WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE
EIGHTY-SECOND LEGISLATURE
REGULAR SESSION, 2015

ENROLLED

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

Senate Bill No. 529

(SENATORS GAUNCH AND CARMICHAEL, ORIGINAL SPONSORS)

[PASSED MARCH 14, 2015; IN EFFECT FROM PASSAGE.]
AN ACT to amend and reenact §5-10-2, §5-10-14, §5-10-15, §5-10-15a, §5-10-20, §5-10-21 and §5-10-29 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; to amend said code by adding thereto a new section, designated §5-10-21a; to amend and reenact §5-13-2 of said code; to amend and reenact §5-16-13 of said code; to amend and reenact §15-2A-21 of said code; to amend and reenact §18-7A-17, §18-7A-23 and §18-7A-25 of said code; to amend said code by adding thereto two new sections, designated §18-7A-17a and §18-7A-25b; and to amend and reenact §18-7D-6 of said code, all relating generally to benefits and costs for certain members of the West Virginia Public Employees Retirement System, State Police Retirement System and Teachers Retirement System; calculating final average salary and service credit for certain public employees; authorizing purchase of military service for certain members of the West Virginia Public Employees Retirement System and Teachers Retirement System; providing military service credit for certain members of the West Virginia
Public Employees Retirement System; increasing contribution rate and years of contributing service required for certain public employees to qualify for certain annuities; providing for determination of years of service; providing that accrued annual and sick leave of certain employees participating in the West Virginia Public Employees Retirement System, the State Police Retirement System and the Teachers Retirement System may not be applied for retirement service credit; allowing certain persons to buy service credit and interest into the West Virginia Public Employees Retirement System for service in the Teachers Retirement System; and revising the reciprocal retirement provisions for certain members of the teachers and the public employees system.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §5-10-2, §5-10-14, §5-10-15, §5-10-15a, §5-10-20, §5-10-21 and §5-10-29 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §5-10-21a; that §5-13-2 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §5-16-13 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §15-2A-21 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §18-7A-17, §18-7A-23 and §18-7A-25 of said code be amended and reenacted; and that said code be amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated §18-7A-17a and §18-7a-25b, all to read as follows:

CHAPTER 5. GENERAL POWERS AND AUTHORITY OF THE GOVERNOR, SECRETARY OF STATE AND ATTORNEY GENERAL; BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS; MISCELLANEOUS AGENCIES, COMMISSIONS, OFFICES, PROGRAMS, ETC.

ARTICLE 10. WEST VIRGINIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ACT.
§5-10-2. Definitions.

1 Unless a different meaning is clearly indicated by the context, the following words and phrases as used in this article have the following meanings:

4 (1) "Accumulated contributions" means the sum of all amounts deducted from the compensations of a member and credited to his or her individual account in the members' deposit fund, together with regular interest on the contributions;

9 (2) "Accumulated net benefit" means the aggregate amount of all benefits paid to or on behalf of a retired member;

12 (3) "Actuarial equivalent" means a benefit of equal value computed upon the basis of a mortality table and regular interest adopted by the board of trustees from time to time: Provided, That when used in the context of compliance with the federal maximum benefit requirements of section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code, "actuarial equivalent" shall be computed using the mortality tables and interest rates required to comply with those requirements;

20 (4) "Annuity" means an annual amount payable by the retirement system throughout the life of a person. All annuities shall be paid in equal monthly installments, rounding to the upper cent for any fraction of a cent;

24 (5) "Annuity reserve" means the present value of all payments to be made to a retirant or beneficiary of a retirant on account of any annuity, computed upon the basis of mortality and other tables of experience, and regular interest, adopted by the board of trustees from time to time;
(6) "Beneficiary" means any person, except a retirant, who is entitled to, or will be entitled to, an annuity or other benefit payable by the retirement system;

(7) "Board of Trustees" or "board" means the Board of Trustees of the West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement System;

(8) "Compensation" means the remuneration paid a member by a participating public employer for personal services rendered by the member to the participating public employer. In the event a member's remuneration is not all paid in money, his or her participating public employer shall fix the value of the portion of the remuneration which is not paid in money. Any lump sum or other payments paid to members that do not constitute regular salary or wage payments are not considered compensation for the purpose of withholding contributions for the system or for the purpose of calculating a member's final average salary. These payments include, but are not limited to, attendance or performance bonuses, one-time flat fee or lump sum payments, payments paid as a result of excess budget, or employee recognition payments. The board shall have final power to decide whether the payments shall be considered compensation for purposes of this article;

(9) "Contributing service" means service rendered by a member within this state and for which the member made contributions to a public retirement system account of this state, to the extent credited him or her as provided by this article;

(10) "Credited service" means the sum of a member's prior service credit, military service credit, workers' compensation service credit and contributing service credit standing to his or her credit as provided in this article;
(11) "Employee" means any person who serves regularly as an officer or employee, full time, on a salary basis, whose tenure is not restricted as to temporary or provisional appointment, in the service of, and whose compensation is payable, in whole or in part, by any political subdivision, or an officer or employee whose compensation is calculated on a daily basis and paid monthly or on completion of assignment, including technicians and other personnel employed by the West Virginia National Guard whose compensation, in whole or in part, is paid by the federal government: Provided, That an employee of the Legislature whose term of employment is otherwise classified as temporary and who is employed to perform services required by the Legislature for its regular sessions or during the interim between regular sessions and who has been or is employed during regular sessions or during the interim between regular sessions in seven or more consecutive calendar years, as certified by the clerk of the house in which the employee served, is an employee, any provision to the contrary in this article notwithstanding, and is entitled to credited service in accordance with provisions of section fourteen, article ten, chapter five of this code and: Provided, however, That members of the legislative body of any political subdivision and judges of the state Court of Claims are employees receiving one year of service credit for each one-year term served and pro rated service credit for any partial term served, anything contained in this article to the contrary notwithstanding. In any case of doubt as to who is an employee within the meaning of this article, the board of trustees shall decide the question;

(12) "Employer error" means an omission, misrepresentation or violation of relevant provisions of the West Virginia Code or of the West Virginia Code of State Regulations or the relevant provisions of both the West Virginia Code and of the West Virginia Code of State
Regulations by the participating public employer that has resulted in an underpayment or overpayment of contributions required. A deliberate act contrary to the provisions of this section by a participating public employer does not constitute employer error.

(13) "Final average salary" means either of the following:

Provided, That salaries for determining benefits during any determination period may not exceed the maximum compensation allowed as adjusted for cost of living in accordance with section seven, article ten-d, chapter five of this code and section 401 (a) (17) of the Internal Revenue Code: Provided, however, That the provisions of section twenty-two-h of this article are not applicable to the amendments made to this subdivision during the 2011 regular session of the Legislature.

(A) The average of the highest annual compensation received by a member, including a member of the Legislature who participates in the retirement system in the year 1971 or thereafter, during any period of three consecutive years of credited service contained within the member's fifteen years of credited service immediately preceding the date his or her employment with a participating public employer last terminated: Provided, That for persons who were first hired on or after July 1, 2015, any period of five consecutive years of contributing service contained within the member's fifteen years of credited service immediately preceding the date his or her employment with a participating public employer last terminated; or

(B) If the member has less than five years of credited service, the average of the annual rate of compensation received by the member during his or her total years of credited service; and in determining the annual compensation, under either paragraph (A) or (B) of this subdivision, of a
member of the Legislature who participates in the retirement
system as a member of the Legislature in the year 1971, or in
any year thereafter, his or her actual legislative compensation
(the total of all compensation paid under sections two, three,
four and five, article two-a, chapter four of this code), in the
year 1971, or in any year thereafter, plus any other
compensation he or she receives in any year from any other
participating public employer including the State of West
Virginia, without any multiple in excess of one times his or
her actual legislative compensation and other compensation,
shall be used: Provided, That “final average salary” for any
former member of the Legislature or for any member of the
Legislature in the year 1971 who, in either event, was a
member of the Legislature on November 30, 1968, or
November 30, 1969, or November 30, 1970, or on November
30 in any one or more of those three years and who
participated in the retirement system as a member of the
Legislature in any one or more of those years means: (i)
Either, notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision
preceding this proviso, $1,500 multiplied by eight, plus the
highest other compensation the former member or member
received in any one of the three years from any other
participating public employer including the State of West
Virginia; or (ii) “final average salary” determined in
accordance with paragraph (A) or (B) of this subdivision,
whichever computation produces the higher final average
salary, and in determining the annual compensation under
subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph, the legislative
compensation of the former member shall be computed on the
basis of $1,500 multiplied by eight, and the legislative
compensation of the member shall be computed on the basis
set forth in the provisions of this subdivision immediately
preceding this paragraph or on the basis of $1,500 multiplied
by eight, whichever computation as to the member produces
the higher annual compensation;
(14) "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, codified at Title 26 of the United States Code;

(15) "Limited credited service" means service by employees of the West Virginia Educational Broadcasting Authority, in the employment of West Virginia University, during a period when the employee made contributions to another retirement system, as required by West Virginia University, and did not make contributions to the Public Employees Retirement System:  
Provided, That while limited credited service can be used for the formula set forth in subsection (e), section twenty-one of this article, it may not be used to increase benefits calculated under section twenty-two of this article;

(16) "Member" means any person who has accumulated contributions standing to his or her credit in the members’ deposit fund.

