West Virginia Legislature

2021 Regular Session

Enrolled

Committee Substitute

for

House Bill 2763

By Delegate Linville

[Passed April 6, 2021; in effect ninety days from passage.]
WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2021 REGULAR SESSION

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Committee Substitute for

House Bill 2763

BY DELEGATE LINVILLE

[Passed April 6, 2021; in effect ninety days from passage.]
AN ACT to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated §5A-6C-1, §5A-6C-2, §5A-6C-3, and §5A-6C-4, all relating to “West Virginia Cyber Incident Reporting;” providing definitions; requiring all state agencies within the executive branch, constitutional officers, all local governmental entities, county boards of education, Judiciary, and Legislature to report cybersecurity incidents; establishing criteria for reporting incidents; mandating Cybersecurity Office develop and disseminate procedure for reporting incidents; and requiring annual report.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 6C. WEST VIRGINIA CYBER INCIDENT REPORTING.

§5A-6C-1. Definitions.

As used in this article:

“Cybersecurity Office” means the office created by §5A-6B-1 of this code.

“Incident” or “cybersecurity incident” means a violation, or imminent threat of violation, of computer security policies, acceptable use policies, or standard security practices.

§5A-6C-2. Scope.

This article applies to all state agencies within the executive branch, constitutional officers, all local government entities as defined by §7-1-1 or §8-1-2 of this code, county boards of education as defined by §18-1-1 of this code, the Judiciary, and the Legislature.

§5A-6C-3. Cyber Incident reporting; when required.

(a) Qualified cybersecurity incidents shall be reported to the Cybersecurity Office before any citizen notification, but no later than 10 days following a determination that the entity experienced a qualifying cybersecurity incident.

(b) A qualified cybersecurity incident meets at least one of the following criteria:

(1) State or federal law requires the reporting of the incident to regulatory or law-enforcement agencies or affected citizens;
(2) The ability of the entity that experienced the incident to conduct business is substantially affected; or

(3) The incident would be classified as emergency, severe, or high by the U.S. Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency.

(c) The report of the cybersecurity incident to the Cybersecurity Office shall contain at a minimum:

(1) The approximate date of the incident;

(2) The date the incident was discovered;

(3) The nature of any data that may have been illegally obtained or accessed; and

(4) A list of the state and federal regulatory agencies, self-regulatory bodies, and foreign regulatory agencies to whom the notice has been or will be provided.

(d) The procedure for reporting cybersecurity incidents shall be established by the Cybersecurity Office and disseminated to the entities listed §5A-6C-2 of this code.


(a) On or before December 31 of each year, and when requested by the Legislature, the Cybersecurity Office shall provide a report to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance containing the number and nature of incidents reported to it during the preceding calendar year.

(b) The Cybersecurity Office shall also make recommendations, if any, on security standards or mitigation that should be adopted.
The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

Chairman, House Committee

Chairman, Senate Committee

Originating in the House.

In effect ninety days from passage.

Clerk of the House of Delegates

Clerk of the Senate

Speaker of the House of Delegates

President of the Senate

The within ...is... approved... this the... day of... April... 2021.

Governor