewide report card shall be completed and
disseminated with copies to the legislative oversight
commission on education accountability prior to the first
day of January of each year.

(f) For a reasonable fee, the chancellor shall make copiesof the report cards available to any individual requesting

71 them.

§18B-1B-9. Statewide master plan.

1 (a) The commission shall develop a master plan for 2 higher education for the state.

3 (b) The plan shall be developed on or before the first day
4 of July, two thousand one, and shall be communicated to
5 the legislative oversight commission on education account6 ability.

7 (c) The master plan shall include, but not be limited to,8 the following:

9 (1) A detailed demonstration of how the master plan will
10 be used to meet the goals and objectives outlined in section
11 one-a, article one of this chapter;

12(2) A well-developed set of goals, as set forth in section one-a, article one of this chapter, outlining missions, 13 degree offerings, resource requirements, physical plant 14 needs, personnel needs, enrollment levels and other 15 16 planning determinants and projections for public higher education and other matters necessary in such a plan to 17 assure that the needs of the state for a quality system of 18 19higher education are addressed; and

(3) A plan for involving and collaborating with the state
board of education, the public and private institutions of
higher education and other education providers to assure
that a comprehensive system of education is developed for
West Virginia.

(d) The master plan for higher education for the state
shall be established for periods of not less than three nor
more than six years and shall be revised periodically as
necessary.

ARTICLE 1C. TRANSITION IMPLEMENTATION.

§18B-1C-1. Transition oversight.

(a) The legislative oversight commission on education
 accountability is charged with responsibility to monitor
 and oversee implementation of the policy changes required
 by this act.

76

(b) The responsibilities of the commission include, butare not limited to, the following:

(1) Reviewing the overall progress of the commission and
institutions in implementing the provisions of this act;

(2) Reviewing the implementation of financing policyincluding:

(A) Monitoring the process for selecting peer institutions
as provided for in section three, article one-a of this
chapter;

(B) Monitoring the process for determining the institutional operating budgets pursuant to section five, article
one-a of this chapter;

17 (3) Monitoring the development of indicators and
18 benchmarks as provided for in section two, article one-a of
19 this chapter;

(4) Monitoring the development of the institutional
compacts pursuant to section two, article one-a of this
chapter and the statewide master plan required in section
nine, article one-b of this chapter; and

(5) Subject to the provisions of section eight, article
three-c of this chapter, evaluating the existing community
and technical college programs and services at each of the
community and technical colleges and determining the
effectiveness of the indicated manner to accomplish the
essential conditions at each institution. Notwithstanding

30 the provisions of section eight, article three-c of this

77

31 chapter, the team shall determine if the goals of section

32 one-a, article one of this chapter are being met under the

33 current structure;

34 (c) The provisions of this section expire the thirtieth day35 of June, two thousand one.

§18B-1C-2. Higher education interim governing board.

(a) For the transition year beginning on the first day of 1 July, two thousand, and ending on the thirtieth day of 2 June, two thousand one, there is hereby established the 3 higher education interim governing board, hereinafter 4 referred to as the "interim governing board", to serve as 5 the governing board for public higher education in West 6 Virginia. The interim governing board shall have such 7 powers and duties pursuant to section eight, article one of 8 this chapter, as may be necessary to carry out their 9 responsibilites under this section. 10

(b) The interim governing board is comprised of nine
persons, appointed by the governor, with the advice and
consent of the Senate. Nothing herein shall prohibit a
person from serving concurrently on the interim governing
board and an institutional board of advisors.

16 (c) The interim governing board shall be appointed as 17 soon as possible after the passage of this act and shall 18 continue its duties until the thirtieth day of June, two 19 thousand one. Appointments to the board shall be made 20 so that members may begin their work no later than the 21 first day of July, two thousand.

(d) Any person appointed to a position on the board shall
have governing experience in higher education, be knowledgeable on education matters and represent the public
interest.

78

26 (e) The members shall elect a chairman.

(f) The board shall meet as needed at the time and place
specified by the call of the chairperson or a majority of the
members.

30 (g) The intent and purposes of the interim governing31 board are:

32 (1) To serve and act as the governing board for state
33 institutions of higher education and to ensure a smooth,
34 efficient transition to a new governing structure to be
35 effective the first day of July, two thousand one;

36 (2) To initiate the implementation of this act and to
37 inform the governor and the Legislature of the implemen38 tation status and of any areas in which further executive
39 or legislative action may be necessary;

40 (3) To advise and assist the commission on implementa41 tion of the act in a manner which achieves the intent,
42 purposes and goals of the act;

43 (4) To resolve, or seek appropriate remedy of, errors,
44 omissions, oversights or conflicts relative to implementa45 tion of the act; and

46 (5) To take such other action within their scope of
47 authority as may be necessary to provide for the smooth
48 transition in the governance of the higher education
49 system.

(h) Members of the board shall be reimbursed for actual
and necessary expenses incident to the performance of
their duties upon presentation of an itemized sworn
statement thereof. The reimbursement shall be paid from
legislative appropriations and other funds available to the
board.

56 (i) A majority of the members constitutes a quorum for57 conducting the business of the board.

(j) On the first day of July, two thousand, there is
transferred to the interim governing board, all powers,
duties, property, obligations, contracts, rules, orders,
resolutions or any other matters which were vested in the
prior boards of trustees, directors or both.

63 (k) The provisions of this section expire on the thirtieth64 day of June, two thousand one.

ARTICLE 2. UNIVERSITY OF WEST VIRGINIA BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

§18B-2-1. Composition of board; terms and qualifications of members; vacancies; eligibility for reappointment; oath of office; removal from office.

1 (a) The board of trustees shall consist of seventeen persons, of whom one shall be the chancellor of the board 2 3 of directors of the state college system, cx officio, who shall not be entitled to vote; one shall be the state superin-4 tendent of schools, ex officio, who shall not be entitled to 5 vote; one shall be the chairman of the advisory council of 6 students, ex officio, who shall be entitled to vote; one shall 7 be the chairman of the advisory council of faculty, ex 8 officio, who shall be entitled to vote; and one shall be the 9 chairman of the advisory council of classified employees, 10 ex officio, who shall be entitled to vote. The other twelve 11 trustees shall be citizens of the state, appointed by the 1213 governor, by and with the advice and consent of the 14 Senate.

Each of the trustees appointed to the board by the governor shall represent the public interest and shall be especially qualified in the field of higher education by virtue of the person's knowledge, learning, experience or interest in the field.

8

20Except for the ex officio trustees, no person shall be 21 eligible (or appointment to membership on the board of trustees who is an officer, employee or member of an 22 advisory board of any state college or university, an officer 23 or member of any political party executive committee, the 24 25 holder of any other public office or public employment 26 under the government of this state or any of its political 27subdivisions or an appointee or employee of the board of 28 trustees or the board of directors: Provided, That if there 29 are no ethical restrictions under state or federal law, a 30 federal employee may serve as a member of the board of 31 trustees. Of the twelve trustees appointed by the governor from the public at large, not more than six thereof shall 32 33 belong to the same political party and at least two trustees 34 shall be appointed from each congressional district.

Except as provided in this section, no other person maybe appointed to the board.

(b) The governor shall appoint twelve trustees as soon
after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred
eighty-nine, as is practicable and the original terms of all
trustees shall commence on that date.

41 The terms of the trustees appointed by the governor 42 shall be for overlapping terms of six years, except, of the original appointments, four shall be appointed to terms of 43 two years, four shall be appointed to terms of four years 44 and four shall be appointed to terms of six years. Each 45 subsequent appointment which is not for the purpose of 46 47 filling a vacancy in an unexpired term shall be for a term of six years. 48

The governor shall appoint a trustee to fill any vacancy among the twelve trustees appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, which trustee appointed to fill such vacancy shall serve for the unexpired term of the vacating trustee. The governor shall fill the vacancy within sixty days of the occurrence of thevacancy.

56 All trustees appointed by the governor shall be eligible 57 for reappointment: *Provided*, That a person who has 58 served as a trustee or director during all or any part of two 59 consecutive terms shall be ineligible to serve as a trustee 60 or director for a period of three years immediately follow-61 ing the second of the two consecutive terms.

The chairman of the advisory council of students, ex officio; the chairman of the advisory council of faculty, ex officio; and the chairman of the advisory council of classified employees, ex officio, shall serve the terms for which they were elected by their respective advisory councils. These members shall be eligible to succeed themselves.

(c) Before exercising any authority or performing any
duties as a trustee, each trustee shall qualify as such by
taking and subscribing to the oath of office prescribed by
section five, article IV of the constitution of West Virginia
and the certificate thereof shall be filed with the secretary
of state.

(d) No trustee appointed by the governor shall be
removed from office by the governor except for official
misconduct, incompetence, neglect of duty or gross
immorality and then only in the manner prescribed by law
for the removal of the state elective officers by the governor.

81 (e) The board of trustees is abolished the thirtieth day of82 June, two thousand.

83 (f) On the first day of July, two thousand, there is
84 transferred to the interim governing board, all powers,
85 duties, property, obligations, contracts, rules, orders,

resolutions or any other matters which were vested in theprior boards of trustees, directors or both.

82

ARTICLE 2A. INSTITUTIONAL BOARDS OF GOVERNORS.

§18B-2A-1. Composition of boards; terms and qualifications of members; vacancies; eligibility for reappointment.

(a) Effective the thirtieth day of June, two thousand one, 1 the institutional boards of advisors at Bluefield state 2 college, Concord college, eastern West Virginia community 3 and technical college, Fairmont state college, Glenville 4 5 state college, Marshall university, Shepherd college, southern West Virginia community and technical college, 6 7 West Liberty state college, West Virginia northern community and technical college, the West Virginia school of 8 osteopathic medicine, West Virginia state college and West 9 Virginia university are abolished. 10

(b) Effective the first day of July, two thousand one, an 11 institutional board of governors is established at each of 12 13 the following institutions: Bluefield state college, Concord college, eastern West Virginia community and technical 14 college, Fairmont state college, Glenville state college, 15 16 Marshall university, Shepherd college, southern West 17 Virginia community and technical college, West Liberty state college, West Virginia northern community and 18 19 technical college, the West Virginia school of osteopathic 20 medicine, West Virginia state college and West Virginia 21university. Each institutional board of governors shall 22consist of twelve persons: *Provided*, That the institutional boards of governors for Marshall university and West 23 24 Virginia university shall consist of fifteen persons. Each 25 institutional board of governors shall include:

(1) A full-time member of the faculty with the rank ofinstructor or above duly elected by the faculty;

(2) A member of the student body in good academic
standing, enrolled for college credit work and duly elected
by the student body;

31 (3) A member of the institutional classified staff duly32 elected by the classified staff; and

(4) Nine lay members appointed by the governor by and 33 with the advice and consent of the Senate pursuant to 34 section one-a, article six of this chapter: Provided, That 35 for the institutional boards of governors at Marshall 36 university and West Virginia university, twelve lay 37 38 members shall be appointed by the governor by and with 39 the advice and consent of the Senate pursuant to section 40 one-a, article six of this chapter: Provided, however, That, of the appointed lay members, the governor shall appoint 41 42 one superintendent of a county board of education from the area served by the institution: Provided further, That 43 44 in making the initial appointments to the institutional boards of governors, the governor shall appoint, except in 45 the case of death, resignation or failure to be confirmed by 46 47 the Senate, those persons who are lay members of the institutional boards of advisors for those institutions 48 49 named in subsection (a) on the thirtieth day of June, two thousand one, and appointed pursuant to section one-a, 50 article six of this chapter. 51

52 (c) Of the nine members appointed by the governor, no more than five may be of the same political party: Pro-53 vided. That of the twelve members appointed by the 54 governor to the governing boards of Marshall university 55 and West Virginia university, no more than seven may be 56 57 of the same political party. At least six of the members shall be residents of the state: Provided, however, That of 58 the twelve members appointed by the governor to the 59 governing boards of Marshall university and West Virginia 60 university, at least eight of the members shall be residents 61 of the state. The student member shall serve for a term of 62

84

63 one year. The term beginning in July, two thousand, shall 64 end on the thirtieth day of June, two thousand one. The 65 term beginning in July, two thousand one, shall end on the 66 thirtieth day of June, two thousand two. Thereafter, the 67 term shall begin on the first day of July. The faculty member and the classified staff member shall serve for a 68 term of two years. The term beginning in July, two 69 70 thousand, shall end on the thirtieth day of June, two 71 thousand one, and the term beginning in July, two thou-72 sand onc, shall end on the thirtieth day of June, two 73 thousand three. Thereafter, the term shall begin on the 74 first day of July. The appointed lay citizen members shall serve terms of four years each. All members shall be 75 76 eligible to succeed themselves for no more than one 77 additional term. A vacancy in an unexpired term of a 78 member shall be filled for the unexpired term within thirty 79 days of the occurrence of the vacancy in the same manner 80 as the original appointment or election. Except in the case of a vacancy, all elections shall be held and all appoint-81 82 ments shall be made no later than the thirtieth day of June 83 preceding the commencement of the term, except the election of officers for the term beginning in July, two 84 85 thousand one shall be made that July. Each institutional 86 board of governors shall elect one of its appointed lay 87 members to be chairperson in June of each year. No member may serve as chairperson for more than two 88 89 consecutive years.

90 (d) The appointed members of the institutional boards of governors shall serve staggered terms. Of the initial 91 appointments by the governor to each of the institutional 92 93 boards of governors, two shall be appointed for terms of 94 one year, two shall be appointed for terms of two years, 95 two shall be appointed for terms of three years and three 96 shall be appointed for terms of four years: Provided, That for the initial appointments to the governing boards of 97 Marshall university and West Virginia university, three 98

shall be appointed for terms of one year, three shall be
appointed for terms of two years, three shall be appointed
for terms of three years and three shall be appointed for
terms of four years. After the initial appointments, all
appointees shall serve for terms of four years.

104 (e) No person shall be eligible for appointment to 105 membership on an institutional board of governors who is 106 an officer, employee or member of any other institutional board of governors, a member of an institutional board of 107 advisors of any public institution of higher education, an 108 109 employee of any institution of higher education, an officer or member of any political party executive committee, the 110 holder of any other public office or public employment 111 under the government of this state or any of its political 112 113 subdivisions or a member of the commission: Provided, That this subsection shall not be construed to prevent the 114 faculty, classified staff, student representative or superin-115 116 tendent of a county board of education from being mem-117 bers of the governing boards.

(f) Before exercising any authority or performing any duties as a member of a governing board, each member shall qualify as such by taking and subscribing to the oath of office prescribed by section five, article IV of the constitution of West Virginia and the certificate thereof shall be filed with the secretary of state.

(g) No member of a governing board appointed by the governor may be removed from office by the governor except for official misconduct, incompetence, neglect of duty or gross immorality and then only in the manner prescribed by law for the removal of the state elective officers by the governor.

(h) The president of the institution shall make available
resources of the institution for conducting the business of
its institutional board of governors. The members of the

institutional board of governors shall serve without 133 compensation, but shall be reimbursed for all reasonable 134 and necessary expenses actually incurred in the perfor-135 136 mance of their official duties under this article upon presentation of an itemized sworn statement of their 137 expenses. All expenses incurred by the institutional board 138 139 of governors and the institution under this section shall be paid from funds allocated to the institution for that 140 141 purpose,

§18B-2A-2. Meetings.

(a) The boards of governors shall hold at least six 1 meetings in every fiscal year, including an annual meeting 2 each June: Provided, That an annual meeting for the 3 purpose of selecting the first chairperson and other 4 officers shall be held during July, two thousand one. The 5 president of the appropriate institution shall call the first 6 7 meeting of the institutional board of governors in July, 8 two thousand one, or as soon thereafter as practicable and preside until officers are elected. Officers elected in July, 9 two thousand one, shall begin their terms upon election 10 and shall serve until the thirtieth day of June the following 11 12 year. Of the twelve voting members of the boards of governors, seven shall constitute a quorum: Provided, That 13 of the fifteen voting members of each of the boards of 14 governors for the state universities, eight shall constitute 15 16 a quorum. A majority vote of the quorum shall be neces-17 sary to pass upon matters before the institutional board of 18 governors.

(b) The boards of governors may set aside time as they
consider appropriate to afford administrators, faculty,
students and classified staff an opportunity to discuss
issues affecting these groups.

§18B-2A-3. Supervision of governing boards; promulgation of rules.

(a) For the transition year beginning on the first day of
 July, two thousand and ending on the thirtieth day of
 June, two thousand one, the interim governing board is
 subject to the supervision of the secretary of education and
 the arts. Rules adopted by the governing board are subject
 to approval by the secretary of education and the arts.

(b) Effective the first day of July, two thousand one, and 7 thereafter, the governing boards are subject to the supervi-8 9 sion of the chancellor. The chancellor is responsible for the 10 coordination of policies and purposes of the governing boards and shall provide for and facilitate sufficient 11 interaction among the governing boards and between the 1213 governing boards and the state board of education to meet the goals and objectives provided for in the compacts and 14 in section one-a, article one of this chapter. 15

(c) The governing boards and the state board of education shall provide any and all information requested by the
chancellor in a timely manner.

§18B-2A-4. Powers and duties of governing boards generally.

1 Effective the first day of July, two thousand one, each 2 governing board shall separately have the following 3 powers and duties:

4 (a) Determine, control, supervise and manage the finan5 cial, business and education policies and affairs of the
6 state institutions of higher education under its jurisdic7 tion;

8 (b) Develop a master plan for the institutions under its 9 jurisdiction; except the administratively linked community 10 and technical colleges shall develop their master plans 11 subject to the provisions of section one, article six of this 12 chapter. The ultimate responsibility for developing and 13 updating the master plans at the institutional level resides 14 with the institutional board of governors or board of

advisors, as applicable, but the ultimate responsibility for
approving the final version of the institutional master
plans, including periodic updates, resides with the commission. Each master plan shall include, but not be
limited to, the following:

(1) A detailed demonstration of how the master plan will
be used to meet the goals and objectives of the institue
tional compact;

(2) A well-developed set of goals outlining missions,
degree offerings, resource requirements, physical plant
needs, personnel needs, enrollment levels and other
planning determinates and projections necessary in such
a plan to assure that the needs of the institution's area of
responsibility for a quality system of higher education are
addressed;

30 (3) Documentation of the involvement of the commission,
31 institutional constituency groups, clientele of the institu32 tion and the general public in the development of all
33 segments of the institutional master plan.

