WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2023 REGULAR SESSION

ENROLLED

House Bill 3166

BY DELEGATES SUMMERS, TULLY AND HECKERT

[Passed March 11, 2023; in effect ninety days from passage.]
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AN ACT to amend and reenact §27-5-2a of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to clarifying that an authorized hospital staff physician may order the involuntary hospitalization of an emergency room patient or in-hospital patient for up to 72 hours if judicial officers are unavailable.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 5. INVOLUNTARY HOSPITALIZATION.


(a) As used in this section:

(1) "Addiction" has the same meaning as the term is defined in §27-1-11 of this code.

(2) "Authorized staff physician" means a physician, authorized pursuant to the provisions of §30-3-1 et seq. or §30-14-1 et seq. of this code, who is a bona fide member of the hospital's medical staff.

(3) "Hospital" means a facility licensed pursuant to the provisions of §16-5b-1 et seq. of this code, and any acute care facility operated by the state government that primarily provides inpatient diagnostic, treatment, or rehabilitative services to injured, disabled, or sick individuals under the supervision of physicians.

(4) "Psychiatric emergency" means an incident during which an individual loses control and behaves in a manner that poses substantial likelihood of physical harm to himself, herself, or others.

(b)(1) If a mental hygiene commissioner, magistrate, and circuit judge are unavailable or unable to be immediately contacted, an authorized staff physician may order the involuntary hospitalization of a patient or an individual who is present at, or presented at, a hospital emergency department in need of treatment, if the authorized staff physician believes, following an examination of the individual, that the individual is addicted or is mentally ill and, because of his or her addiction or mental illness, is likely to cause serious harm to himself, herself or to others if allowed to remain at liberty. The authorized staff physician shall sign a statement attesting to
his or her decision that the patient presents a harm to himself, herself or others and needs to be
held involuntarily for up to 72 hours. The West Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals is requested to
generate a form for the statement to be signed by the authorized staff physician or other person
authorized by the hospital and provided to the individual.

(2) Immediately upon admission, or as soon as practicable thereafter, but in no event later
than 24 hours after an involuntary hospitalization pursuant to this section, the authorized staff
physician or designated employee shall file a mental hygiene petition in which the authorized staff
physician certifies that the individual for whom the involuntary hospitalization is sought is addicted
or is mentally ill and, because of his or her addiction or mental illness, is likely to cause serious
harm to himself, herself, or to other individuals if allowed to remain at liberty. The authorized staff
physician shall also certify the same in the individual's health records. Upon receipt of this filing,
the mental hygiene commissioner, a magistrate, or circuit judge shall conduct a hearing pursuant
to §27-5-2 of this code.

(3) An individual who is involuntarily hospitalized pursuant to this section shall be released
from the hospital within 72 hours, unless further detained under the applicable provisions of this
article.

(c) During a period of involuntary hospitalization authorized by this section, upon consent
of the individual, or in the event of a medical or psychiatric emergency, the individual may receive
treatment. The hospital or authorized staff physician shall exercise due diligence in determining
the individual's existing medical needs and provide treatment the individual requires, including
previously prescribed medications.

(d) Each hospital or authorized staff physician which provides services under this section
shall be paid for the services at the same rate the hospital or authorized staff physician negotiates
with the patient's insurer. If the patient is uninsured, the hospital or authorized staff physician may
file a claim for payment with the West Virginia Legislative Claims Commission in accordance with
§14-2-1 et seq. of this code.
(e) Authorized staff physicians and hospitals and their employees carrying out duties or rendering professional opinions as provided in this section shall be free from liability for their actions, if the actions are performed in good faith and within the scope of their professional duties and in a manner consistent with the standard of care.

(f) The West Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals is requested to provide each hospital with a list of names and contact information of the mental hygiene commissioners, magistrates, and circuit judges to address mental hygiene petitions in the county where the hospital is located. The West Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals is requested to update this list regularly and the list shall reflect on-call information. If a mental hygiene commissioner, county magistrate, or circuit judge does not respond to the request within 24 hours, a report shall be filed to the West Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals.

(g) An action taken against an individual pursuant to this section may not be construed to be an adjudication of the individual, nor shall any action taken pursuant to this section be construed to satisfy the requirements of §61-7-7(a)(4) of this code.
The Clerk of the House of Delegates and the Clerk of the Senate hereby certify that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

Clerk of the House of Delegates

Clerk of the Senate

Originated in the House of Delegates.

In effect ninety days from passage.

Speaker of the House of Delegates

President of the Senate

The within is approved this the 28th Day of March 2023.

Governor