(17) "Participating public employer" means the State of West Virginia, any board, commission, department, institution or spending unit and includes any agency created by rule of the Supreme Court of Appeals having full-time employees, which for the purposes of this article is considered a department of state government; and any political subdivision in the state which has elected to cover its employees, as defined in this article, under the West Virginia Public Employees Retirement System;

(18) "Plan year" means the same as referenced in section forty-two of this article;

(19) "Political subdivision" means the State of West Virginia, a county, city or town in the state; a school corporation or corporate unit; any separate corporation or
instrumentality established by one or more counties, cities or
towns, as permitted by law; any corporation or
instrumentality supported in most part by counties, cities or
towns; and any public corporation charged by law with the
performance of a governmental function and whose
jurisdiction is coextensive with one or more counties, cities
or towns: Provided, That any mental health agency
participating in the Public Employees Retirement System
before July 1, 1997, is considered a political subdivision
solely for the purpose of permitting those employees who are
members of the Public Employees Retirement System to
remain members and continue to participate in the retirement
system at their option after July 1, 1997: Provided, however,
That the Regional Community Policing Institute which
participated in the Public Employees Retirement System
before July 1, 2000, is considered a political subdivision
solely for the purpose of permitting those employees who are
members of the Public Employees Retirement System to
remain members and continue to participate in the Public
Employees Retirement System after July 1, 2000;

(20) "Prior service" means service rendered prior to July
1, 1961, to the extent credited a member as provided in this
article;

(21) "Regular interest" means the rate or rates of interest
per annum, compounded annually, as the board of trustees
adopts from time to time;

(22) "Required beginning date" means April 1, of the
calendar year following the later of: (A) The calendar year in
which the member attains age seventy and one half years of
age; or (B) the calendar year in which a member who has
attained the age seventy and one half years of age and who
ceases providing service covered under this system to a
participating employer;
(23) "Retirant" means any member who commences an annuity payable by the retirement system;

(24) "Retirement" means a member's withdrawal from the employ of a participating public employer and the commencement of an annuity by the retirement system;

(25) "Retirement system" or "system" means the West Virginia Public Employees Retirement System created and established by this article;

(26) "Retroactive service" means: (1) Service between July 1, 1961, and the date an employer decides to become a participating member of the Public Employees Retirement System; (2) service prior to July 1, 1961, for which the employee is not entitled to prior service at no cost in accordance with 162 CSR 5.13; and (3) service of any member of a legislative body or employees of the state Legislature whose term of employment is otherwise classified as temporary for which the employee is eligible, but for which the employee did not elect to participate at that time;

(27) "Service" means personal service rendered to a participating public employer by an employee of a participating public employer; and

(28) "State" means the State of West Virginia.

§5-10-14. Service credit; retroactive provisions.

(a) The board of trustees shall credit each member with the prior service and contributing service to which he or she is entitled based upon rules adopted by the board of trustees and based upon the following:
(1) In no event may less than ten days of service rendered by a member in any calendar month be credited as a month of service: Provided, That for employees of the state Legislature whose term of employment is otherwise classified as temporary and who are employed to perform services required by the Legislature for its regular sessions or during the interim between regular sessions and who have been or are so employed during regular sessions or during the interim between regular sessions in seven consecutive calendar years, service credit of one month shall be awarded for each ten days employed in the interim between regular sessions, which interim days shall be cumulatively calculated so that any ten days, regardless of calendar month or year, shall be calculated toward any award of one month of service credit;

(2) Except for hourly employees, and those persons who first become members of the retirement system on or after July 1, 2015, ten or more months of service credit earned in any calendar year shall be credited as a year of service: Provided, That no more than one year of service may be credited to any member for all service rendered by him or her in any calendar year and no days may be carried over by a member from one calendar year to another calendar year where the member has received a full-year credit for that year; and

(3) Service may be credited to a member who was employed by a political subdivision if his or her employment occurred within a period of thirty years immediately preceding the date the political subdivision became a participating public employer.

(b) The board of trustees shall grant service credit to employees of boards of health, the Clerk of the House of Delegates and the Clerk of the State Senate or to any former and present member of the State Teachers Retirement System
who have been contributing members for more than three years, for service previously credited by the State Teachers Retirement System and shall require the transfer of the member’s contributions to the system and shall also require a deposit, with interest, of any withdrawals of contributions any time prior to the member’s retirement. Repayment of withdrawals shall be as directed by the board of trustees.

(c) Court reporters who are acting in an official capacity, although paid by funds other than the county commission or State Auditor, may receive prior service credit for time served in that capacity.

(d) Active members who previously worked in Comprehensive Employment and Training Act (CETA) may receive service credit for time served in that capacity: Provided, That in order to receive service credit under the provisions of this subsection the following conditions must be met: (1) The member must have moved from temporary employment with the participating employer to permanent full-time employment with the participating employer within one hundred twenty days following the termination of the member’s CETA employment; (2) the board must receive evidence that establishes to a reasonable degree of certainty as determined by the board that the member previously worked in CETA; and (3) the member shall pay to the board an amount equal to the employer and employee contribution plus interest at the amount set by the board for the amount of service credit sought pursuant to this subsection: Provided, however, That the maximum service credit that may be obtained under the provisions of this subsection is two years: Provided further, That a member must apply and pay for the service credit allowed under this subsection and provide all necessary documentation by March 31, 2003: And provided further, That the board shall exercise due diligence to notify affected employees of the provisions of this subsection.
(c) (1) Employees of the state Legislature whose terms of employment are otherwise classified as temporary and who are employed to perform services required by the Legislature for its regular sessions or during the interim time between regular sessions shall receive service credit for the time served in that capacity in accordance with the following: For purposes of this section, the term "regular session" means day one through day sixty of a sixty-day legislative session or day one through day thirty of a thirty-day legislative session. Employees of the state Legislature whose term of employment is otherwise classified as temporary and who are employed to perform services required by the Legislature for its regular sessions or during the interim time between regular sessions and who have been or are employed during regular sessions or during the interim time between regular sessions in seven consecutive calendar years, as certified by the clerk of the house in which the employee served, shall receive service credit of six months for all regular sessions served, as certified by the clerk of the house in which the employee served, or shall receive service credit of three months for each regular thirty-day session served prior to 1971: Provided, That employees of the state Legislature whose term of employment is otherwise classified as temporary and who are employed to perform services required by the Legislature for its regular sessions and who have been or are employed during the regular sessions in thirteen consecutive calendar years as either temporary employees or full-time employees or a combination thereof, as certified by the clerk of the house in which the employee served, shall receive a service credit of twelve months for each regular session served, as certified by the clerk of the house in which the employee served: Provided, however, That the amendments made to this subsection during the 2002 regular session of the Legislature only apply to employees of the Legislature who are employed by the Legislature as either temporary employees or full-time employees as of January 1, 2002, or
who become employed by the Legislature as temporary or full-time employees for the first time after January 1, 2002. Employees of the State Legislature whose terms of employment are otherwise classified as temporary and who are employed to perform services required by the Legislature during the interim time between regular sessions shall receive service credit of one month for each ten days served during the interim between regular sessions, which interim days shall be cumulatively calculated so that any ten days, regardless of calendar month or year, shall be calculated toward any award of one month of service credit: Provided further, That no more than one year of service may be credited to any temporary legislative employee for all service rendered by that employee in any calendar year and no days may be carried over by a temporary legislative employee from one calendar year to another calendar year where the member has received a full year credit for that year. Service credit awarded for legislative employment pursuant to this section shall be used for the purpose of calculating that member's retirement annuity, pursuant to section twenty-two of this article, and determining eligibility as it relates to credited service, notwithstanding any other provision of this section. Certification of employment for a complete legislative session and for interim days shall be determined by the clerk of the house in which the employee served, based upon employment records. Service of fifty-five days of a regular session constitutes an absolute presumption of service for a complete legislative session and service of twenty-seven days of a thirty-day regular session occurring prior to 1971 constitutes an absolute presumption of service for a complete legislative session. Once a legislative employee has been employed during regular sessions for seven consecutive years or has become a full-time employee of the Legislature, that employee shall receive the service credit provided in this section for all regular and interim sessions and interim days worked by that employee, as
certified by the clerk of the house in which the employee served, regardless of when the session or interim legislative employment occurred: *And provided further*, That regular session legislative employment for seven consecutive years may be served in either or both houses of the Legislature.

(2) For purposes of this section, employees of the Joint Committee on Government and Finance are entitled to the same benefits as employees of the House of Delegates or the Senate: *Provided*, That for joint committee employees whose terms of employment are otherwise classified as temporary, employment in preparation for regular sessions, certified by the legislative manager as required by the Legislature for its regular sessions, shall be considered the same as employment during regular sessions to meet service credit requirements for sessions served.

(f) Any employee may purchase retroactive service credit for periods of employment in which contributions were not deducted from the employee’s pay. In the purchase of service credit for employment prior to 1989 in any department, including the Legislature, which operated from the General Revenue Fund and which was not expressly excluded from budget appropriations in which blanket appropriations were made for the state’s share of public employees’ retirement coverage in the years prior to 1989, the employee shall pay the employee’s share. Other employees shall pay the state’s share and the employee’s share to purchase retroactive service credit. Where an employee purchases service credit for employment which occurred after 1988, that employee shall pay for the employee’s share and the employer shall pay its share for the purchase of retroactive service credit: *Provided*, That no legislative employee and no current or former member of the Legislature may be required to pay any interest or penalty upon the purchase of retroactive service credit in accordance...
with the provisions of this section where the employee was not eligible to become a member during the years for which he or she is purchasing retroactive credit or had the employee attempted to contribute to the system during the years for which he or she is purchasing retroactive service credit and such contributions would have been refused by the board: 

Provided, however, That a legislative employee purchasing retroactive credit under this section does so within twenty-four months of becoming a member of the system or no later than December 31, 2008, whichever occurs last: 

Provided further, That once a legislative employee becomes a member of the retirement system, he or she may purchase retroactive service credit for any time he or she was employed by the Legislature and did not receive service credit. Any service credit purchased shall be credited as six months for each sixty-day session worked, three months for each thirty-day session worked or twelve months for each sixty-day session for legislative employees who have been employed during regular sessions in thirteen consecutive calendar years, as certified by the clerk of the house in which the employee served, and credit for interim employment as provided in this subsection: 

And provided further, That this legislative service credit shall also be used for months of service in order to meet the sixty-month requirement for the payments of a temporary legislative employee member’s retirement annuity: 

And provided further, That no legislative employee may be required to pay for any service credit beyond the actual time he or she worked regardless of the service credit which is credited to him or her pursuant to this section: 

And provided further, That any legislative employee may request a recalculation of his or her credited service to comply with the provisions of this section at any time.

(g) (1) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, the seven consecutive calendar years requirement and the thirteen consecutive calendar years requirement and the
service credit requirements set forth in this section shall be applied retroactively to all periods of legislative employment prior to the passage of this section, including any periods of legislative employment occurring before the seven consecutive and thirteen consecutive calendar years referenced in this section: Provided, That the employee has not retired prior to the effective date of the amendments made to this section in the 2002 regular session of the Legislature.

(2) The requirement of seven consecutive years and the requirement of thirteen consecutive years apply retroactively to all legislative employment prior to the effective date of the 2006 amendments to this section.