The plan shall be established for periods of not less than three nor more than six years and shall be revised periodically as necessary, including the addition or deletion of degree programs as, in the discretion of the appropriate governing board, may be necessary.

(c) Prescribe for the state institutions of higher education
under its jurisdiction, in accordance with its master plan
and the compact for each institution, specific functions
and responsibilities to meet the higher education needs of
its area of responsibility and to avoid unnecessary duplication;

(d) Direct the preparation of a budget request for the
state institutions of higher education under its jurisdiction, such request to relate directly to missions, goals and

48 projections as found in the institutional master plans and49 the institutional compacts;

(e) Consider, revise and submit to the commission a
budget request on behalf of the state institutions of higher
education under its jurisdiction;

(f) Review, at least every five years, all academic pro-53 grams offered at the state institutions of higher education 54 under its jurisdiction. The review shall address the 55 viability, adequacy and necessity of the programs in 56 relation to its institutional master plan, the institutional 57 compact and the education and workforce needs of its 58 responsibility district. As a part of the review, each 59 governing board shall require the institutions under its 60 jurisdiction to conduct periodic studies of its graduates 61 62 and their employers to determine placement patterns and the effectiveness of the education experience. Where 63 appropriate, these studies should coincide with the studies 64 required of many academic disciplines by their accrediting 65 bodies. 66

(g) The governing boards also shall ensure that the 67 sequence and availability of academic programs and 68 courses offered by the institutions under their jurisdiction 69 is such that students have the maximum opportunity to 70complete programs in the time frame normally associated 71 with program completion. Each governing board also is 72 responsible to see that the needs of nontraditional college-73 age students are appropriately addressed and, to the 74 extent it is possible for the individual governing board to 75 control, to assure core coursework completed at state 76 institutions of higher education under its jurisdiction is 77 78 transferable to any other state institution of higher 79 education for credit with the grade earned.

80 (h) Subject to the provisions of article one-b of this81 chapter, the appropriate governing board has the exclusive

82 authority to approve the teacher education programs 83 offered in the institution under its control. In order to 84 permit graduates of teacher education programs to receive 85 a degree from a nationally accredited program and in order to prevent expensive duplication of program accred-86 itation, the chancellor may select and utilize one nation 87 88 ally recognized teacher education program accreditation 89 standard as the appropriate standard for program evaluation. 90

91 (i) Utilize faculty, students and classified staff in
92 institutional-level planning and decision making when
93 those groups are affected.

94 (j) Administer a system for the management of personnel matters, including, but not limited to, personnel classifica-95 tion, compensation, and discipline for employees of the 96 institutions under their jurisdiction, subject to the provi-97 98 sions of state and federal law: Provided, That the chancel-99 lor may promulgate a new uniform rule for the purpose of standardizing, as much as possible, the administration of 100 101 personnel matters among the institutions of higher educa-102 tion;

103 (k) Administer a system for the hearing of employee 104 grievances and appeals therefrom as prescribed by article 105 twenty-nine, chapter eighteen of this code so that a g 106 grieved parties may be assured of timely and objective review: Provided, That after the first day of July, two 107 108 thousand, the procedure established in article twenty-nine, 109 chapter eighteen of this code shall be the exclusive mecha-110 nism for hearing employee grievances and appeals.

(l) Solicit and utilize or expend voluntary support,
including financial contributions and support services, for
the state institutions of higher education under its jurisdiction;

(m) Appoint a president or other administrative head for
the institutions of higher education under its jurisdiction
subject to the provisions of section six, article one-b of this
chapter.

(n) Conduct written performance evaluations of each
institution's president pursuant to section six, article oneb of this chapter;

(o) Submit to the commission no later than the first day
of November of each year an annual report of the performance of the institutions of higher education under its
jurisdiction during the previous fiscal year as compared to
stated goals in its master plan and institutional compact.

(p) Enter into contracts or consortium agreements with 127 the public schools, private schools or private industry to 128 provide technical, vocational, college preparatory, reme-129 dial and customized training courses at locations either on 13 campuses of the public institution of higher education or 131 at of f campus locations in the institution's responsibility 132 133 district. To accomplish this goal, the boards are permitted to share resources among the various groups in the com-134 munity. 135

(•) Delegate, with prescribed standards and limitations, 136 the part of its power and control over the business affairs 137 of a particular state institution of higher education under 138 its jurisdiction to the president or other administrative 139 head of the state institution of higher education in any 14 case where it considers the delegation necessary and 141 prudent in order to enable the institution to function in a 142 proper and expeditious manner and to meet the require-143 ments of its institutional compact. If a governing board 144 elects to delegate any of its power and control under the 145 provisions of this subsection, it shall notify the chancellor. 146 Any such delegation of power and control may be re-147

92

scinded by the appropriate governing board or the chan-cellor at any time, in whole or in part.

150 (r) Unless changed by the interim governing board or the chancellor, the governing boards shall continue to abide by 151 existing rules setting forth standards for acceptance of 152153advanced placement credit for their respective institutions. Individual departments at institutions of higher education 154 may, upon approval of the institutional faculty senate, 155 require higher scores on the advanced placement test than 156 157 scores designated by the appropriate governing board when the credit is to be used toward meeting a require-158 ment of the core curriculum for a major in that depart-159 160 ment.

161 (s) Each governing board, or its designee, shall consult, 162 cooperate and work with the state treasurer and the state auditor to update as necessary and maintain an efficient 163 and cost-effective system for the financial management 164 and expenditure of special revenue and appropriated state 165 funds at the institutions under its jurisdiction that ensures 166 that properly submitted requests for payment be paid on 167 or before due date, but in any event, within fifteen days of 168 169 receipt in the state auditor's office.

170 (t) The governing boards in consultation with the chancellor and the secretary of the department of administra-171 tion shall develop, update as necessary and maintain a 172plan to administer a consistent method of conducting 173 personnel transactions, including, but not limited to, 174 hiring, dismissal, promotions and transfers at the institu-175 tions under their jurisdiction. Each such personnel 176 transaction shall be accompanied by the appropriate 177 standardized system or forms which will be submitted to 178 the respective governing board and the department of 179 finance and administration. 180

181 (u) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to 182 the contrary, the governing boards shall have the authority to transfer funds from any account specifically appropri-183 ated for their use to any corresponding line item in a 184 185 general revenue account at any agency or institution under 186 their jurisdiction as long as such transferred funds are 187 used for the purposes appropriated. The governing boards 188 also shall have the authority to transfer funds from appropriated special revenue accounts for capital im-189 190 provements under their jurisdiction to special revenue accounts at agencies or institutions under their jurisdic-191 192 tion as long as such transferred funds are used for the purposes appropriated; and 193

194 (v) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary, the governing boards may acquire legal 195 196 services as are considered necessary, including representation of the governing boards, their institutions, employees 197 and officers before any court or administrative body. The 198 counsel may be employed either on a salaried basis or on 199 200 a reasonable fee basis. In addition, the governing boards 201 may, but are not required to, call upon the attorney general for legal assistance and representation as provided 202 by law. 203

ARTICLE 3. BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE STATE COLLEGE SYSTEM.

§18B-3-1. Composition of board; terms and qualifications of members; vacancies; eligibility for reappointment; oath of office; removal from office.

(a) The board of directors of the state college system 1 shall consist of sixteen persons, of whom one shall be the 2 3 chancellor of the university of West Virginia board of trustees, ex officio, who shall not be entitled to vote; one 4 shall be the state superintendent of schools, ex officio, who 5 shall not be entitled to vote; one shall be the chair of the 6 7 joint commission for vocational-technical-occupational education, ex officio, who shall not be entitled to vote; one 8

94

shall be the chairman of the advisory council of students, 9 10 ex officio, who shall be entitled to vote; one shall be the chairman of the advisory council of faculty, ex officio, who 11 shall be entitled to vote; and one shall be the chairman of 12 the advisory council of classified employces, ex officio, 13 14 who shall be entitled to vote. The other ten directors shall be citizens of the state, appointed by the governor, by and 15 16 with the advice and consent of the Senate. On or after the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, 17 18 the board shall be reconstituted and all terms of members 19 appointed by the governor prior to the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, shall expire upon 2 21 the appointment by the governor of all the directors 22 required to be appointed by this section. The governor 23 shall make appointments required by this section no later 24 than the fifteenth day of March, one thousand nine 25 hundred ninety-six.

26 Each of the directors appointed to the board by the 27 governor shall represent the public interest and shall be 28 especially qualified in the field of higher education by virtue of the person's knowledge, learning, experience or 29 30 interest in the field. The relative enrollments of baccalaureate and community and technical students in the state 3132 college system shall be considered by the governor when making such appointments and the governor shall use his 33 or her best efforts to achieve a balance among the mem-34 35 bers who reflect the various interests, goals and concerns 36 reflected by the relative enrollments.

Except for the ex officio directors, no person shall be
eligible for appointment to membership on the board of
directors who is an officer, employee or member of an
advisory board of any state college or university, an officer
or member of any political party executive committee, the
holder of any other public office or public employment
under the government of this state or any of its political

44 subdivisions, or an appointee or employee of the board of 45 trustees or board of directors: Provided, That if there are no ethical restrictions under state or federal law, a federal 46 employee may serve as a member of the board of directors. 47 Of the ten directors appointed by the governor from the 48 49 public at large, not more than five thereof shall belong to the same political party and at least three directors of the 50 board shall be appointed from each congressional district. 51

52 Except as provided in this section, no other person may 53 be appointed to the board.

54 (b) The governor shall appoint ten directors as soon after the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred ninety-55 six, as is practicable and the original terms of all directors 56 shall commence on that date. The terms of the directors 57 58 appointed by the governor shall be for overlapping terms of six years, except, of the original appointments, three 59 shall be appointed to terms of two years, three shall be 60 appointed to terms of four years and four shall be ap-61 pointed to terms of six years. Each subsequent appoint-62 ment which is not for the purpose of filling a vacancy in an 63 unexpired term shall be appointed to a term of six years. 64

65 The governor shall appoint a director to fill any vacancy 66 among the ten directors appointed by the governor, by and 67 with the advice and consent of the Senate, which director 68 appointed to fill such vacancy shall serve for the unex-69 pired term of the vacating director. The governor shall fill 70 the vacancy within sixty days of the occurrence of the 71 vacancy.

All directors appointed by the governor shall be eligible for reappointment: *Provided*, That a person who serves as a director or trustee during all or any part of two consecutive terms beginning after the first day of March, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, shall be ineligible to

96

serve as a director for a period of three years immediately
following the second of the two consecutive terms.

79 The chairman of the advisory council of students, ex 80 officio; the chairman of the advisory council of faculty, ex 81 officio; and the chairman of the advisory council of 82 classified employees, ex officio, shall serve the terms for 83 which they were elected by their respective advisory 84 councils. These members shall be eligible to succeed 85 themselves.

(c) Before exercising any authority or performing any
duties as a director, each director shall qualify as such by
taking and subscribing to the oath of office prescribed by
section five, article IV of the constitution of West Virginia
and the certificate thereof shall be filed with the secretary
of state.

92 (d) No director appointed by the governor shall be
93 removed from office by the governor except for official
94 misconduct, incompetence, neglect of duty or gross
95 immorality and then only in the manner prescribed by law
96 for the removal by the governor of the state elective
97 officers.

98 (e) The board of directors is abolished the thirtieth day99 of June, two thousand.

(f) On the first day of July, two thousand, there is
transferred to the interim governing board all powers,
duties, property, obligations, contracts, rules, orders,
resolutions or any other matters which were vested in the
prior boards of trustees, directors or both.

ARTICLE 3A. WEST VIRGINIA JOINT COMMISSION FOR VOCATIONAL-TECHNICAL-OCCUPATIONAL EDUCATION.

§18B-3A-1. Joint commission continued; jurisdiction of higher education policy commission.

1 The West Virginia joint commission for vocational-2 technical-occupational education, hereinafter referred to 3 in this article as the joint commission, is hereby continued. 4 The joint commission is subject to the jurisdiction of the 5 commission established in article one-b of this chapter and is subject to the supervision of the chancellor and the vice 6 7 chancellor for community and technical college education 8 and workforce development.

§18B-3A-2. Legislative findings and intent.

1 The Legislature finds that the goals for post-secondary 2 education set forth in section one-a, article one of this 3 chapter include a finding that West Virginia's future rests not only on how well its youth are educated, but also on 4 5 how well it educates its entire population at any age and that the state must take into account the imperative need 6 7 to serve the education needs of working-age adults. These 8 findings further note that the state should make the best use of the expertise that private institutions of higher 9 education, vocational and technical programs and private 10 proprietary schools can offer and recognize the importance 11 of their contributions to the economic, social and cultural 12 well-being of their communities. 13

14 The Legislature further finds that certain goals focus on the need to serve better both traditional and nontradi-15 tional students and adults. Among these goals is one 16 which states that the overall focus of education is on a 17 lifelong process which is to be as seamless as possible at all 18 levels and is to encourage citizens of all ages to increase 19 20their knowledge and skills. These goals also emphasize the need for cooperation and collaboration at all levels in 21 22 education, training and workforce development to achieve the state's public policy agenda. 23

The Legislature further finds that certain acts to streamline accountability, to make maximum use of existing

assets to meet new demands and target new funding to initiatives designed to enhance and reorient existing capacity, to provide incentives for brokering and collaboration and to focus on new demands now require that many of the responsibilities originally charged to the joint commission be reexamined.

Therefore, the intent of the Legislature in amending and reenacting this article is to reorient the mission, role and responsibilities of the joint commission consistent with and supportive of the mission, role and responsibilities of the commission, the goals for post-secondary education and accountability for achieving the state's public policy agenda.

§18B-3A-3. Appointment, composition and terms of joint commission; meetings; expenses.

1 (a) The joint commission is comprised of nine persons, 2 seven of whom are appointed by the governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate. The vice chancellor for 3 community and technical college education and workforce 4 development and the assistant superintendent for techni-5 6 cal and adult education of the state department of education shall serve as ex officio, nonvoting members of the 7 8 joint commission. On or after the effective date of this 9 section, the joint commission shall be reconstituted and all terms of members appointed by the governor prior to the 10 effective date of this section, shall expire upon the ap-11 pointment by the governor of all the members required to 12 be appointed by this section. 13

14 The seven members appointed by the governor shall 15 represent the interests of the business, labor and employer 16 communities and demonstrate knowledge of the workforce 17 needs of the various areas of the state. No person who is 18 employed by an institution of higher education and no 19 person who is engaged in providing, or employed by a

20 person or company whose primary function is to provide 21 workforce development services and activitics, is eligible 22 to serve on the joint commission. No provider of education 23services, workforce development services or related activities may serve on the joint commission. The governor 24 shall appoint three members from each congressional 25 district. Not more than four of the members may be from 26 27 the same political party.

28 (b) Members of the joint commission shall serve for terms of four years, except that of the original appointments, one 29 member shall be appointed for one year; two members 30 shall be appointed for two years; two members shall be 31 appointed for three years; and two members shall be 32 appointed for four years. No member may serve more than 33 two consecutive full terms nor may any member be 34 appointed to a term which results in the member serving 35 more than eight consecutive years. 36

37 (c) The vice chancellor for community and technical 38 college education and workforce development shall call the initial meeting of the commission and preside until a 39 40 chairperson is selected. The members shall elect a chair-41 person from among the persons appointed by the governor. The joint commission shall meet at least quarterly and 42 may meet more often at the call of the chairperson. One 4344 such meeting shall be a public forum for the discussion of the goals and standards for vocational education in the 45 state. Members of the joint commission shall serve with-46 out compensation, but shall be reimbursed for all reason-47 48 able and necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of their official duties under this article upon 49 presentation of an itemized sworn statement of their 50 expenses, except that members of the commission who are 51 employees of the state shall be reimbursed by their em-52 53 ploying agency.

§18B-3A-4. Definitions.

100

1 As used in this article:

2 (a) "Secondary vocational-technical-occupational
3 education" means any course or program at the high
4 school level that results in, or may result in, a high school
5 diploma or its equivalent, under the jurisdiction of the
6 state board of education.

(b) "Post-secondary vocational-technical-occupational
education" means any course or program beyond the high
school level that results in, or may result in, the awarding
of a two-year associate degree, certificate or other credential from an institution under the jurisdiction of a governing board or other public or private education provider.

(c) "Adult basic education" means adult basic skills
education designed to improve the basic literacy needs of
adults, including information processing skills, communication skills and computational skills, leading to a high
school equivalency diploma, under the jurisdiction of the
state board of education.

§18B-3A-5. Duties and responsibilities.

The joint commission has the duties and responsibilities
 set forth in the provisions of section two, article two-b,
 chapter eighteen of this code and in addition shall:

4 (a) Advise and assist the state board of education and the
5 commission on state plans for secondary and post-second6 ary vocational-technical-occupational and adult basic
7 education, including, but not limited to:

(1) Policies to strengthen vocational-technical-occupational and adult basic education;

(2) Programs and methods to assist in the improvement,
modernization and expanded delivery of vocationaltechnical-occupational and adult basic education programs;

(3) The distribution of federal vocational education
funding provided under the Carl D. Perkins Vocational
and Technical Education Act of 1998, PL 105-332, with an
emphasis on the distribution of financial assistance among
secondary and post-secondary vocational-technicaloccupational and adult basic education programs to help
meet the public policy agenda;

21(4) Collaboration, cooperation and interaction among all 22secondary and post-secondary vocational-technical-23occupational and adult basic education programs in the state, including the programs assisted under the federal 24Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Technical Education Act 2526of 1998. PL 105-332 and the Workforce Investment Act. to promote the development of seamless curriculum and the 2728elimination of duplicative programs;

(5) Coordination of the delivery of vocational-technicaloccupational and adult basic education in a manner
designed to make the most effective use of available public
funds to increase accessibility for students; and

(6) Encouraging through articulation the most efficient
utilization of available resources, both public and private,
to meet the needs of vocational-technical-occupational
and adult basic education students.

