WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2019 REGULAR SESSION

ENROLLED

House Bill 2036

BY DELEGATES COOPER, PACK AND ROWAN

[Passed February 25, 2019; in effect ninety days from passage.]
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AN ACT to amend and reenact §17C-13-6 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to permitting vehicles displaying disabled veterans special registration plates to park in places where persons with mobility impairments may park.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 13. STOPPING, STANDING AND PARKING.

§17C-13-6. Stopping, standing or parking privileges for persons with a mobility impairment; disabled veterans; definitions; qualification; special registration plates and removable windshield placards; expiration; application; violation; penalties.

(a) (1) The commissioner may issue up to two special registration plates or removable windshield placards to a person with a mobility impairment or a West Virginia organization which transports persons with disabilities and facilitates the mobility of its customers, patients, students or persons otherwise placed under its responsibility.

(2) Special registration plates or placards may only be issued for placement on a Class A or Class G motor vehicle registered under the provisions of §17A-3-1 et seq. of this code.

(3) The applicant shall specify whether he or she is applying for a special registration plate, a removable windshield placard or both on the application form prescribed and furnished by the commissioner.

(4) The applicant shall submit, with the application, a certificate issued by any physician, chiropractor, advanced nurse practitioner or physician’s assistant who is licensed in this state, stating that the applicant has a mobility impairment or that the applicant is an organization which regularly transports a person with a mobility impairment as defined in this section. The physician, chiropractor, advanced nurse practitioner or physician’s assistant shall specify in the certificate whether the disability is temporary or permanent. A disability which is temporary shall not exceed six months. A disability which is permanent is one which is one to five years or more in expected duration.
(5) Upon receipt of the completed application, the physician’s certificate and the regular registration fee for the applicant’s vehicle class, if the commissioner finds that the applicant qualifies for the special registration plate or a removable windshield placard as provided in this section, he or she shall issue to the applicant a special registration plate (upon remittance of the regular registration fee) or a removable windshield placard (red for temporary and blue for permanent), or both. Upon request, the commissioner shall also issue to any otherwise qualified applicant one additional placard having the same expiration date as the applicant’s original placard. The placard shall be displayed by hanging it from the interior rearview mirror of the motor vehicle so that it is conspicuously visible from outside the vehicle when parked in a designated accessible parking space. The placard may be removed from the rearview mirror whenever the vehicle is being operated to ensure clear vision and safe driving. Only in the event that there is no suitable rearview mirror in the vehicle may the placard be displayed on the dashboard of the vehicle.

(6) Organization which transport people with disabilities will be provided with a placard which will permit them to park in a designate area for the length of time necessary to load and unload passengers. These vehicles must be moved to a nondesignated space once the loading or unloading process is complete.

(b) As used in this section, the following terms have the meanings ascribed to them in this subsection:

(1) A person or applicant with a “mobility impairment” means a person who is a citizen of West Virginia and as determined by a physician, allopath or osteopath, chiropractor, advanced nurse practitioner or physician’s assistant licensed to practice in West Virginia:

(A) Cannot walk two hundred feet without stopping to rest;

(B) Cannot walk without the use of or assistance from a brace, cane, crutch, prosthetic device, wheelchair, other assistive device or another person;
(C) Is restricted by lung disease to such an extent that the person’s force (respiratory) expiratory volume for one second, when measured by spirometry, is less than one liter or the arterial oxygen tension is less than sixty mm/hg on room air at rest;

(D) Uses portable oxygen;

(E) Has a cardiac condition to such an extent that the person’s functional limitations are classified in severity as Class III or Class IV according to standards established by the American Heart Association; or

(F) Is severely limited in his or her ability to walk because of an arthritic, neurological or other orthopedic condition;

(2) “Special registration plate” means a registration plate that displays the international symbol of access, as adopted by the Rehabilitation International Organization in 1969 at its Eleventh World Congress on Rehabilitation of the Disabled, in a color that contrasts with the background, in letters and numbers the same size as those on the plate, and which may be used in lieu of a regular registration plate;

(3) “Removable windshield placard” (permanent or temporary) means a two-sided, hanger-style placard measuring three inches by nine and one-half inches, with all of the following on each side:

(A) The international symbol of access, measuring at least three inches in height, centered on the placard, in white on a blue background for permanent designations and in white on a red background for temporary designations;

(B) An identification number measuring one inch in height;

(C) An expiration date in numbers measuring one inch in height; and

(D) The seal or other identifying symbol of the issuing authority;

(4) “Regular registration fee” means the standard registration fee for a vehicle of the same class as the applicant’s vehicle;
(5) “Public entity” means state or local government or any department, agency, special purpose district or other instrumentality of a state or local government;

(6) “Public facility” means all or any part of any buildings, structures, sites, complexes, roads, parking lots or other real or personal property, including the site where the facility is located;

(7) “Place or places of public accommodation” means a facility or facilities operated by a private entity whose operations affect commerce and fall within at least one of the following categories:

(A) Inns, hotels, motels and other places of lodging;

(B) Restaurants, bars or other establishments serving food or drink;

(C) Motion picture houses, theaters, concert halls, stadiums or other places of exhibition or entertainment;

