WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE
2022 REGULAR SESSION

Enrolled

Senate Bill 191

By Senators Stover, Lindsay, Baldwin, Jeffries, and Phillips

[Passed January 25, 2022; in effect from passage]
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BY SENATORS STOVER, LINDSAY, BALDWIN, JEFFRIES,

AND PHILLIPS

[Passed January 25, 2022; in effect from passage]
AN ACT to amend and reenact §3-1-30 and §3-1-44 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, all relating to authorizing poll clerks to work and be compensated for both full and half days worked during an election.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS AND DEFINITIONS.

§3-1-30. Nomination and appointment of election officials and alternates; notice of appointment; appointment to fill vacancies in election boards.

(a) For any primary, general or special election held throughout a county, poll clerks and election commissioners may be nominated as follows:

(1) The county executive committee for each of the two major political parties may, by a majority vote of the committee at a duly called meeting, nominate one qualified person for each team of poll clerks and one qualified person for each team of election commissioners to be appointed for the election;

(2) The appointing body shall select one qualified person as the additional election commissioner for each board of election officials;

(3) Each county executive committee shall also nominate qualified persons as alternates for at least 10 percent of the poll clerks and election commissioners to be appointed in the county and is authorized to nominate as many qualified persons as alternates as there are precincts in the county to be called upon to serve in the event any of the persons originally appointed fail to accept appointment or fail to appear for the required training or for the preparation or execution of their duties;

(4) When an executive committee nominates qualified persons as poll clerks, election commissioners or alternates, the committee, or its chair or secretary on its behalf, shall file in writing with the appointing body, no later than the 70th day before the election, a list of those persons nominated and the positions for which they are designated.
(b) For any municipal primary, general or special election, the poll clerks and election commissioners may be nominated as follows:

(1) In municipalities which have municipal executive committees for the two major political parties in the municipality, each committee may nominate election officials in the manner provided for the nomination of election officials by county executive committees in subsection (a) of this section;

(2) In municipalities which do not have executive committees, the governing body shall provide by ordinance for a method of nominating election officials or shall nominate as many eligible persons as are required, giving due consideration to any recommendations made by voters of the municipality or by candidates on the ballot.

(c) The governing body responsible for appointing election officials is:

(1) The county commission for any primary, general or special election ordered by the county commission and any joint county and municipal election;

(2) The board of education for any special election ordered by the board of education conducted apart from any other election;

(3) The municipal governing body for any primary, general or special municipal election ordered by the governing body.

(d) The qualifications for persons nominated to serve as election officials may be confirmed prior to appointment by the clerk of the county commission for any election ordered by the county commission or for any joint county and municipal election and by the official recorder of the municipality for a municipal election.

(e) The appropriate governing body shall appoint the election officials for each designated election board no later than the 49th day before the election as follows:

(1) Those eligible persons whose nominations for poll clerk and election commissioner were timely filed by the executive committees and those additional persons selected to serve as an election commissioner are to be appointed;
(2) The governing body shall fill any positions for which no nominations were filed.

(f) At the same time as the appointment of election officials or at a subsequent meeting the governing body shall appoint persons as alternates. However, no alternate may be eligible for compensation for election training unless the alternate is subsequently appointed as an election official or is instructed to attend and actually attends training as an alternate and is available to serve on election day. Alternates shall be appointed and serve as follows:

(1) Those alternates nominated by the executive committees shall be appointed;

(2) The governing body may appoint additional alternates who may be called upon to fill vacancies after all alternates designated by the executive committees have been assigned, have declined to serve or have failed to attend training; and

(3) The governing body may determine the number of persons who may be instructed to attend training as alternates.

(g) The clerk of the county commission shall appoint qualified persons to fill all vacancies existing after all previously appointed alternates have been assigned, have declined to serve or have failed to attend training.

(h) Within seven days following appointment, the clerk of the county commission shall notify, by first-class mail, all election commissioners, poll clerks and alternates of the fact of their appointment and include with the notice a response notice form for the appointed person to return indicating whether or not he or she agrees to serve in the specified capacity in the election.

(i) The position of any person notified of appointment who fails to return the response notice or otherwise confirm to the clerk of the county commission his or her agreement to serve within 14 days following the date of appointment is considered vacant and the clerk shall proceed to fill the vacancies according to the provisions of this section.

(j) If the governing body and the clerk of the county commission are unable to nominate a sufficient number of qualified persons agreeing to serve on a standard receiving board for each precinct, the clerk may assign members of one precinct’s standard receiving board to serve
simultaneously on the standard receiving board of another precinct where the polling places of
both precincts are located within the same physical building or facility: Provided, That no more
than three precincts within the same building or facility may share board members in this manner.