(b) Analyze and report to the commission on the distribution of spending for vocational-technical-occupational
and adult basic education in the state and on the availability of vocational-technical-occupational and adult basic
education activities and services within the state.

42 (c) Promote the delivery of vocational-technical-occupa43 tional and adult basic education programs in the state
44 which emphasize the involvement of business and labor
45 organizations.

102

46 (d) Promote public participation in the provision of
47 vocational-technical-occupational and adult basic educa48 tion at the local level, with an emphasis on programs
49 which involve the participation of local employers and
50 labor organizations.

51(c) Promote equal access to quality vocational-technica L 52occupational and adult basic education programs to 53 handicapped and disadvantaged individuals, adults who are in need of training and retraining, individuals who are 54 single parents or homemakers, individuals participating in 55 programs designed to eliminate sexual bias and stereotyp-56 57 ing in vocational-technical-occupational education, and 58 criminal offenders serving in correctional institutions.

59 (f) Assist the commission, the chancellor, the vice 60 chancellor for community and technical college education 61 and workforce development and those institutions delivering community and technical college education, as defined 62 in section two, article one, of this chapter in the successful 63 64 and efficient development, coordination and delivery of 65 community and technical college programs and services in 66 the state.

67 (g) Under the supervision of the chancellor and the vice
68 chancellor for community and technical college education
69 and workforce development, the joint commission has the
70 following additional powers and duties:

(1) To oversee the step-by-step implementation of the
comprehensive community and technical college system of
education provided in article three-c of this chapter;

74 (2) To interview nominees for appointment as community
75 and technical college presidents or provosts and make
76 recommendations to the chancellor, or in the case of a
77 provost, to the institutional president;

(3) To review and make recommendations to the commission for the approval of the institutional compacts for the
community and technical colleges;

81 (4) To make recommendations to the commission for
82 approval of the administration and distribution of the
83 independently-accredited community and technical college
84 development account;

(5) To ensure coordination among the community and
technical colleges and other state-level, regional and local
workforce entities, including, but not limited to, the
human resource investment council and the West Virginia
literacy council;

90 (6) To assist the community and technical colleges in
91 establishing and promoting links with employers and labor
92 in the geographic areas for which each of the community
93 and technical colleges is responsible;

94 (7) To develop alliances among the community and
95 technical colleges for resource sharing, joint development
96 of courses and courseware, sharing of expertise and staff
97 development;

98 (8) To provide a point for resolving issues relating to
99 transfer and articulation between and among community
100 and technical colleges, state colleges and universities and
101 to advise the commission on these issues;

(9) To assist the commission in developing a statewide
system of community and technical college programs and
services to place-bound adults and employers in every
region of West Virginia for competency-based certification
of knowledge and skills, including a statewide
competency-based associate degree program; and

108 - (10) To review and make recommendations to the
109 commission for the approval of the institutional master
110 plans for the community and technical colleges.

104

ARTICLE 3C. COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM.

§18B-3C-1. Legislative findings.

1 (a) Findings. - The Legislature hereby finds:

(1) That community and technical colleges in every
region of West Virginia are essential elements of a statewide strategy to prepare students for further post-secondary education, life long learning and development of the
workforce necessary to diversity and grow the state's
economy.

8 (2) That, despite progress in the past decade, West 9 Virginia continues to lag behind neighboring states and 10 the nation in the competitiveness of its workforce for the 11 new economy. Specifically, West Virginia:

12 (A) Ranks fiftieth among the states in the preparation of13 its workforce for the new economy;

(B) Continues to have low rates of participation among
high school graduates in post-secondary education and
ranks last among competitor states in the proportion of
high school graduates who attend a community college;

(C) Ranks forty-seventh in the nation in the proportionof its adult population at the lowest levels of literacy; and

20 (D) Ranks tenth among eleven competitor states in the 21 number of certificates and associate degrees granted.

(3) That, despite progress made in developing community
and technical colleges pursuant to Senate Bill No. 547,
most of these colleges remain subordinated to colleges and
universities with four-year and graduate missions.

(4) That, while the number of high school graduates is
declining and the needs of adults for further education and
training is increasing, less than twenty-five percent of the
students enrolled in West Virginia institutions are over age
twenty-five.

(5) That only half the enrollment in community and
technical colleges is in institutions independently accredited to carry out that mission.

(6) That in most of the component community and
technical colleges the majority of faculty are appointed
and rewarded according to the policies of the four-year
institution, not the community and technical college.

(7) That West Virginia is one of only five states in which
most of the enrollment in associate degree programs is in
institutions that are not independently accredited as twoyear institutions.

42 (8) That the community and technical college mission in
43 West Virginia continues to be seen by many as narrowly
44 defined and offering primarily associate degree programs
45 and rather than the critical functions of workforce devel46 opment, developmental education, community outreach
47 and regional economic development as defined in Senate
48 Bill No. 547.

(9) That half the community and technical college
students in West Virginia pay the higher tuition and fees
of the sponsoring four-year institution and not the lower
rate of free-standing community and technical colleges.

(10) That, despite the needs of place-bound adults, adults
in the workplace and employers, current higher education
financing policy provides strong disincentives for both
free-standing and component community and technical
colleges to provide off-campus programs and services.

106

(11) That Senate Bill No. 547 set forth a definition of the
kinds of community and technical college programs or
service that should be available and accessible in every
region of West Virginia.

62 (12) That over the past forty years, West Virginia has 63 debated forming a distinct system of community and technical colleges with a focused mission in each region of 64 the state. However, the state already had a network of 65 66 public colleges in each region and, because of severe 67 resource limitation and low population density, West 68 Virginia evolved a system of community and technical 69 colleges that depends in large part on the existing four-70 year colleges to offer associate degrees and other commu-71 nity and technical college services. West Virginia has 72 established only a limited number of freestanding commu-73 nity and technical colleges.

(13) That Senate Bill No. 547 sought to strengthen the
state's community and technical colleges in a number of
ways.

(14) That the implementation of specific structural and
procedural provisions of Senate Bill No. 547 was decidedly
mixed.

(15) That Senate Bill No. 547 had widely varying impact
on the availability of community and technical college
services throughout West Virginia. The scope of services
in several regions of the state, especially those with
component colleges, has fallen far short of the kind of
comprehensive, dynamic services envisioned in Senate Bill
No. 547.

87 (16) That since the enactment of Senate Bill No. 547
88 increasing attention has been given to the related priority
89 of workforce development.

90 (17) That since the enactment of Senate Bill No. 547
91 changes have accelerated dramatically in post-secondary
92 education demand and delivery systems.

93 (18) That the substantive goal of Senate Bill No. 547 to
94 ensure access to community and technical college pro95 grams and services remains valid and is even more impor96 tant today than five years ago; and

97 (19) That there are essential conditions which must be
98 met by each community and technical college in West
99 Virginia in order to address the needs of the people of the
100 state.

101 (b) Legislative Intent. - It is the intent of the Legislature, 102 that the process for achieving independently accredited community and technical colleges be carried out using the 103 104 most effective and most efficient method available. In implementing this process the governing boards and 105 institutions of higher education should utilize facilities 106 that already are available. These include, but are not 107 108 limited to, the facilities of public high schools and vocational education centers. It is further the intent of the 109 Legislature that this article not be implemented in such a 110 manner as to require an extensive building program. Prior 111 112to pursuing any capital project, an institution shall follow the guidelines for developing capital projects provided for 113 in subdivision thirteen, subsection (a), section four, article 114 one-b of this chapter. 115

§18B-3C-2. Purposes of article.

1 The general purposes of this article are the following:

(a) To establish community and technical college education that is well articulated with the public schools and
four-year colleges; that makes maximum use of shared
facilities, faculty, staff, equipment and other resources;
that encourages traditional and nontraditional students

7 and adult learners to pursue a life-time of learning; that

8 serves as an instrument of economic development; and that
9 has the independence and flexibility to respond quickly to

10 changing needs;

(b) To charge the respective governing boards with 11 providing community and technical college education at 12 state institutions of higher education under their jurisdic-13 tion that has the administrative, programmatic and 14 15 budgetary control necessary to allow maximum flexibility and responsiveness to district and community needs. 16 Education services shall be provided consistent with the 17 18 goal of sharing facilities, faculty, staff, equipment and 19 other resources within and among the districts, the other systems of public and higher education and other educa-20 21tion and training programs;

(c) To establish the essential conditions for community
and technical college programs and services, as defined in
section three of this article, necessary to insure that each
region of West Virginia is served by a community and
technical college meeting the needs of the people of the
region;

(d) To establish a mechanism for assuring that, where
applicable, a transition plan for meeting the essential
conditions is developed by each relevant community and
technical college;

(e) To establish responsibility districts for each of the
community and technical colleges to ensure accountability
that the full range of community and technical education
programs and services is provided in all areas of the state;

36 (f) To define the full range of programs and services that
37 every community and technical college has the responsibil38 ity to provide; and

(g) To establish such other policies and procedures
necessary to ensure that the needs of West Virginia, its
people and its businesses are met for the programs and
services that can be provided through a comprehensive
system of community and technical colleges.

§18B-3C-3. Essential conditions for community and technical college programs and services.

The Legislature hereby establishes the following cssen tial conditions for community and technical college
 programs and services:

4 (a) Independent accreditation by the commission on 5 institutions of higher education of the north central 6 association of colleges and schools (NCA) reflecting 7 external validation that academic programs, services, 8 faculty, governance, financing and other policies are 9 aligned with the community and technical college mission 10 of the institution;

(b) A full range of community and technical collegeservices offered as specified in section six of this article;

(c) Programmatic approval consistent with the provi sions of section nine of this article;

15 (d) A fee structure competitive with its peer institutions;

(e) Basic services, some of which may be obtained under
contract with existing institutions in the region. These
basic services shall include, but are not limited to, the
following:

20 (1) Student scrvices, including, but not limited to,
21 advising, academic counseling, financial aid and provision
22 of the first line of academic mentoring and mediation;

23 (2) Instructional support services;

24 (3) Access to information and library services;

25 (4) Physical space in which courses can be offered;

110

26 (5) Access to necessary technology for students, faculty27 and mentors;

28 (6) Monitoring and assessment; and

(7) Administrative services, including, but not limited to,
registration, fee collection and bookstore and other
services for the distribution of learning materials;

32 (f) A president who is the chief academic and adminis33 trative officer of the community and technical college
34 appointed and serving pursuant to the terms of section six,
35 article one-b of this chapter;

36 (g) An institutional board of governors or an institutional
37 board of advisors appointed and serving as required by
38 law;

(h) A full-time core faculty, complemented by persons
engaged through contract or other arrangements, including college and university faculty, to teach community
college courses and qualified business, industry and labor
persons engaged as adjunct faculty in technical areas;

(i) A faculty personnel policy, formally established to be
separate and distinct from that of other institutions, which
includes, but is not limited to, appointment, promotion,
workload and, if appropriate, tenure pursuant to section
nine of this article. These policies shall be appropriate for
the community and technical college mission and may not
be linked to the policies of any other institution;

(j) Community and technical colleges designed and
operating as open-provider centers with the authority and
flexibility to draw on the resources of the best and most
appropriate provider to ensure that community and
technical college services are available and delivered in the
region in a highly responsive manner. A community and

[Enr. S. B. No. 653

technical college may contract with other institutions and
providers as necessary to obtain the academic programs
and resources to complement those available through a
sponsoring college, where applicable, in order to meet the
region's needs.

111

62 (k) Separately identified state funding allocations for 63 each of the community and technical colleges. The 64 president of the community and technical college has full 65 budgetary authority for the entity, subject to accountabil-66 ity to its governing board, including authority to retain all 67 tuition and fees generated by the community and technical 68 college for use to carry out its mission.

§18B-3C-4. Responsibility districts.

(a) Each community and technical college is hereby 1 2 assigned a responsibility district within which it is respon-3 sible for providing the full array of community and technical college programs and services as defined in 4 section six of this article. The programs and services shall 5 6 address the public policy agenda, compact elements and goals for post-secondary education established in section 7 one-a, article one of this chapter as they relate to commu-8 9 nity and technical colleges, and other goals which may be established by the commission. The responsibility districts 10 shall be comprised of contiguous areas of the state which 11 12have similar economic, industrial, educational, community 13 and employment characteristics to facilitate specialization in mission and programming. For the purposes of initial 14 implementation and organization, the districts shall be 15 comprised as follows and assigned to the designated 16 17 community and technical colleges:

(1) West Virginia northern community and technical
college - Ohio, Brooke, Hancock, Marshall, Tyler and
Wetzel counties;

(2) West Virginia university at Parkersburg - Wood,
Jackson, Pleasants, Ritchie, Roane, Tyler and Wirt counties;

24 (3) Southern West Virginia community and technical
25 college - Logan, Boone, Lincoln, McDowell, Mingo,
26 Raleigh and Wyoming counties;

27 (4) Bluefield state community and technical college 28 Mercer, Greenbrier, McDowell, Monroc, Pocahontas,
29 Raleigh and Summers counties;

30 (5) Glenville state community and tcchnical college 31 Gilmer, Barbour, Braxton, Calhoun, Clay, Lewis, Nicholas,
32 Roane, Upshur and Webster counties;

33 (6) Fairmont state community and technical college 34 Marion, Doddridge, Harrison, Monongalia, Preston,
35 Randolph, Taylor and Barbour counties;

36 (7) Shepherd community and technical college - Jeffer37 son, Berkeley, Grant and Morgan counties;

38 (8) Eastern West Virginia community and technical
39 college - Mineral, Grant, Hampshire, Hardy, Tucker and
40 Pendleton counties;

41 (9) West Virginia State Community and Technical
42 College - Kanawha, Putnam and Clay counties;

43 (10) West Virginia university institute of technology
44 community and technical college - Fayette, Clay,
45 Kanawha, Raleigh and Nicholas counties; and

46 (11) Marshall university community and technical
47 college - Cabell, Mason, Putnam and Wayne counties.

(b) It is the intent of the Legislature that, where counties
are listed in more than one district, the county shall be the
joint responsibility of each community and technical
college assigned that county or shall be divided as deter-

52 mined by the commission. The boundaries of the districts

53 may be modified from time to time by the commission to

54 serve better the needs within the districts. Such modifica-

55 tions are not required to follow county boundaries.

§18B-3C-5. Appointment of community and technical college presidents.

1 The administrative head of a community and technical

2 college shall be the president or the provost, who shall be

3 chosen pursuant to the terms of section six, article one-b

4 of this chapter.

§18B-3C-6. Community and technical college programs.

(a) The mission of each community and technical college
 includes the following programs which may be offered on
 or off campus, at the work site, in the public schools and
 at other locations and at times that are convenient for the
 intended population:

6 (1) Career and technical education certificate, associate
7 of applied science and selected associate of science degree
8 programs for students seeking immediate employment,
9 individual entrepreneurship skills, occupational develop10 ment, skill enhancement and career mobility;

(2) Transfer education associate of arts and associate of
sciencedegree programs for students whose education goal
is to transfer into a baccalaureate degree program;

(3) Developmental/remedial education courses, literacy
education, tutorials, skills development labs and other
services for students who need to improve their skills in
mathematics, English, reading, study skills, computers and
other basic skill areas;

(4) Workforce training and retraining and contract
education with business and industry to train or retrain
employees;

(5) Continuing development assistance and education
credit and noncredit courses for professional and selfdevelopment, certification and licensure and literacy
training;

114

(6) Community service workshops, lectures, seminars,
clinics, concerts, theatrical performances and other
noncredit activities to meet the cultural, civic and personal
interests and needs of the community; and

30 (7) Cooperative arrangements with the public school
31 system for the seamless progression of students through
32 programs of study which are calculated to begin at the
33 secondary level and conclude at the community and
34 technical college level.

35 (b) All administrative, programmatic and budgetary 36 control over community and technical education within 37 the district shall be vested in the president or provost. 38 subject to rules adopted by the interim governing board or 39 the chancellor. The president and the provost with the institutional board of governors or institutional board of 40 advisors, as appropriate, shall be responsible for the 41 42 regular review, revision, elimination and establishment of programs within the district to assure that the needs of the 43 district for community and technical college programs are 44 met. It is the intent of the Legislature that the program 45 review and approval process for community and technical 46 47 education be separate and distinct from baccalaureate education and subject to the provisions of section nine of 48 this article. The president and institutional board of 49 advisors shall seek assistance from and utilize a district 50 51 consortium committee in fulfilling this responsibility.

(c) Independently accredited community and technical
colleges will serve as higher education centers for their
regions by brokering with colleges, universities and other
providers, in state and out of state to ensure the coordi-

nated access of students, employers, and other clients toneeded programs and services.

§18B-3C-7. District consortia committees.

