Senate Bill 521

By Senator Rucker

[Passed April 8, 2021; in effect 90 days from passage (July 7, 2021)]
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AN ACT to amend and reenact §30-18-9 and §30-18-10 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, all relating to extending the licensure renewal term of a private investigator, security guard, and private investigator or security guard firms from one to two years.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 18. PRIVATE INVESTIGATIVE AND SECURITY SERVICES.


A license granted under the provisions of this article shall be in effect for two years from the date the certificate of license is issued and may be renewed for a period of two years by the Secretary of State upon application, in such form as the secretary may prescribe, and upon payment of the fee and the filing of the surety bond or proof of liability insurance. At the time of applying for renewal of a license, the Secretary of State may require any person to provide additional information to reflect any changes in the original application or any previous renewal. Any fee charged by the Secretary of State for renewal of a license shall not exceed $50.

§30-18-10. Authority of Secretary of State.

(a) When the Secretary of State is satisfied as to the good character, competency, and integrity of an applicant, of all employees or individuals conducting the private investigation business or security guard services under a firm license and, if the applicant is a firm, of each member, officer or partner, he or she shall issue and deliver to the applicant a certificate of license. Each license issued shall be for a period of two years and is revocable at all times for cause shown pursuant to subsection (b) of this section or any rules promulgated pursuant thereto.

(b) The Secretary of State may propose for promulgation in accordance with the provisions of chapter 29A of this code legislative rules necessary for the administration and enforcement of this article and for the issuance, suspension, and revocation of licenses issued under the provisions of this article. The Secretary of State shall afford any applicant an opportunity to be heard in person or by counsel when a determination is made to deny, revoke, or suspend an applicant’s license or application for license, including a renewal of a license. The applicant has
13 15 days from the date of receiving written notice of the Secretary of State’s adverse determination
to request a hearing on the matter of denial, suspension, or revocation. The action of the Secretary
of State in granting, renewing, or in refusing to grant or to renew, a license is subject to review by
the circuit court of Kanawha County or other court of competent jurisdiction.

(c) At any hearing before the Secretary of State to challenge an adverse determination by
the Secretary of State on the matter of a denial, suspension, or revocation of a license, if the
adverse determination is based upon a conviction for a crime which would bar licensure under
the provisions of this article, the hearing shall be an identity hearing only and the sole issue which
may be contested is whether the person whose application is denied or whose license is
suspended or revoked is the same person convicted of the crime.

(d) The Secretary of State shall require each applicant to submit to a state and national
criminal history record check, as set forth in this subsection:

(1) The criminal history record check shall be based on fingerprints submitted to the West
Virginia State Police or its assigned agent for forwarding to the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

(2) The applicant shall meet all requirements necessary to accomplish the state and
national criminal history record check, including:

(A) Submitting fingerprints for the purposes set forth in this section, if required by the
Secretary of State, West Virginia State Police, or the Federal Bureau of Investigation; and

(B) Authorizing the Secretary of State, the West Virginia State Police, and the Federal
Bureau of Investigation to use all records submitted and produced for the purpose of screening
the applicant for a license.

(3) The results of the state and national criminal history record check may not be released
to or by a private entity except:

(A) To the individual who is the subject of the criminal history record check;

(B) With the written authorization of the individual who is the subject of the criminal history
record check; or
(C) Pursuant to a court order.

(4) The criminal history record check and related records are not public records for the purposes of chapter 29B of this code.

(5) The applicant shall ensure that the criminal history record check is completed as soon as possible after the date of the original application for registration.

(6) The applicant shall pay the actual costs of the fingerprinting and criminal history record check.
Enr SB 521

The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

[Signature]
Chairman, Senate Committee

[Signature]
Chairman, House Committee

Originated in the Senate.

In effect 90 days from passage.

[Signature]
Clerk of the Senate

[Signature]
Clerk of the House of Delegates

[Signature]
President of the Senate

[Signature]
Speaker of the House of Delegates

The within  is hereby approved this the 15th Day of April, 2021.

[Signature]
Governor