(D) Auditoriums, convention centers, lecture halls or other places of public gatherings;

(E) Bakeries, grocery stores, clothing stores, hardware stores, shopping centers or other sales or rental establishments;

(F) Laundromats, dry cleaners, banks, barber and beauty shops, travel agencies, shoe repair shops, funeral parlors, gas or service stations, offices of accountants and attorneys, pharmacies, insurance offices, offices of professional health care providers, hospitals or other service establishments;

(G) Terminals, depots or other stations used for public transportation;

(H) Museums, libraries, galleries or other places of public display or collection;

(I) Parks, zoos, amusement parks or other places of recreation;

(J) Public or private nursery, elementary, secondary, undergraduate or post-graduate schools or other places of learning and day care centers, senior citizen centers, homeless shelters, food banks, adoption agencies or other social services establishments; and

(K) Gymnasiums, health spas, bowling alleys, golf courses or other places of exercise or recreation;
(8) “Commercial facility” means a facility whose operations affect commerce and which are intended for nonresidential use by a private entity;

(9) “Accessible parking” formerly known as “handicapped parking” is the present phrase consistent with language within the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA).

(10) “Parking enforcement personnel” includes any law-enforcement officer as defined by §30-29-1 of this code, and private security guards, parking personnel and other personnel authorized by a city, county or the state to issue parking citations.

Any person who falsely or fraudulently obtains or seeks to obtain the special plate or the removable windshield placard provided for in this section and any person who falsely certifies that a person is mobility impaired in order that an applicant may be issued the special registration plate or windshield placard under this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, in addition to any other penalty he or she may otherwise incur, shall be fined $500. Any person who fabricates, uses or sells unofficially issued windshield placards to any person or organization is committing a fraudulent act and is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, in addition to any other penalty he or she may otherwise incur, shall be fined $500 per placard fabricated, used or sold. Any person who fabricates, uses or sells unofficially issued identification cards to any person or organization is committing a fraudulent act and is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, in addition to any other penalty he or she may otherwise incur, shall be fined $700 per identification card fabricated, used or sold. Any person who fabricates, uses or sells unofficially issued labels imprinted with a future expiration date to any person or organization is committing a fraudulent act and is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, in addition to any other penalty he or she may otherwise incur, shall be fined $700. Any person covered by this section who sells or gives away their officially issued windshield placard to any person or organization not qualified to apply or receive the placard and then reapplies for a new placard on the basis it was stolen is committing a fraudulent act and is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, in addition to any other penalty he or she,
or they may otherwise incur, shall lose their right to receive or use a special placard or special license plate for a period of not less than five years.

(c) The commissioner shall set the expiration date for special registration plates and permanent removable windshield placards on the last day of a given month and year, to be valid for a minimum of one year but not more than five years, after which time a new application must be submitted to the commissioner. After the commissioner receives the new application, signed by a certified physician, chiropractor, advanced nurse practitioner or physician’s assistant, the commissioner shall issue: (i) A new special registration plate or new permanent removable windshield placard; or (ii) official labels imprinted with the new expiration date and designed so as to be placed over the old dates on the original registration plate or windshield placard.

(d) The commissioner shall set the expiration date of temporary removable windshield placards to be valid for a period of approximately six months after the application was received and approved by the commissioner.

(e) The commissioner shall issue to each applicant who is granted a special registration plate or windshield placard an identification card bearing the applicant’s name, assigned identification number and expiration date. The applicant shall thereafter carry this identification card on his or her person whenever parking in an accessible parking space. The identification card shall be identical in design for both registration plates and removable windshield placards.

(f) An accessible parking space should comply with the provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act accessibility guidelines, contained in 28 C.F.R. 36, Appendix A, Section 4.6. In particular, the parking space should be a minimum of eight feet wide with an adjacent eight-foot access aisle for vans having side mounted hydraulic lifts or ramps or a five-foot access aisle for standard vehicles. Access aisles should be marked using diagonal two- to four-inch-wide stripes spaced every 12 or 24 inches apart along with the words “no parking” in painted letters which are at least 12 inches in height. All accessible parking spaces must have a signpost in front or adjacent to the accessible parking space displaying the international symbol of access sign
mounted at a minimum of eight feet above the pavement or sidewalk and the top of the sign. Lines
or markings on the pavement or curbs for parking spaces and access aisles may be in any color,
although blue is the generally accepted color for accessible parking.

(g) A vehicle displaying a disabled veterans special registration plate issued pursuant to
§17A-3-14(c)(6) of this code shall be recognized and accepted as meeting the requirements of
this section.

(h) A vehicle from any other state, United States territory or foreign country displaying an
officially issued special registration plate, placard or decal bearing the international symbol of
access shall be recognized and accepted as meeting the requirements of this section, regardless
of where the plate, placard or decal is mounted or displayed on the vehicle.

(i) Stopping, standing or parking places marked with the international symbol of access
shall be designated in close proximity to all public entities, including state, county and municipal
buildings and facilities, places of public accommodation and commercial facilities. These parking
places shall be reserved solely for persons with a mobility impairment and disabled veterans at
all times.