1 (a) The president or provost of each community and 2 technical college shall form a district consortium commit-3 tee which shall include representatives, distributed 4 geographically to the extent practicable, of the major 5 community and technical college branches, vocationaltechnical centers, comprehensive high schools, four-year 6 colleges and universities, community service or cultural 7 organizations, economic development organizations, 8 9 business, industry, labor, elected public officials and employment and training programs and offices within the 10 district. The consortium committee shall be chaired by the 11 president or provost, or his or her designee, and shall 1213 advise and assist the president or provost with the follow-14 ing:

(1) Completing a comprehensive assessment of the
district to determine what education and training programs are necessary to meet the short and long-term
workforce development needs of the district;

(2) Coordinating efforts with regional labor market
information systems to identify the ongoing needs of
business and industry, both current and projected, and to
provide information to assist in an informed program of
planning and decision making;

(3) Planning and development of a unified effort to meet
the documented workforce development needs of the
district through individual and cooperative programs,
shared facilities, faculty, staff, equipment and other
resources and the development and use of distance learning and other education technologies;

(4) Regularly reviewing and revising curricula to ensure
that the workforce needs are met, developing new programs and phasing out or modifying existing programs as
appropriate to meet such needs, streamlining procedures
for designing and implementing customized training
programs and accomplishing such other complements of a
quality comprehensive community and technical college;

(5) Increasing the integration of secondary and postsecondary curriculum and programs that are targeted to
meet regional labor market needs, including implementation of a comprehensive school-to-work transition system
that accomplishes the following:

42 (A) Helps students focus on career objectives;

43 (B) Establishes cooperative programs and student44 internships with business and industry;

45 (C) Builds upon current programs such as high schools
46 that work, tech prep associate degree programs, registered
47 apprenticeships and rural entrepreneurship through action
48 learning; and

49 (D) Addresses the needs of at-risk students and school50 dropouts;

(6) Planning and implementation of integrated professional development activities for secondary and postsecondary faculty, staff and administrators and other
consortium partners throughout the district;

(7) Ensuring that program graduates have attained the
competencies required for successful employment through
the involvement of business, industry and labor in establishing student credentialing;⁴¹

(8) Performance assessment of student knowledge and
skills which may be gained from multiple sources so that
students gain credit toward program completion and

62 advance more rapidly without repeating coursework in63 which they already possess competency;

64 (9) Cooperating with workforce development investment 65 councils in establishing one-stop-shop career centers with 66 integrated employment and training and labor market 67 information systems that enable job seekers to assess their 68 skills, identify and secure needed education training and 69 secure employment and employers to locate available 70 workers;

(10) Increasing the integration of adult literacy, adult
basic education, federal workforce investment act and
community and technical college programs and services to
expedite the transition of adults from welfare to gainful
employment; and

(11) Establishing a single point of contact for employers
and potential employers to access education and training
programs throughout the district.

§18B-3C-8. Process for achieving independently-accredited community and technical colleges.

1 (a) Over a six-year period beginning the first day of July, two thousand one, West Virginia shall move from having 2 3 "component" community and technical colleges to having a statewide network of independently-accredited commu-4 nity and technical colleges serving every region of the 5 state. This section does not apply to the freestanding 6 community and technical colleges, West Virginia univer-7 sity at Parkersburg and Potomac state college of West 8 Virginia university. 9

(b) To be eligible for funds appropriated to develop
independently accredited community and technical
colleges, a state institution of higher education shall
demonstrate the following:

(1) That it has as a part of its institutional compact
approved by the commission a step-by-step plan with
measurable benchmarks for developing an independently
accredited community and technical college that meets the
essential conditions set forth in section three of this
article, except as limited in subdivisions (1),(2) and (4),
subsection (c), of this section;

(2) That it is able to offer evidence annually to the
satisfaction of the commission that it is making progress
toward accomplishing the benchmarks established in its
institutional compact for developing an independently
accredited community and technical college; and

(3) That it has submitted an expenditure schedule
approved by the commission which sets forth a proposed
plan of expenditures for funds allocated to it from the
fund.

30 (c) The following are recommended strategies for moving from the current arrangement of "component" community 31 and technical colleges to the legislatively mandated 32 33 statewide network of independently accredited community and technical colleges serving every region of the state. 34 35 The Legislature recognizes that there may be other means to achieve this ultimate objective; however, it is the intent 36 37 of the Legislature that the movc from the current arrangement of "component" community and technical colleges to 38 39 the legislatively mandated statewide network of independ-4 ently accredited community and technical colleges serving every region of the state shall be accomplished. The **4**1 42 following recommendations are designed to reflect significant variations among regions and the potential impacts 43 44 on the sponsoring institutions.

45 (1) Marshall university community and technical college,
46 West Virginia state community and technical college and
47 West Virginia university institute of technology. - The

48 status of these institutions shall be determined pursuant to49 the provisions of article three-f of this chapter.

(2) Bluefield state community and technical college. -50 Bluefield state community and technical college, including 51 52 the Lewisburg center, should retain its relationship as a component of Bluefield state college. The president and 53 the institutional board of governors of Bluefield state 54 college are accountable to the commission for ensuring 55 56 that the full range of community and technical college 57 services is available throughout the region and that the 58 community and technical college adheres, as nearly as 59 possible, to the essential conditions pursuant to section three of this article with the possible exception of inde-60 pendent accreditation. 61

62 (3) Center for higher education and workforce development at Beckley. - The president of Bluefield state college 63 64 and the institutional board of advisors are responsible, 65 according to a plan approved by the commission, for the step-by-step implementation of a new independently 66 67 accredited community and technical college administratively linked to Bluefield state college, known as the center 68 for higher education and workforce development, which 6**9** adheres to the essential conditions pursuant to section 70 71 three of this article. As an independently accredited 72 community and technical college, the center also shall serve as higher education center for its region by brokering 73 with other colleges, universities and other providers, in-74 75 state and out-of-state, both public and private, to ensure the coordinated access of students, employers, and other 76 clients to needed programs and services. The new commu-77 nity and technical college shall serve Raleigh, Summers 78 and Fayette counties and be headquartered in Beckley. 79 The commission shall appoint an institutional board of 80 advisors for the center at Beckley which is separate from 81 82 the institutional board of advisors of Bluefield state

120

83 college but may have some overlap in membership to facilitate coordination. In addition, the president of the 84 85 center shall appoint a district consortium committee to 86 advise the president on a comprehensive assessment of the 87 needs in the region, on coordinating efforts with regional 88 labor market information systems, and on other areas as provided for in section seven of this article relating to the 89 90 duties of district consortia committees. The center shall facilitate the planning and development of a unified effort 91 92 involving multiple providers and facilities, including, but not limited to, Concord college, the college of West Vir-93 ginia, Marshall university, West Virginia university, West 94 95 Virginia university institute of technology and other entities to meet the documented workforce development 96 97 needs in the region: Provided, That nothing in this subdivi-98 sion prohibits or limits any existing, or the continuation of 99 any existing affiliation between the college of West Virginia, West Virginia university institute of technology 100 101 and West Virginia university. The center for higher 102 education and workforce development at Beckley shall also provide the facilities and support services for other 103 104 public and private institutions delivering courses, pro-105 grams and services in Beckley. The objective would be to 106 assure students and employers in the area that there would 107 be coordination and efficient use of resources among the separate programs and facilities, existing and planned, in 108 109 the Beckley area. If, at a future time, the commission believes it appropriate, it may recommend to the Legisla-110 111 ture that the Beckley institution be created as a freestand-112 ing institution.

(4) Glenville state community and technical college. Glenville state community and technical college, including
the centers in Nicholas, Lewis and Roane counties, should
retain its relationship as a component of Glenville state
college. The president of Glenville state college and the
governing board are accountable to the commission for

[Enr. S. B. No. 653

ensuring that the full range of community and technical
college services is available throughout the region and that
the community and technical college adheres as nearly as
possible to the essential conditions pursuant to section
three of this article, with the possible exception of independent accreditation.

(5) Fairmont state community and technical college. -125 126 Fairmont state community and technical college should be an independently accredited community and technical 127 college serving Marion, Doddridge, Barbour, Harrison, 128 129 Monongalia, Preston, Randolph and Taylor counties. The 130 community and technical college is developed on the base 131 of the existing component community and technical 132college of Fairmont state college. Subject to the provisions 133 of section eight of this article, the president and the 134 governing board of Fairmont state college are responsible, according to a plan approved by the commission, for 135 136 step-by-step implementation of the independently accred-137 ited community and technical college which adheres to the essential conditions pursuant to section three of this 138 article. Subject to the provisions of section eight of this 139 article, the community and technical college will remain 140 141 administratively linked to Fairmont state college. Nothing 142 herein shall be construed to require Fairmont state college 143 to discontinue any associate degree program in areas of particular institutional strength which are closely artic u-144 145 lated to their baccalaureate programs and missions or 146 which are of a high-cost nature and can best be provided in direct coordination with a baccalaureate institution. 147

(6) Shepherd community and technical college. - Shepherd community and technical college should become an
independently accredited community and technical
college. It should serve Jefferson, Berkeley and Morgan
counties. The new community and technical college is
developed on the base of the existing component commu-

nity and technical college of Shepherd college. Subject to 154 the provisions of section eight of this article, the president 155 and the governing board of Shepherd college are responsi-156 ble, according to a plan approved by the commission, for 157 step-by-step implementation of the new independently 158 159 accredited community and technical college which adheres to the essential conditions pursuant to section three of this 160 article. Subject to the provisions of section eight of this 161 article, the community and technical college will remain 162 163 administratively linked to Shepherd college. Nothing herein shall be construed to require Shepherd college to 164 discontinue any associate degree program in areas of 165 particular institutional strength which are closely articu-166lated to their baccalaureate programs and missions or 167 which are of a high-cost nature and can best be provided 168 169 in direct coordination with a baccalaureate institution.

§18B-3C-9. Increasing flexibility for community and technical colleges.

1 (a) Notwithstanding any rules or procedures of the 2 governing boards to the contrary, the community and 3 technical colleges have the authority and the duty to:

4 (1) Incorporate the most effective and efficient use of 5 technology in accessing and delivering courses and pro-6 grams in order to make the best use of available resources 7 and to control costs;

8 (2) Incorporate a model to offer occupational program 9 curricula in smaller modules to accommodate specific 10 student and employer needs and to gain sufficient flexibil-11 ity in formatting courses;

12 (3) Serve as a facilitator for education programs from
13 outside delivery sources to meet the needs of the residents
14 and employers of the district; and

(4) Employ faculty in the most effective manner to servethe core mission of the community and technical college.

17 (A) To that end, the freestanding community and technical colleges may employ faculty for an indefinite period 18 without a grant of tenure and shall work toward a staffing 19 goal of no more than twenty percent of the faculty holding 20tenure or being tenure-track employees: Provided, That $\mathbf{21}$ tenured faculty employed by the freestanding community 22and technical colleges before the first day of July one 23 thousand nine hundred ninety-nine, shall not be affected 24 by this provision. 25

26 (B) All community and technical colleges, other than those set forth in paragraph (A) of this subdivision, may 27employ faculty for an indefinite period without a grant of 28 tenure. The immediate goal is to use this provision as a 29 tool to assist the community and technical colleges in 30 meeting the essential conditions provided for in section 31 three of this article and in gaining independent accredita-3233 tion status. The ultimate goal is to provide the flexibility community and technical colleges need to meet the needs 34 of the state by working toward having no more than 35 twenty percent of the core faculty holding tenure or being 36 37 tenure-track employees: *Provided*, That tenured faculty employed by community and technical colleges other than 38 freestanding community and technical colleges on the 39 40 effective date of this section may not be affected by this provision: Provided, however, That tenure shall not be 41 42 denied to a faculty member solely as a result of change in employing institution necessitated by the change to 4344 independently accredited community and technical colleges. 45

46 (b) The governing boards shall adopt a model of program
47 approval for the community and technical colleges that
48 permits occupational programs to be customized to meet
49 needs without requiring approval by any governing board

or other agency of government and, furthermore, that
incorporates a post-audit review of such programs on a
three-year cycle to determine the effectiveness of such
programs in meeting district needs.

(c) The interim governing board or the chancellor shall
promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this
section and shall file these rules for review and approval
with the chancellor no later than the first day of December, two thousand.

§18B-3C-10. Free-standing community and technical colleges; tuition and fees.

1 (a) During the transition year, beginning the first day of July, two thousand, and ending the thirtieth day of June, 2 two thousand one, the appropriate governing board may 3 fix tuition and establish and set such other fees to be 4 charged students at community and technical colleges as 5 it considers appropriate and shall pay such tuition and 6 7 fees collected into a revolving fund for the partial or full support, including the making of capital improvements, of 8 9 any community and technical college. Funds collected at any such community and technical college may be used 10 only for the benefit of that community and technical 11 The appropriate governing board also may 12 college. establish special fees for such purposes as, including, but 13 not limited to, health services, student activities, student 14 recreation, athletics or any other extracurricular purposes. 15 16 Such special fees shall be paid into special funds in the state treasury and used only for the purposes for which 17 18 collected.

(b) Beginning on the first day of July, two thousand one,
the appropriate governing board may fix tuition and
establish and set such other fees to be charged students at
community and technical colleges as it considers appropri-

[Enr. S. B. No. 653

ate, subject to the provisions of subdivision (2) of thissubsection.

(1) As used in this subsection, "appropriate governingboard" means:

27 (A) The governing board of the institution, in the case of28 a free-standing community and technical college;

(B) The governing boards of Glenville state college and
Bluefield state college, respectively, in the cases of
Glenville community and technical college and Bluefield
community and technical college; and

33 (C) The institutional board of advisors in all other cases.

34 (2) The appropriate governing board, in consultation with the joint commission, also may establish special fees 35 36 for such purposes as, including, but not limited to, health 37 services, student activities, student recreation, athletics or 38 any other extracurricular purposes: Provided, That the 39 joint commission shall determine which fees, if any, do not 40 apply to the entire student population and to which 41 students such fees do not apply. Such special fees may be 42 used only for the purposes for which collected.

43 (3) A community and technical college may contract with
44 any other state institution of higher education for the
45 participation of its students in programs, activities or
46 services of the other institution and for the use of such fees
47 collected.

48 (c) All tuition and fee charges in the total aggregate shall
49 comply with the terms of the institutions compact ap50 proved by the commission based on peer comparisons or
51 cost of instruction as set forth in the goals forpost-second52 ary education pursuant to section one-a, article one of this
53 chapter.

§18B-3C-11. Shared facilities and resources; memoranda of agreements; and joint administrative boards.

1 (a) To the maximum extent feasible, community and 2 technical colleges shall be developed as multisite institu-3 tions utilizing existing facilities, including cooperative use 4 of existing vocational education institutes and centers, offering services on the campuses of existing baccalaureate 5 and graduate institutions, at work sites in collaboration 6 7 with employers and other appropriate venues. Subject to 8 the limitation of subdivision (13), subsection (a), section four, article one-b of this chapter, new public capital 9 investment in physical facilities shall be kept to a mini-10 mum. All community and technical colleges shall have 11 12 missions encompassing the full range of services and 13 programs.

(b) The governing boards may accept federal grants and 14 15 funds from county boards of education, other local govern-16 mental bodies, corporations or persons. The governing boards may enter into memoranda of understanding 17 agreements with such governmental bodies, corporations 18 or persons for the use or acceptance of local facilities and 19 20 for the acceptance of grants or contributions toward the 21 cost of the acquisition or construction of such facilities. 22 Such local governmental bodies may convey capital 23 improvements, or lease the same without monetary 24 consideration, to the governing boards for the use by the community and technical college and the governing boards 2526 may accept such facilities, or the use or lease thereof, and grants or contributions for such purposes from such 27 28 governmental bodies, the federal government or any corporation or person. In addition, the various education 29 agencies shall establish cooperative relationships to utilize 30 31 existing community and technical colleges and programs, public school vocational centers and other existing facili-32

ties to serve the identified needs within the communityand technical college district.

35 (c) To facilitate the administration, operation and 36 financing of programs in shared facilities of any institu-37 tion of public higher education and a county board or 38 boards of education, the affected president and county 39 board or boards of education may appoint a joint administrative board consisting of such membership and possess-40 ing such delegated authorities as the respective boards 41 42 consider necessary and prudent for the operation of such shared facilities. Such joint administrative boards, as an 43 **4**4 example, may consist of five members appointed as 45 follows: The county board of education appoints two 46 members; the president appoints two members; and one 47 at-large member, who shall chair the joint administrative board, is appointed by mutual agreement of the board and 48 49 the president. When two or more county boards of education are participating in such shared program, such county 50 board appointments would be made by mutual agreement 51 of each of the participating county boards. Members 52 53 would serve for staggered terms of three years. With respect to initial appointments, one member appointed by 54 the county board or boards of education and one member 55 appointed by the governing board would serve for one 56 57 year, one member appointed by the county board or boards 58 of education and one member appointed by the governing board would serve for two years and the at-large member 59 would serve for three years. Subsequent appointments 60 61 should be for three years. A member would not serve more than two consecutive terms. Members would be reim-62 63 bursed for reasonable and necessary expenses actually 64 incurred in the performance of its duties as board members from funds allocated to the shared facility, except 65 that members who are employed by a board of education, 66 governing board or state institution of higher education 67 would be reimbursed by their employer. 68

§18B-3C-12. Relationship between administratively linked community and technical colleges and sponsoring institutions.

128

1 (a) Intent and Purposes. -

(1) It is the intent of the Legislature to establish community and technical colleges in every region of the state of
West Virginia that, as far as possible, meet the essential
conditions of section three of this article.

6 (2) The Legislature finds that, in order to increase efficiency, reduce costs and, generally, to facilitate the 7 effective transition from community and technical colleges 8 9 which are components of existing institutions of higher 10 education to community and technical colleges which meet, as far as possible, the essential conditions, it is 11 appropriate to maintain an administrative link between 12the community and technical colleges and the sponsoring 13 institution. 14

(3) This section defines the relationship between the
community and technical colleges and its sponsoring
institution.

(b) Where independently accredited community and
technical colleges are linked administratively to a sponsoring state college or university in order to ensure efficient
use of limited resources, the following conditions shall
apply:

(1) The community and technical college shall be accredited separately from the sponsoring institution;

(2) All state funding allocations for the community and
technical college shall be transferred directly to the
community and technical college. The sponsoring institution may charge fees for administrative overhead costs
subject to a schedule approved by the commission.

(3) Policies shall be formally established to ensure the
separation of academic and faculty personnel policies of
the community and technical college from those of the
sponsoring institution. These policies include, but are not
limited to, appointment, promotion, workload and, if
appropriate, tenure.

