WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2021 REGULAR SESSION

Enrolled

Senate Bill 488

BY SENATORS MAYNARD AND WOODRUM

[Passed April 8, 2021; in effect 90 days from passage
(July 7, 2021)]
WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2021 REGULAR SESSION

Enrolled

Senate Bill 488

BY SENATORS MAYNARD AND WOODRUM

[Passed April 8, 2021; in effect 90 days from passage

(July 7, 2021)]
AN ACT to amend and reenact §7-18-13a and §7-18-14 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, all relating to the distribution of hotel occupancy tax proceeds to convention and visitor's bureaus; providing that a convention and visitor's bureau shall satisfy certain requirements to receive funding from hotel occupancy taxes; requiring certain reporting from convention and visitor's bureaus; requiring triennial financial reviews of convention and visitor's bureaus; clarifying that the State Auditor and Legislative Auditor may review the operations and finances of a convention and visitor's bureau; prohibiting the authorization of a new convention and visitor's bureau that does not satisfy certain requirements; and clarifying that it is a misdemeanor offense for a member of a governing body to facilitate the distribution of hotel occupancy tax proceeds to a convention and visitor's bureau that does not satisfy certain requirements.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 18. HOTEL OCCUPANCY TAX.

§7-18-13a. Annual reports by convention and visitor's bureaus; eligibility for hotel occupancy tax proceeds.

(a) On or before 90 days after the end of its fiscal year, every convention and visitor's bureau which receives any appropriation of hotel occupancy tax from one or more counties or municipalities shall file with each such county or municipality, the State Auditor, the Joint Committee on Government and Finance, and the West Virginia Association of Convention and Visitors Bureaus a report, including an income statement and balance sheet, showing all amounts of hotel occupancy tax appropriated to the convention and visitor's bureau and all expenditures of hotel occupancy tax made by the convention and visitor's bureau for the prior fiscal year, as well as any such information required by subsection (b) of this section. A convention and visitor's bureau that has not filed a report in accordance with the provisions of this section shall be ineligible to receive additional appropriations of hotel occupancy tax proceeds until such report has been filed.
(b) In order to qualify for a distribution of net proceeds pursuant to §7-18-14 of this code, a convention and visitor’s bureau shall satisfy the following requirements:

1. The convention and visitor’s bureau shall have a minimum annual budget;

2. The convention and visitor’s bureau shall establish a marketing plan targeting markets outside of a 50-mile radius of the bureau’s municipality or county of operation;

3. The annual operating budget for the convention and visitor’s bureau allocates approximately 40 percent of annual revenues to advertising and marketing, approximately 40 percent to salaries and personnel, and approximately 20 percent to other operating expenses:

   Provided, That a convention and visitor’s bureau that allocates less than 40 percent of annual revenues to salaries and personnel shall be considered to have satisfied the budget allocation requirement;

4. The convention and visitor’s bureau has a full-time executive director that maintains the minimum number of continuing education hours recommended annually by industry standards;

5. The convention and visitor’s bureau has a physical office and/or visitor center that is accessible at least 40 hours per week and has a dedicated phone line;

6. The convention and visitor’s bureau maintains a website and appropriate marketing materials;

7. The convention and visitor’s bureau has received accreditation from an accrediting body; and

8. The convention and visitor’s bureau submits an annual report to all of its funding entities, which shall include, but not be limited to, the information provided for in this subsection.

Nothing in this section may be construed as to interfere with the ability of a county or municipality to enter into any agreements or partnerships with convention and visitor’s bureaus in neighboring counties or municipalities for the purposes of distributing net tax proceeds pursuant to §7-18-14 of this code, so long as all other requirements of this section are met.
(c) At least once every three years, any bureau that receives any appropriation of hotel occupancy tax from one or more counties or municipalities shall cause an audit or financial review, in a form as is appropriate to the particular bureau, to be made by an independent certified public accountant of all its books, accounts, and records relating to all receipts and expenditures of any hotel occupancy tax appropriations for the three prior fiscal years of the bureau. A copy of the audit or financial review shall be filed with each county or municipality from which the bureau received an appropriation of hotel occupancy tax, the State Auditor, the Joint Committee on Government and Finance, and the West Virginia Association of Convention and Visitors Bureaus. After July 1, 2024, a bureau that has not caused such an audit or financial review to be made is ineligible to receive an appropriation of hotel occupancy tax proceeds pursuant to §7-18-14 of this code.