(h) The board of trustees shall grant service credit to any former or present member of the State Police Death, Disability and Retirement Fund who has been a contributing member of this system for more than three years for service previously credited by the State Police Death, Disability and Retirement Fund if the member transfers all of his or her contributions to the State Police Death, Disability and Retirement Fund to the system created in this article, including repayment of any amounts withdrawn any time from the State Police Death, Disability and Retirement Fund by the member seeking the transfer allowed in this subsection: Provided, That there shall be added by the member to the amounts transferred or repaid under this subsection an amount which shall be sufficient to equal the contributions he or she would have made had the member been under the Public Employees Retirement System during the period of his or her membership in the State Police Death, Disability and Retirement Fund, excluding contributions on lump sum payment for annual leave, plus interest at a rate determined by the board.
(i) The provisions of section twenty-two-h of this article are not applicable to the amendments made to this section during the 2006 regular session.

§5-10-15. Military service credit; qualified military service.

(a)(1) The Legislature recognizes the men and women of this state who have served in the armed forces of the United States during times of war, conflict and danger. It is the intent of this subsection to confer military service credit upon persons who are eligible at any time for public employees retirement benefits for any time served in active duty in the armed forces of the United States, regardless of whether the person was a public employee at the time of entering the military service.

(2) In addition to any benefit provided by federal law, any member of the retirement system who has previously served in or enters the active service of the armed forces of the United States, including active duty in the National Guard performed pursuant to Title 10 or Title 32 of the United States Code, shall receive credited service for the time spent in the armed forces of the United States, not to exceed five years, if the member:

(A) Has been honorably discharged from the armed forces; and

(B) Substantiates by appropriate documentation or evidence his or her active military service.

If a member of the retirement system enters the active service of the armed forces of the United States, the member’s contributions to the retirement system are suspended during the period of the active service and until the member’s return to the employ of a participating public
employer, and any credit balance remaining in the member's deposit fund shall accumulate regular interest: Provided, That notwithstanding any provision in this article to the contrary, if an employee of a participating political subdivision serving on active duty in the military has accumulated credited service prior to the last entry into military service, in an amount that, added to the time in active military service while an employee equals nine or more years, and the member is unable to resume employment with a participating employer upon completion of duty due to death during or as a result of active service, all time spent in active military service, up to and including a total of five years, is considered to be credited service and death benefits are vested in the member: Provided, however, That the active service during the time the member is an employee must be as a result of an order or call to duty, and not as a result of volunteering for assignment or volunteering to extend the time in service beyond the time required by order or call.

(b) Subsection (a) of this section does not apply to any member who first becomes an employee of a participating public employer on or after July 1, 2015. This subsection does not apply to any member who first became an employee of a participating public employer before July 1, 2015.

(1) A member who first becomes an employee of a participating public employer on or after July 1, 2015, may purchase up to sixty months of military service credit for time served in active military duty prior to first becoming an employee of a participating public employer if all of the following conditions are met:

(A) The member has completed at least twelve consecutive months of contributory service upon first becoming an employee of a participating public employer;
(B) The active military duty occurs prior to the date on which the member first becomes an employee of a participating public employer; and

(C) The employee pays to the retirement system the actuarial reserve purchase amount within forty-eight months after the date on which employer and employee contributions are first received by the retirement system for the member and while he or she continues to be in the employ of a participating public employer and contributing to the retirement system: Provided, That any employee who ceases employment with a participating public employer before completing the required actuarial reserve purchase amount in full shall not be eligible to purchase the military service.

(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (A), subdivision (1) of this subsection, a member who first becomes an employee of a participating public employer on or after July 1, 2015, but who does not remain employed and contributing to the retirement system for at least twelve consecutive months after his or her initial employment, shall be considered to have met the requirement of paragraph (A), subdivision (1) of this subsection the first time he or she becomes an employee of a participating public employer and completes at least twelve consecutive months of contributing service. Such a member shall be considered to have met the requirement of paragraph (C), subdivision (1) of this subsection if he or she pays to the retirement system the actuarial reserve purchase amount within forty-eight months after the date on which employer and employee contributions are first received by the retirement system for the member the first time he or she becomes an employee of a participating public employer and completes at least twelve consecutive months of contributing service, and while he or she continues to be in the employ of a participating public employer and contributing to the retirement system.
(3) Notwithstanding paragraph (A), subdivision (1) of this subsection, a member who first becomes an employee of a participating public employer on or after July 1, 2015, as an elected official, shall be considered to have met the requirement of paragraph (A), subdivision (1) of this subsection after remaining employed for the first twelve consecutive months of his or her term and first becoming an employee, regardless of whether a salary is paid to the employee for each such month. An elected official who does not elect to begin participating in the retirement system upon first becoming an employee of a participating public employer as an elected official is not eligible to purchase military service credit pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection.

(4) A member who first becomes an employee of a participating public employer on or after July 1, 2015, may purchase military service credit for active military duty performed on or after the date he or she first becomes an employee of a participating public employer only if all of the following conditions are met: Provided, That the maximum military service credit such member may purchase shall take into account any military service credit purchased for active military duty pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection in addition to any military service credit purchased pursuant to this subdivision (4) of this subsection:

(A) The member was an employee of a participating public employer, terminated employment and experienced a break in contributing service in the retirement system of one or more months, performed active military service while not an employee of the participating public employer and not contributing to the retirement system, then again becomes an employee of a participating public employer and completes at least twelve consecutive months of contributory service;
(B) The member does not qualify for military service credit for such active military duty pursuant to subsection (d) of this section; and

(C) The member pays to the retirement system the actuarial reserve lump sum purchase amount within forty-eight months after the date on which employer and employee contributions are first received by the retirement system for the member after he or she again becomes an employee of a participating public employer immediately following the period of active military duty and break in service and completes at least twelve consecutive months of contributory service and while he or she continues to be in the employ of a participating public employer and contributing to the retirement system.

(5) Notwithstanding paragraph (A), subdivision (4) of this subsection, a member who otherwise meets the requirements of said paragraph, but who does not remain employed and contributing to the retirement system for at least twelve consecutive months when he or she first becomes an employee of a participating public employer after the period of active military duty and break in service, shall be considered to have met the requirement of paragraph (A), subdivision (4) of this subsection the first time he or she again becomes an employee of a participating public employer and completes at least twelve consecutive months of contributing service. Such a member shall be considered to have met the requirement of paragraph (C), subdivision (4) of this subsection if he or she pays to the retirement system the actuarial reserve lump sum purchase amount within forty-eight months after the date on which employer and employee contributions are first received by the retirement system for the member for the first time he or she again becomes an employee of a participating public employer and completes at least twelve consecutive months of contributing service,
and while he or she continues to be in the employ of a participating public employer and contributing to the retirement system.

(6) Notwithstanding paragraph (A), subdivision (4) of this subsection, a member who becomes an employee of a participating public employer after such a period of active military duty and break in service as an elected official shall be considered to have met the requirement of paragraph (A), subdivision (4) of this subsection after remaining employed for the first twelve consecutive months of his or her term after again becoming an employee, regardless of whether a salary is paid to the employee for each such month. Such an individual must elect to begin participating in the retirement system immediately upon again becoming an employee of a participating public employer after the period of active military duty and break in service.

(7) For purposes of this subsection, the following definitions apply:

(A) "Active military duty" means full-time active duty in the armed forces of the United States for a period of thirty or more consecutive calendar days. Active military duty does not include inactive duty of any kind.

(B) "Actuarial reserve purchase amount" means the purchase annuity rate multiplied by the purchase accrued benefit, calculated as of the calculation month, plus annual interest accruing at seven and one-half percent from the calculation month through the purchase month, compounded monthly: Provided, That if the employee elects to pay the full purchase amount on an installment or partial payment basis, the actuarial reserve purchase amount will include the lump sum payment plus additional interest accruing at seven and one-half percent until the purchase amount is paid in full.
(C) “Armed forces of the United States” means the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard, the reserve components thereof, and the National Guard of the United States or the National Guard of a state or territory when members of the same are on full-time active duty pursuant to Title 10 or Title 32 of the United States Code.

(D) “Calculation month” means the month immediately following the month in which the member completes the twelve consecutive months of contributory service with a participating public employer required by this subsection, as applicable.

(E) “Purchase accrued benefit” means two percent times the purchase military service times the purchase average monthly salary.

(F) “Purchase age” means the age of the employee in years and completed months as of the first day of the calculation month.

(G) “Purchase annuity rate” means the actuarial lump sum annuity factor calculated as of the calculation month based on the following actuarial assumptions: Interest rate of seven and one-half percent; mortality of the 1971 group annuity mortality table, fifty percent blended male and female rates, applied on a unisex basis to all members; if purchase age is under age sixty-two, a deferred annuity factor with payments commencing at age sixty-two; and if purchase age is sixty-two or over, an immediate annuity factor with payments starting at the purchase age.

(H) “Purchase average monthly salary” means the average monthly salary of the member during the months two through twelve of the twelve consecutive month period required by this subsection, as applicable.
(I) “Purchase military service” means the amount of military service being purchased by the employee in months up to the sixty month maximum, calculated in accordance with subdivision (9) of this subsection.

(J) “Purchase month” means the month in which the employee deposits the actuarial reserve lump sum purchase amount in full payment of the service credit being purchased or makes the final payment of the actuarial reserve purchase amount into the plan trust fund in full payment of the service credit being purchased.

(8) A member may purchase military service credit for a period of active military duty pursuant to this subsection only if the member received an honorable discharge for such period. Anything other than an honorable discharge, including, but not limited to, a general or under honorable conditions discharge, an entry-level separation discharge, an other than honorable conditions discharge, or a dishonorable discharge, shall disqualify the member from receiving military service credit for the period of service.

(9) To calculate the amount of military service credit a member may purchase, the board shall add the total number of days in each period of a member’s active military duty eligible to be purchased, divide the total by thirty, and round up or down to the nearest integer (fractions of 0.5 shall be rounded up), in order to yield the total number of months of military service credit a member may purchase, subject to the sixty-month maximum. A member may purchase all or part of the maximum amount of military service credit he or she is eligible for in one-month increments.

(10) To receive credit, a member must submit a request to purchase military service credit to the board, on such form or in such other manner as shall be required by the board,
within the twelve consecutive month period required by this subsection, as applicable. The board shall then calculate the actuarial reserve lump sum purchase amount, which amount must be paid by the member within the forty-eight month period required by this subsection, as applicable. A member purchasing military service credit pursuant to this subsection must do so in a single, lump sum payment: Provided, That the board may accept partial, installment or other similar payments if the employee executes a contract with the board specifying the amount of military service to be purchased and the payments required: Provided, however, That any failure to pay the contract amount in accordance with this section shall be treated as an overpayment or excess contribution subject to section forty-four of this article and no military service shall be credited.