36 (c) The sponsoring institution which is administratively
37 linked to a community and technical college shall provide
38 the following services:

39 (1) Personnel management;

40 (2) **Reco**rdkeeping;

41 (3) Payroll;

42 (4) Accounting;

43 (5) Legal services;

44 (6) Registration;

45 (7) Student aid;

46 (8) Student records; and

47 (9) Such other services as determined to be necessary and48 appropriate by the commission.

49 (d) Subject to the approval of the appropriate governing 50 board, the president of the sponsoring institution, pursuant to the terms of section six, article one-b of this chap-51 ter, shall appoint the presidents of the community and 52 53 technical college, who shall serve at the will and pleasure of the institutional president. Subject to the provisions of 54 section six, article one-b of this chapter, the appropriate 55 governing board shall appoint the president of the spon-56 soring institution. 57

(e) The governing board and the president of the spon-soring institution shall be responsible for the step-by-step

development of the community and technical college and
for compliance with the essential conditions, all as required by this article.

130

(f) The president of the sponsoring institution shall have
such responsibilities, powers and duties in the development of the community and technical college and in
compliance with the essential conditions, as directed by
the governing board or as are necessary for the proper
implementation of the provisions of this act.

(g) Notwithstanding any other provision of the code to
the contrary, the commission shall take necessary steps to
ensure that institutional bonded indebtedness is secure
and that administratively linked community and technical
colleges assume their fair share of any institutional debt
acquired while they were part of the baccalaureate
institution.

(h) The community and technical college is encouraged
to secure academic services from the sponsoring institution
when it is in the best interests of the students to be served,
the community and technical college and the sponsoring
institution. In determining whether or not to secure
services from the sponsoring institution, the community
and technical college shall consider the following:

83 (1) The cost of the academic services:

84 (2) The quality of the academic services;

(3) The availability, both as to time and place, of the
academic services; and

87 (4) Such other considerations as the community and
88 technical college finds appropriate taking into account the
89 best interests of the students to be served, the community
90 and technical college, and the sponsoring institution:
91 *Provided*, That nothing in this article shall be construed to
92 prohibit any state institution of higher education from

93 purchasing or brokering remedial and/or developmental94 courses from a community and technical college.

ARTICLE 3F. COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SERVICES IN THE RESPONSIBILITY AREAS OF MARSHALL UNIVERSITY, WEST VIRGINIA STATE COLLEGE AND WEST VIRGINIA UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY.

§18B-3F-1. Legislative intent and findings.

1 (a) *Legislative Intent*. –It is the intent of the Legislature 2 to enhance community and technical college services in the responsibility areas of Marshall university, West Virginia 3 state college and West Virginia university institute of 4 technology through the delivery of community and techni-5 6 cal college services that meet the goals of section six, article three-c of this chapter and are delivered pursuant 7 to the essential conditions of section three, article three-c 8 of this chapter. It is further the intent of the Legislature 9 to make maximum use of existing institutions in the region 10 and to focus on the benefits available to the Kanawha 11 valley and to the state of providing quality community and 12 technical college education. 13

14 (b) *Findings.* – The Legislature finds the following:

(1) That the Kanawha valley is an area of the state that
is under-served for community and technical college
education and that deserves more convenient access to
higher education opportunities, including access to
workforce development programs; and

(2) That, in order to satisfy the growing needs of the 20 Kanawha valley region for access to quality higher 21education programs, the delivery of community and 22 technical college services in the Kanawha valley must 23 meet the goals for comprehensive community and techni-24 cal college education described in section two, article 25 26 three-c of this chapter and must meet the essential conditions for a comprehensive community and technical 27

college education as described in section three, articlethree-c of this chapter.

§18B-3F-2. Implementation board established.

(a) There is established an implementation board
 appointed by the commission to insure the step-by-step
 implementation of the legislative intent contained in
 section one of this article.

5 (b) The implementation board shall be comprised of nine members, including the president of Marshall university, 6 or a designee; the president of West Virginia state college, 7 or a designee; the president of West-Virginia university 8 9 institute of technology, or a designee; and six lay persons, three from the responsibility area of Marshall university 10 and three from the responsibility areas of West Virginia 11 12 state college and West Virginia university institute of technology. 13

14 (c) The implementation board shall develop a plan, to be 15 recommended to the commission, for the most effective and efficient method to deliver comprehensive community 16 17 and technical college education to the citizens and employ-18 ers of the responsibility areas of Marshall university, West Virginia state college and West Virginia university insti-19 2 tute of technology. The plan shall include, but not be limited to: 21

(1) A determination of the most appropriate manner to
achieve the goals set forth in section one-a, article one of
this chapter;

(2) The relative strengths of the existing institutions ofhigher education in the responsibility areas;

(3) The impact of the status of West Virginia state collegeas an historically black institution of higher education and

as an eighteen hundred and ninety land grant institution;and

31 (4) A determination of the appropriate relationship
32 among the existing public institutions of higher education
33 in the responsibility areas.

(d) The commission shall be responsible for, and shall
have the authority to implement, an appropriate system,
based upon the recommendations of the implementation
board or such other plan as the commission determines to
be appropriate to meet the essential conditions for effective community and technical college education as provided for in section three, article three-c of this chapter.

41 (e) If, in the opinion of the commission, implementation 42 of an appropriate plan can not be accomplished without statutory change, then, on or before the fifteenth day of 43January, two thousand one, the commission shall certify to 44 45 the governor, the president of the Senate and the speaker 46 of the House of Delegates draft legislation to accomplish 47 the goals of this section and section one-a, article one of 48 this chapter.

(f) The commission is responsible for promoting the
effective delivery of community and technical college
education programs and services in the responsibility
areas of Marshall university community and technical
college, West Virginia state community and technical
college and West Virginia university institute of technology community and technical college.

§18B-3F-3. Continuing community and technical services of existing institutions.

1 Subject to change by the commission through the process

2 for the establishment of institutional compacts defined in

3 section two, article one-a of this chapter, nothing in this

4 article may be construed to require Marshall university,

5 West Virginia State College or West Virginia Institute of

6 Technology to discontinue any associate degree program 7 in areas of particular institutional strength which are

134

closely articulated to their baccalaureate programs and

9 missions or which are of a high cost nature and can best be

10 provided in direct coordination with a baccalaureate

11 institution.

ARTICLE 4. GENERAL ADMINISTRATION.

§18B-4-2. Employment of vice chancellor for administration; office; powers and duties generally.

1 (a) With the approval of the commission, the chancellor 2 for higher education shall employ the vice chancellor for administration who shall serve at the will and pleasure of 3 the chancellor. Any reference in this chapter or chapter 4 5 eighteen-c of this code to the senior administrator means the vice chancellor of administration, which senior admin-6 istrator shall become the vice chancellor of administration 7 8 and also shall serve as interim chancellor for higher education until a chancellor is employed pursuant to 9 10 section five, article one-b of this chapter.

(b) The vice chancellor for administration has a ministerial duty, in consultation with and under direction of the
chancellor, to perform such functions, tasks and duties as
may be necessary to carry out the policy directives of the
commission and such other duties as may be prescribed by
law.

17 (c) The vice chancellor for administration may employ 18 and discharge, and shall supervise, such professional, 19 administrative, clerical and other employees as may be necessary to these duties and shall delincate staff responsi-20 bilities as considered desirable and appropriate. The vice 21 22 chancellor for administration shall fix the compensation and emoluments of such employees: Provided, That those 23 24 employees whose job duties meet criteria listed in the system of job classifications as stated in article nine of this
chapter shall be accorded the job title, compensation and
rights established in the article as well as all other rights
and privileges accorded classified employees by the
provisions of this code.

(d) Effective on the first day of July, two thousand, the 30 office of the senior administrator and all personnel 31 employed on the thirtieth day of June, two thousand, 32 within the higher education central office, the West 33 Virginia network for educational telecomputing, and the 34 offices of the chancellor of the board of trustees and the 35 36 chancellor of the board of directors, shall be transferred to 37 the jurisdiction of the chancellor for higher education: 38 Provided, That prior to the first day of October, two thousand, no employee shall be terminated or have his or 39 40 her salary and benefit levels reduced as the sole result of the governance reorganization that becomes effective on 41 42 the first day of July, two thousand.

43 (e) The vice chancellor for administration shall follow
44 state and national education trends and gather data on
45 higher education needs.

46 (f) The vice chancellor for administration, in accordance
47 with established guidelines and in consultation with and
48 under the direction of the chancellor, shall administer,
49 oversee or monitor all state and federal student assistance
50 and support programs administered on the state level,
51 including those provided for in chapter eighteen-c of this
52 code.

(g) The vice chancellor for administration has a fiduciary
responsibility to administer the tuition and registration fee
capital improvement revenue bond accounts of the governing boards.

57 (h) The vice chancellor for administration shall adminis-58 ter the purchasing system or systems of the commission,

the office of the chancellor, and the governing boards: *Provided*, That the chancellor may delegate authority for
the purchasing systems or portions thereof to the institution presidents.

63 (i) The vice chancellor for administration is responsible 64 for the management of the West Virginia Network for Educational Telecomputing (WVNET). The vice chancel-6566 lor for administration shall establish a computer advisory board, which shall be representative of higher education 67 and other users of the West Virginia Network for Educa-68 tional Telecomputing as the chancellor for higher educa-69 70 tion determines appropriate. It is the responsibility of the computer advisory board to recommend to the chancellor 71 policies for a statewide shared computer system. 72

(j) The central office, under the direction of the vice
 chancellor for administration, shall provide necessary staff
 support to the commission and the office of the chancellor.

76 (k) Effective on the first day of July, two thousand, the 77 vice chancellor for administration may administer any 78 program or service authorized or required to be performed 79 by the board of trustees or the board of directors on the thirtieth day of June, two thousand, and not specifically 80 81 assigned to another agency. In addition, the vice chancellor for administration may administer any program or 82 83 service authorized or required to be performed by the commission or the chancellor for higher education, but not 84 assigned specifically to the commission or the chancellor. 85 Such program or service may include, but shall not be 86 87 limited to, telecommunications activities and other programs and services provided for under grants and 88 contracts from federal and other external funding sources. 89

§18B-4-8. West Virginia Anatomical Board; powers and duties relating to anatomical gifts; requisition of bodies; autopsies; transportation of bodies; expenses of

[Enr. S. B. No. 653

preservation; bond required; offenses and penalties.

1 (a) There is hereby established the "West Virginia 2 anatomical board" which consists of the following four 3 members: (1) The dean of the school of dentistry, West Virginia university; (2) the chairperson of the department 4 of anatomy, West Virginia university; (3) the chairperson 5 of the department of anatomy, school of medicine, Mar 6 7 shall university; and (4) the dean of the school of medicine, 8 West Virginia school of osteopathic medicine.

9 (b) The board shall have authority to appoint such officers, employees and agents as may be necessary to 10 carry out the purposes for which the board is organized. 11 It shall keep a full and complete record of its transactions, 12 showing, among other things, every dead human body 13 coming under its authority, giving name, sex, age, date of 14 death, place from which received and when and from 15 whom received, which record shall be open at all times to 16 the inspection of the attorney general and any prosecuting 17 attorney in the state. 18

(c) The board shall be responsible for making requisition 19 for, receiving and making disposition of the dead human 20 bodies for the scientific uses and purposes of reputable 21 education institutions, within the state and elsewhere, 22 having medical, osteopathy, dentistry or nursing schools. 23The board shall have full power to establish rules for its 24 own government and for the requisition, use, disposition 25 and control of such bodies as may come under its authority 26 by way of gift, pursuant to this section or pursuant to 27 section four, article nineteen, chapter sixteen of this code. 28

(d) All dead human bodies which may come under the
charge or control of any mortician, any officer or agent of
the department of welfare or of any county commission or
municipality, or any superintendent, officer or agent

33 having the supervision of any prison, morgue, hospital or 34 other public institution in this state and which may be 35 required to be buried at public expense, shall be subject to the requisition of the board as provided in this section. No 36 such body shall be delivered to the board if any person 37 related to the deceased by blood or marriage shall make a 38 statement in writing to that effect and shall claim such 39 body for burial or shall make affidavit that the relative is 40 41 unable to bear the expense of burial and desires that the 42deceased be buried at public expense. This statement and 43 affidavit may be filed by any such relative with the person 44 having charge and control of the body of the person so claimed, either before or after the death of such person. 45

46 (e) No autopsy shall be performed on any unclaimed
47 body without the written permission of the board, except
48 upon the proper order of a duly authorized law-enforce49 ment officer.

50 (f) It shall be the duty of any person who has charge or 51 control of any unclaimed body, subject to requisition by 52 the board, to give notice to the board of that fact by 53 telephone or telegraph within twenty-four hours after such 54 body comes under that person's control. Thereafter, such 55 person shall hold the body subject to the order of the board for at least twenty-four hours after the sending of 56 57 such notice. If the board makes requisition for the body 58 within the twenty-four hour period, it shall be delivered, pursuant to the order of the board, to the board or its 59 60 authorized agent for transportation to any education 61 institution which the board considers to be in bona fide 62 need of the body and able to adequately control, use and 63 dispose of the body. The board shall make suitable 64 arrangements for the transportation of any body, or part or parts of any body, which may come under its authority 65 66 to the education institution. All expenses incurred in connection with the preservation, delivery and transporta-67

tion of any body delivered pursuant to the order of theboard shall be paid by the education institution receivingthe body.

(g) No dead body shall be received or requisitioned by 71 the board until the members of the board have filed a bond 72 73 with the clerk of the circuit court of Kanawha County in a penalty of one thousand dollars, with good security, 74 75 signed by a responsible person or persons, or by some surety company authorized to do business in this state, or 76 have proved to the clerk that they are covered by a suit-77 able bond in at least that amount, conditioned for the 78 79 faithful performance of their duties.

8 (h) Any person who shall neglect, refuse or fail to perform any duty required by this section relating to the 81 82 board shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon convic-83 tion thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not more than 84 one hundred dollars or by imprisonment in the county or regional jail for not more than ten days or by both such 85 fine and imprisonment. Any person who fails to give the 86 required notice that that person has charge of an un-87 claimed body subject to requisition by the board shall also 88 be personally liable for all burial expenses, if such body 89 was buried at public expense, to the public agency that 90 paid for the burial. 91

ARTICLE 5. HIGHER EDUCATION BUDGETS AND EXPENDITURES.

§18B-5-3. Authority to contract for programs, services and facilities.

The governing boards and the commission are authorized and empowered to enter into contracts and expend funds for programs, services and facilities provided by public and private education institutions, associations, boards, agencies, consortia, corporations, partnerships, individuals and local, state and federal governmental bodies within and outside of West Virginia in order that maximum

8 higher education opportunities of high quality may be 9 provided to the citizens of the state in the most economical 10 manner: *Provided*, That in no event may a contract for 11 such services and facilities be entered into unless the 12 commission or the governing boards have determined that 13 such services and facilities are necessary and that such 14 services and facilities would be at a savings to the state.

15 Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, nothing herein contained shall supersede the responsibility and 16 respective duties of the secretary of administration and the 17 18 director of the purchasing division of such department for 19 the execution and approval of the contracts entered into 20 under this article and such contracts shall be in complete 21 conformity with the provisions of articles three and five, **2**2 chapter five-a of this code.

§18B-5-4. Purchase or acquisition of materials, supplies, equipment and printing.

1 (a) The commission and each governing board, through 2 the vice chancellor for administration shall purchase or 3 acquire all materials, supplies, equipment and printing 4 required for that governing board or the commission, as 5 appropriate, and the state institutions of higher education 6 under their jurisdiction. The commission shall adopt rules 7 governing and controlling acquisitions and purchases in 8 accordance with the provisions of this section. Such rules 9 shall assure that the governing boards: (1) Do not preclude any person from participating and making sales thereof to 10 11 the governing board or to the higher education commission except as otherwise provided in section five of this article: 12 13 *Provided*, That the providing of consultant services such as strategic planning services will not preclude or inhibit 14 15 the governing boards or the commission from considering any qualified bid or **re**sponse for delivery of a product or 16 17 a commodity because of the rendering of those consultant services; (2) shall establish and prescribe specifications, in 18

all proper cases, for materials, supplies, equipment and 19 printing to be purchased; (3) shall adopt and prescribe 20such purchase order, requisition or other forms as may be 21 required; (4) shall negotiate for and make purchases and 22 23 acquisitions in such quantities, at such times and under 24contract, in the open market or through other accepted methods of governmental purchasing as may be practica-25 26 ble in accordance with general law; (5) shall advertise for 27 bids on all purchases exceeding fifteen thousand dollars, 28 to purchase by means of sealed bids and competitive bidding or to effect advantageous purchases through other 29 accepted governmental methods and practices: Provided, 30 however, That for printing services, bids shall be adver-31 32 tised by written notification of such bids to any print shop, 33 affiliated with an institution of higher education and operated by classified employees, on all purchases exceed-34 ing five thousand dollars; (6) shall post notices of all 35 36 acquisitions and purchases for which competitive bids are being solicited in the purchasing office of the specified 37 38 institution involved in the purchase, at least two weeks 39 prior to making such purchases and ensure that the notice 40 is available to the public during business hours; (7) shall provide for purchasing in the open market; (\$) shall make 41 provision for vendor notification of bid solicitation and 42 emergency purchasing; and (9) provide that competitive 43 bids are not required for purchases of one thousand dollars **4**4 or less. 45

46 (b) The commission or each governing board, through the
47 vice chancellor for administration may issue a check in
48 advance to a company supplying postage meters for
49 postage used by that board, the commission and by the
50 state institutions of higher education under their jurisdic51 tion.

52 (c) When a purchase is to be made by bid, any or all bids
53 may be rejected. However, all purchases based on adver-

tised bid requests shall be awarded to the lowest responsi-54 ble bidder taking into consideration the qualities of the 55 56 articles to be supplied, their conformity with specifica-57 tions, their suitability to the requirements of the governing boards, the commission and delivery terms: Provided, 58 5**9** That the preference for resident vendors as provided in section thirty-seven, article three, chapter five-a of this 60 code shall apply to the competitive bids made pursuant to 61 62 this section.

