

WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION, 2005

ENROLLED

House Bill No. 2129

(By Delegates Amores, Craig, Pethtel, Armstead)

28 Passed March 47, 2005

In Effect Ninety Days from Passage

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OFFICE WEST VIRGINIA SECRETARY OF STATE

ENROLLED

H. B. 2129

(By Delegates Amores, Craig, Pethtel, Armstead)

s.m.s.

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[Passed March 17; 2005; in effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated §61-3-58, relating to the unlawful use of an audio-visual recording device in a motion picture theater; defining certain terms; providing immunity for theater owner who detains person violating this section; and providing penalties.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §61-3-58, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY.

§61-3-58. Unlawful operation of a recording device.

- 1 (a)(1) Any person who knowingly operates the audiovisual
- 2 recording function of any device in a motion picture theater in
- 3 order to record the motion picture that is being exhibited,
- 4 without the written consent of the motion picture theater owner,

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- 5 and with intent to distribute, or cause the distribution of, 6 multiple copies of the motion picture, for pecuniary gain, is 7 guilty of a felony, and upon conviction thereof, shall be fined 8 not less than five hundred dollars nor more than one thousand
- 8 not less than five hundred dollars nor more than one thousand 9 dollars or imprisoned in a correctional facility for not more than
- one nor more than ten years, or both fined and imprisoned.
 - (2) Any person who knowingly operates the audiovisual recording function of any device in a motion picture theater in order to record the motion picture that is being exhibited, without the written consent of the motion picture theater owner, and with intent to distribute, or cause the distribution of, multiple copies of the motion picture, but not for pecuniary gain, is guilty of a felony, and upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars or imprisoned in a correctional facility for not less than one year nor more than three years, or both fined and imprisoned, or, in the discretion of the court, be confined in a regional jail not more than one year and fined not more than one thousand dollars.
 - (3) Any person who knowingly operates the audiovisual recording function of any device in a motion picture theater in order to record the motion picture that is being exhibited, without the written consent of the motion picture theater owner, and without the intent to distribute, or cause the distribution of, multiple copies of the motion picture, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than one hundred dollars.
- 32 (4) Any person who commits the acts described in subdivi-33 sion (1) of this subsection is civilly liable for actual damages 34 arising from his or her distribution of copies of the motion 35 picture. A conviction for the offense described in subdivision 36 (1) of this subsection is not a prerequisite to the maintenance of 37 a civil action authorized by this subdivision.

- 38 (b) The term "audiovisual recording function" means the 39 capability of a device to record or transmit a motion picture or 40 any part thereof by means of any technology now known or 41 later developed.
- 42 (c) The term "motion picture theater" means a movie 43 theater, screening room, or other venue that is being utilized 44 primarily for the exhibition of a motion picture at the time of 45 the offense.
- 46 (d) The owner or lessee of a motion picture theater, or the 47 authorized agent or employee of the owner or lessee, who alerts 48 law enforcement authorities of an alleged violation of this section shall not be liable in any civil action arising out of 49 50 measures taken by the owner, lessee, agent or employee in the 51 course of subsequently detaining a person that the owner, 52 lessee, agent or employee in good faith believed to have violate 53 this section while awaiting the arrival of law-enforcement 54 authorities, unless the plaintiff can show by clear and convincing evidence that such measures were manifestly unreasonable 55 or the period of detention was unreasonably long. 56
- (e) This section does not prevent any lawfully authorized investigative, law enforcement protective, or intelligence gathering employee or agent, of the local, state or federal government, from operating any audiovisual recording device in a motion picture theater, as part of lawfully authorized investigative, protective, law enforcement, or intelligence gathering activities.
- (f) Nothing in this section prevents prosecution, instead,under any other provision of law providing for greater penalty.

That Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

Chairman Senate Committee

Chairman House Committee

Chairman House Committee

Chairman House Committee

Chairman House Committee

Clerk of the Senate

Clerk of the House of Delegates

President of the Senate

Speaker of the House of Delegates

Governor

PRESENTED TO THE GOVERNOR

Date 3/31/05

Time 91/5 an