(d) In order to encourage counties and municipalities to work within the existing framework of convention and visitor's bureaus, there shall be a moratorium on the authorization of new convention and visitors bureaus until June 30, 2024. A county or municipality may not appropriate any net proceeds of hotel occupancy taxes, pursuant to §7-18-14 of this code, to any convention or visitor's bureau created on or after the amendments to this section enacted during the regular session of the Legislature, 2021, and prior to the end of the moratorium imposed by this subsection. On or after July 1, 2024, a county or municipality may authorize the creation of a new convention and visitor's bureau so long as the bureau meets all of the requirements of subsection (b) of this section.

(e) Nothing in this section may prohibit either the State Auditor or the Legislative Auditor from conducting regular reviews or audits of the operations or finances of a convention and visitor's bureau to ensure compliance with this code.

§7-18-14. Proceeds of tax; application of proceeds.

(a) Application of proceeds. — The net proceeds of the tax collected and remitted to the taxing authority pursuant to this article shall be deposited into the general revenue fund of such
municipality or county commission and, after appropriation thereof, shall be expended only as provided in this section.

(b) Required expenditures. — At least 50 percent of the net revenue receivable during the fiscal year by a county or a municipality pursuant to this article shall be expended in the following manner for the promotion of conventions and tourism:

(1) Municipalities. — If a convention and visitor’s bureau is located within the municipality, county, or region, and has complied with the requirements of §7-18-13a of this code, the governing body of such municipality shall appropriate the percentage required by this subsection to that bureau. If a convention and visitor’s bureau is not located within such municipality, county or region, or a bureau located within such municipality has not complied with the requirements of §7-18-13a of this code, then the percentage appropriation required by this subsection shall be appropriated as follows:

(A) Any hotel located within such municipality may apply to such municipality for an appropriation to such hotel of a portion of the tax authorized by this article and collected by such hotel and remitted to such municipality for uses directly related to the promotion of tourism and travel, including advertising, salaries, travel, office expenses, publications, and similar expenses. The portion of such tax allocable to such hotel shall not exceed 75 percent of that portion of such tax collected and remitted by such hotel which is required to be expended pursuant to this subsection: Provided, That prior to appropriating any moneys to such hotel, such municipality shall require the submission of, and give approval to, a budget setting forth the proposed uses of such moneys.

(B) If there is more than one convention and visitor’s bureau that is in compliance with the requirements of §7-18-13a of this code located within a municipality, the city council may allocate the tax authorized by this article to one or more of such bureaus in such portion as the city council in its sole discretion determines.
(2) Counties. — If a convention and visitor's bureau is located within a county or region and has complied with the requirements of §7-18-13a of this code, the county commission shall appropriate the percentage required by this subsection to that convention and visitor’s bureau. If a convention and visitor’s bureau is not located within such county or region, or a bureau located within the county or region has not complied with the requirements of §7-18-13a of this code, then the percentage appropriation required by this subsection shall be appropriated as follows:

(A) Any hotel located within the county or region may apply to the county for an appropriation to the hotel of a portion of the tax authorized by this article and collected by the hotel and remitted to the county for uses directly related to the promotion of tourism and travel, including advertising, salaries, travel, office expenses, publications, and similar expenses. The portion of the tax allocable to the hotel may not exceed 75 percent of that portion of the tax collected and remitted by the hotel which is required to be expended pursuant to this subsection:

Provided, That prior to appropriating any moneys to the hotel, the county shall require the submission of, and give approval to, a budget setting forth the proposed uses of such moneys.

(B) If there is more than one convention and visitor’s bureau that is in compliance with the requirements of §7-18-13a of this code located within a county or region, the county commission may allocate the tax authorized by this article to one or more of the bureaus in such portion as the county commission in its sole discretion determines.

(3) Legislative finding. — The Legislature hereby finds and declares that in order to attract new business and industry to this state and to retain existing business and industry all to provide the citizens of the state with economic security and to advance the business prosperity and economic welfare of this state, it is necessary to enhance recreational and tourism opportunities. Therefore, in order to promote recreation and tourism, the Legislature finds that public financial support should be provided for constructing, equipping, improving, and maintaining projects, agencies, and facilities which promote recreation and tourism. The Legislature also finds that the support of convention and visitor’s bureaus and hotels is a public purpose for which funds may
be expended. Local convention and visitor’s bureaus and hotels receiving funds under this subsection may expend the funds for the payment of administrative expenses, and for the direct or indirect promotion of conventions and tourism, and for any other uses and purposes authorized by this subsection.