(d) The governing boards and the commission shall 63 64 maintain a purchase file, which shall be a public record and open for public inspection. After the award of the **65** order or contract, the governing boards and the commis-6**6** 67 sion shall indicate upon the successful bid that it was the successful bid and shall further indicate why bids are 68 rejected and, if the mathematical low vendor is not 69 70 awarded the order or contract, the reason therefor. No 71 records in the purchase file shall be destroyed without the written consent of the legislative auditor. Those files in 72 73 which the original documentation has been held for at 74 least one year and in which the original documents have 75 been reproduced and archived on microfilm or other 76 equivalent method of duplication may be destroyed 77 without the written consent of the legislative auditor. All 78 files, no matter the storage method, shall be open for inspection by the legislative auditor upon request. 79

80 (e) The commission also shall adopt rules to prescribe 81 qualifications to be met by any person who is to be em-82 ployed as a buyer pursuant to this section. These rules 83 shall require that no person may be employed as a buyer 84 unless that person, at the time of employment, either is: (1) A graduate of an accredited college or university; or (2) 85 86 has at least four years' experience in purchasing for any 87 unit of government or for any business, commercial or 88 industrial enterprise. Any person making purchases and

89 acquisitions pursuant to this section shall execute a bond in the penalty of fifty thousand dollars, payable to the 90 91 state of West Virginia, with a corporate bonding or surety company authorized to do business in this state as surety 92 93 thereon, in form prescribed by the attorney general and 94 conditioned upon the faithful performance of all duties in 95 accordance with sections four through eight of this article and the rules of the interim governing board and the 96 97 commission. In lieu of separate bonds for such buyers, a 98 blanket surety bond may be obtained. Any such bond or 99 bonds shall be filed with the secretary of state. The cost of 100 any such bond or bonds shall be paid from funds appropriated to the applicable governing board or commission. 101

(f) All purchases and acquisitions shall be made in
consideration and within limits of available appropriations and funds and in accordance with applicable provisions of article two, chapter five-a of this code, relating to
expenditure schedules and quarterly allotments of funds.

107 (g) The governing boards and the commission may make 108 requisitions upon the auditor for a sum to be known as an 109 advance allowance account, in no case to exceed five 110 percent of the total of the appropriations for the governing 111 board or the commission, and the auditor shall draw a warrant upon the treasurer for such accounts; and all such 112113advance allowance accounts shall be accounted for by the 114 applicable governing board or commission once every 115 thirty days or more often if required by the state auditor.

116 (h) Contracts entered into pursuant to this section shall 117 be signed by the applicable governing board or the commission in the name of the state and shall be approved as 118 to form by the attorney general: Provided, That a contract 119 in which the total does not exceed five thousand dollars 120 and for which the attorney general has not responded 121 within fifteen days of presentation of the contract, the 122 contract shall be deemed approved: Provided, however, 123

That a contract or a change order for that contract which 124 125 in total does not exceed fifteen thousand dollars and which 126 uses terms and conditions or standardized forms previ-127 ously approved by the attorney general and does not make 128 substantive changes in the terms and conditions of the 129 contract does not require approval by the attorney general: Provided further, That the attorney general shall make a 130 list of those changes which he or she deems to be substan-131 132 tive and the list, and any changes thereto, shall be pub-133 lished in the state register. A contract that exceeds fifteen 134 thousand dollars shall be filed with the state auditor: And provided further, That upon request, the governing boards 135or the commission shall make all contracts available for 136 137 inspection by the state auditor. The governing board or 13 the commission, as appropriate shall prescribe the amount 139 of deposit or bond to be submitted with a bid or contract, 140 if any, and the amount of deposit or bond to be given for 141 the faithful performance of a contract. If the governing 142board or the commission purchases or contracts for 143 materials, supplies, equipment and printing contrary to the provisions of sections four through seven of this article 144 or the rules pursuant thereto, such purchase or contract 145 146 shall be void and of no effect.

144

147 (i) Any governing board or the commission, as appropri-148 ate, may request the director of purchases to make available, from time to time, the facilities and services of that 149 15 department to the governing boards or the commission in the purchase and acquisition of materials, supplies, 151 152equipment and printing and the director of purchases shall 153 cooperate with that governing board or the commission, as 154 appropriate, in all such purchases and acquisitions upon 155 such request.

(j) Each governing board or the commission, as appropriate, shall permit private institutions of higher education to
join as purchasers on purchase contracts for materials,

[Enr. S. B. No. 653

supplies and equipment entered into by that governing 159 board or the commission. Any private school desiring to 160 join as purchasers on such purchase contracts shall file 161 with that governing board or the commission an affidavit 162 signed by the president of the institution of higher educa-163 164 tion or a designee requesting that it be authorized to join 165 as purchaser on purchase contracts of that governing board or the commission, as appropriate, and agreeing that 166 it will be bound by such terms and conditions as that 167 governing board or the commission may prescribe and that 168 169 it will be responsible for payment directly to the vendor 170 under each purchase contract.

171 (k) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary, the governing boards and the commission, as 172 appropriate, may make purchases from the federal govern-173 ment or from federal government contracts if the materi-174 als, supplies, equipment or printing to be purchased is 175 available from the federal government or from a federal 176 177 contract and purchasing from the federal government or 178 from a federal government contract would be the most 179 financially advantageous manner of making the purchase.

180 (1) An independent performance audit of all purchasing functions and duties which are performed at any institu-181 182 tion of higher education shall be performed each fiscal year. The joint committee on government and finance 183 shall conduct the performance audit and the governing 184 boards and the commission, as appropriate, shall be 185 186 responsible for paying the cost of the audit from funds 187 appropriated to the governing boards or the commission.

(m) The governing boards shall require each institution
under their respective jurisdictions to notify and inform
every vendor doing business with that institution of the
provisions of section fifty-four, article three, chapter fivea of this code, also known as the "prompt pay act of 1990".

(n) Consultant services, such as strategic planning
services, may not preclude or inhibit the governing boards
or the commission from considering any qualified bid or
response for delivery of a product or a commodity because
of the rendering of those consultant services.

ARTICLE 6. ADVISORY BOARDS.

§18B-6-1. Institutional boards of advisors for regional campuses and administratively linked community and technical colleges.

(a) Effective the first day of July, two thousand, there is
 established at each regional campus and administratively
 linked community and technical college, excluding centers
 and branches thereof, an institutional board of advisors:
 Previded, That the institutional board of advisors shall not
 be appointed for administratively linked community and
 technical colleges until provided for in their compact.

8 (1) For the transition year beginning on the first day of July, two thousand, through the thirtieth day of June, two 9 thousand one, only, the lay members of the institutional 10 board of advisors established for each of the regional 11 12 campuses of West Virginia university are appointed by the 13 president of the respective institution. Effective the first 14 day of July, two thousand one, the lay members of the 15 institutional boards of advisors for the regional campuses 16are appointed by the institutional board of governors.

17 (2) The lay members of the institutional board of advi18 sors established for the administratively linked community
19 and technical colleges are appointed by the joint commis20 sion.

(b) The board of advisors consists of fifteen members,
including a full-time member of the faculty with the rank
of instructor or above duly elected by the faculty; a
member of the student body in good academic standing,

25 enrolled for college credit work and duly elected by the 26student body; a member of the institutional classified staff 27 duly elected by the classified staff; and twelve lay persons appointed pursuant to subsection (a) of this section who 28 have demonstrated a sincere interest in and concern for 29 30 the welfare of that institution and who are representative of the population of its responsibility district and fields of 31 32 study. At least eight of the twelve lay persons appointed shall be residents of the state. Of the lay members who are 33 34 residents of the state, at least two shall be alumni of the 35 institution and no more than a simple majority may be of 36 the same political party.

(c) The student member shall serve for a term of one year 37 38 beginning upon appointment in July, two thousand, and ending on the thirtieth day of April, two thousand one. 39 40 Thereafter the term shall begin on the first day of May. The faculty member and the classified staff member shall 41 42 serve for a term of two years beginning upon appointment 43 in July, two thousand, and ending on the thirtieth day of 44 April, two thousand two. Thereafter the term shall begin 45 on the first day of May; and the twelve lay members shall serve terms of four years each beginning upon appoint-46 47 ment in July, two thousand. Thereafter the term shall begin on the first day of May. All members are eligible to 48 succeed themselves for no more than one additional term. 49 A vacancy in an unexpired term of a member shall be 5 filled for the remainder of the unexpired term within 51 thirty days of the occurrence thereof in the same manner 52 53 as the original appointment or election. Except in the case of a vacancy, all elections shall be held and all appoint-54 ments shall be made no later than the thirtieth day of 55 April preceding the commencement of the term. 56

57 (d) Each board of advisors shall hold a regular meeting
58 at least quarterly, commencing in May of each year.
59 Additional meetings may be held upon the call of the

60 chairperson, president of the institution or upon the
61 written request of at least five members. A majority of the
62 members constitutes a quorum for conducting the business
63 of the board of advisors.

64 (e) One of the twelve lay members shall be elected as
65 chairperson by the board of advisors in May of each year;
66 *Provided*, That the chairperson elected in two thousand
67 shall be elected in July. No member may serve as chair68 person for more than two consecutive years.

69 (f) The president of the institution shall make available resources of the institution for conducting the business of 70 the board of advisors. The members of the board of 71 advisors shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and 72 73 nccessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of their official duties under this section upon presentation 74 of an itemized sworn statement thereof. All expenses 75 76 incurred by the boards of advisors and the institutions 77 under this section shall be paid from funds allocated to the 78 institutions for that purpose.

79 (g) The board of advisors shall review, prior to the submission by the president to its governing board, all 80 81 proposals of the institution in the areas of mission, aca-82 demic programs, budget, capital facilities and such other 83 matters as requested by the president of the institution or 84 its governing board or otherwise assigned to it by law. The 85 board of advisors shall comment on each such proposal in writing, with such recommendations for concurrence 86 therein or revision or rejection thereof as it considers 87 proper. The written comments and recommendations shall 88 89 accompany the proposal to the governing board and the governing board shall include the comments and recom-90 mendations in its consideration of and action on the 91 92 proposal. The governing board shall promptly acknowledge receipt of the comments and recommendations and 93

[Enr. S. B. No. 653

shall notify the board of advisors in writing of any actiontaken thereon.

96 (h) The board of advisors shall review, prior to their
97 implementation by the president, all proposals regarding
98 institution-wide personnel policies. The board of advisors
99 may comment on the proposals in writing.

100 (i) The board of advisors shall provide advice and assistance to the president in establishing closer connec-101 102 tions between higher education and business, labor, 103 government, community and economic development 104 organizations to give students greater opportunities to experience the world of work, such as business and 105 106 community service internships, apprenticeships and 107 cooperative programs; to communicate better and serve 108 the current workforce and workforce development needs of their service area, including the needs of nontraditional 109 students for college-level skills upgrading and retraining 110 111 and the needs of employers for specific programs of limited duration; and to assess the performance of the 112 113 institution's graduates and assist in job placement.

114 (j) Upon the occurrence of a vacancy in the office of 115 president of the institution, the board of advisors shall serve as a search and screening committee for candidates 116 117 to fill the vacancy under guidelines established by the 118 commission pursuant to the provisions of section six, 119 article on eb of this chapter. When serving as a search and 120 screening committee, the board of advisors and its govern-121 ing board are each authorized to appoint up to three 122 additional persons to serve on the committee as long as the 123 search and screening process is in effect. The three 124 additional appointees of the board of advisors shall be faculty members of the institution. Only for the purposes 1**2**5 of the search and screening process, the additional mem-126 127 bers shall possess the same powers and rights as the 128 regular members of the board of advisors, including

129 reimbursement for all reasonable and necessary expenses 130 actually incurred. Following the search and screening process, the committee shall submit the names of at least 131 1**32** three candidates to the president of the sponsoring institution for consideration and appointment. If the president 133 rejects all candidates submitted, the committee shall 134 135 submit the names of at least three additional candidates 136 and this process shall be repeated until the president appoints one of the candidates submitted. The governing 137 board shall provide all necessary staff assistance to the 138 board of advisors in its role as a search and screening 139 140 committee

150

141 (k) The boards of advisors shall develop a master plan for each administratively linked community and technical 142 college. The ultimate responsibility for developing and 143 144updating the master plans at the institutional level resides with the institutional board of advisors, but the ultimate 145 responsibility for approving the final version of the 146 147 institutional master plans, including periodic updates, resides with the commission. The plan shall include, but 148 not be limited to, the following: 149

(1) A detailed demonstration of how the master plan will
be used to meet the goals and objectives of the institutional compact;

(2) A well-developed set of goals outlining missions,
degree offerings, resource requirements, physical plant
needs, personnel needs, enrollment levels and other
planning determinates and projections necessary in such
a plan to assure that the needs of the institution's area of
responsibility for a quality system of higher education are
addressed;

(3) Documentation of the involvement of the commission,
institutional constituency groups, clientelé of the institu-

[Enr. S. B. No. 653

162 tion, and the general public in the development of all163 segments of the institutional master plan.

164 The plan shall be established for periods of not less than

165 three nor more than six years and shall be revised periodi166 cally as necessary, including recommendations on the
167 addition or deletion of degree programs as, in the discre-

168 tion of the board of advisors, may be necessary.

§18B-6-1a. Institutional boards of advisors for universities, state colleges and free-standing community and technical colleges.

(a) For the transition year beginning on the first day of 1 July, two thousand, through the thirtieth day of June, two 2 thousand one, only, there is established at the following 3 4 state institutions of higher education, excluding centers and branches thereof, an institutional board of advisors: 5 Bluefield state college, Concord college, eastern West 6 Virginia community and technical college, Fairmont state 7 college, Glenville state college, Marshall university, 8 Shepherd college, southern West Virginia community and 9 1 technical college, West Liberty state college, West Virginia 11 northern community and technical college, the West Virginia school of osteopathic medicine, West Virginia 12 13 state college and West Virginia university.

14 (b) The boards of advisors are established as follows:

(1) Each institutional board of advisors shall consist of
twelve persons: *Provided*, That the institutional boards of
advisors for Marshall university and West Virginia university shall consist of fifteen persons. Each board of advisors shall include:

20 (A) A full-time member of the faculty with the rank of21 instructor or above duly elected by the faculty;

(B) A member of the student body in good academic
standing, enrolled for college credit work and duly elected
by the student body;

(C) A member of the institutional classified staff dulyelected by the classified staff; and

27 (D) Nine lay members appointed by the governor, by and 28 with the advice and consent of the Senate: Provided, That for the institutional boards of advisors at Marshall univer-29 sity and West Virginia university, the governor shall 30 appoint twelve members, by and with the advice and 31 consent of the Senate: Provided, however, That, of the 32 appointed lay members, the governor shall appoint one 33 34 superintendent of a county board of education from the area served by the institution: Provided further, That in 35 making the initial appointments only, the governor shall 36 endeavor to make appointments from a pool of those 37 38 persons who, on the thirtieth day of June, two thousand, 39 are members of the board of trustees and the board of directors. 40

(2) Of the nine members appointed by the governor, no 41 more than five may be of the same political party: Pro-42 43 vided, That for the appointed members of the institutional boards of advisors of Marshall university and West 44 Virginia university, no more than seven may be of the same 45 political party. At least six of the members shall be 46 residents of the state: Provided, however, That for the 47 appointed members of the institutional boards of advisors 48 of Marshall university and West Virginia university, at 49 50 least eight of the members shall be residents of the state. 51 All members shall serve for a term of one year. A vacancy in an unexpired term of a member shall be filled for the 52 unexpired term within thirty days of the occurrence of the 53 54 vacancy in the same manner as the original appointment 55 or election. Except in the case of a vacancy, all elections shall be held and all appointments shall be made no later 56

than the thirtieth day of June preceding the commencement of the term: *Provided further*, That election of
officers for the term beginning in July, two thousand, shall
be made in July. Each board of advisors shall elect one of
its appointed lay members to be chairperson.

(3) Each board of advisors shall hold a regular meeting 62 at least quarterly, commencing in July, two thousand. 63 Additional meetings may be held upon the call of the 64 chairperson or upon the written request of at least four 65 members: Provided, That for the institutional boards of 66 advisors of Marshall university and West Virginia univer-67 sity, additional meetings may be held upon the call of the 68 chairperson or upon the written request of at least five 69 members. A majority of the members constitutes a quorum 70 for conducting the business of the board of advisors. 71

(4) The president of the institution shall make available 72resources of the institution for conducting the business of 73 the board of advisors. The members of the board of 74 advisors shall serve without compensation, but shall be 75 76 reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of their official 77 duties under this section upon presentation of an itemized 78 sworn statement thereof. All expenses incurred by the 79 board of advisors and the institution under this section 80 shall be paid from funds allocated to the institution for 81 that purpose. 82

(5) The board of advisors shall review, prior to the 83 submission by the president to its governing board, all 84 proposals of the institution in the areas of mission, aca-85 demic programs, budget, capital facilities and such other 86 matters as requested by the president of the institution or 87 its governing board or otherwise assigned to it by law. The 88 board of advisors shall comment on each such proposal in 89 writing, with such recommendations for concurrence 90 therein or revision or rejection thereof as it considers 91

154

proper. The written comments and recommendations shall 92 93 accompany the proposal to the governing board and the governing board shall include the comments and recom-94 mendations in its consideration of and action on the 95 proposal. The governing board shall promptly acknowl-96 97 edge receipt of the comments and recommendations and shall notify the board of advisors in writing of any action 98 99 taken thereon.

(6) The board of advisors shall review, prior to their
implementation by the president, all proposals regarding
institution-wide personnel policies. The board of advisors
may comment on the proposals in writing.