(j) Any person whose vehicle properly displays a valid, unexpired special registration plate
or removable windshield placard may park the vehicle for unlimited periods of time in parking
zones unrestricted as to length of parking time permitted: Provided, That this privilege does not
mean that the vehicle may park in any zone where stopping, standing or parking is prohibited or
which creates parking zones for special types of vehicles or which prohibits parking during heavy
traffic periods during specified rush hours or where parking would clearly present a traffic hazard.
To the extent any provision of any ordinance of any political subdivision of this state is contrary to
the provisions of this section, the provisions of this section take precedence and apply.

The parking privileges provided for in this subsection apply only during those times when
the vehicle is being used for the loading or unloading of a person with a mobility impairment. Any
person who knowingly exercises, or attempts to exercise, these privileges at a time when the
vehicle is not being used for the loading or unloading of a person with a mobility impairment is
guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon first conviction thereof, in addition to any other penalty he or
she may otherwise incur, shall be fined $200; upon second conviction thereof, in addition to any
other penalty he or she may otherwise incur, shall be fined $300; and upon third and subsequent
convictions thereof, in addition to any other penalty he or she may otherwise incur, shall be fined
$500.

(k) Any person whose vehicle does not display a valid, special registration plate or
removable windshield placard may not stop, stand or park a motor vehicle in an area designated,
zoned or marked for accessible parking with signs or instructions displaying the international
symbol of access, either by itself or with explanatory text. The signs may be mounted on a post
or a wall in front of the accessible parking space and instructions may appear on the ground or
pavement, but use of both methods is preferred. Accessible parking spaces for vans having an
eight-foot adjacent access aisle should be designated as “van accessible” but may be used by
any vehicle displaying a valid special registration plate or removable windshield placard.

Any person who violates the provisions of this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor and,
upon conviction thereof, shall be fined $200; upon second conviction thereof, in addition to any
other penalty he or she may otherwise incur, shall be fined $300; and upon third and subsequent
convictions thereof, in addition to any other penalty he or she may otherwise incur, shall be fined
$500.

(l) All signs that designate areas as “accessible parking” or that display the international
symbol of access shall also include the words “Up to $500 fine”.

(m) No person may stop, stand or park a motor vehicle in an area designated or marked
off as an access aisle adjacent to a van-accessible parking space or regular accessible parking
space. Any person, including a driver of a vehicle displaying a valid removable windshield placard
or special registration plate, who violates the provisions of this subsection is guilty of a
misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined $200; upon second conviction thereof,
in addition to any other penalty he or she may otherwise incur, shall be fined $300; and upon third
and subsequent convictions thereof, in addition to any other penalty he or she may otherwise
incur, shall be fined $500.

(n) Parking enforcement personnel who otherwise enforce parking violations may issue
 citations for violations of this section and shall reference the number on the vehicle's license plate,
since the driver normally will not be present.

(o) Law-enforcement agencies may establish a program to use trained volunteers to
collect information necessary to issue citations to persons who illegally park in designated
accessible parking spaces. Any law-enforcement agency choosing to establish a program shall
provide for workers' compensation and liability coverage. The volunteers shall photograph the
illegally parked vehicle and complete a form, to be developed by supervising law-enforcement
agencies, that includes the vehicle's license plate number, date, time and location of the illegally
parked vehicle. The photographs must show the vehicle in the accessible space and a readable
view of the license plate. Within the discretion of the supervising law-enforcement agency, the
volunteers may issue citations or the volunteers may submit the photographs of the illegally
parked vehicle and the form to the supervising law-enforcement agency, who may issue a citation,
which includes the photographs and the form, to the owner of the illegally parked vehicle.
Volunteers shall be trained on the requirements for citations for vehicles parked in marked, zoned
or designated accessible parking areas by the supervising law-enforcement agency.

(p) Local authorities who adopt the basic enforcement provisions of this section and issue
their own local ordinances shall retain all fines and associated late fees. These revenues shall be
used first to fund the provisions of subsection (o) of this section, if adopted by local authorities, or
otherwise shall go into the local authorities' General Revenue Fund. Otherwise, any moneys
collected as fines shall be collected for and remitted to the state.

(q) The commissioner shall prepare and issue a document to applicants describing the
privileges accorded a vehicle having a special registration plate and removable windshield placard
as well as the penalties when the vehicle is being inappropriately used as described in this section and shall include the document along with the issued special registration plate or windshield placard. In addition, the commissioner shall issue a separate document informing the general public regarding the new provisions and increased fines being imposed either by way of newspaper announcements or other appropriate means across the state. (r) The commissioner shall adopt and promulgate rules in accordance with the provisions of §29A-3-1 et seq. of this code.
The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

Nora Capito
Chairman, House Committee

Chairman, Senate Committee

Originating in the House.

In effect ninety days from passage.

Stephen L. Bonham
Clerk of the House of Delegates

Clerk of the Senate

Speaker of the House of Delegates

President of the Senate

The within ............................................... this the ............................................... day of ............................................... 2019.

Governor
PRESENTED TO THE GOVERNOR

MAR 8 4 2019

Time 9:31 a.m.