(c) Permissible expenditures. — After making the appropriation required by subsection (b) of this section, the remaining portion of the net revenues receivable during the fiscal year by the county or municipality, pursuant to this article, may be expended for one or more of the purposes set forth in this subsection, but for no other purpose. The purposes for which expenditures may be made pursuant to this subsection are as follows:

1. The planning, construction, reconstruction, establishment, acquisition, improvement, renovation, extension, enlargement, equipment, maintenance, repair, and operation of publicly owned convention facilities, including, but not limited to, arenas, auditoriums, civic centers, and convention centers;

2. The payment of principal or interest or both on revenue bonds issued to finance the convention facilities;

3. The promotion of conventions;

4. The construction, operation, or maintenance of public parks, tourist information centers, and recreation facilities, including land acquisition;

5. The promotion of the arts;

6. Historic sites;

7. Beautification projects;

8. Passenger air service incentives and subsidies directly related to increasing passenger air service availability to tourism destinations in this state;

9. Medical care and emergency services in any county where:

   A. There is an urgent necessity to preserve the delivery of acute medical care and emergency services;
(B) There is an increase in need for acute medical care and emergency services directly related to tourism;

(C) Recurrent flooding in the county significantly disrupts, on a periodic basis, the delivery of acute medical care and emergency services;

(D) There is an inadequate economic base within the county from any source other than tourism to preserve the delivery of acute medical care and emergency services;

(E) There is an inadequate economic base directly related to low population in the county, specifically, a population of less than 10,000 persons according to the most recent decennial census taken under the authority of the United States;

(F) There is no more than one hospital within the county; and

(G) The county commission makes specific findings, by resolution, that all of the foregoing conditions within the county exist;

(10) Support and operation of the Hatfield-McCoy Recreation Area by the participating county commissions in the Hatfield-McCoy Regional Recreational Authority; or

(11) Support and operation of economic development activities, including site development, facilities, and infrastructure in an amount not to exceed $200,000.

(d) Definitions. — For purposes of this section, the following terms are defined:

(1) Convention and visitor’s bureau and visitor’s and convention bureau. — “Convention and visitor’s bureau” and “visitor’s and convention bureau” are interchangeable and either shall mean a nonstock, nonprofit corporation with a full-time staff working exclusively to promote tourism and to attract conventions, conferences, and visitors to the municipality, county, or region in which the convention and visitor’s bureau or visitor’s and convention bureau is located or engaged in business within.

(2) Convention center. — “Convention center” means a convention facility owned by the state, a county, a municipality, or other public entity or instrumentality and shall include all facilities, including armories, commercial, office, community service, and parking facilities and
publicly owned facilities constructed or used for the accommodation and entertainment of tourists
and visitors, constructed in conjunction with the convention center and forming reasonable
appurtenances thereto.

(3) Fiscal year. — "Fiscal year" means the year beginning July 1 and ending June 30 of
the next calendar year.

(4) Net proceeds. — "Net proceeds" means the gross amount of tax collections less the
amount of tax lawfully refunded.

(5) Promotion of the arts. — "Promotion of the arts" means activity to promote public
appreciation and interest in one or more of the arts. It includes the promotion of music for all types,
the dramatic arts, dancing, painting, and the creative arts through shows, exhibits, festivals,
concerts, musicals, and plays.

(6) Recreational facilities. — "Recreational facilities" means and includes any public park,
parkway, playground, public recreation center, athletic field, sports arena, stadium, skating rink
or arena, golf course, tennis courts, and other park and recreation facilities, whether of a like or
different nature, that are owned by a county or municipality.

(7) Region. — "Region" means an area consisting of one or more counties or municipalities
that have agreed by contract to fund a convention and visitor’s bureau to promote those counties
or municipalities.

(8) Historic site. — "Historic site" means any site listed on the United States National
Register of Historic Places, or listed by a local historical landmarks commission, established under
state law, when the sites are owned by a city, a county, or a nonprofit historical association and
are open, from time to time, to accommodate visitors.

(e) Any member of a governing body who willingly and knowingly votes to or causes to be
expended moneys generated by the provisions of this section for purposes other than specifically
set forth in this section, or who approves of or otherwise facilitates the distribution of net proceeds
Enr SB 488

to a convention and visitor's bureau failing to meet the requirements of §7-18-13a(b) of this code,
is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than $100.
The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

[Signature]
Chairman, Senate Committee

[Signature]
Chairman, House Committee

Originated in the Senate.

In effect 90 days from passage.

[Signature]
Clerk of the Senate

[Signature]
Clerk of the House of Delegates

[Signature]
President of the Senate

[Signature]
Speaker of the House of Delegates

The within is approved this the 21st Day of April 2021.

[Signature]
Governor