104 (7) The board of advisors shall provide advice and assistance to the president in establishing closer connec-105106 tions between higher education and business, labor, government, community and economic development 107 108 organizations to give students greater opportunities to experience the world of work, such as business and 109 110 community service internships, apprenticeships and cooperative programs; to communicate better and serve 111 112 the current workforce and workforce development needs of their service area, including the needs of nontraditional 113 114 students for college-level skills upgrading and retraining 115 and the needs of employers for specific programs of 116 limited duration; and to assess the performance of the 117 institution's graduates and assist in job placement.

(8) Upon the occurrence of a vacancy in the office of 118 president of the institution, the board of advisors serves as 119 a search and screening committee for candidates to fill the 120121 vacancy under guidelines established by its governing 122board. When serving as a search and screening committee, 123 the board of advisors and its governing board are each 124authorized to appoint up to three additional persons to 125serve on the committee as long as the search and screening process is in effect. The three additional appointees of the 126

127 board of advisors shall be faculty members of the institution. Only for the purposes of the search and screening 128 129 process, the additional members shall possess the same 13 powers and rights as the regular members of the board of advisors, including reimbursement for all reasonable and 131 necessary expenses actually incurred. 132Following the 133search and screening process, the committee shall submit 134 the names of at least three candidates to the governing board for consideration and appointment. If the governing 135 board rejects all candidates submitted, the committee shall 136 137submit the names of at least three additional candidates 138 and this process shall be repeated until the governing 139 board appoints one of the candidates submitted. The 14 governing board shall provide all necessary staff assis-141 tance to the board of advisors in its role as a search and 142 screening committee.

(c) The institutional boards of advisors created underthis section have the following additional duties:

(1) The responsibility to develop the institutional
compacts for their respective institutions under the
guidance and direction of the commission pursuant to
section two, article one-a of this chapter.

(2) The authority to participate in any orientation or
leadership training or education opportunities provided or
arranged by the commission.

§18B-6-2a. State advisory council of faculty.

1 (a) Effective the first day of July, two thousand, there is

2 hereby established the state advisory council of faculty.

3 For the purposes of this section, the state advisory council

4 of faculty shall be referred to as the "council".

5 (b) During the month of April of each odd-numbered 6 year, beginning in the year two thousand one, each presi-7 dent or other administrative head of a state institution of

156

higher education, including, but not limited to, Potomac 8 9 state college of West Virginia university, West Virginia university at Parkersburg, West Virginia university 10 11 institute of technology, Robert C. Byrd health sciences 12 Charleston division of West Virginia university and the 13 Marshall university graduate college, at the direction of 14 the council and in accordance with procedures established 15 by the council, shall convene a meeting or otherwise 16 institute a balloting process to elect one faculty to serve on 17 the institutional board of governors or the institutional board of advisors, as applicable. Terms of the members of 18 the council shall be for two years and shall begin on the 19 20 first day of July of each odd-numbered year. Members of 21 the council shall be eligible to succeed themselves. Each 22 person so elected shall be a member of the statewide 23 advisory council of faculty.

24 (c) The council shall meet at least once each quarter. 25 One of the quarterly meetings shall be during the month of 26 July, at which meeting the council shall elect a chairper-27 son: Provided, That the chairperson shall serve no more than two consecutive terms as chair. No member may vote 28 29 by proxy at the election. In the event of a tie in the last 30 vote taken for such election, a member authorized by the 31 council shall select the chairperson by lot from the names 32 of those persons tied. Immediately following the election of a chairperson, the council shall elect, in the manner 33 34 prescribed by this section for the election of a chairperson, a member of the council to preside over meetings of the 35 36 council in the chairperson's absence. Should the chairperson vacate the position, the council shall meet and elect a 37 new chairperson to fill the unexpired term within thirty 38 39 days following the vacancy.

40 (d) The council, through its chairperson and in any 41 appropriate manner, shall communicate to the commission, through the chancellor, matters of higher educationin which the faculty members may have an interest.

44 (c) The commission shall meet annually between the
45 months of October and December with the council to
46 discuss matters of higher education in which the faculty
47 members or the commission may have an interest.

(f) Members of the council shall serve without compensation, but shall be entitled to reimbursement for actual and
necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their
official duties from funds allocated to the state institution
of higher education served.

(g) The council shall cause to be prepared minutes of its
meetings, which minutes shall be available, upon request,
to any faculty member of a state institution of higher
education represented on the council.

§18B-6-3a. State advisory council of students.

1 (a) Effective the first day of July, two thousand, there is

2 hereby established the state advisory council of students.

3 For the purposes of this section, the state advisory council

4 of students shall be referred to as the "council".

5 (b) During the month of April of each year, beginning in the year two thousand one, each student government 6 7 organization at each state institution of higher education, 8 including, but not limited to, Potomac state college of West Virginia university, West Virginia university at 9 Parkersburg, West Virginia university institute of technol-10ogy, Robert C. Byrd health sciences Charleston division of 11 12 West Virginia university and the Marshall university graduate college, at the direction of the council and in 13 accordance with procedures established by the council, 14 15 shall elect a student, who may be the elected head or president of the organization, to serve on the institutional 16 17board of governors or the institutional board of advisors,

as applicable. Terms of the members of the council shall
be for one year and shall begin on the first day of July of
each year. Members of the council shall be eligible to
succeed themselves. Each person so elected shall be a
member of the statewide advisory council of students.

23 (c) The council shall meet at least once each quarter. 24One of the quarterly meetings shall be during the month of 25July, at which meeting the council shall elect a chairperson. No member may vote by proxy at the election. In the 26event of a tie in the last vote taken for such election, a 27member authorized by the council shall select the chair-28 29 person by lot from the names of those persons tied. 30 Immediately following the election of a chairperson, the 31 council shall elect, in the manner prescribed by this section for the election of a chairperson, a member of the council 32 33 to preside over meetings of the council in the chairperson's absence. Should the chairperson vacate the position, the 34 council shall meet and elect a new chairperson to fill the 35 36 unexpired term within thirty days following the vacancy.

37 (d) The council, through its chairperson and in any
38 appropriate manner, shall communicate to the commis39 sion, through the chancellor, matters of higher education
40 in which the student members may have an interest.

(e) The commission shall meet annually, between the
months of October and December, with the council to
discuss matters of higher education in which the student
members or the commission may have an interest.

(f) Members of the council shall serve without compens ation, but shall be entitled to reimbursement for actual and
necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their
official duties from funds allocated to the state institution
of higher education served.

50 (g) The council shall cause to be prepared minutes of its
51 meetings, which minutes shall be available, upon request,

52 to any student of a state institution of higher education53 represented on the council.

§18B-6-4a. State advisory councils of classified employees.

(a) Effective the first day of July, two thousand, there is
 hereby established the state advisory council of classified
 employees. For the purposes of this section, the state
 advisory council of classified employees shall be referred
 to as the "council".

6 (b) During the month of April of each odd-numbered $\overline{7}$ year, beginning in the year two thousand one, each presi-8 dent or other administrative head of a state institution of higher education, including, but not limited to, Potomac 9 state college of West Virginia university, West Virginia 1011 university at Parkersburg, West Virginia university institute of technology, Robert C. Byrd health sciences 12 13 Charleston division of West Virginia university and the 14 Marshall university graduate college, at the direction of 15 the council and in accordance with procedures established by the council, shall convene a meeting or otherwise 16 17 institute a balloting process to elect one classified employee to serve on the institutional board of governors or 18 the institutional board of advisors. Terms of the members 19 of each council shall be for two years and shall begin on 2021the first day of July of each odd-numbered year and 22members of the council shall be eligible to succeed them-23 selves. Each person so elected shall be a member of the 24 statewide advisory council of classified employees.

(c) The council of classified employees shall meet at least
once each quarter. One of the quarterly meetings shall be
during the month of July, at which meeting the council
shall elect a chairperson: *Provided*, That the chair shall
serve no more than two consecutive terms as chair. No
member may vote by proxy at the election. In the event of
a tie in the last vote taken for such election, a member

32 authorized by the council shall select the chairperson by 33 lot from the names of those persons tied. Immediately following the election of a chairperson, the council shall 34 elect, in the manner prescribed by this section for the 35 election of a chairperson, a member of the council to 36 37 preside over meetings of the council in the chairperson's absence. Should the chairperson vacate the position, the 38 council shall meet and elect a new chairperson to fill the 39 unexpired term within thirty days following the vacancy. **4**

(d) 'The council, through its chairperson and in any
appropriate manner, shall communicate to the commission, through the chancellor, matters of higher education
in which the classified employees may have an interest.

45 (e) The commission shall meet annually, between the
46 months of October and December, with the council to
47 discuss matters of higher education in which the classified
48 employees or the commission may have an interest.

(f) Members of the council shall serve without compensation, but shall be entitled to reimbursement for actual and
necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their
official duties from funds allocated to the state institution
of higher education served.

54 (g) The council shall cause to be prepared minutes of its
55 meetings, which minutes shall be available, upon request,
56 to any classified employee of a state institution of higher
57 education represented on the council.

ARTICLE 7, PERSONNEL GENERALLY.

§18B-7-1. Seniority for full-time classified personnel; seniority to be observed in reducing work force; preferred recall list; renewal of listing; notice of vacancies.

- 1 (a) Definitions for terms used in this section are in 2 accordance with those provided in section two, article nine
- 3 of this chapter except that the provisions of this section

shall apply only to classified employees whose employ-4 ment, if continued, accumulates to a minimum total of one 5 6 thousand forty hours during a calendar year and extends over at least nine months of a calendar year: *Provided*, 7 That this section also applies to any classified employee 8 who is involuntarily transferred to a position in 9 nonclassified status for which he or she did not apply: 10Provided, however, That any classified employee involun-11 12 tarily transferred to a position in nonclassified status may only exercise the rights set out in this section for positions 13 equivalent to or lower than the last job class the employee 14 held. 15

16(b) All decisions by the appropriate governing board, the commission or its agents at state institutions of higher 17 18 education concerning reductions in work force of full-time classified personnel, whether by temporary furlough or 19 permanent termination, shall be made in accordance with 20 21 this section. For layoffs by classification for reason of lack of funds or work, or abolition of position or material 22 23 changes in duties or organization and for recall of employ- $\mathbf{24}$ ees laid off, consideration shall be given to an employee's 25seniority as measured by permanent employment in the 26service of the state system of higher education. In the 27event that the institution wishes to lay off a more senior 28 employee, the institution shall demonstrate that the senior employee cannot perform any other job duties held by less 29 30 senior employees of that institution in the same job class or any other equivalent or lower job class for which the 31 32 senior employee is qualified: Provided, That if an employee refuses to accept a position in a lower job class, the 33 employee shall retain all rights of recall provided in this 34 35 section. If two or more employees accumulate identical 36 seniority, the priority shall be determined by a random 37 selection system established by the employees and ap-38 proved by the institution.

39 (c) Any employee laid off during a furlough or reduction 40in work force shall be placed upon a preferred recall list and shall be recalled to employment by the institution on 41 the basis of seniority. An employee's listing with an 42 institution shall remain active for a period of one calendar 43 year from the date of termination or furlough or from the 44 date of the most recent renewal. If an employee fails to 45 46 renew the listing with the institution, the employee's name may be removed from the list. An employee placed upon 47 the preferred list shall be recalled to any position opening 48 49 by the institution within the classifications in which the employee had previously been employed or to any lateral 5 position for which the employee is qualified. An employee 51 on the preferred recall list shall not forfeit the right to 52 recall by the institution if compelling reasons require the 53 54 employee to refuse an offer of reemployment by the institution, 55

56 The institution shall notify all employces maintaining active listings on the preferred recall list of all position 57 openings that from time to time exist. The notice shall be 58 sent by certified mail to the last known address of the 59 employee. It is the duty of each employee listed to notify 60 61 the institution of any change in address and to timely 62 renew the listing with the institution. No position open-63 ings shall be filled by the institution, whether temporary 64 or permanent, until all employees on the preferred recall 65 list have been properly notified of existing vacancies and 66 have been given an opportunity to accept reemployment.

(d) A nonexempt classified employee, including a
nonexempt employee who has not accumulated a minimum total of one thousand forty hours during the calendar
year or whose contract does not extend over at least nine
months of a calendar year, who meets the minimum
qualifications for a nonexempt job opening at the institution where the employee is currently employed, whether

[Enr, S. B. No. 653

74 the job is a lateral transfer or a promotion, and applies for 75 the job shall be transferred or promoted before a new person is hired unless the hiring is affected by mandates in 76 77 affirmative action plans or the requirements of Public Law 101-336, the Americans With Disabilities Act. If more 78 79 than one qualified, nonexempt classified employee applies, the best-qualified nonexempt classified employee shall be 80 awarded the position. In instances where the classified 81 employees are equally qualified, the nonexempt classified 82 employee with the greatest amount of continuous seniority 83 at that state institution of higher education shall be 84 awarded the position. A nonexempt classified employee is 85 one to whom the provisions of the federal Fair Labor 86 87 Standards Act, as amended, apply.

(e) In addition to any other information required, any
application for personnel governed by the provisions of
this section shall include the applicant's social security
number.

ARTICLE 9. CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE SALARY SCHEDULE AND CLASSI-FICATION SYSTEM.

§18B-9-2. Definitions.

1 As used in this article:

2 (a) "Classified employee or employee" means any regular full-time or regular part-time employee of a governing 3 board or the commission, including all employees of the 4 West Virginia network for educational telecomputing and 5 employees at the higher education central office of the 6 commission, who hold a position that is assigned a partic-7 8 ular job title and pay grade in accordance with the personnel classification system established by this section or 9 governing board policy and shall include all employees of 10 the West Virginia network for educational telecomputing; 11

(b) "Nonclassified employee" means an individual whois responsible for policy formation at the department or

164

14 institutional level, or reports directly to the president, or is in a position considered critical to the institution by the 15 president pursuant to policies adopted by the governing 16 board: *Provided*, That the percentage of personnel placed 17 in the category of "nonclassified" at any given institution 18 shall not exceed ten percent of the total number of em-19 ployees of that institution who are eligible for membership 20 21 in any state retirement system of the state of West Virginia or other retirement plan authorized by the state: Provided, 22 however, That an additional ten percent of the total 23 number of employces of that institution as defined in this 24 25 subsection may be placed in the category of "nonclassified" if they are in a position considered critical 26to the institution by the president. Final approval of such 27 placement shall be with the appropriate governing board; 28

(c) "Job description" means the specificlisting of duties
and responsibilities as determined by the appropriate
governing board and associated with a particular job title;

32 (d) "Job title" means the name of the position or job as33 defined by the appropriate governing board;

(e) "Merit increases and salary adjustments" means the
amount of additional salary increase allowed on a merit
basis or to rectify salary inequities or accommodate
competitive market conditions in accordance with rules
established by the interim governing board or the commission;

(f) "Pay grade" means the number assigned by the
appropriate governing board to a particular job title and
refers to the vertical column heading of the salary schedule
established in section three of this article;

(g) "Personnel classification system" means the process
of job categorization adopted by the appropriate governing board by which job title, job description, pay grade
and placement on the salary schedule are determined;

48 (h) "Salary" means the amount of compensation paid
49 through the state treasury per annum to a classified
50 employee;

51 (i) "Schedule" or "salary schedule" means the grid of
52 annual salary figures established in section three of this
53 article; and

54 (j) "Years of experience" means the number of years a 55 person has been an employee of the state of West Virginia and refers to the horizontal column heading of the salary 56 schedule established in section three of this article. For 57 58 the purpose of placement on the salary schedule pursuant 59 to said section, employment for nine months or more shall equal one year of experience, but no classified employee 60 may accrue more than one year of experience during any 61 given fiscal year. Employment for less than full time or 62 63 less than nine months during any fiscal year shall be 64 prorated. For the purpose of determining the amount of annual salary increase pursuant to subsection (b), section 65 66 five of this article, employment for less than twelve 67 months during any fiscal year shall be prorated. In 68 accordance with rules established by the interim governing board or the commission, a classified employce may be 69 70 granted additional years of experience not to exceed the actual number of years of prior, relevant work or experi-71 72 ence at accredited institutions of higher education other than state institutions of higher education, 73

ARTICLE 10. FEES AND OTHER MONEY COLLECTED AT STATE INSTITU-TIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION.

§18B-10-1. Enrollment, tuition and other fees at education institutions; refund of fees.

(a) Each governing board shall fix tuition and other fees
 for each school term for the different classes or categories

3 of students enrolling at each state institution of higher

4 education under its jurisdiction and may include among

5 such fees any one or more of the following: (1) Health 6 service fees; (2) infirmary fees; (3) student activities, 7 recreational, athletic and extracurricular fees, which fees may be used to finance a students' attorney to perform 8 9 legal services for students in civil matters at such institu-1 tions: Provided, That such legal services shall be limited 11 to only those types of cases, programs or services approved by the administrative head of such institution where such 12 legal services are to be performed; and (4) graduate center 13 fees and branch college fees, or either, if the establishment 14 15and operations of graduate centers or branch colleges are otherwise authorized by law. All fees collected at any 1617 graduate center or at any branch college shall be paid into special funds and shall be used solely for the maintenance 18 and operation of the graduate center or branch college at 19 which they were collected: Provided, however, That the 20 $\mathbf{21}$ governing boards shall use the median of the average 22 tuition and required fees at similarly classified institutions in member states of the southern regional education board 23 24 as a goal in establishing tuition and required fee levels for residents at state institutions of higher education under 25their jurisdiction: Provided further, That the governing 26 boards shall use the actual instructional cost as the same 27 28 shall be determined in accordance with commission rule. in establishing nonresident undergraduate fees, with the 29 goal of having tuition and fees cover the actual cost by 30 fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-six: And 31 32 provided further, That effective the first day of July, two thousand one, tuition and fees for nonresident, undergrad-33 34 uate students shall, at a minimum, cover actual instructional costs: And provided further, That students enrolled 35 36 in undergraduate courses offered at off-campus locations 37 shall pay an off-campus instruction fee and shall not pay 38 the athletic fee and the student activity fee. The 39 off-campus instruction fee shall be used solely for the 40 support of off-campus courses offered by the institution. 41 Off-campus locations for each institution shall be defined

[Enr. S. B. No. 653

by the appropriate governing board. The schedule of all
fees, and any changes therein, shall be entered in the
minutes of the meeting of the appropriate governing
board, and the board shall file with the legislative auditor
a certified copy of such schedule and changes.