(11) The board shall require a member requesting military service credit to provide official documentation establishing that the requirements set forth in this subsection have been met.

(12) Military service credit purchased pursuant to this subsection may not be considered contributing service credit or contributory service for purposes of this article.

(13) If a member who has purchased military service credit pursuant to this subsection is eligible for and requests a withdrawal of accumulated contributions pursuant to the provisions of this article, he or she shall also receive a refund of the actuarial reserve purchase amount he or she paid to the retirement system to purchase military service credit, together with regular interest on such amount.

(c) No period of military service may be used to obtain credit in more than one retirement system administered by the board and once used in any system, a period of military service may not be used again in any other system.
(d) Notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this section, contributions, benefits and service credit with respect to qualified military service shall be provided in accordance with Section 414(U) of the Internal Revenue Code and the federal Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act (USERRA), and regulations promulgated thereunder, as the same may be amended from time to time. For purposes of this section, "qualified military service" has the same meaning as in Section 414(U) of the Internal Revenue Code.

(e) In any case of doubt as to the period of service to be credited a member under the provisions of this section, the board has final power to determine the period. Notwithstanding the provisions of section three-a, article ten of this chapter, the provisions of this section are not subject to liberal construction. The board is authorized to determine all questions and make all decisions relating to this section and, pursuant to the authority granted to the board in section one, article ten-d of this chapter, may propose rules to administer this section for legislative approval in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

§5-10-15a. Retirement credited service through member's use, as option, of accrued annual or sick leave days.

(a) Any member accruing annual leave or sick leave days may, after June 27, 1988, elect to use the days at the time of retirement to acquire additional credited service in this retirement system. Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, the accrued days shall be applied on the basis of two workdays credit granted for each one day of such accrued annual or sick leave days, with each month of retirement service credit to equal twenty workdays and with any remainder of ten workdays or more to constitute a full
month of additional credit and any remainder of less than ten
workdays to be dropped and not used, notwithstanding any
provisions of the code to the contrary, including section
twelve, article sixteen of this chapter. Such credited service
shall be allowed and not deemed to controvert the
requirement of no more than twelve months credited service
in any year’s period.

(b) For those persons who first become members of the
retirement system on or after July 1, 2015, accrued annual or
sick days may not be applied to acquire additional credited
service.

§5-10-20. Voluntary retirement.

(a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section,
any member who has attained or attains age sixty years and
has five or more years of credited service in force, at least
one year of which he or she was a contributing member of the
retirement system, may retire upon his or her written
application filed with the board of trustees setting forth at
what time, not less than thirty days nor more than ninety days
subsequent to the execution and filing thereof the member
desires to be retired: Provided, That on and after June 1,
1986, any person who becomes a new member of this
retirement system shall, in qualifying for retirement
hereunder, have five or more years of service, all of which
years shall be actual, contributory ones. Upon retirement, the
member shall receive an annuity provided for in section
twenty-two of this article.

(b) Any person who first becomes a member of the
retirement system on or after July 1, 2015, may retire upon
written application as provided in subsection (a) of this section
upon attaining the age of sixty-two with ten or more years of
service, all of which must be actual, contributing years.
§5-10-21. Deferred retirement and early retirement.

(a) Except as provided in section twenty-one-a of this article, any member who first becomes a member of the retirement system before July 1, 2015, and who has five or more years of credited service in force, of which at least three years are contributing service, and who leaves the employ of a participating public employer prior to his or her attaining age sixty years for any reason except his or her disability retirement or death, is entitled to an annuity computed according to section twenty-two of this article, as that section was in force as of the date of his or her separation from the employ of a participating public employer: Provided, That he or she does not withdraw his or her accumulated contributions from the members’ deposit fund: Provided, however, That on and after July 1, 2002, any person who becomes a new member of this retirement system shall, in qualifying for retirement under this section, have five or more years of service, all of which years shall be actual, contributory ones. His or her annuity shall begin the first day of the calendar month next following the month in which his or her application for same is filed with the board of trustees on or after his or her attaining age sixty-two years.

(b) Any member who qualifies for deferred retirement benefits in accordance with subsection (a) of this section and has ten or more years of credited service in force and who has attained age fifty-five as of the date of his or her separation, may, prior to the effective date of his or her retirement, but not thereafter, elect to receive the actuarial equivalent of his or her deferred retirement annuity as a reduced annuity commencing on the first day of any calendar month between his or her date of separation and his or her attainment of age sixty-two years and payable throughout his or her life.
(c) Any member who qualifies for deferred retirement benefits in accordance with subsection (a) of this section and has twenty or more years of credited service in force may elect to receive the actuarial equivalent of his or her deferred retirement annuity as a reduced annuity commencing on the first day of any calendar month between his or her fifty-fifth birthday and his or her attainment of age sixty-two years and payable throughout his or her life.

(d) Notwithstanding any of the other provisions of this section or of this article, except sections twenty-seven-a and twenty-seven-b of this article, and pursuant to rules promulgated by the board, and except for a person who first becomes a member of the retirement system on or after July 1, 2015, any member who has thirty or more years of credited service in force, at least three of which are contributing service, and who elects to take early retirement, which for the purposes of this subsection means retirement prior to age sixty, whether an active employee or a separated employee at the time of application, is entitled to the full computation of annuity according to section twenty-two of this article, as that section was in force as of the date of retirement application, but with the reduced actuarial equivalent of the annuity the member would have received if his or her benefit had commenced at age sixty when he or she would have been entitled to full computation of benefit without any reduction.

(e) Notwithstanding any of the other provisions of this section or of this article, except sections twenty-seven-a and twenty-seven-b of this article, and except for a person who first becomes a member of the retirement system on or after July 1, 2015, any member of the retirement system may retire with full pension rights, without reduction of benefits, if he or she is at least fifty-five years of age and the sum of his or her age plus years of contributing service and limited credited service, as defined in section two of this article,
equals or exceeds eighty: Provided, That on and after July 1, 2011, any person who becomes a new member of this retirement system shall, in qualifying for retirement under this subsection, have five or more years of service, all of which years shall be actual, contributory ones. The member's annuity shall begin the first day of the calendar month immediately following the calendar month in which his or her application for the annuity is filed with the board.

§5-10-21a. Deferred retirement and early retirement for new members as of July 1, 2015.

(a) Any person who first becomes a member of the retirement system on or after July 1, 2015, who has ten or more years of contributing service and who leaves the employ of a participating public employer prior to attaining age sixty-two years for any reason except his or her disability or death, is entitled to an annuity computed according to section twenty-two of this article, as that section was in force as of the date of his or her separation from the employ of a participating public employer: Provided, That he or she does not withdraw his or her accumulated contributions from the members' deposit fund: Provided, however, That his or her annuity shall begin the first day of the calendar month next following the month in which his or her application for same is filed with the board of trustees on or after his or her attaining age sixty-four years.

(b) Any member who qualifies for deferred retirement benefits in accordance with subsection (a) of this subsection and has twenty or more years of contributing service in force is entitled to an annuity computed as in subsection (a) of this section: Provided, That his or her annuity shall begin the first day of the calendar month next following the month in which his or her application for same is filed with the board of trustees on or after his or her attaining age sixty-three.
(c) Notwithstanding any of the other provisions of this section or of this article, except sections twenty-seven-a and twenty-seven-b of this article, and pursuant to rules promulgated by the board, any member who first becomes a member of the retirement system on or after July 1, 2015, has ten or more years of contributing service in force, is currently employed by a participating public employer and who elects to take early retirement, which for the purposes of this subsection means retirement following attainment of age sixty but prior to attaining age sixty-two, is entitled to the full computation of annuity according to section twenty-two of this article but with the reduced actuarial equivalent of the annuity the member would have received if his or her benefit had commenced at age sixty-two when he or she would have been entitled to full computation of benefit without any reduction: Provided, That his or her annuity shall begin the first day of the calendar month next following the month in which his or her application for same is filed with the board of trustees on or after his or her attaining age sixty.

(d) Any member who first becomes a member of the retirement system on or after July 1, 2015, and has twenty or more years of contributing service in force, is currently employed by a participating public employer and who elects to take early retirement, which for the purposes of this subsection means retirement following attainment of age fifty-seven but prior to attaining age sixty-two, is entitled to the full computation of annuity according to section twenty-two of this article but with the reduced actuarial equivalent of the annuity the member would have received if his or her benefit had commenced at age sixty-two when he or she would have been entitled to full computation of benefit without any reduction: Provided, That his or her annuity shall begin the first day of the calendar month next following the month in which his or her application for same is filed with the board of trustees on or after his or her attaining age fifty-seven.
(e) Any member who first becomes a member of the retirement system on or after July 1, 2015, and has thirty or more years of contributing service in force, and who elects to take early retirement, which for the purposes of this subsection means retirement following attainment of age fifty-five but prior to attaining age sixty-two, is entitled to the full computation of annuity according to section twenty-two of this article but with the reduced actuarial equivalent of the annuity the member would have received if his or her benefit had commenced at age sixty-two when he or she would have been entitled to full computation of benefit without any reduction: Provided, That his or her annuity shall begin the first day of the calendar month next following the month in which his or her application for same is filed with the board of trustees on or after his or her attaining age fifty-five.

§5-10-29. Members' deposit fund; members' contributions; forfeitures.

(a) The members' deposit fund is hereby created. It shall be the fund in which shall be accumulated, at regular interest, the contributions deducted from the compensation of members, and from which refunds of accumulated contributions shall be paid and transfers made as provided in this section.

(b) The contributions of a member to the retirement system (including any member of the Legislature, except as otherwise provided in subsection (g) of this section) shall be a sum of not less than three and five-tenths percent of his or her annual compensation but not more than four and five-tenths percent of his or her annual compensation, as determined by the board of trustees: Provided, That for persons who first become members of the retirement system on or after July 1, 2015, the contributions to the system shall be six percent of his or her annual compensation beginning July 1, 2015. The said contributions shall be made
notwithstanding that the minimum salary or wages provided by law for any member shall be thereby changed. Each member shall be deemed to consent and agree to the deductions made and provided for herein. Payment of a member's compensation less said deductions shall be a full and complete discharge and acquittance of all claims and demands whatsoever for services rendered by him or her to a participating public employer, except as to benefits provided by this article.

