WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2022 REGULAR SESSION

ENROLLED

Senate Bill 529

BY SENATORS BLAIR (MR. PRESIDENT) AND BALDWIN

(BY REQUEST OF THE EXECUTIVE)

[Passed March 12, 2022; in effect 90 days from passage]
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AN ACT to amend and reenact §18-2-12 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating
to computer science education in West Virginia schools; recognizing a need to provide
coursework on computational thinking, block-based programming, text-based
programming, network communication, computer architecture, coding, application
development, digital literacy, and cyber security; requiring the board to update and build
upon prior computer science education plans and policy to include additional subject
matter; and removing obsolete language.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 2. STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

§18-2-12. Computer science courses of instruction; learning standards; state board plan
development.

(a) Legislative findings:

(1) Computer technology increasingly is pervasive in nearly every function of society from
consumer products to transportation, communications, electrical infrastructure, logistics,
agriculture, medical treatments, research, security, and financial transactions;

(2) The U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics predicts that by 2024, there will be more than
800,000 new jobs in the STEM fields and more than two thirds of these directly will be in
computing occupations;

(3) Studying computer science prepares students to enter many career areas, both within
and outside of computing, teaching them logical reasoning, algorithmic thinking, design, and
structured problem-solving skills applicable in many contexts from science and engineering to the
humanities and business;

(4) Computer science is an established discipline at the collegiate and post-graduate
levels but, unfortunately, computer science concepts and courses have not kept pace in the K-12
curriculum, to the point that the nation faces a serious shortage of computer scientists at all levels
that is likely to continue for the foreseeable future; and
(5) Organizations such as the Computer Science Teachers Association, the International Society for Technology in Education, and technology industry leaders have developed recommendations for standards, curriculum, and instructional resources for computer technology learning in K-12 schools.

(6) Foundational age-appropriate instruction in the computer science field for all students beginning in elementary school with required and optional advanced computer science instruction for middle school and high school students has become an important component of a well-developed education. Computer science standards should align to relevant aspects of the field such as computational thinking, block-based programming, text-based programming, network communication, computer architecture, coding, application development, and cyber security. Computer science education standards should be established to ensure students have the fundamentals to be successful in a digital-driven world and the advanced knowledge to prepare them for careers in or linked to computer science.

(b) Prior to the 2023 regular legislative session, the state board shall submit a plan to the Legislative Oversight Commission on Education Accountability, that builds upon certain plans which may have been developed and submitted in previous years, to implement and update computer science instruction and learning standards in the public schools. The plan shall include at least the following:

1. Recommendations for a core set of learning standards designed to provide the foundation for a complete computer science curriculum and its implementation at the K-12 level including, but not limited to:

   A. Providing relevant course work in the areas of computational thinking, block-based programming, text-based programming, network communication, computer architecture, coding, application development, digital literacy, and cyber security; and

   B. Encouraging schools to integrate baseline computer science skills into each student's required course work, and make available, in grades six through 12, additional secondary level
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42 computer science courses that will allow interested students to study facets of computer science in more depth and prepare them for entry into the workforce or college; and

44 (C) Increasing the availability of rigorous computer science for all students.

45 (2) Recommendations for teaching standards and secondary certificate endorsements if necessary for teachers to deliver curriculum appropriate to meet the standards;

47 (3) Recommendations for units of instruction or courses in academic and vocational technical settings to include computer programing, network communication, computer architecture, coding, application development, and cyber security, that complement any existing K-12 computer science and IT curricula where they are already established, especially the advanced placement computer science curricula and professional IT certifications; and

52 (4) Proposals for implementation of the recommendations over a period not to exceed four years and estimates of any associated additional costs.

54 (c) Nothing in this section requires adoption or implementation of any specific recommendation or any level of appropriation by the Legislature.

56 (d) Recognizing the importance of computer science instruction and how computer science instruction will assist students in their transition to post-secondary opportunities, the state board shall adopt a policy detailing the appropriate level of computer science instruction that shall be available to students at each programmatic level.

58 (e) The West Virginia Department of Education shall develop and offer professional development opportunities to ensure educators are equipped with the requisite knowledge and skill to deliver computer science instruction as outlined in this section. The department may partner with high-quality computer science professional learning providers in developing and offering the professional development opportunities.
The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

[Signature]
Chairman, Senate Committee

[Signature]
Chairman, House Committee

Originated in the Senate.

In effect 90 days from passage.

[Signature]
Clerk of the Senate

[Signature]
Clerk of the House of Delegates

[Signature]
President of the Senate

[Signature]
Speaker of the House of Delegates

The within bill approved this the 30th Day of March, 2022.

[Signature]
Governor