47 (b) In addition to the fees mentioned in the preceding paragraph, each governing board may impose and collect 48 a student union building fce. All such building fees 49 collected at an institution shall be paid into a special 50 student union building fund for such institution, which is 51hereby created in the state treasury, and shall be used only 52 for the construction, operation and maintenance of a 53 54 student union building or a combination student union and dining hall building or for the payment of the princi-55 pal of and interest on any bond issued to finance part or 56 all of the construction of a student union building or a 57 58 combination student union and dining hall building or the renovation of an existing structure for use as a student 59 60 union building or a combination student union and dining hall building, all as more fully provided in section ten of 61 62this article. Any moneys in such funds not needed immediately for such purposes may be invested in any such bonds 63 or other securities as are now or hereafter authorized as 64 65 proper investments for state funds.

(c) The boards shall establish the rates to be charged 66 full-time students enrolled during a regular academic 67 term. For fee purposes, a full-time undergraduate student 68 69 is one enrolled for twelve or more credit hours in a regular 70 term, and a full-time graduate student is one enrolled for 71 nine or more credit hours in a regular term. Undergradu-72 ate students taking fewer than twelve credit hours in a regular term shall have their fees reduced pro rata based 73 upon one twelfth of the full-time rate per credit hour, and 74 graduate students taking fewer than nine credit hours in 75

a regular term shall have their fees reduced pro rata based
upon one ninth of the full-time rate per credit hour.

Fees for students enrolled in summer terms or other
nontraditional time periods shall be prorated based upon
the number of credit hours for which the student enrolls in
accordance with the above provisions.

82 (d) All fees are due and payable by the student upon
83 enrollment and registration for classes except as provided
84 for in this subsection:

(1) The governing boards shall permit fee payments to be
made in up to three installments over the course of the
academic term: *Provided*, That all fees must be paid prior
to the awarding of course credit at the end of the academic
term.

90 (2) The governing boards also shall authorize the accep91 tance of credit cards or other payment methods which may
92 be generally available to students for the payment of fees:
93 Provided, That the governing boards may charge the
94 students for the reasonable and customary charges i n95 curred in accepting credit cards and other methods of
96 payment.

97 (3) If a governing board determines that any student was adversely, financially affected by a legal work stoppage 98 that commenced on or after the first day of January, one 99 thousand nine hundred ninety-three, it may allow the 100 student an additional six months to pay the fees for any 101 academic term: *Provided*, That the governing board shall 102 103 determine if a student was adversely, financially affected 104 on a case-by-case basis.

(e) On or before the first day of July, two thousand one,
the chancellor for higher education shall review policy
series twenty-two of the governing boards, related to
assessment, payment and refund of fees and determine

whether a new rule should be adopted regarding the
refund of any fees upon the voluntary or involuntary
withdrawal from classes of any student. The rules shall
comply with all applicable state and federal laws and shall
be uniformly applied throughout the system.

114 (f) In addition to the fees mentioned in the preceding 115 subsections, each governing board may impose, collect and distribute a fee to be used to finance a nonprofit, student-116 117 controlled public interest research group: Provided, That 118 the students at such institution demonstrate support for the increased fee in a manner and method established by 119 that institution's elected student government: Provided, 120121however, That such fees shall not be used to finance 122litigation against the institution.

123(g) Any proposed fee increase which would become 124 effective during the transition year beginning on the first 125 day of July, two thousand, and ending on the thirtieth day 126 of June, two thousand one, and which has been approved 127 by the governing board, shall then be submitted by the 128 governing board to the secretary for education and the arts 129 for approval. Such approval shall be granted only upon 130 the certification that such institution requesting a fee 131 increase is in compliance with the strategic plans required 132to be submitted, pursuant to section one-b, article one of 133 this chapter. Notice, in the form of a report, shall be 134 provided by the chancellor to the legislative oversight 135 commission on education accountability describing such 136 fee increases and showing how such increases compare 137 with the average tuition and fees charged at comparable 138 peer institutions in member states of the southern regional 139 education board. Effective the first day of July, two 140 thousand one, tuition and fees rates shall be determined in accordance with subsection (h), subsection (i) and subsec-141 142tion (i) of this section.

(h) Effective the first day of July, two thousand one,
institutions shall retain tuition and fee revenues not
pledged for bonded indebtedness or other purposes in
accordance with a revised tuition policy adopted by the
respective governing boards and approved by the commission. The revised tuition policy shall;

149 (1) Provide a basis for establishing nonresident tuition150 and fees;

(2) Allow institutions to charge different tuition and feesfor different programs; and

(3) Establish methodology, where applicable, to ensure
that, within the appropriate time period under the compact, community and technical college tuition rates for
community and technical college students in all independently accredited community and technical colleges will be
commensurate with the tuition and fees charged by their
peer institutions.

160 (i) No penalty shall be imposed by the commission upon 161 any institution based upon the number of nonresidents 162 who attend the institution unless the commission deter-163 mines that admission of nonresidents to any institution or 164program of study within the institution is impeding unreasonably the ability of the resident students to attend 165 the institution or participate in the programs of the 166 institution. The institutions shall report annually to the 167 commission on the numbers of out-of-state residents and 168 169 such other enrollment information as the commission may 170 request.

(j) No governing board may increase tuition and fees
more than four percent nor increase tuition and fees to
more than one hundred percent of the tuition and fees of
peer institutions, as determined by the commission,
without the approval of the commission.

[Enr. S. **B**. No. 653

§18B-10-2. Higher education resource fee.

1 In addition to the fees specifically provided for in section one of this article, all students enrolled for credit at a state 2 3 institution of higher education shall pay a higher education resource fee. The commission shall fix the fee rates 4 for the various institutions and classes of students under 5 its jurisdiction and may from time to time change these 6 rates. The amount of the fee charged at each institution 7 8 shall be prorated for part-time students. The fee imposed by this section is in addition to the maximum fees allowed 9 to be collected under the provision of section one of this 10 article and is not limited thereby. Refunds of such fee may 11 12 be made in the same manner as any other fee collected at 13state institutions of higher education.

14 Ninety percent of the total fees collected at each institu-15 tion pursuant to this section shall be deposited in a special 16 fund in the state treasury for the institution at which the fees are collected and may be used by the institution for 17 18 libraries and library supplies, including books, periodicals, subscriptions and audiovisual materials, instructional 19 20 equipment and materials; and for the improvement in 21 quality and scope of student services. Up to ten percent of 22the fee collections shall be deposited in a special fund and expended or allocated by the commission to meet general 23 24 operating expenses of the commission or to fund statewide 25 programs: Provided, That the board shall, to the maximum extent practicable, offset the impact, if any, on 26 financially needy students of any potential fee increases 27 28 under this section by allocating an appropriate amount of 29 such fee revenue to the state scholarship program to be 30 expended in accordance with the provisions of article five, 31chapter eighteen-c of this code.

32 The commission shall, on or before the first day of July 33 of each year, provide the legislative auditor with a report

of the projected fee collections for the board and each of
its institutions and the expenditures proposed for such fee.

§18B-10-8. Collection; disposition and use of additional registration fee; creation of special capital improvements funds; revenue bonds.

(a) In addition to all other fees imposed by the commis sion, there is hereby imposed and the commission is hereby
 directed to provide for the collection of an additional
 registration fee from all students enrolled in any state
 institution of higher education under its jurisdiction in the
 amounts hereinafter provided.

7 For full-time students at each state institution of higher 8 education, the additional registration fee shall be fifty dollars per semester. The commission has authority to 9 increase such additional registration fee at institutions of 10 11 higher education under its jurisdiction for students who are nonresidents of this state. For all part-time students 12 and for all summer school students, the commission shall 13 impose and collect such fee in proportion to, but not 14 15exceeding, that paid by full-time students.

16 The fee imposed by this section is in addition to the 17 maximum fees allowed to be collected under the provision 18 of section one of this article and may not be limited 19 thereby. Refunds of such fee may be made in the same 20 manner as any other fee collected at state institutions of 21 higher education.

(b) There is created in the state treasury a state system
special capital improvements fund into which shall be paid
all proceeds of the additional registration fees collected
from students at all state institutions of higher education
pursuant to this section to be expended by the commission
for the payment of the principal of or interest on any
revenue bonds issued by the board of regents or the

succeeding governing boards for which such registrationfees were pledged prior to the enactment of this section.

31 (c) The commission may make expenditures from any of 32 the special capital improvements funds established in this 33 section to finance, in whole or in part, together with any federal, state or other grants or contributions, any one or 34 35 more of the following projects: (1) The acquisition of land or any rights or interest therein; (2) the construction or 36 acquisition of new buildings; (3) the renovation or con-37 struction of additions to existing buildings; (4) the acquisi-38 39 tion of furnishings and equipment for any such buildings; 40 and (5) the construction or acquisition of any other capital 41 improvements or capital educational facilities at such 42 state institutions of higher education, including any roads, 43 utilities or other properties, real or personal, or for other 4**4** purposes necessary, appurtenant or incidental to the construction, acquisition, financing and placing in opera-45 46 tion of such buildings, capital improvements or capital 47 educational facilities.

48 The commission, in its discretion, may use the moneys in 49 such special capital improvements funds to finance the 50 costs of the above purposes on a cash basis, or may from time to time issue revenue bonds of the state as provided 51 52 in this section to finance all or part of such purposes and 53 pledge all or any part of the moneys in such special funds for the payment of the principal of and interest on such 54 revenue bonds, and for reserves therefor. Any pledge of 55 56 such special funds for such revenue bonds shall be a prior 57 and superior charge on such special funds over the use of any of the moneys in such funds to pay for the cost of any 58 59 of such purposes on a cash basis: Provided, That any expenditures from such special funds, other than for the 60 retirement of revenue bonds, may only be made by the 61 62 commission to meet the cost of a predetermined capital improvements program for one or more of the state 63

institutions of higher education, in such order of priority
as was agreed upon by the commission and presented to
the governor for inclusion in the annual budget bill, and
only with the approval of the Legislature as indicated by
direct appropriation for the purpose.

Such revenue bonds may be authorized and issued from time to time by the commission to finance in whole or in part the purposes provided in this section in an aggregate principal amount not exceeding the amount which the commission determines can be paid as to both principal and interest and reasonable margins for a reserve therefor from the moneys in such special funds.

76 The issuance of such revenue bonds shall be authorized 77 by a resolution adopted by the commission, and such revenue bonds shall bear such date or dates, mature at 78 79 such time or times not exceeding forty years from their respective dates; be in such form either coupon or regis-**8** tered, with such exchangeability and interchangeability 81 privileges; be payable in such medium of payment and at 82 83 such place or places, within or without the state; be subject to such terms of prior redemption at such prices 84 85 not exceeding one hundred five per centum of the princi-86 pal amount thereof; and shall have such other terms and 87 provisions as determined by the commission. Such revenue bonds shall be signed by the governor and by the 88 chancellor of the commission authorizing the issuance 89 90 thereof, under the great seal of the state, attested by the 91 secretary of state, and the coupons attached thereto shall 92 bear the facsimile signature of the chancellor of the 93 commission. Such revenue bonds shall be sold in such manner as the commission determines is for the best 94 interests of the state. 95

96 The commission may enter into trust agreements with 97 banks or trust companies, within or without the state, and 98 in such trust agreements or the resolutions authorizing the

issuance of such bonds may enter into valid and legally 99 100 binding covenants with the holders of such revenue bonds as to the custody, safeguarding and disposition of the 101 102 proceeds of such revenue bonds, the moneys in such special 103 funds, sinking funds, reserve funds, or any other moneys or 104 funds; as to the rank and priority, if any, of different issues 105 of revenue bonds by the commission under the provisions 106 of this section; as to the maintenance or revision of the amounts of such additional registration fees, and the terms 107 108 and conditions, if any, under which such additional registration fees may be reduced; and as to any other 109 110 matters or provisions which are deemed necessary and advisable by the commission in the best interests of the 111 112 state and to enhance the marketability of such revenue 113 bonds.

After the issuance of any of such revenue bonds, the additional registration fees at the state institutions of higher education may not be reduced as long as any of such revenue bonds are outstanding and unpaid except under such terms, provisions and conditions as shall be contained in the resolution, trust agreement or other proceedings under which such revenue bonds were issued.

121 Such revenue bonds shall be and constitute negotiable 122 instruments under the uniform commercial code of this 123 state; shall, together with the interest thereon, be exempt 124 from all taxation by the state of West Virginia, or by any 125 county, school district, municipality or political subdivi-126 sion thereof; and such revenue bonds may not be deemed 127 to be obligations or debts of the state, and the credit or 128 taxing power of the state may not be pledged therefor, but 129 such revenue bonds shall be payable only from the revenue pledged therefor as provided in this section. 130

Additional revenue bonds may be issued by the commission pursuant to this section and financed by additional
revenues or funds dedicated from other sources. It is the

134 intent of the Legislature to authorize over a five year
135 period from the effective date of this section additional
136 sources of revenue and funds to effect such funding for
137 capital improvement.

176

138 Funding of system-wide and campus-specific revenue 139 bonds under any other section of this code is hereby 140 continued and authorized pursuant to the terms of this 141 section. Revenues of any state institution of higher 142 education pledged to the repayment of any bonds issued 143 pursuant to this code shall remain the responsibility of 144 that institution.

ARTICLE 14. MISCELLANEOUS.

§18B-14-8. Statewide task force on teacher quality.

(a) There is hereby created a statewide task force on
 teacher quality to address issues which shall include, but
 not be limited to, the following:

4 (1) Need to strengthen teacher education in subject area
5 fields by addressing the quality and regional accessibility
6 of pre-service and in-service programs at both the bacca7 laureate and graduate degree levels;

8 (2) Need to address teacher salaries;

9 (3) Need to determine the appropriate supply of teachers10 to meet future demand;

(4) Need to determine the most effective method of staffdevelopment for teachers; and

13 (5) Need to address methods to prepare teachers to
14 integrate technology effectively in the classroom, includ15 ing the following:

(i) The resources necessary for teacher education programs to prepare teachers for the technology demands of
the classroom environment;

(ii) The opportunities and resources for professionaldevelopment experiences in technology; and

(6) Need to study methods to extend programs such as
the Benedum collaborative model of teacher education at
West Virginia university to other geographic areas of the
state.

25(b) The task force shall be chaired by the chancellor for 26higher education or a designee and shall be comprised of 27 twenty-one members selected as follows: eight members to 28 be appointed by the governor; five members to be ap-29 pointed by the state board of education; five members to 30 be appointed by the governing boards; one member to be selected by the West Virginia professional teachers stan-31 32 dards commission from among their membership; one 33 member representing private institutions of higher educa-34 tion selected by the West Virginia association of independ-35 cnt colleges, inc.; and the secretary of education and the arts or a designee. Of the eight members to be appointed 36 37 by the governor, two shall be representatives of statewide teacher organizations and of the six members to be 38 39 appointed by the state board of education, at least three shall be classroom teachers and at least one shall be 40 41 selected from among the membership of the state board of education. 42

43 (c) Appointments to the task force shall be made so that
44 members may begin their work no later than the first day
45 of July, two thousand.

46 (d) The task force shall report on its progress to the
47 legislative oversight commission on education account48 ability and the commission. The initial progress report
49 shall be made in October, two thousand, and, additionally,
50 in each quarter thereafter until the work of the task force
51 is completed.

(e) The task force shall complete its work and make a
final report to the legislative oversight commission on
education accountability and the commission no later than
the first day of November, two thousand one. The final
report shall contain findings of fact, recommendations and
strategies for implementing recommended changes.

§18B-14-9. Statewide task force on student financial aid.

(a) There is hereby created a statewide task force on
 student financial aid to address issues which shall include,

3 but not be limited to, the following:

4 (1) The impact of the full range of student aid and
5 prepaid admission programs including federal, state and
6 institutional programs;

7 (2) The interrelationships of the various programs;

(3) The feasibility and effectiveness of grants versusloans; and

(4) A longitudinal study detailing the amount of money
spent for student aid in West Virginia over the past fifteen
years, or, if data for a full fifteen years is not available, for
the longest time period possible; the number of students
served; and the number of those students who have
remained in the state.

16 (b) The task force shall be chaired by the chancellor for 17 higher education or a designee and shall be comprised of fourteen members selected as follows: Six members 18 selected by the governing boards; two members represent-19 ing private institutions of higher education selected by the 20 West Virginia association of independent colleges, inc.; 21 four members selected by the state board of education; the 22 state treasurer or a designee; and the secretary of educa-23 24 tion and the arts or a designee.

[Enr. S. B. No. 653

(c) Appointments to the task force shall be made so that
members may begin their work no later than the first day
of July, two thousand.

(d) The task force shall make an initial progress report to
the legislative oversight commission on education accountability and the commission by the first day of December,
two thousand, and shall report quarterly thereafter until
the work of the task force is completed.

(e) The task force shall complete its work and make a
final report to the legislative oversight commission on
education accountability and the commission no later than
the first day of October, two thousand one. The final
report shall contain findings of fact, recommendations and
strategies for implementing recommended changes.

The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the

foregoing bill is correctly enrolled. Chairman Senate Committee hairman House Committee

Originating in the Senate.

In effect ninety days from passage.

Clerk of the Senate

2 h. 1 Clerk of the House of Delegates

President of the Senate

ther House of Delegates Spe

The within.....this the N Day of, 2000 Governor @ GCU 326-C

PRESENTED TO THE GOVERNOR Date_3/31/00 'S Time. pr