(k) On election day, if an appointed election official or a poll clerk working a full day fails
to appear at the polling place by 5:45 a.m. or, for a poll clerk working a half day, a later time
designated by the clerk of the county commission, the election officials present shall contact the
office of the clerk of the county commission for assistance in filling the vacancy. The clerk shall
proceed as follows:

(1) The clerk may attempt to contact the person originally appointed, may assign an
alternate nominated by the same political party as the person absent if one is available or, if no
alternate is available, may appoint another eligible person;

(2) If the election officials present are unable to contact the clerk within a reasonable time,
they shall diligently attempt to fill the position with an eligible person of the same political party as
the party that nominated the person absent until a qualified person has agreed to serve;

(3) If two teams of election officials, as defined in §3-1-29 of this code, are present at the
polling place, the person appointed to fill a vacancy in the position of the additional commissioner
may be of either political party.

(l) In a municipal election, the recorder or other official designated by charter or ordinance
to perform election responsibilities shall perform the duties of the clerk of the county commission
as provided in this section.

(m) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require any county executive committee
or county commission to offer half day shifts for poll clerks during any election.

§3-1-44. Compensation of election officials; expenses.

(a) Each ballot commissioner is to be paid a sum, to be fixed by the county commission,
for each day he or she serves as ballot commissioner, but in no case may a ballot commissioner
receive allowance for more than 10 days' services for any one primary, general, or special

election.

(b) Each commissioner of election and poll clerk is to be paid a sum, to be fixed by the
county commission, for one day's services for attending the school of instruction for election
officials if the commissioner provides one day's service, or the poll clerk provides at least one half
day's service during an election and a sum for his or her services at any one election: Provided,
That each commissioner of election and poll clerk is to be paid a sum for his or her services at
any of the three special elections described in §3-1-44(g) of this code.

(c) Each alternate commissioner of election and poll clerk may be paid a sum, to be fixed
by the county commission, for one day's services for attending the school of instruction for election
officials: Provided, That no alternate may be eligible for compensation for election training unless
the alternate is subsequently appointed as an election official or is instructed to attend and actually
attends training as an alternate and is available to serve on election day.

(d) The commissioners of election or poll clerks obtaining and delivering the election
supplies, as provided in §3-1-24 of this code, and returning them, as provided in §3-5-1 et seq.
and §3-6-1 et seq. of this code, are to be paid an additional sum, fixed by the county commission,
for his or her services pursuant to this subsection at any one election. In addition, he or she is to
be paid mileage up to the rate of reimbursement authorized by the travel management rule of the
Department of Administration for each mile necessarily traveled in the performance of his or her
services.

(e) The compensation of election officers, cost of printing ballots and all other expenses
incurred in holding and making the return of elections, other than the three special elections
described in §3-1-44(f) of this code, are to be audited by the county commission and paid out of
the county treasury.

(f) All persons within a class of election officials, as classified in this section, shall be paid
the same amount within the county.
(g) The compensation of election officers, cost of printing ballots, and all other reasonable and necessary expenses in holding and making the return of a special election for the purpose of taking the sense of the voters on the question of calling a constitutional convention, of a special election to elect members of a constitutional convention, and of a special election to ratify or reject the proposals, acts, and ordinances of a constitutional convention are obligations of the state incurred by the ballot commissioners, clerks of the circuit courts, clerks of the county commissions, and county commissions of the various counties as agents of the state. All expenses of these special elections are to be audited by the Secretary of State. The Secretary of State shall prepare and transmit to the county commissions forms on which the county commissions shall certify all expenses of these special elections to the Secretary of State. If satisfied that the expenses as certified by the county commissions are reasonable and were necessarily incurred, the Secretary of State shall requisition the necessary warrants from the Auditor of the state to be drawn on the state Treasurer and shall mail the warrants directly to the vendors of the special election services, supplies, and facilities.

(h) Notwithstanding the authority granted to county commissions to set compensation for election officials in this section, the Secretary of State may set maximum rates of compensation of the election officials identified in this section at any election for which the obligations incurred by the ballot commissioners, clerks of the county commissions, and county commissions of the various counties are determined to be obligations of the state.
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The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

[Signature]
Chairman, Senate Committee

[Signature]
Chairman, House Committee

Originated in the Senate.

In effect from passage.

[Signature]
Clerk of the Senate

[Signature]
Clerk of the House of Delegates

[Signature]
President of the Senate

[Signature]
Speaker of the House of Delegates

The within bill is approved this the 2nd Day of February, 2022.

[Signature]
Governor