(c) The officer or officers responsible for making up the payrolls for payroll units of the state government and for each of the other participating public employers shall cause the contributions, provided in subsection (b) of this section, to be deducted from the compensations of each member in the employ of the participating public employer, on each and every payroll, for each and every payroll period, from the date the member enters the retirement system to the date his or her membership terminates. When deducted, each of said amounts shall be paid by the participating public employer to the retirement system; said payments to be made in such manner and form, and in such frequency, and shall be accompanied by such supporting data, as the board of trustees shall from time to time prescribe. When paid to the retirement system, each of said amounts shall be credited to the members' deposit fund account of the member from whose compensations said contributions were deducted.

(d) In addition to the contributions deducted from the compensations of a member, as heretofore provided, a member shall deposit in the members' deposit fund, by a single contribution or by an increased rate of contribution as approved by the board of trustees, the amounts he or she may have withdrawn therefrom and not repaid thereto, together with regular interest from the date of withdrawal to the date of repayment. In no case shall a member be given credit for
service rendered prior to the date he or she withdrew his or
her contributions or accumulated contributions, as the case
may be, until he or she returns to the members’ deposit fund
all amounts due the said fund by him or her.

(e) Upon the retirement of a member, or if a survivor
annuity becomes payable on account of his or her death, in
either event his or her accumulated contributions standing to
his or her credit in the members’ deposit fund shall be
transferred to the retirement reserve fund.

(f) In the event an employee’s membership in the
retirement system terminates and no annuity becomes or will
become payable on his or her account, any accumulated
contributions standing to his or her credit in the members’
deposit fund, unclaimed by the said employee, or his or her
legal representative, within three years from and after the date
his or her membership terminated, shall be transferred to the
income fund.

(g) Any member of the Legislature who is a member of
the retirement system and with respect to whom the term
“final average salary” includes a multiple of eight, pursuant
to the provisions of subdivision (13), section two of this
article, shall contribute to the retirement system on the basis
of his or her legislative compensation the sum of $540 each
year he or she participates in the retirement system as a
member of the Legislature.

(h) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this article,
forfeitures under the system shall not be applied to increase
the benefits any member would otherwise receive under the
system.

ARTICLE 13. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES’ AND TEACHERS’
RECIPROCAL SERVICE CREDIT ACT.

The following words and phrases as used in this article, unless a different meaning is clearly indicated by the context, shall have the following meanings:

(a) “Accumulated contributions” means the sum of the amounts deducted from the compensation of a member and credited to his or her individual account in a state system, together with interest, if any, credited thereto.

(b) “Annuity” means the annuity payable by a state system.

(c) “Member” means a member of either the West Virginia Public Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System. The term “member” does not include any person who has retired under either state system.

(d) “Public final average salary” means a member’s final average salary computed according to the law governing the public system. In computing his or her public final average salary, the compensation, if any, received by the member for services rendered in positions covered by the teacher system shall be used in the same manner as if the compensation were received for services covered by the public system: Provided, That for persons who first became members of the retirement system on or after July 1, 2015, no compensation for services rendered in positions covered by the teacher system may be used to compute his or her public system final average salary.

(e) “Public system” means the West Virginia Public Employees Retirement System established in article ten of this chapter.
(f) "Reciprocal service credit" for a member of the public system who subsequently becomes a member of the teacher system, or vice versa, means the sum of his or her credited service in force acquired as a member of the public system and his or her credited service in force acquired as a member of the teacher system: Provided, That persons who first became members of the public system or teacher system on or after July 1, 2015, must be employed and contributed for ten years or more in each system to receive reciprocal service credit.

(g) "State system" means the West Virginia Public Employees Retirement System and the State Teachers Retirement System.

(h) "Teacher final average salary" means a member’s final average salary computed according to the law governing the teacher system. In computing his or her teacher final average salary, the compensation, if any, received by the member for services rendered in positions covered by the public system shall be used in the same manner as if the compensation were received for services covered by the teacher system: Provided, That for persons who first became members of the retirement system on or after July 1, 2015, no compensation for services rendered in positions covered by the public system may be used to compute his or her teacher system final average salary.

(i) "Teacher system" means the State Teachers Retirement System established in article seven-a, chapter eighteen of this code.

(j) The masculine gender includes the feminine, and words of the singular number with respect to persons include the plural number, and vice versa.
ARTICLE 16. WEST VIRGINIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES INSURANCE ACT.

§5-16-13. Payment of costs by employer and employee; spouse and dependent coverage; involuntary employee termination coverage; conversion of annual leave and sick leave authorized for health or retirement benefits; authorization for retiree participation; continuation of health insurance for surviving dependents of deceased employees; requirement of new health plan, limiting employer contribution.

(a) Cost-sharing. — The director shall provide under any contract or contracts entered into under the provisions of this article that the costs of any group hospital and surgical insurance, group major medical insurance, group prescription drug insurance, group life and accidental death insurance benefit plan or plans shall be paid by the employer and employee.

(b) Spouse and dependent coverage. — Each employee is entitled to have his or her spouse and dependents included in any group hospital and surgical insurance, group major medical insurance or group prescription drug insurance coverage to which the employee is entitled to participate: Provided, That the spouse and dependent coverage is limited to excess or secondary coverage for each spouse and dependent who has primary coverage from any other source. For purposes of this section, the term “primary coverage” means individual or group hospital and surgical insurance coverage or individual or group major medical insurance coverage or group prescription drug coverage in which the spouse or dependent is the named insured or certificate holder. For the purposes of this section, “dependent” includes an eligible employee’s unmarried child or stepchild under the age of twenty-five if that child or stepchild meets the definition of a “qualifying child” or a “qualifying
relative” in Section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code. The
director may require proof regarding spouse and dependent
primary coverage and shall adopt rules governing the nature,
discontinuance and resumption of any employee’s coverage
for his or her spouse and dependents.

(c) *Continuation after termination.* — If an employee
participating in the plan is terminated from employment
involuntarily or in reduction of work force, the employee’s
insurance coverage provided under this article shall continue
for a period of three months at no additional cost to the
employee and the employer shall continue to contribute the
employer’s share of plan premiums for the coverage. An
employee discharged for misconduct shall not be eligible for
extended benefits under this section. Coverage may be
extended up to the maximum period of three months, while
administrative remedies contesting the charge of misconduct
are pursued. If the discharge for misconduct be upheld, the
full cost of the extended coverage shall be reimbursed by the
employee. If the employee is again employed or recalled to
active employment within twelve months of his or her prior
termination, he or she shall not be considered a new enrollee
and may not be required to again contribute his or her share
of the premium cost, if he or she had already fully contributed
such share during the prior period of employment.

(d) *Conversion of accrued annual and sick leave for
extended insurance coverage upon retirement for employees
who elected to participate in the plan before July, 1988.* —
Except as otherwise provided in subsection (g) of this
section, when an employee participating in the plan, who
elected to participate in the plan before July 1, 1988, is
compelled or required by law to retire before reaching the age
of sixty-five, or when a participating employee voluntarily
retires as provided by law, that employee’s accrued annual
leave and sick leave, if any, shall be credited toward an
extension of the insurance coverage provided by this article, according to the following formulae: The insurance coverage for a retired employee shall continue one additional month for every two days of annual leave or sick leave, or both, which the employee had accrued as of the effective date of his or her retirement. For a retired employee, his or her spouse and dependents, the insurance coverage shall continue one additional month for every three days of annual leave or sick leave, or both, which the employee had accrued as of the effective date of his or her retirement.

\[(e)\) Conversion of accrued annual and sick leave for extended insurance coverage upon retirement for employees who elected to participate in the plan after June, 1988. – Notwithstanding subsection (d) of this section, and except as otherwise provided in subsections (g) and (l) of this section when an employee participating in the plan who elected to participate in the plan on and after July 1, 1988, is compelled or required by law to retire before reaching the age of sixty-five, or when the participating employee voluntarily retires as provided by law, that employee’s annual leave or sick leave, if any, shall be credited toward one half of the premium cost of the insurance provided by this article, for periods and scope of coverage determined according to the following formulae: (1) One additional month of single retiree coverage for every two days of annual leave or sick leave, or both, which the employee had accrued as of the effective date of his or her retirement; or (2) one additional month of coverage for a retiree, his or her spouse and dependents for every three days of annual leave or sick leave, or both, which the employee had accrued as of the effective date of his or her retirement. The remaining premium cost shall be borne by the retired employee if he or she elects the coverage. For purposes of this subsection, an employee who has been a participant under spouse or dependent coverage and who reenters the plan within twelve months after
termination of his or her prior coverage shall be considered to have elected to participate in the plan as of the date of commencement of the prior coverage. For purposes of this subsection, an employee shall not be considered a new employee after returning from extended authorized leave on or after July 1, 1988.

(f) Increased retirement benefits for retired employees with accrued annual and sick leave. — In the alternative to the extension of insurance coverage through premium payment provided in subsections (d) and (e) of this section, the accrued annual leave and sick leave of an employee participating in the plan may be applied, on the basis of two days’ retirement service credit for each one day of accrued annual and sick leave, toward an increase in the employee’s retirement benefits with those days constituting additional credited service in computation of the benefits under any state retirement system: Provided, That for a person who first becomes a member of the Teachers Retirement System as provided in article seven-a, chapter eighteen of this code on or after July 1, 2015, accrued annual and sick leave of an employee participating in the plan may not be applied for retirement service credit. However, the additional credited service shall not be used in meeting initial eligibility for retirement criteria, but only as additional service credited in excess thereof.

(g) Conversion of accrued annual and sick leave for extended insurance coverage upon retirement for certain higher education employees. — Except as otherwise provided in subsection (l) of this section, when an employee, who is a higher education full-time faculty member employed on an annual contract basis other than for twelve months, is compelled or required by law to retire before reaching the age of sixty-five, or when such a participating employee voluntarily retires as provided by law, that employee’s
insurance coverage, as provided by this article, shall be extended according to the following formulae: The insurance coverage for a retired higher education full-time faculty member, formerly employed on an annual contract basis other than for twelve months, shall continue beyond the effective date of his or her retirement one additional year for each three and one-third years of teaching service, as determined by uniform guidelines established by the University of West Virginia Board of Trustees and the board of directors of the state college system, for individual coverage, or one additional year for each five years of teaching service for family coverage.

(h) Any employee who retired prior to April 21, 1972, and who also otherwise meets the conditions of the “retired employee” definition in section two of this article, shall be eligible for insurance coverage under the same terms and provisions of this article. The retired employee’s premium contribution for any such coverage shall be established by the finance board.

(i) Retiree participation. – All retirees under the provisions of this article, including those defined in section two of this article; those retiring prior to April 21, 1972; and those hereafter retiring are eligible to obtain health insurance coverage. The retired employee’s premium contribution for the coverage shall be established by the finance board.

(j) Surviving spouse and dependent participation. – A surviving spouse and dependents of a deceased employee, who was either an active or retired employee participating in the plan just prior to his or her death, are entitled to be included in any comprehensive group health insurance coverage provided under this article to which the deceased employee was entitled, and the spouse and dependents shall bear the premium cost of the insurance coverage. The
finance board shall establish the premium cost of the
coverage.

(k) Elected officials. — In construing the provisions of this
section or any other provisions of this code, the Legislature
declares that it is not now nor has it ever been the
Legislature’s intent that elected public officials be provided
any sick leave, annual leave or personal leave, and the
enactment of this section is based upon the fact and
assumption that no statutory or inherent authority exists
extending sick leave, annual leave or personal leave to
elected public officials and the very nature of those positions
preclude the arising or accumulation of any leave, so as to be
thereafter usable as premium paying credits for which the
officials may claim extended insurance benefits.

(l) Participation of certain former employees. — An
employee, eligible for coverage under the provisions of this
article who has twenty years of service with any agency or
entity participating in the public employees insurance
program or who has been covered by the public employees
insurance program for twenty years may, upon leaving
employment with a participating agency or entity, continue
to be covered by the program if the employee pays one
hundred five percent of the cost of retiree coverage:
Provided, That the employee shall elect to continue coverage
under this subsection within two years of the date the
employment with a participating agency or entity is
terminated.

(m) Prohibition on conversion of accrued annual and
sick leave for extended coverage upon retirement for new
employees who elect to participate in the plan after June,
2001. — Any employee hired on or after July 1, 2001, who
elects to participate in the plan may not apply accrued annual
or sick leave toward the cost of premiums for extended
insurance coverage upon his or her retirement. This prohibition does not apply to the conversion of accrued annual or sick leave for increased retirement benefits, as authorized by this section: Provided, That any person who has participated in the plan prior to July 1, 2001, is not a new employee for purposes of this subsection if he or she becomes reemployed with an employer participating in the plan within two years following his or her separation from employment and he or she elects to participate in the plan upon his or her reemployment.

(n) Prohibition on conversion of accrued years of teaching service for extended coverage upon retirement for new employees who elect to participate in the plan July, 2009. — Any employee hired on or after July 1, 2009, who elects to participate in the plan may not apply accrued years of teaching service toward the cost of premiums for extended insurance coverage upon his or her retirement.

CHAPTER 15. PUBLIC SAFETY.

ARTICLE 2A. WEST VIRGINIA STATE POLICE RETIREMENT SYSTEM.

§15-2A-21. Retirement credited service through member’s use, as option, of accrued annual or sick leave days.

Any member accruing annual leave or sick leave days may, after April 9, 2005, elect to use the days at the time of retirement to acquire additional credited service in this retirement system. The days shall be applied on the basis of two workdays’ credit granted for each one day of accrued annual or sick leave days, with each month of retirement service credit to equal twenty workdays and with any remainder of ten workdays or more to constitute a full month of additional credit and any remainder of less than ten
workdays to be dropped and not used, notwithstanding any provisions of the code to the contrary: *Provided*, That for a person who first becomes a member of the retirement system on or after July 1, 2015, accrued annual and sick leave days may not be applied to acquire additional credited service. The credited service shall be allowed and not considered to controvert the requirement of no more than twelve months’ credited service in any year’s period.

CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.

ARTICLE 7A. STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM.

§18-7A-17. Statement and computation of teachers’ service.

(a) Under rules adopted by the retirement board, each teacher and nonteaching member shall file a detailed statement of his or her length of service as a teacher or nonteacher for which he or she claims credit. The retirement board shall determine what part of a year is the equivalent of a year of service. In computing the service, however, it shall credit no period of more than a month’s duration during which a member was absent without pay, nor shall it credit for more than one year of service performed in any calendar year.

(b) For service as a teacher in the employment of the federal government, or a state or territory of the United States, or a governmental subdivision of that state or territory, the retirement board shall grant credit to the member: *Provided*, That the member shall pay to the system twelve percent of that member’s gross salary earned during the first full year of current employment whether a member of the Teachers Retirement System or the Teachers’ Defined Contribution Retirement System, times the number of years for which credit is granted, plus interest at a rate to be determined by the
retirement board. The interest shall be deposited in the reserve
fund and service credit granted at the time of retirement shall
not exceed the lesser of ten years or fifty percent of the
member's total service as a teacher in West Virginia. Any
purchase of out-of-state service, as provided in this article, shall
not be used to establish eligibility for a retirement allowance
and the retirement board shall grant credit for the purchased
service as additional service only: Provided, however, That a
purchase of out-of-state service is prohibited if the service is
used to obtain a retirement benefit from another retirement
system: Provided further, That salaries paid to members for
service prior to entrance into the retirement system shall not be
used to compute the average final salary of the member under
the retirement system.

(c) No members shall be considered absent from service
while serving as a member or employee of the Legislature of
the State of West Virginia during any duly constituted session
of that body or while serving as an elected member of a
county commission during any duly constituted session of
that body.

(d) No member shall be considered absent from service
as a teacher or nonteacher while serving as an officer with a
statewide professional teaching association, or who has
served in that capacity, and no retirant, who served in that
capacity while a member, shall be considered to have been
absent from service as a teacher by reason of that service:
Provided, That the period of service credit granted for that
service shall not exceed ten years: Provided, however, That
a member or retirant who is serving or has served as an
officer of a statewide professional teaching association shall
make deposits to the Teachers Retirement System, for the
time of any absence, in an amount double the amount which
he or she would have contributed in his or her regular
assignment for a like period of time.
(c) The Teachers Retirement System shall grant service credit to any former or present member of the West Virginia Public Employees Retirement System who has been a contributing member of the Teachers Retirement System for more than three years, for service previously credited by the Public Employees Retirement System upon his or her written request and: (1) Shall require the transfer of the member’s Public Employees Retirement System accumulated contributions to the Teachers Retirement System; or (2) shall require a repayment of the amount withdrawn from the Public Employees Retirement System, plus interest at a rate to be determined by the retirement board, compounded annually from the date of withdrawal to the date of payment, any time prior to the member’s effective retirement date: Provided,
That there shall be added by the member to the amounts transferred or repaid under this subsection an amount which shall be sufficient to equal the contributions he or she would have made had the member been under the Teachers Retirement System during the period of his or her membership in the Public Employees Retirement System, plus interest at a rate determined by the retirement board, compounded annually from the date the additional contribution would have been made had the member been under the Teachers Retirement System to the date of payment. All interest paid or transferred shall be deposited in the reserve fund.

(f) For service as a teacher in an elementary or secondary parochial school, located within this state and fully accredited by the West Virginia Department of Education, the retirement board shall grant credit to the member: Provided, That the member shall pay to the system twelve percent of that member’s gross salary earned during the first full year of current employment whether a member of the Teachers Retirement System or the Teachers’ Defined Contribution Retirement System, times the number of years for which
credit is granted, plus interest at a rate to be determined by
the retirement board. The interest shall be deposited in the
reserve fund and service granted at the time of retirement
shall not exceed the lesser of ten years or fifty percent of the
member's total service as a teacher in the West Virginia
public school system. Any purchase of parochial school
service, as provided in this section, may not be used to
establish eligibility for a retirement allowance and retirement
board shall grant credit for the purchase as additional service
only: Provided, however, That a purchase of parochial school
service is prohibited if the service is used to obtain a
retirement benefit from another retirement system.

(g) Active members who previously worked in
Comprehensive Employment and Training Act (CETA) may
receive service credit for time served in that capacity:
Provided, That in order to receive service credit under the
provisions of this subsection the following conditions must be
met: (1) The member must have moved from temporary
employment with the participating employer to permanent
full-time employment with the participating employer within
one hundred twenty days following the termination of the
member's CETA employment; (2) the retirement board must
receive evidence that establishes to a reasonable degree of
certainty as determined by the retirement board that the
member previously worked in CETA; and (3) the member
shall pay to the retirement board an amount equal to the
employer and employee contribution plus interest at the
amount set by the retirement board for the amount of service
credit sought pursuant to this subsection: Provided, however,
That the maximum service credit that may be obtained under
the provisions of this subsection is two years: Provided
further, That a member must apply and pay for the service
credit allowed under this subsection and provide all necessary
documentation by March 31, 2003: And provided further,
That the retirement board shall exercise due diligence to
notify affected employees of the provisions of this subsection.

(h) If a member is not eligible for prior service credit or pension as provided in this article, then his or her prior service shall not be considered a part of his or her total service.

(i) A member who withdrew from membership may regain his or her former membership rights as specified in section thirteen of this article only in case he or she has served two years since his or her last withdrawal.

(j) Subject to the provisions of subsections (a) through (k), inclusive, of this section, the retirement board shall verify as soon as practicable the statements of service submitted. The retirement board shall issue prior service certificates to all persons eligible for the certificates under the provisions of this article. The certificates shall state the length of the prior service credit, but in no case shall the prior service credit exceed forty years.

(k) Notwithstanding any provision of this article to the contrary, when a member is or has been elected to serve as a member of the Legislature, and the proper discharge of his or her duties of public office require that member to be absent from his or her teaching or administrative duties, the time served in discharge of his or her duties of the legislative office are credited as time served for purposes of computing service credit: Provided, That the retirement board may not require any additional contributions from that member in order for the retirement board to credit him or her with the contributing service credit earned while discharging official legislative duties: Provided, however, That nothing in this section may be construed to relieve the employer from making the employer contribution at the member’s regular
salary rate or rate of pay from that employer on the
contributing service credit earned while the member is
discharging his or her official legislative duties. These
employer payments shall commence as of June 1, 2000:

Provided further, That any member to which the provisions
of this subsection apply may elect to pay to the retirement
board an amount equal to what his or her contribution would
have been for those periods of time he or she was serving in
the Legislature. The periods of time upon which the member
paid his or her contribution shall then be included for
purposes of determining his or her final average salary as
well as for determining years of service: And provided
further, That a member using the provisions of this
subsection is not required to pay interest on any contributions
he or she may decide to make.

(l) The Teachers Retirement System shall grant service
credit to any former member of the State Police Death,
Disability and Retirement System who has been a
contributing member for more than three years for service
previously credited by the State Police Death, Disability and
Retirement System; and: (1) Shall require the transfer of the
member’s contributions to the Teachers Retirement System;
or (2) shall require a repayment of the amount withdrawn any
time prior to the member’s retirement: Provided, That the
member shall add to the amounts transferred or repaid under
this paragraph an amount which is sufficient to equal the
contributions he or she would have made had the member
been under the Teachers Retirement System during the period
of his or her membership in the State Police Death, Disability
and Retirement System plus interest at a rate to be determined
by the retirement board compounded annually from the date
of withdrawal to the date of payment. The interest paid shall
be deposited in the reserve fund.

§18-7A-17a. Qualified military service.
(a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, for the purpose of this article, the retirement board shall grant prior service credit to members of the retirement system who were honorably discharged from active duty service in any of the armed forces of the United States in any period of national emergency within which a federal Selective Service Act was in effect. For purposes of this section, "armed forces" includes Women's Army Corps, women's appointed volunteers for emergency service, Army Nurse Corps, SPARS, Women's Reserve and other similar units officially part of the military service of the United States. The military service is considered equivalent to public school teaching, and the salary equivalent for each year of that service is the actual salary of the member as a teacher for his or her first year of teaching after discharge from military service. Prior service credit for military service shall not exceed ten years for any one member, nor shall it exceed twenty-five percent of total service at the time of retirement. Notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this subsection, contributions, benefits and service credit with respect to qualified military service shall be provided in accordance with Section 414(u) of the Internal Revenue Code. For purposes of this section, "qualified military service" has the same meaning as in Section 414(u) of the Internal Revenue Code. The retirement board is authorized to determine all questions and make all decisions relating to this section and, pursuant to the authority granted to the retirement board in section one, article ten-d, chapter five of this code, may promulgate rules relating to contributions, benefits and service credit to comply with Section 414(u) of the Internal Revenue Code. No military service credit may be used in more than one retirement system administered by the Consolidated Public Retirement Board.

(b) Subsection (a) of this section does not apply to any member who first becomes an employee of a participating
public employer on or after July 1, 2015. This subsection applies to any member who first became an employee of a participating public employer on or after July 1, 2015 and also applies to any member who became an employee of a participating public employer before July 1, 2015, and is unable to meet the requirements of subsection (a) of this section.

(1) Any member may purchase up to sixty months of military service credit for time served in active military duty prior to first becoming an employee of a participating public employer if all of the following conditions are met:

(A) The member has completed a complete fiscal year of contributory service;

(B) The active military duty occurs prior to the date on which the member first becomes an employee of a participating public employer; and

(C) The employee pays to the retirement system the actuarial reserve purchase amount within forty-eight months after the date on which employer and employee contributions are first received by the retirement system for the member and while he or she continues to be in the employ of a participating public employer and contributing to the retirement system, or within forty-eight months of July 1, 2015, whichever is later: Provided, That any employee who ceases employment with a participating public employer before completing the required actuarial reserve purchase amount in full shall not be eligible to purchase the military service.

(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (A), subdivision (1) of this subsection, a member who first becomes an employee of a participating public employer on or after July 1, 2015, but
who does not remain employed and contributing to the retirement system for at least a complete fiscal year after his or her initial employment, shall be considered to have met the requirement of said paragraph the first time he or she becomes an employee of a participating public employer and completes at least a complete fiscal year of contributing service. Such a member shall be considered to have met the requirement of paragraph (C) of said subdivision if he or she pays to the retirement system the actuarial reserve purchase amount within forty-eight months after the date on which employer and employee contributions are first received by the retirement system for the member the first time he or she becomes an employee of a participating public employer and completes at least a complete fiscal year of contributing service, and while he or she continues to be in the employ of a participating public employer and contributing to the retirement system.

(3) A member who first becomes an employee of a participating public employer on or after July 1, 2015, may purchase military service credit for active military duty performed on or after the date he or she first becomes an employee of a participating public employer only if all of the following conditions are met: Provided, That the maximum military service credit such member may purchase shall take into account any military service credit purchased for active military duty pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection in addition to any military service credit purchased pursuant to this subdivision (3) of this subsection:

(A) The member was an employee of a participating public employer, terminated employment and experienced a break in contributing service in the retirement system of one or more months, performed active military service while not an employee of the participating public employer and not contributing to the retirement system, then again becomes an
employee of a participating public employer and completes at least a complete fiscal year of contributory service;

(B) The member does not qualify for military service credit for such active military duty pursuant to subsection (d) of this section; and

(C) The member pays to the retirement system the actuarial reserve purchase amount within forty-eight months after the date on which employer and employee contributions are first received by the retirement system for the member after he or she again becomes an employee of a participating public employer immediately following the period of active military duty and break in service and completes at least a complete fiscal year of contributory service, and while he or she continues to be in the employ of a participating public employer and contributing to the retirement system.

(4) Notwithstanding paragraph (A), subdivision (3) of this subsection, a member who otherwise meets the requirements of said paragraph, but who does not remain employed and contributing to the retirement system for at least a complete fiscal year when he or she first becomes an employee of a participating public employer after the period of active military duty and break in service, shall be considered to have met the requirement of said paragraph the first time he or she again becomes an employee of a participating public employer and completes at least a complete fiscal year of contributing service. Such a member shall be considered to have met the requirement of paragraph (C) of said subdivision if he or she pays to the retirement system the actuarial reserve purchase amount within forty-eight months after the date on which employer and employee contributions are first received by the retirement system for the member for the first time he or she again becomes an employee of a participating public employer and completes
at least a complete fiscal year of contributing service, and
while he or she continues to be in the employ of a
participating public employer and contributing to the
retirement system.

(5) For purposes of this subsection, the following
definitions shall apply:

(A) "Active military duty" means full-time active duty in
the armed forces of the United States for a period of thirty or
more consecutive calendar days. Active military duty does
not include inactive duty of any kind.

(B) "Actuarial reserve purchase amount" means the
purchase annuity rate multiplied by the purchase accrued
benefit, calculated as of the calculation month, plus annual
interest accruing at seven and one-half percent from the
calculation month through the purchase month, compounded
monthly.

(C) "Armed forces of the United States" means the Army,
Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps and Coast Guard, the reserve
components thereof, and the National Guard of the United
States or the National Guard of a state or territory when
members of the same are on full-time active duty pursuant to
Title 10 or Title 32 of the United States Code.

(D) "Calculation month" means the month immediately
following the month in which the member completes a
complete fiscal year of contributory service with a
participating public employer required by subdivisions (1),
(2), (3) or (4) of this subsection, as applicable.

(E) "Purchase accrued benefit" means two percent times
the purchase military service times the purchase average
monthly salary.
(F) "Purchase age" means the age of the employee in years and completed months as of the first day of the calculation month.

(G) "Purchase annuity rate" means the actuarial lump sum annuity factor calculated as of the calculation month based on the following actuarial assumptions: Interest rate of seven and one-half percent; mortality of the 1971 group annuity mortality table, fifty percent blended male and female rates, applied on a unisex basis to all members; if purchase age is under age sixty-two, a deferred annuity factor with payments commencing at age sixty-two; and if purchase age is sixty-two or over, an immediate annuity factor with payments starting at the purchase age.

(H) "Purchase average monthly salary" means the average monthly salary of the member during the number of months of the member’s contract during the fiscal year of contributory service required by subdivisions (I), (2), (3) or (4) of this subsection, as applicable. For any member who first became an employee of a participating public employer before July 1, 2015, the purchase average monthly salary means the average monthly salary of the member during the number of months of the member’s contract during his or her complete fiscal year of contributory service on or after July 1, 2015.

(I) "Purchase military service" means the amount of military service being purchased by the employee in months up to the sixty month maximum, calculated in accordance with subdivision (7) of this subsection.

(J) "Purchase month" means the month in which the employee deposits the actuarial reserve lump sum purchase amount into the plan trust fund in full payment of the service
credit being purchased or makes the final payment of the actuarial reserve purchase amount into the plan trust fund in full payment of the service credit being purchased.

(6) A member may purchase military service credit for a period of active military duty pursuant to this subsection only if the member received an honorable discharge for the period. Anything other than an honorable discharge, including, but not limited to, a general or under honorable conditions discharge, an entry-level separation discharge, an other than honorable conditions discharge, or a dishonorable discharge, shall disqualify the member from receiving military service credit for the period of service. The board shall require a member requesting military service credit to provide official documentation establishing that the requirements set forth in this subsection have been met.

(7) To calculate the amount of military service credit a member may purchase, the board shall add the total number of days in each period of a member's active military duty eligible to be purchased, divide the total by thirty, and round up or down to the nearest integer (fractions of 0.5 shall be rounded up), in order to yield the total number of months of military service credit a member may purchase, subject to the sixty month maximum. A member may purchase all or part of the maximum amount of military service credit he or she is eligible for, in one-month increments.

(8) To receive credit, a member must submit a request to purchase military service credit to the board, on such form or in such other manner as shall be required by the board, within the complete fiscal year period required by subdivision (1), (2), (3) or (4) of this subsection, as applicable. The board shall then calculate the actuarial reserve lump sum purchase
amount, which amount must be paid by the member within
the 48-month period required by said subdivisions, as
applicable. A member purchasing military service credit
pursuant to this subsection must do so in a single, lump sum
payment: Provided, That the board may accept partial,
installment or other similar payments if the employee
executes a contract with the board specifying the amount of
military service to be purchased and the payments required:
Provided, however, that any failure to pay the contract
amount in accordance with this section shall be treated as an
overpayment or excess contribution subject to section forty-
four of this article and no military service shall be credited.

(9) The board shall require a member requesting military
service credit to provide official documentation establishing
that the requirements set forth in this subsection have been
met.

(10) Military service credit purchased pursuant to this
subsection shall not be considered contributing service credit
or contributory service for purposes of this article.

(11) If a member who has purchased military service
credit pursuant to this subsection is eligible for and requests
a withdrawal of accumulated contributions pursuant to the
provisions of this article, he or she shall also receive a refund
of the actuarial reserve purchase amount he or she paid to the
retirement system to purchase military service credit, together
with regular interest on such amount.

(c) No period of military service shall be used to obtain
credit in more than one retirement system administered by the
board and once used in any system, a period of military
service may not be used again in any other system.
(d) Notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this section, contributions, benefits and service credit with respect to qualified military service shall be provided in accordance with section 414(U) of the Internal Revenue Code and the federal Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act (USERRA), and regulations promulgated thereunder, as the same may be amended from time to time. For purposes of this section, "qualified military service" has the same meaning as in section 414(u) of the Internal Revenue Code.

(e) In any case of doubt as to the period of service to be credited a member under the provisions of this section, the board has final power to determine the period. The board is authorized to determine all questions and make all decisions relating to this section and, pursuant to the authority granted to the board in section one, article ten-d of this chapter, may propose rules to administer this section for legislative approval in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.


(a) Benefits upon withdrawal from service prior to retirement under the provisions of this article shall be as follows:

(1) A contributor who withdraws from service for any cause other than death, disability or retirement shall, upon application, be paid his or her accumulated contributions up to the end of the fiscal year preceding the year in which application is made, after offset of any outstanding loan balance, plus accrued loan interest, pursuant to section thirty-four of this article, but in no event shall interest be paid beyond the end of five years following the year in which the last contribution was made: Provided, That the contributor,
at the time of application, is then no longer under contract, verbal or otherwise, to serve as a teacher; or

(2) Except as provided in section twenty-five-b of this article, if the inactive member has completed twenty years of total service, he or she may elect to receive at age sixty an annuity which shall be computed as provided in this article: Provided, That if the inactive member has completed at least five, but fewer than twenty, years of total service in this state, he or she may elect to receive at age sixty-two an annuity which shall be computed as provided in this article. The inactive member must notify the retirement board in writing concerning the election. If the inactive member has completed fewer than five years of service in this state, he or she shall be subject to the provisions as outlined in subdivision (1) of this subsection.

(b) Benefits upon the death of a contributor prior to retirement under the provisions of this article shall be paid as follows:

(1) If the contributor was at least fifty years old and if his or her total service as a teacher or nonteaching member was at least twenty-five years at the time of his or her death, then the surviving spouse of the deceased, provided the spouse is designated as the sole primary refund beneficiary, is eligible for an annuity computed as though the deceased were actually a retiree at the time of death and had selected a survivorship option which pays the spouse the same monthly amount which would have been received by the deceased; or

(2) If the facts do not permit payment under subdivision (1) of this subsection, then the following sum shall be paid to the refund beneficiary of the contributor: (A) The contributor’s accumulated contributions up to the plan year of his or her death plus an amount equal to his or her member
contributions: *Provided*, That the latter sum shall emanate from the Employer’s Accumulation Fund; and (B) the refund beneficiary of any individual who became a member of the retirement system as a result of the voluntary transfer contemplated in article seven-d of this chapter shall also be paid the member contributions plus the vested portion of employer contributions made on his or her behalf to the Teachers’ Defined Contribution Retirement System, plus any earnings thereon, as of June 30, 2008, as stated by the retirement board.

§18-7A-25. Eligibility for retirement allowance.

(a) Except for a person who first becomes a member of the retirement system on or after July 1, 2015, any actively contributing member who has attained the age of sixty years or any member who has thirty-five years of total service as a teacher or nonteaching member in West Virginia, regardless of age, is eligible for an annuity. No new entrant nor present member is eligible for an annuity, however, if either has less than five years of service to his or her credit: *Provided*, That on and after July 1, 2013, any person who becomes a new member of this retirement system shall, in qualifying for retirement under this section, have five or more years of contributory service, all of which shall be actual, contributory ones.

(b) Except for a person who first becomes a member of the retirement system on or after July 1, 2015, any member who has attained the age of fifty-five years and who has served thirty years as a teacher or nonteaching member in West Virginia is eligible for an annuity.

(c) Except for a person who first becomes a member of the retirement system on or after July 1, 2015, any member who has served at least thirty but less than thirty-five years as
a teacher or nonteaching member in West Virginia and is less
than fifty-five years of age is eligible for an annuity, but the
annuity shall be the reduced actuarial equivalent of the
annuity the member would have received if the member were
age fifty-five at the time the annuity was applied for.

(d) The request for any annuity shall be made by the
member in writing to the retirement board, but in case of
retirement for disability, the written request may be made by
either the member or the employer.

(e) A member is eligible for annuity for disability if he or
she satisfies the conditions in either subdivision (1) or (2) of
this subsection and meets the conditions of subdivision (3) of
this subsection as follows:

(1) His or her service as a teacher or nonteaching member
in West Virginia must total at least ten years and service as a
teacher or nonteaching member must have been terminated
because of disability, which disability must have caused
absence from service for at least six months before his or her
application for disability annuity is approved.

(2) His or her service as a teacher or nonteaching member
in West Virginia must total at least five years and service as a
teacher or nonteaching member must have been terminated
because of disability, which disability must have caused
absence from service for at least six months before his or her
application for disability annuity is approved and the
disability is a direct and total result of an act of student
violence directed toward the member.

(3) An examination by a physician or physicians selected
by the retirement board must show that the member is at the
time mentally or physically incapacitated for service as a
teacher or nonteaching member, that for that service the
disability is total and likely to be permanent and that he or she should be retired in consequence of the disability.

(f) Continuance of the disability of the retirant shall be established by medical examination, as prescribed in subdivision (3), subsection (e) of this section, annually for five years after retirement, and thereafter at such times required by the retirement board. Effective July 1, 1998, a member who has retired because of a disability may select an option of payment under the provisions of section twenty-eight of this article:

Provided, That any option selected under the provisions of section twenty-eight of this article shall be in all respects the actuarial equivalent of the straight life annuity benefit the disability retirant receives or would receive if the options under said section were not available and that no beneficiary or beneficiaries of the disability retirant may receive a greater benefit, nor receive any benefit for a greater length of time, than the beneficiary or beneficiaries would have received had the disability retirant not made any election of the options available under said section. In determining the actuarial equivalence, the retirement board shall take into account the life expectancies of the member and the beneficiary: Provided, however, That the life expectancies may at the discretion of the retirement board be established by an underwriting medical director of a competent insurance company offering annuities. Payment of the disability annuity provided in this article shall cease immediately if the retirement board finds that the disability of the retirant no longer exists, or if the retirant refuses to submit to medical examination as required by this section.

§18-7A-25b. Withdrawal and eligibility for retirement allowance for a person who first becomes a member of the retirement system on or after July 1, 2015.

(a) A person who first becomes a member of the retirement system on or after July 1, 2015, who has ten or
more years of contributing service, and attains or has attained the age of sixty-two years, may retire upon his or her written application filed with the board of trustees setting forth the date on which the member desires to be retired. Upon retirement, the member shall receive an annuity provided in section twenty-six of the article.

(b) Any person who first becomes a member of the retirement system on or after July 1, 2015, who has ten or more years of contributing service and who leaves the employ of a participating public employer prior to attaining age sixty-two years for any reason except his or her disability or death, is entitled to an annuity computed according to section twenty-two of this article: Provided, That he or she does not withdraw his or her accumulated contributions from the members' deposit fund. His or her annuity shall begin the first day of the calendar month next following the month in which his or her application for same is filed with the board of trustees on or after his or her attaining age sixty-four years.

(c) Any member who qualifies for deferred retirement benefits in accordance with subsections (a) and (b) of this subsection and has twenty or more years of contributing service in force is entitled to an annuity computed as in subsection (a) of this section: Provided, That he or she does not withdraw his or her accumulated contributions from the members' deposit fund: Provided, however, That his or her annuity shall begin the first day of the calendar month next following the month in which his or her application for same is filed with the board of trustees on or after his or her attaining age sixty-three.

(d) Notwithstanding any of the other provisions of this section or of this article, except sections twenty-eight-a and twenty-eight-b of this article, and pursuant to rules promulgated by the board, any member who first becomes a
member of the retirement system on or after July 1, 2015, and has ten or more years of contributing service in force, is currently employed by a participating public employer and who elects to take early retirement, which for the purposes of this subsection means retirement following attainment of age sixty but prior to age attaining age sixty-two, is entitled to the full computation of annuity according to section twenty-two of this article but with the reduced actuarial equivalent of the annuity the member would have received if his or her benefit had commenced at age sixty-two when he or she would have been entitled to full computation of benefit without any reduction: \textit{Provided}, That his or her annuity shall begin the first day of the calendar month next following the month in which his or her application for same is filed with the board of trustees on or after his or her attaining age sixty.

(e) Any member who first becomes a member of the retirement system on or after July 1, 2015, and has twenty or more years of contributing service in force, is currently employed by a participating public employer and who elects to take early retirement, which for the purposes of this subsection means retirement following attainment of age fifty-seven but prior to attaining age sixty-two, is entitled to the full computation of annuity according to section twenty-two of this article but with the reduced actuarial equivalent of the annuity the member would have received if his or her benefit had commenced at age sixty-two when he or she would have been entitled to full computation of benefit without any reduction: \textit{Provided}, That his or her annuity shall begin the first day of the calendar month next following the month in which his or her application for same is filed with the board of trustees on or after his or her attaining age fifty-seven.

(f) Any member who first becomes a member of the retirement system on or after July 1, 2015, and has thirty or
more years of contributing service in force, is currently
employed by a participating public employer and who elects
to take early retirement, which for the purposes of this
subsection means retirement following attainment of age
fifty-five but prior to attaining age sixty-two, is entitled to the
full computation of annuity according to section twenty-two
of this article but with the reduced actuarial equivalent of the
annuity the member would have received if his or her benefit
had commenced at age sixty-two when he or she would have
been entitled to full computation of benefit without any
reduction: Provided, That his or her annuity shall begin the
first day of the calendar month next following the month in
which his or her application for same is filed with the board
of trustees on or after his or her attaining age fifty-five.
The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

Chairman Senate Committee

Chairman House Committee

Originated in the Senate.

In effect from passage.

Clerk of the Senate

Clerk of the House of Delegates

President of the Senate

Speaker of the House of Delegates

The within ................. this the 12th Day of ........................................., 2015.

Governor
PRESENTED TO THE GOVERNOR

MAR 17 2015

TIME 3:26 PM